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CHAMBERLAIN'S INNINGS.

THE RADICAL LEADER MAKES A GREAT AND ELOQUENT EFFORT.

Frequent Interruptions by the Parnellites—The Fiercest Attack Yet Made on the Position of the G.O.M.—No Chance of a Reconciliation.

LONDON, June 1.—The debate on the Home Rule Bill in the House of Commons was resumed this afternoon by Joseph Chamberlain, who was greeted with derisive cheers and howls from the Irish members. He denied the assertion made by E. Dwyer Gray, that he (Mr. Chamberlain) was the author of the article on National Councils published in the Fortnightly Review, and said the details of the article were supplied from Irish sources. "I myself possess" said the speaker, "incontrovertible and incontestible proof that eminent Nationalist leaders have approved the principles of National Councils."

Here the Parnellites uttered loud howls and cried out, "Names, names!" and the Conservatives and Whigs cheered Mr. Chamberlain. The denunciation and cheering quickly became an uproar, which lasted several minutes. Mr. Chamberlain calmly folded his arms and waited for the tumult to subside, but he refused to mention the names called for.

Resuming, Mr. Chamberlain at great length explained why he thought Mr. Gladstone's concessions inadequate. He did not, he continued, propose to reply to any of the personal references made towards himself during the course of the debate. They were perhaps amusing, but they were below the level of a great constitutional discussion of questions fraught with the most serious consequences. Those who oppose the Home Rule measure believe that it would prove most mischievous in its effect upon Ireland, and postpone for a long time a satisfactory settlement of the Irish question. (Cries of "Hear, hear.") There had been in some Liberal quarters a desire to minimize the importance of a division on the second reading of the Bill. Members had been told that the Bill was already dead. The speaker did not believe that Mr. Gladstone would accept a vote on the understanding that it would be received only as an approval of the abstract resolution that Ireland ought to have a Parliament of her own. Had the Government submitted a mere resolution affirming the principle of legislative autonomy for Ireland, he (Mr. Chamberlain) could have voted for it, because it would have been consistent either with the creation of a chamber like the Grattan Parliament, or with the establishment of a legislative council such as the speaker had suggested, and which had ere now received the support of Nationalists. [Cries from the Parnellites of "Names, names."] The Government proposal, however, had a stronger meaning than that of a mere abstract resolution, as it pledged the House to the support of the principle of the Home Rule Bill from which Mr. Gladstone said he would never depart. The speaker and those who thought with him had hoped, since Mr. Gladstone's speech at the Foreign Office, that the Home Rule Bill might be remodelled, that they could support it, but they had been disappointed. Mr. Gladstone had since practically stated in the House of Commons that if the Bill passed its second reading it would be suspended until October, and then be reintroduced unaltered except in minor details concerning the failure of Irish representation at Westminster. Those who agreed with the speaker did not wish to reduce Ireland to the condition of a self-governing Colony, and the changes promised by Mr. Gladstone would not meet the views of those who maintained this position. It would be impossible to make the House of Commons a fluctuating body, as it would be under the Gladstone proposals. It would be equally unwise to create an Irish parliament as a subordinate and not a co-ordinate body. [Cheers.] What they wanted was to prevent the Irish members from becoming more potent either at Westminster or Dublin. [Cheers and counter cheers.] As to Ulster that was a very important matter. [Parnellite laughter.] The speaker would not go into the question of armed resistance, although he resented as absurd the Parnellite charge that he had said anything inciting to assassination or outrage. [Cheers.] But if the resistance of Ulster to a Dublin Government were expressed in a constitutional way would the British House of Commons override or disregard that resistance? [Hear, hear.] Why had the resistance of the Protestants of Ulster been stigmatized as unpatriotic? Was it because they were proud of belonging to the great Empire and opposed to being cut adrift from the long familiar associations as members of the United Kingdom? In defending Ulster he was governed by no religious bitterness. There could, however, be no doubt that the Protestants of Ulster were peaceful for their religious interests. He belonged to a family that always opposed anything like religious ascendency.

He was convinced that the Protestants of Ulster had just cause to fear attempts by the Irish Catholics to secure predomination. The Catholic Church, by its tenets and by its faith, was bound not to be content with equality. [Cries of "oh, oh."] Members from Ireland say "No." Here is a pamphlet written by the Prime Minister on "Vaticanism"—[laughter]—in which he says that "to secure civil rights has been the aim of Christian civilization, while to destroy them and to re-establish resistless domineering action in a central power is the aim of the Roman policy." That was absolute truth. If it was worth while to carry the argument further he could give statements which Catholic Bishops recently made to the same effect. [Cries of "quote, quote," from the Irish members.] Was Ulster not justified in fearing attacks on its material interests when Nationalist papers were describing the Belfast linen industry as one of the curses of the country? [Cries of "no, no," from Parnellite members.] He had seen a series of articles in the Irish press in which the linen manufacturers were denounced.

But after all the question was not whether these fears were well founded or the reverse. They existed. The practical question was, Would Parliament give effect to them? [Opposition cheers.] The time had surely come when the Government should give them more information than that conveyed in Mr. Gladstone's recent references to Ulster. The time had come when the Government ought to say whether there is in Ulster, or in a portion of Ulster—[hear, hear]—such a predominating sentiment as deserves separate consideration, and whether they will devise a system to give the position of Ulster such consideration. [Cheers.]

