and

be returned to the Post Office and be forwarded to the place of its address.

TOLLS-AND FERRIES.

Tolls and Ferries, Mails when exempt.

43. No Mail stage, or other winter or summer vehicle carrying a Mail, shall be exempted from tolls or dues on any road or bridge in Canada, unless in the Act or Charter authorizing such road or bridge, it is specially so provided:

Obligations of ferrymen.

2. Every Ferryman shall upon request and without delay, convey over his Ferry any Courier or other person travelling with the Mail, and the carriage and horse, or horses employed in carrying the same, and the sum to be paid for such service shall be fixed by contract; or, if any ferryman demands more than the Post Office authorities or the contractor for carrying the mail are willing to pay, the amount to be paid shall be fixed by arbitrators, each party naming an Arbitrator, and the two Arbitrators naming a third, the decision of any two Arbitrators to be binding; but as respects payment, this shall not apply to cases in the Provinces of New Brunswick and Nova Scotia, where mails carried under now existing mail contracts are, under statutes in force when such contracts were made, carried over ferries without charge, and in all such cases the right to such ferriage without charge shall continue in force until the expiration of said contracts;

Proviso: as to N. S. and N. B.

Mail not to be delayed.

3. No Toll-gate keeper or Ferryman shall detain or delay a mail on pretence of demanding toll or ferriage, but the same if due and not paid shall be recovered in the usual course of law from the party liable.

UNITED STATES MAILS PASSING THROUGH CANADA.

Postmaster General may allow United States Mails to be carried through Canada on certain conditions.

44. The Postmaster General may from time to time, with the approval of the Governor in Council, make any arrangement which he deems just and expedient, for allowing the mails of the United States to be carried or transported at the expense of the said United States over any portion of Canada, from any one point in the Territory of the said United States to any other point in the same territory, upon obtaining the like privilege for the transportation of the Mails of Canada through the United States when required.

Such mailstobe deemed while in Canada Her Majesty's Canada mails as regards the punishment of offences committed in respect thereof.

45. Every United States Mail so carried or transported as last aforesaid shall, while in Canada, be deemed and taken to be a Mail of Her Majesty, so far as to make any violation thereof, any depredation thereon, or any act or offence in respect thereto or to any part thereof, which would be punishable under the existing Laws of Canada if the same were a Canada Mail or part of a Canada Mail, an offence of the same degree and magnitude and punishable in the same manner