

ENGLAND. IMPERIAL PARLIAMENT. HOUSE OF COMMONS—MAY 8.

The Chancellor of the Exchequer, in a Committee of Ways and Means, entered upon various details regarding the revenue and expenditure of the country. He spoke of the partial gloom on some of the leading branches of trade, but said he was confident that the revenue of the coming year would be fully adequate to the expenditure, and also to the establishment of a fund for the reduction of the National Debt.

From the London Morning Herald, May 9. Last night we received the Paris Papers by express. They contain no news whatever from the theatre of war. An article from Vienna, without a date, says that the Prince of Hesse Homberg, who was sent last year on an extraordinary mission to the Russian headquarters, was preparing to set out immediately on another to Warsaw, where Emperor Nicholas is expected to arrive in the course of this month.

than 18,000,000,—that is, upwards of six times more than it wanted. The deposit alone of 90 per cent. would exceed the sum required. Among the subscribers are two for three millions, one for a million and a half, and one for thirteen hundred thousand. It does not follow, however, that all this money would be forthcoming if wanted. The subscribers had a moral certainty that the sum they put down would not be required of them.

From the Liverpool Times, May 12. On Friday evening the Chancellor of the Exchequer made his annual statement of the financial affairs of the country, usually called "the opening of the Budget."

The weather has greatly improved within the last few days, and we are now beginning to experience the warmth of summer. We believe the fruit trees have sustained very little injury from the late stormy weather, and the young wheat looks remarkably well.

From the London Courier of April 22. The most important features in every paper almost receive, whether from France or Germany, from Ireland, Scotland, and different parts of England, relate to the stagnation of trade and the consequent distress of the laboring classes of the community.

On Friday the coroner's inquest commenced its sittings, and was adjourned to the following day, and about 10 o'clock in the evening brought in a verdict of accidental death in the case of Mr. Scott's child; and in the others, justifiable homicide at the beginning of the trial, but the jury expressed their disapprobation of the conduct of the soldiers repeatedly firing after the multitude had dispersed.

From the London Morning Herald, May 9. Last night we received the Paris Papers by express. They contain no news whatever from the theatre of war. An article from Vienna, without a date, says that the Prince of Hesse Homberg, who was sent last year on an extraordinary mission to the Russian headquarters, was preparing to set out immediately on another to Warsaw, where Emperor Nicholas is expected to arrive in the course of this month.

the masters and men, and to counteract their procuring workmen at an under-rate, it is said to be the intention of the journeymen to appoint a committee, and supply those whom necessity might compel to labour at an unremunerating price, with a sum adequate to their support. It was currently reported that a general meeting of the journeymen for specific purposes would have taken place last night. A meeting took place, but it was not special, and was merely the ordinary weekly one, which is held to receive the report of the committee. It was held at the Crown and Anchor, Horse-street-fields, but the journeymen, happily, being more lucratively engaged, it was attended by few.

The Iron Trade, generally, is at the present time in condition of a very great depression. Such works as are immediately adjacent to, or connected with, coal mines, are in a situation rather better than the others, not being burdened with the charge of carriage on the coal; but even these can scarcely be carried on to a profit. The price of iron is, indeed, reduced to a low point as it can be expected to reach—the lowest rate at which it has been made and manufactured without loss.

From the London Courier of April 22. The most important features in every paper almost receive, whether from France or Germany, from Ireland, Scotland, and different parts of England, relate to the stagnation of trade and the consequent distress of the laboring classes of the community.

On Friday the coroner's inquest commenced its sittings, and was adjourned to the following day, and about 10 o'clock in the evening brought in a verdict of accidental death in the case of Mr. Scott's child; and in the others, justifiable homicide at the beginning of the trial, but the jury expressed their disapprobation of the conduct of the soldiers repeatedly firing after the multitude had dispersed.

From the London Morning Herald, May 9. Last night we received the Paris Papers by express. They contain no news whatever from the theatre of war. An article from Vienna, without a date, says that the Prince of Hesse Homberg, who was sent last year on an extraordinary mission to the Russian headquarters, was preparing to set out immediately on another to Warsaw, where Emperor Nicholas is expected to arrive in the course of this month.

From the London Morning Herald, May 9. Last night we received the Paris Papers by express. They contain no news whatever from the theatre of war. An article from Vienna, without a date, says that the Prince of Hesse Homberg, who was sent last year on an extraordinary mission to the Russian headquarters, was preparing to set out immediately on another to Warsaw, where Emperor Nicholas is expected to arrive in the course of this month.

the masters and men, and to counteract their procuring workmen at an under-rate, it is said to be the intention of the journeymen to appoint a committee, and supply those whom necessity might compel to labour at an unremunerating price, with a sum adequate to their support. It was currently reported that a general meeting of the journeymen for specific purposes would have taken place last night. A meeting took place, but it was not special, and was merely the ordinary weekly one, which is held to receive the report of the committee. It was held at the Crown and Anchor, Horse-street-fields, but the journeymen, happily, being more lucratively engaged, it was attended by few.