If there had been any real element of finality in the Bill he should have voted for its second reading, but he failed to see any such element. The Irish people would not regard it as final. Had such a Bill been offered to Scotland, the people would indignantly have rejected it. Scotland would be content with concessions much less extravagant, such as the possession of local autonomy, with the preservation of the supremacy and integrity of the Empire. Was there any man in the House who could maintain that the Bill did not overturn the supremacy of the Imperial Parliament, or at least throw doubt upon it? [Ministerial cries of "no, no."] He challenged the Irish supporters of the Bill to get up in Ireland and say that they favored the continued existence of the real supremacy of the Imperial Parliament—[Parnellite cheers]—as it exists at present. [Parnellite cries of "no, no."] "Ah, now the House sees the view of its Nationalist members. They want to weaken that supremacy. [Opposition cheers.] They only support the Bill because they believe it throws doubt upon it and it leaves the supremacy a mere constitutional figment. We want a real and effective supremacy, and will not lower the power of the British Parliament to the level of the suzerainty of the Porte over Cyprus." [Opposition cheers.]

They all knew that the Irish members did not accept the measure as a final settlement and that if they pretended to so accept it they could not bind the Irish people not to take the earliest chance to repudiate it.

Alluding to references during the debate to the case of Canada, Mr. Chamberlain contended that it was a natural conclusion from what happened in Lower Canada after the reforms of 1838 that reforms like these would have to be granted to Ireland if the Bill were carried, and furthermore concession after concession would have to be made to Irelnad until there came the ultimate demand for separation. [Hear, hear.]

Demands had been made upon him to state an alternative to Mr. Gladstone's proposals. He had suggested certain lines upon which the measure might have proceeded. His plan had been described as a "pop-kins plan," and those approving it were called puny whipsters by Mr. Healy, whose magnificent physique enabled him to look down upon men not gifted by Providence with his great personal gifts. It was hard upon them to be accused of arrogance and presumption when they were trying honestly to meet the demand for an alternative scheme. Members would find the lines of his alternative scheme in the constitution of Canada, not in the relations between Canada and England. The relations between the Provinces of Canada and the Dominion Parliament were those he would establish between England and Ireland. As to Ulster, he reminded them that the constitution of 1840 which united the two provinces of Canada was found not to answer, and the result was that the two Provinces separated and each is now enjoying a separate autonomy under the Dominion Parliament. That Parliament had representatives according to the numbers of the people and had the right of veto, a right which was much used. Another important feature of the Canadian Administration was the fact that judges in Canada were appointed by the Governor-General, although paid by the Dominion Parliament. They were, therefore, independent, and were not likely to be influenced by local bodies. [Hear, hear.] On these lines, would he legislate for Ireland.

Nothing he had heard from Mr. Gladstone had altered his determination to vote against the second reading of the Bill. They were threatened with dissolution. [Cheers and counter cheers.] Dissolution had no terror for him. [Cheers.] Of one thing he was confident, namely, that the Union majority in Parliament would be strengthened. [Cheers, and cries of "Oh, oh."] He rejoiced that this great issue would soon be submitted to the only tribunal whose decision they could accept. [Parnellite cheers.] He trusted in the ultimate good sense and patriotism of the British democracy. No doubt the British democracy had a passionate devotion for Mr. Gladstone [Cheers], who had earned and deserved it by fifty years of public service. [Cheers.] The democracy was practically unanimous in favor of giving the Irish people greater control of their own affairs, but it was not unanimous upon the method of carrying out the principle of the Bill. It was upon Mr. Gladstone's method and not upon the principles of the Bill that they were now going to the country. [Cheers.] He hoped the election contests would be marked by a fairer temper than that lately displayed.

He had been accused of showing animated personal spite and spleen.—[cries of "hear, hear," from the Parnellites] especially by Irish members who had formerly assailed in the same style Earl Spencer and Mr. Gladstone, whom they were now lauding with fulsome adulation. These charges against him were as unjust as they were untrue.

"There is not a man here who does not know that every personal and political interest would have led me to cast my lot with Mr. Gladstone. Not a day passes that I do not receive scores of letters urging me for my own sake to vote for the Bill and dish the Whigs. The temptation is no doubt great—[laughter]—but I am not base enough to gratify my personal ambition by betraying my country. [Loud cheers]. I am convinced that when this discussion is over, Liberals will not judge harshly those who have pursued honestly the path of duty, even though it leads to the disruption of party and the loss of personal influence and power, which it is the legitimate ambition of every man to seek among his political friends and associates." [Loud and prolonged cheering by Conservatives and Radicals.]

The House was crowded and there was much excitement while Mr. Chamberlain was speaking.

Mr. Sexton following with a scathing reply to Mr. Chamberlain, declaring that Ireland would never forget him. He had previously fought from cover. Now they had him in the open and knew him as a deserter. He complimented Lord Hartington on his sincerity, which he contrasted with Mr. Chamberlain's duplicity. Whatever should be the fate of the Bill the Irish people would cherish with slating gratitude the memory of Mr. Gladstone.

Sir Vernon Harcourt and others also spoke.

Mr. Gladstone announced that the debate might be terminated Friday.

Hartington's Adherents in Council.

LONDON, June 1.—A meeting of Whigs opposed to Mr. Gladstone's Irish policy, called by Lord Hartington, was held this afternoon, and was largely attended. A number of the Radical adherents of Mr. Chamberlain were present. The meeting unanimously resolved to vote against the second reading of the Home Rule Bill. The division on the second reading of the Bill will not take place, it is believed, until next Friday at midnight. Several of the supporters of Lord Hartington desire to speak against the measure.

STRIKES AND BOYCOTTS.

An Important Conclusion Arrived at by the Knights of Labor Convention.

CLEVELAND, O., June 1.—The Knights of Labor Convention was opened at 9 o'clock this morning, the first business being the adoption of the amended report of the Committee on Strikes and Boycotts. The Executive Board must approve all future strikes, and except in certain grievous cases where immediate action is necessary a strike or boycott will not be allowed without their approval. An address to the Woman's Christian Union was adopted.

The entire afternoon session was taken up in discussing the report of the Committee on the State of the Order, to which was referred the troubles with the Trades Unions. The report and discussion were not given to the press, but it was learned that action had been taken in the matter.

SEPARATE SCHOOL WANTS.

ESTIMATED REQUIREMENTS FOR THE CURRENT YEAR OVER $20,000.

A New Building for Hope Street—The Average Attendance for March and April—Entrance Examinations for the De La Salle Institute to be held June 22.

Last night the Separate School Board, after a two months "interval of rest and relaxation," met in the board room at the De La Salle institute. There were present Vicar-General Rooney, Chairman, Vicar-General Laurent, Father McCann, Father Berbin, Father Moyna, Messrs. C. Burns, W. Burns, O'Byrne, Kennedy, Hennessy, Pape, Ryan, Curran, Vincent, Petley and Fraser. The board room has been shined up considerably. A neat little dais has been erected at one end of the room and the desks are arranged more conveniently than heretofore. Further improvements in the way of additional gas jets are proposed.

A resolution of sympathy with the clergy and people of the Diocese of Peterboro on account of the decease of Bishop Jamot was passed. Mr. Kennedy was placed on the Finance Committee.

The Finance Committee submitted estimates for the current year. There will be required for expenditure $20,738, made up as follows: Teachers' salaries, $12,664; night school teachers' salaries, $500; caretakers' salaries, $1060; assistant secretary's salary, $300; fuel, $1200; water rates, $100; printing and stationery, $75; election expenses, $60; interest and sinking fund on $47,700 debentures, $2265; insurance premiums, $224; U. C. College lot on account principal and interest, $269; Rev. Father Brennan, grant re Deer Park School, $100; rent residence Christian Brothers, $300; general purposes, $1600. The annual receipts amount to $2631, made up by $2206 Government grant; $180 taxes from Parkdale; $215 taxes from York Township, and $30 rent of fence at King and Bathurst. The amount required to be raised will therefore be $18,107. The Committee recommended for payment accounts amounting to $189. They also recommended that in view of the fact that $2000 was required to build the new school on Hope street, and that an additional $2000 was needed to repair existing school buildings, the City Council be requested to pass a bylaw granting authority to borrow $4000 and to issue debentures to extend over 40 years. The report was adopted.

The Inspector's reports showed that in March and April the average attendance had been 2034 and 2113 respectively. The School Management Committee recommended that the schools close June 30; that the entrance examinations to the De La Salle Institute be held June 22 and June 23, and that Vicar-General Rooney, Father Moyna, Father McCann, Dr. Cassidy, J. J. Foy, Q.C., F. W. Hennessey and the Inspector be the Committee of Examiners. The report was adopted.

Father Laurent, Chairman of the Printing and Supplies Committee, wanted to find the means of showing up delinquents at Committee meetings. The power to publish their shortcomings was discovered to be vested in the reverend chairman himself.

Upset at Hanlan's.

Every fellow who knows Bruce Brough, knows that it is stormy times when he can't sail around the Bay, and up to Saturday afternoon he has never got wet. After landing several young ladies at Hanlan's, Mr. Gundy and he started off down the Bay. The party stood on the wharf to see them off. Up went the sail and over went they, boat, baby, cradle and all. The Bay was speedily covered with cushions and cow breakfasts, fans and flowers. The boys were good swimmers, and soon got under way. They didn't know a World reporter was around when they remarked: "The ducking didn't amount to anything; we could have swam over to the city if necessary; wouldn't have minded if it had happened out in the Bay, but rolling right in like two wet logs with all them girls looking on and laughing for all they were worth. We put up the sail before fixing the centre board and both fooling on one side over we went. It served us right." They went home by way of the "Ward." Their shirts are drying nicely. The boys themselves got starched and ironed and went to church on Sunday as usual.

Mors et Vita.

The great musical value of the grand oratorio which will be the subject of the first concert of the festival is shown by the following notice from the London (Eng.) Times: From a musical point of view Mors et Vita would stand a better chance of popularity than The Redemption; it contains less recitative and far more vocal melody of an attractive kind. * * * There is no resisting the influence of his fervent religious sentiment, the glowing color of his harmonies, and the frequent grandeur with which he employs the ample resources at his command.

The New Bus Line.

Three hundred applications have already been made for shares in the new 'bus line. The number of shares bought range from one to a hundred. The receipts of the K. of L. line continue good. Teams and vehicles arrived from Hamilton and Oshawa yesterday. The K. of L. Executive have offered twenty minutes' service to any point in Parkdale providing the town grant them a lot on which to erect stables. A committee has been appointed to enquire into the matter.

Against Sunday Parades.