The Iron Trade, generally, is at the present time in condition of a very great depression. Such works as are immediately adjacent to, or connected with, coal mines, are in a situation rather better than the others, not being burdened with the charge of carriage on the coal; but even these can scarcely be carried on to a profit. The price of iron is, indeed, reduced to a low point as it can be expected to reach—the lowest rate at which it has been made and manufactured without loss.

From the London Courier of April 22. The most important features in every paper almost receive, whether from France or Germany, from Ireland, Scotland, and different parts of England, relate to the stagnation of trade and the consequent distress of the laboring classes of the community.

On Friday the coroner's inquest commenced its sittings, and was adjourned to the following day, and about 10 o'clock in the evening brought in a verdict of accidental death in the case of Mr. Scott's child; and in the others, justifiable homicide at the beginning of the trial, but the jury expressed their disapprobation of the conduct of the soldiers repeatedly firing after the multitude had dispersed.

From the London Morning Herald, May 9. Last night we received the Paris Papers by express. They contain no news whatever from the theatre of war. An article from Vienna, without a date, says that the Prince of Hesse Homberg, who was sent last year on an extraordinary mission to the Russian headquarters, was preparing to set out immediately on another to Warsaw, where Emperor Nicholas is expected to arrive in the course of this month.

From the London Morning Herald, May 9. Last night we received the Paris Papers by express. They contain no news whatever from the theatre of war. An article from Vienna, without a date, says that the Prince of Hesse Homberg, who was sent last year on an extraordinary mission to the Russian headquarters, was preparing to set out immediately on another to Warsaw, where Emperor Nicholas is expected to arrive in the course of this month.

UNITED STATES.

From the New-York Gazette, June 5. DREADFUL CATASTROPHE. Blowing up of the Steam Frigate "Fulton," and awful destruction of Lives.

We have to perform this morning, the unpleasant office of announcing to our readers the occurrence of a most dreadful and fatal event. The steam-frigate Fulton, lying at the Brooklyn Navy Yard, was, on a perfect wreck, being almost literally blown to atoms. At about three o'clock Thursday afternoon the noise of an explosion was heard at the Navy Yard, no leader than that made by the discharge of an ordinary cannon. At the same moment, and as it were in a heartbeat, it is stated, that the three masts of the steam-frigate were seen to rise—the next instant all was gone. It appears that the old gunner of the vessel was discharged on Wednesday, his term of service having expired, and a new one appointed, who was sent down to the magazine to procure the quantity of powder usually required for firing the gun at sunset. He was desired by Lieut. Breckenridge to be cautious with the light, and to place it in the location usually prescribed for it, on such occasions, viz. behind a mangle in the partition, through which the rays of light are thrown. It is supposed that he had been careless in this particular, and that having carried the candle into the magazine some of its sparks were communicated to the powder and the whole was exploded. The usual allowance of powder on board the ship was 5 lbs. On this occasion it was supposed there could not have been more than three and a half barrels. The gunner, as might be readily supposed, was not in the magazine. No account, therefore, can possibly be expected from him, and we are left to infer the cause of the disaster from the circumstances, as related.

The Fulton was used as a receiving ship and had long lain at anchor at a distance of about 400 yards from the shore. None of the vessels in the harbor were in the least injured and even the slight breeze, which the frigate approached, escaped totally unharmed. The sentinel upon the latter received no wound whatever, and continued to perform his duty after the accident, as unconcerned as though nothing had happened. The sentinel on board the ship was less fortunate and escaped with a broken leg. The whole number of persons attached to the vessel was one hundred and forty-three, of whom there were on board at the time, on shore on duty. The precise number on board is not ascertained though the several calculations fix it about seventy.

It happens fortunately that sixty-two men formerly attached to the frigate, were on shore on Tuesday, and had proceeded to Norfolk to form part of the crew of the frigate Constellation, now on the eve of departure for a foreign station. At the time of the explosion, the officers were dining in the ward-room. Mr. Breckenridge, who was on duty, was in the ward-room, and was the only one who escaped with a broken leg. The vessel remains as complete a wreck as was probably ever beheld. Her whole frame is almost shattered to splinters, and each of her tall masts "seems withered in a shrub." She is totally irreparable.

From the Quebec Official Gazette, May 28. MILITARY EXECUTION. This morning, at half past 4 o'clock, the Troops in Garrison proceeded from their respective Barracks to the Citadel, in pursuance of the General Order, commanding the execution of the prisoner Michael Moore, 6th Regt., under sentence of death for desertion, and for a violent attack on the life of Sergeant Surby, of the same Regiment, while in the execution of his duty. The public are in possession of the facts of this case.

From the London Morning Herald, May 9. Last night we received the Paris Papers by express. They contain no news whatever from the theatre of war. An article from Vienna, without a date, says that the Prince of Hesse Homberg, who was sent last year on an extraordinary mission to the Russian headquarters, was preparing to set out immediately on another to Warsaw, where Emperor Nicholas is expected to arrive in the course of this month.