The Toronto Ministerial Association yesterday passed the following resolution:

Resolved, that this Ministerial Association, having had under its consideration the matter referred to it by the Sabbath School Association, affirms its strong disapproval of all military and other parades accompanied with bands on the Lord's day; but if these displays cannot be entirely discontinued, we earnestly recommend that all such parades should be as far as possible at the time of the usual church services, or at some other hour which will not interfere with the Sabbath Schools of this city.

A Great Medical Man in Town.

Dr. R. V. Pierce, the great medical man of Buffalo, accompanied by his brother-in-law, Mr. George B. Hayes, registered at the Queen's last evening. The Doctor and his relative are en route to Muskoka, where they will go into camp for a couple of weeks. Mr. Hayes knows Muskoka "like a book," and he intends to give the Doctor a good time. Dr. Pierce represented the Buffalo District in the State Senate and also in the House of Representatives at Washington.

A Protest From Shop Girls.

Mayor Howland yesterday received a letter signed Shop Girls, Yonge street, asking His Worship to do all in his power to bring about shorter hours for the working girls of the city. The letter says, "It may be all right for gentlemen, but it is harder on us." The girls complained of being kept at work late Saturday nights.

An Invitation to Newmarket.

A deputation from Newmarket waited on Lieut.-Col. Miller yesterday, and asked that his command should visit their town Dominion Day and assist in celebrating the presentation of the Northwest medals to members of the 12th Battalion.

SUICIDE OF AN EX-BANK MANAGER.

R. M. Moore of Kingston, Ont., Jumps Into the Lake While Insane.

KINGSTON, Ont., June 1.—R. M. Moore, late manager of the Bank of Montreal in this city, and who has for some time been confined in Rockwood Asylum, drowned himself this afternoon. About a year ago he was affected with softening of the brain. He went on a trip about that time and returned to his bank duties, but only for a short time. He was confined to his house for a considerable time under medical treatment and then after about six months his friends thought it advisable to remove him to Rockwood Asylum. At times he gave evidence of improvement but latterly it was generally understood that he could never recover or would be permitted to leave the institution. He was allowed to stroll about the Asylum grounds. Unnoticed by any person, he climbed over a fence enclosing the Asylum property and made his way to the Tannery wharf at Portsmouth, which adjoins the Asylum property. Here he removed his hat, leaving it on the dock, and deliberately jumped into the lake. Some men happening to be on the wharf a short time after the suicide found his hat and, looking into the water, saw the body floating about on the surface.

PARKDALE'S TERMS.

The Conditions Upon Which the Flowery Suburb Will Come In.

City Clerk Blevins yesterday received a communication from the Town Clerk of Parkdale, stating that at a meeting on May 29 the Parkdale Council's Special Committee had resolved on the following terms for annexation with the city:

1. Parkdale to enter the city as a ward, and to have the same number of representatives in the Council as other city wards.
2. The city to use every effort to extend the street railway on Queen and King streets to the western limits of the town.
3. A fire hall and police station to be erected.
4. Parkdale to be placed on the same footing in regard to local improvement rebates as other parts of the city.
5. The street gas lamps to be the same distance apart as in the city.
6. The Parkdale waterworks system to be maintained and extended as required.
7. A bridge or subway to be built at the railway crossings on King street, and that street west of the crossings to be block-paved to Dufferin street.
8. The town officials to be provided for.

A specific reply to each of the foregoing is requested.

GRAND ORANGE LODGE OF B. A.

Opening of the Fifty-Seventh Annual Session in Toronto.

The Grand Orange Lodge of British America opened its fifty-seventh annual session in the new Orange Hall yesterday afternoon. A large number of delegates presented their credentials. In the absence through illness of Grand Master Parkhill, Brother Johnston, Grand Master of Eastern Ontario, was called to the chair. The Grand Treasurer's report showed a balance in hand of about $1200. The Grand Secretary reported that nineteen new and three renewal warrants had been issued during the past year, and since the compiling of the report seven new warrants and six dispensations had been granted to Newfoundland. The Grand Lodge will resume business to-day, and to-night the County Lodge will entertain the delegates at a banquet.

The Crusade Against the Fallen Sisterhood.

The crusade inaugurated by Mayor Howland, Inspector Archibald and the Society for the Prevention of Vice against the fallen sisterhood has resulted in driving many of these unfortunate women from the city, while another result is that they are now scattered over larger portions of the town than formerly. It is known that a number of them have secured accommodation in some of the most respectable thoroughfares north of Queen street. The police at Union Station report that since Monday about twelve of these women have left for Hamilton, Buffalo and Detroit. They are said to look upon incarceration in the Mercer as the worst fate that can befall them.

The Ministers and Early Closing.

At its last meeting for the season yesterday the Toronto Ministerial Association discussed the question of early closing as represented to it by the Grocers' Association, and passed a resolution as follows:

The Ministerial Association heartily sympathize with the Grocers' Association in their desire to secure the closing of their places of business at a reasonable hour, and express their earnest hope that other retail traders in the city may be led to take action in the same direction. In order to further the movement the Ministerial Association agree to use every effort to educate the public mind with regard to this whole question, and to advise the Christian people of this city to make their purchases in time to allow the stores to close at 8 o'clock every evening.

The Yonge Street Avenue Gates.

Toronto University authorities complain that the city is making no effort to enforce the terms of the Yonge Street avenue lease. The gates at the end of the avenue, and opening on to it from side streets, have long been missing. Certain conditions with reference to residents on the avenue have also been flagrantly violated. The City Solicitor yesterday informed the Property Committee that the University authorities intend to take legal proceedings to enforce the stipulation of the lease, provided the city does not take speedy measures to do so. The matter was referred to a sub-committee.

A New Detective.

There is some "feeling" among members of the city police force because Chief Constable Draper is about to appoint, or has appointed (through the commissioners), an ex-Michigan Central Railroad detective to the vacancy in Inspector Newhall's staff caused by the resignation of Detective John Hodgins. Several private members of the force who have on more than one occasion shown considerable tact in detective work think they are entitled to the promotion.

Bon Voyage.

To Mr. Wm. Christie (Christie, Brown & Co.) who left yesterday for a visit to the Colonial Exhibition and his native Scotland. Mr. Brown, his old partner, accompanied him.

The General Election.

OTTAWA, June 1.—The best informed of the Ministerialists profess not to know when the general election will be held, but all the indications point to this fall as the most likely time. The Conservatives have pretty nearly completed their arrangements—the voting of railway subsidies of over four millions is considered the finishing touch in the way of "fixing things."

The Cheese Markets.

KINGSTON, June 1.—At the meeting of the Cheese Board it was reported that 700 boxes cheese were offered for sale during the week, of which 150 were sold at an average price of 7c per pound.

LITTLE FALLS, N.Y., June 1.—Cheese—Sales, 150 boxes at 6c, 600 at 6½c, 2500 at 6¾c, 1300 at 6⅞c, 760 at 7c, 750 on commission and 700 boxes of farm and dairy at 6c to 8c. Bulk at 7¼c. Prices 1c lower.

Advice to Maidens.

—If you want to do it neatly,
Very sweetly and completely,
If you want to do it right and do it nice,
For your teeth, go to Higg & Ivory,
Then you'll want to go there twice.
Cor. King and Yonge street, (over Ellis' Jewellery Store.) 136

THE PLUMBERS ON STRIKE

SIXTY UNION MEN QUIT WORK YESTERDAY.

The Bosses Object to a Minimum Rate of 25 Cents Per Hour—Interview with a Striker—Letter from the Association's Secretary.

The union plumbers of the city, to the number of about 60, went out on strike yesterday owing to the employers not conceding their demands in full. In the afternoon they held a meeting and decided to eliminate the clause requiring that non-union men should be dismissed. The amended resolution was then submitted to the employers, who now object to the minimum rate of 25 cents per hour.

W. J. Burroughes, Secretary of the Master Plumbers' Association, on being interviewed, put the matter in this light: We are quite willing to pay good wages to good men, but object to paying 25 cents per hour to young men just out of their apprenticeship. For instance, there are several out on strike who have only been four years at the business and who were getting $1 per day or 10 cents an hour. They are far from skilled mechanics. Now, the 25 cents minimum means that they shall get a clear increase of 15 cents an hour, which we think they are not entitled to, not being experienced hands.

The strike is practically confined to these eight shops, where from five to twelve men are employed: Keith & Fitzsimmons, W. J. McGuire, Bennett & Wright, W. J. Burroughes, John Ritchie, sr., Fiddes & Hogarth, W. J. Gibson and Cruickshank Bros.

A striking plumber who has been in the plumb business for twenty-five years, takes the stand that when a young man has served through a long and tedious apprenticeship he is entitled to a considerable increase and is quite capable of doing all the ordinary work which a journeyman is called upon to execute. He also says that there is among workingmen a broader and more magnanimous spirit than they are generally accredited with. They are in most cases willing to sacrifice a slight personal increase for the benefit of their fellow workmen. The older and more expert remember the days when they were young fellows themselves, and therefore take the side of the young journeymen.

A Letter from the Secretary of the Master's Association.

Editor World: In the Telegram of this evening appears a paragraph under the above heading, which is calculated to mislead those not acquainted with the facts. About a month ago the master plumbers were served with a copy of resolutions emanating from the journeymen plumbers' Assembly K. of L., making certain demands, and after due consideration the whole of the demands were acceded to except the two last clauses, which read as follows: "That wages be not less than twenty-five cents per hour for all journeymen plumbers, and that no plumber or improver be employed except those belonging to the Journeymen Plumbers' Association." To this clause the employers took exception, claiming that they should reserve the right to grade the men's wages, and that it is not in their province to compel any man under the penalty of dismissal to join any organization; that being an individual matter, and a privilege that the employers have no right to interfere with. The idea of paying all men equal wages without regard to ability, length of service or superior skill, is most absurd and ungenerous to the good workman. Acceding to these resolutions simply means raising up the inferior men's wages a dollar a day and leaving the good workman just where he now is, and let him fight his own battles to get what he can. As an example of this, when the men went out this morning they took with them an apprentice serving in his last year, and who was receiving 10 cents per hour at the time. The Union now demands he shall be paid 25 cents per hour for his services, the same as the old and experienced hand. The Telegram also publishes a list of the firms that are said to have yielded to the demands of the men, and for the good of your readers it would be well to know that in nearly each case the number of men said to be employed include the members of the firm, their helpers, and perhaps their wives, too. Out of the seven firms mentioned five have been in existence only three months, and one of them not two weeks and all of these men belonged to the Knights of Labor Union before they commenced business, and are members now; therefore why would they not accede, since they have nothing to lose? Out of the forty-six contracting firms in the city it is pretty well known that ten of them employ the majority of the men and execute the best work.

W. J. BURROUGHES,
Secretary Master Plumbers' Association.
Toronto, June 1.

Property Committee Affairs.

The Property Committee met yesterday. Present: Chairman Irwin, Ald. Maughan, Macdonald, Barton, James, Roaf, Denison, Low and Defoe. Capt. McSpadden applied for the use of Brockton Hall as an armory for No. 6 company, York Rangers. Ald. Barton and the applicant will make arrangements. Trustee Boxall, on behalf of the Public School Board and of its Games' Committee, of which he is Chairman, asked for the use of the Queen's Park June 25 for the annual Public School games. Permission was granted. The report of the sub-committee recommending the expenditure of $18,000 for repairs on the City Registry Office, was adopted, with an additional recommendation to the Executive Committee that the money be raised by debentures. The year's estimates, amounting to $15,000, were laid over for discussion at the next meeting.

Second-Hand Dealers and the Police.

The Bylaw regulating second-hand dealers, passed by the Board of Police Commissioners, provides that they shall take out a license costing $20. All who neglect to take out a license are subject to a penalty of $10 per day for every day they keep their shops open without a license. When a second-hand man takes out a license he is provided with a register by the police, in which he is to write the description of the article purchased, the time of day, and also a full description and name of the person offering the article for sale. Copies of the entries in this register are to be sent to the police daily.

A Dissipated Woman's Painful Accident.

Mary Hickey, aged 45, a dissipated woman without a home, met with a painful accident at 10 o'clock last night. She was the worse of liquor, and while walking in the Grand Trunk yards, just west of Simcoe street, was knocked down by a shunting engine. The wheels of a box car passed over her right arm at the elbow, almost completely severing the member. Dr. Thorburn stopped the flow of blood. The woman was then removed to the Hospital, where the arm was amputated.

The I. P. B. S. Adjourns for the Season.

The Irish Protestant Benevolent Society held its last meeting for the season last night. These names were added to the list of members: J. H. Brereton, Wm. Doherty, Wm. D. Wilson, George Hunt, Charles B. Petry, Robert S. Wilson, James Johnston, Wm. Willas, W. R. North, Wm. Douglas and James Hurst.

Curious Epitaphs on Tombstones.

—Here lies a man who did no good,
And if he'd lived, he never would.
Here lies my husband, who was good to me,
A model for all was my *Willie*.

The former was a man who had no care for his wife, and no pride for his home. The latter put "wife and home" before everything else, and made his home a "little palace" by getting all his *housefurnishings* refrigerators, lawn-mowers, garden hose, etc, from Stratherns, 179 Yonge street. edx

WORK AMONG ORPHANS.

Annual Meeting of Managers and Friends of the Protestant Home.

The thirty-fifth annual meeting of the managers and friends of the Protestant Orphan's Home was held yesterday afternoon in the board room of the Home on Dovercourt road. A large number of ladies and a sprinkling of gentlemen were present. The chair was occupied by Mayor Howland. Rev. J. D. Cayley, Rev. J. P. Lewis and Rev. P. McF. McLeod were on the platform. The boys and girls were ranged near the front, and sang several pieces very nicely. They looked fresh from the wash-tub, and almost too nice and clean for ordinary children.

After prayer by Rev. Mr. Cayley, the annual report of the lady managers was presented by Miss Mullen and read by W. B. McMurrich. Since June, 1885, 84 children have been admitted—45 boys and 39 girls. Of these 4 have been apprenticed, 4 adopted, 1 died, and 34 have been removed by relatives, leaving in the Home at present 176. A nursery has been established for little ones, ranging from 3 to 6 years, for whom no provision has been made in other city charities. Thanks were given to proprietors of ferry boats for trip to the Island, and to all other friends of the institution. Bequests were acknowledged from the late James Kiffin, merchant, of York, $500; late George Williams, Owen Sound, $450; late Robert Walker, Toronto, $100; late John Bower, Belessey, $100; late Mrs. Samuel Taylor, $100. Donations from Henry Cawthra of $200 and from G. Henderson of $50, make up a total of $1500.

The Treasurer's Report, as presented by Mrs. J. E. Cowan and read by Mr. Frank Arnoldi, showed the receipts to have been $10,098.95, and with a balance from last year of $1049.45, the total is $11,148.48. The expenditure for general purposes was $10,547.41, leaving a balance on hand of $600.54. The amount still due on the building is $24,285.94.

The Medical Report of Dr. McConnell and Dr. Macdonald covered a period of two years. Only one death occurred during the two years.

The following gentlemen made short speeches in moving the adoption of the various reports: Rev. J. P. Lewis, Rev. Mr. McLeod, Rev. Mr. Neill, Dr. Macdonald, and Messrs. Arnoldi, Crombie, Kirkpatrick, W. B. McMurrich and Huson Murray. A young man named Huntley, who is now about 25 years of age, and a graduate of the Home, spoke of his gratitude for the kind treatment he had received in the institution when a boy. He is now engaged in business for himself down east, and is doing well.

The Board of Management was re-elected with slight alterations. The meeting concluded with the national anthem shortly before six o'clock.

Another Fishery Seizure.

BOSTON, June 1.—A special from Halifax says that the captain of a coaster just arrived reports that the L. Howlett has seized an American mackerel fisherman off Guysboro' coast.

JOTTINGS ABOUT TOWN.

Inspector Awde collected $1117 in licenses last month.

The Inland Revenue receipts last month were $15,525.

The County Commissioners will inspect the York roads this week.

The carnival at the Princess Rink is the great attraction to-night. Do not miss it.

Callender's Hotel at Leslieville was burglarized Monday night, a quantity of liquors being stolen.

Two rolls of flannel and a web of cloth were stolen from Parry's store, St. Matthew's Ward, Monday night.

The tenors and basses of the Festival chorus will have a separate rehearsal at the Mutual Street Rink to-night.

The Caledonian Society last night decided upon Niagara Falls as the objective point of their excursion this year.

The Parkdale Berean Circle will inaugurate a series of meetings on the subject of the Lord's Second Coming at the Town Hall on Friday evening next.

Treasurer George Buskin acknowledges with thanks the receipt from friends and public generally of Toronto $128 for the Algoma and Northwest Colportage Mission.

The Imperial Federation meeting called for Thursday night at the Grand Opera House has been postponed sine die on account of Sir A. T. Galt being summoned to England.

Joseph Sharp, who shouted "rats" and "scabs" at a street car driver and conductor, was yesterday fined $20 and costs or 30 days. For striking Policeman Nelson, Sharp was fined an additional $20.

The Waterworks Committee and several other Aldermen will accompany Mr. McAlpine to The Ridges to-day for the purpose of inspecting Bond Lake. The train leaves the City Hall Station at 8.10 this morning.

The harbor arrivals yesterday were the Defiance, Olympia, White Oak, Rapid City, Madeline, P E Young and John Wesley with stone from the lake shore. Clearances: W H Oades, wheat for Oswego; Annie Falconer and Julia, wheat for Kingston; Fleetwing, light, Cleveland.

The Government has given an allowance of some $15 for clothing, etc., to each of the men who served on the Ambulance corps in the Northwest expedition. Any who have not received the allowance should therefore make application to Lieut.-Col. Alger, District Paymaster.

Among the students of medicine who recently passed their examination in the Queen's College, Cork, was Richard H. Wagner, son of John Wagner, Postmaster of Dunmanway, County Cork, Ireland. Mr. Wagner is well known in Toronto and other places in Canada and his friends will be glad to learn of his success.

The Ontario Medical Association meets to-day and to-morrow in the Normal School Buildings, St. James Square. Dr. Tye of Chatham, is President, and Dr. White, of Toronto, Secretary. Arrangements have been made for the reception of a large number of prominent medical men from the Dominion and the United States.

The Canadian Wood and Metal Worker is the name of a new monthly published by Messrs. Goss & Robinson, at 3 Leader buildings, in the interests of the iron and wood industries, the stove trade, plumbing, tinsmithing, etc. It contains a lot of reading matter on these industries and will be found useful and valuable to all parties engaged in them.

The favorite passenger and excursion steamer Rupert has been fitted out in a first-class manner and looks attractive in her spring attire. School and society committees should secure this safe steamer for excursions to Long Branch, Lorne Park and Grimsby, the landing of which resorts she holds exclusively. Mr John N Wilkie, the affable manager, will be found in the office of the steamer, No 67 Yonge street.

PERSONAL.

Mr H Merrick, M P P, is at the Walker House.

Capt Boles and Mrs Boles of Chatham are at the Queen's.

Mr Thomas Keyes, of St Catharines, is at the American Hotel.

Rev Wm Shore and Mrs Shore of Ridgetown are at the Walker.

A number of the Orange Grand Lodge are booked at the American Hotel.

Mr Thos Robertson, M P, (Norwich), and Mr Geo A Cook, M P P, (Norwich), are at the Rossin House.

Mr John Davis of Windsor, who is to be the referee in the regatta at Hanlan's Point on Friday and Saturday, registered at the Queen's last night.

Mr E M Playter, of the Canadian Bank of Commerce, has been granted three months' leave of absence, and will go to the Northwest for his health.

Geo Hosmer, of Boston, and John McKay, of Halifax, arrived in the city yesterday morning, and are at the American Hotel. Oarsman John Ritz is also at the American.

President Cleveland's Marriage.

—To-day the President of the United States will lead to the altar one of the fairest lilies that ever flourished in New York State. Miss Frankie Folsom is well-known to many Torontonians, she having paid a visit to the city when but a school girl. Even then her manners charmed all who had the pleasure of meeting her. Dineen's hats charm all who wear them. Corner of King and Yonge streets. (x

THE MAYOR WILL NOT SIGN

PAVEMENT CONTRACTS AWARDED BY THE WORKS COMMITTEE.

Contractor Godson States his Case Before the Board—The Matter Undecided—Buying Out the Tramway—Sidewalks and Sewers.

The Board of Works ran foul of A. W. Godson again yesterday. It seems that one C. R. McKay, successful contractor for block pavements on Willcock and Mutor streets, went with Godson to the City Hall in the morning to have the contracts closed. Mayor Howland refused to sign until he should get a denial from McKay that Godson had any interest in the profits on the work in question. The Mayor says that McKay admitted that Godson had such interest. Accordingly His Worship refused to sign any of McKay's contracts until positively instructed so to do by the Council.

At the Works Committee meeting in the afternoon, Ald. Turner being the only absentee, Mr. Godson appeared to support McKay's right to have his contracts signed. Mr. McKay stated that he was a new arrival and wanted to learn the business. As Godson had the necessary plant, an agreement had been come to whereby Godson was to supply the plant and perhaps some material. When Ald. Hunter heard McKay say that he had had no experience he was for allowing him no contracts at all. Ald. Hall wanted Ald. Hunter to cease his "venomous persecution" of Godson. Ald. Hunter retaliated by saying there were Aldermen who sheltered worthless contractors. Ald. Steiner excitedly cried "Name." Ald. Hunter said, "I'm naming Ald. Hall." "Can you defend yourself, Hall?" said the worthy St. James' representative, amid shouts of laughter from the half dozen deputations ranged around the wall. Talk like this lasted until the weary Committee passed Ald. Jones' motion, shelving the matter until the Mayor should be heard from, Ald. Hunter having moved for new tenders and Ald. Hall that the Mayor be asked to sign.

Personal applications for sewers, pavements and sidewalks were numerous. In answer to the request of a deputation of St. Lawrence Ward ratepayers on the Kingston Road, it was decided to ask the Executive Committee to provide $10,000 to pay for the removal of the Toronto Gravel and Concrete Company's tracks, the City Solicitor having reported that the city had not the right to assess the cost on the ratepayers as a local improvement.

The Committee concurred in the Solicitor's recommendation for payment of C. H. Ritchie's account of $994, and Thomas Bengough's shorthand account of $900, in connection with the Garrison Creek Sewer investigation.

The engineer reported in favor of block pavements on Turner avenue, on Johnston street, on Hope street, on Lakeview avenue, and on Broadview avenue from Gerrard street to a point 500 feet north of Smith street; sewers on Lakeview and Churchill avenues; and a sidewalk on the east side of Northcote avenue from Queen street to Sorauren avenue.

The committee will hereafter meet at 2.30 instead of 3.30, a wise provision. The adjournment yesterday was after 6 o'clock.

The World Would Like to Know

Why Mr. Mowat doesn't go on with the Parliament buildings.

How much the new Court House will cost.

What has become of the proposed new Esplanade street.

If John Ross Robertson is really going to run for West York.

And if he really has a letter from Mr. Blake that no Reform candidate will oppose him.

Anniversary of Ridgeway.

Twenty years ago to-day the Battle of Ridgeway was fought and won by our gallant volunteers. "Gen." O'Neill's ignoble army of roughs and toughs from Uncle Sammy's country were whipped, sat on, sawed off and hammered down by the valiant youth of this fair Province. Yesterday many of that same youth, who in the meantime have added a score of years to their allotment of life, went around town recalling the stirring events of '66. Not a few corks were drawn in the way of remembrance. One dapper little Colonel sat in his Club and entertained a host of admiring friends with his every footstep on that memorable occasion, and even gave the exact time of day and night for the same. An ex-newspaper man, who has since grown fat and fabulously wealthy in rolling stock transactions, pointed out to The World (on paper) the exact location of the old barn wherein he slept the night before action. It was on the side of a hill, and when the dreamy war correspondent arose in the morning, he found that he had rolled down the steep incline a distance of twenty feet without waking up. He almost missed seeing the battle through this slight mishap.

The toast of to-day will probably be: "In remembrance of victory at Ridgeway."

A German Senator.

Mr. Kranz had Ald. Steiner in his eye, so it is said, when he asked Sir John why he did not appoint a German Senator. It is understood elsewhere, however, that Sir John does not like the genial Austrian's political creed but prefers the Baron Red Label.

June Leaves and Matrimony.

With the advent of leafy June comes the rural bridal brigade. The 9.20 train over the Midland last night brought four honey-mooning couples from along that line. Conductor Sam Defries, in charge of the Grand Trunk express from the east, had on board five pairs of brand new matrimonial ventures from towns and hamlets east of Toronto. The bridal chambers in the hotels were in great demand in consequence.

Extraditable Offences.

Editor World: Please answer through your columns to decide an argument, for what crimes the United States Government hand over criminals to the Canadian authorities? R.

[Murder, assault with intent to commit murder, piracy, larceny, robbery, forgery, utterance of forged papers.]

The Dead.

Hugo B. Rathbun, the wealthy lumberman and mill owner, of Deseronto, Ont., died at his home early yesterday morning of kidney disease. The news of his death created a profound sensation in the village. All the mills have shut down. Deceased was 74 years of age. His wife died two years ago. He leaves a family of seven children—four boys and three girls. One of the sons is married to a daughter of Mr. John Bell, Q. C., of Belleville, Solicitor of the Grand Trunk Railway. Deceased will be buried at Auburn, N.Y., to-morrow.

John Kelly, the Tammany chief, died at New York yesterday after seven months' sickness. Mrs Kelly, who with her two children was present at the death, was so terribly prostrated by the blow that she is now seriously ill.

Mrs. Hebden, relict of the late Rev. Canon Hebden, died yesterday morning at the "Anchorage" (Hamilton), the family residence. She leaves a family of three sons and three daughters.

A Sprinkling Probable.

Probabilities: Toronto and vicinity, southeast and southwest winds, partly cloudy, warm weather with local showers and thunderstorms, west and north winds to-morrow.

Steamship Arrivals.

At New York: Aden from Bremen; Nevada from Liverpool.
At Hamburg: Wieland from New York.
At Father Point: Wandraham from Antwerp.
At Glasgow: Devonia from New York.

—Superb roses, grown from our strong extra large plants, in pots, shipped anywhere by express. Bradley, florist and rose grower, Dominion Bank Buildings, King and Yonge streets. 36