

YONGE STREET WIDENING.

Now that Dr. Sheard has spoken, a great many simple people may imagine that nothing more remains to be said. Just what purpose Dr. Sheard desires to serve by opposing the widening of Yonge-street is best known to himself, but of all the idiotic contentions that ever were adduced against a public improvement commend us to Dr. Sheard's that widening a thoroughfare destroys business. Will any kind gentleman supply Dr. Sheard with an example of a street losing its business on account of being widened?

Perhaps Dr. Sheard's real objection is that it might add to the labor of his scavenging department. The T. Eaton Company and the Robert Simpson Company are surely interested in maintaining Yonge-street as a business thoroughfare. Both these firms have endorsed the plan of widening Yonge-street. We have yet to hear of any experienced merchant on Yonge-street opposing it.

But where is the Guild of Civic Art while the Yonge-street campaign is on? The Guild is understood to be an educative body, interested in giving the best information to the people about city improvements. Why does the Guild not have a meeting and get some of its ideas before the public on the matter? There may not be a crowded audience, but the newspapers will ventilate the proceedings.

The Guild might look into the proposal to widen Danforth-avenue at the same time. This is in line with the Guild scheme of a continuous boulevard system around the city. Danforth-avenue is a simple proposition as it stands. In a few years it will be one of exceeding difficulty, and the Dr. Sheards of the future will have the usual dissenting views.

The widening of Yonge-street is an imperative necessity. St. Clair-avenue and Danforth-avenue and some other streets are no less imperative when regarded from a viewpoint in the future. Let the Guild of Civic Art make a pronouncement!

BRITISH LIBERAL IMPERIALISTS.

Sir Robert W. Perks delivered a very sound and sensible address to the Empire Club of Toronto on Thursday. It comes as a whiff of fresh sea breeze and should do something towards dispelling the miasmic vapors, thru which Canadians have been expected to regard the motherland. But The World doubts whether the entire blame for the prevalent view of British social conditions, which in Sir Robert's opinion has been so assiduously fostered for political purposes, can be laid on the shoulders of the British Conservative press. It is due in part to the action of certain Canadian Liberal journals that have found it convenient to use them as texts against the call on the imperial states to organize themselves for mutual defence and to establish a system of inter-preferential trade. The United Kingdom is not stagnant, neither is it decaying. If it were there would be no such vivid recognition of the evils which undoubtedly exist and no such clear determination to end them or mend them.

Sir Robert Perks belongs to the right wing of the ministerialists, a place which in earlier times was occupied by the Whigs, who became either Conservatives or Liberal Unionists. Whigs, Liberals and Radicals are now represented by Liberals, Radicals and Labor Socialists, and this advance has been proved wholly beneficial to the modern edition of the Gladstone as the finest weapon ever forged for the achievement of reform. For the change that has come the home rule question was immediately responsible, tho it probably only accelerated a process already in evidence. Whether the Liberal Imperialists will continue to exercise an effective restraint on their more revolutionary allies is questionable, but in the meantime they comprise several of the ablest and most trusted statesmen in the government. Sir Robert's address admirably illustrates the strength and sanity of Liberal-Imperialism and it is peculiarly notable, as coming from an experienced man of business, that he emphatically declared: "If I were a Canadian I am bound to say I would not be a free trader in the present condition of affairs." The World commends this observation to its free trade contemporaries.

HERESY HUNTING.

Orthodoxy is my dory, and heterodoxy is your dory, was the witty declaration offered long ago by a genial paragon. Inquisitorial methods die hard, and the heresy-hunt is still almost as popular in America as the witch-hunt in Africa. Toronto has been several notable pursuits, and it would be rash to say that no more will be witnessed. But there is less encouragement for the prophet-baiter than in days when fewer people thought for themselves. Those who would try another man for heresy forget that they thereby make for themselves the awful claim of infallibility. It is rarely that any human being will undertake to condemn another on the strength of a belief in his own

infallibility. Yet that is the basis of every charge of heresy. Unless a man believes in his own infallibility he will be incapable of taking the extreme positions occupied in the average heresy trial. There is only one science, that of mathematics, in which the claim to infallibility is permitted. And it is astonishing within what narrow limits it is permitted even there. Two and two make four. The whole is greater than its part. Very little farther. Its theorems and problems cannot be proven without certain assumptions which have to be taken for granted. Yet apparently sincere and honest men will assume infallibility about matters that have been in dispute for centuries in theological fields.

McMaster College in the matter of Prof. J. C. Matthews, and Toronto West Methodist Ministerial Association in the matter of Rev. Dr. Crumney are to be congratulated on the sensible course they have taken. Loyalty to the great gospel principle that "ye shall know the truth and the truth shall make you free" would soften many of the suggestions of heresy. Loyalty to the greater principle of brotherly love will not weaken the standards by which truth is to be recognized.

FISCAL WAR FOR FISCAL PEACE.

In the closing sentence of an editorial yesterday, treating of the reported intention to close the feldspar mines on the line of the Kingston & Pembroke Railway as a consequence of the new United States tariff, The Globe observes, accurately for once, "It is true that it is sometimes necessary to wage a fiscal war in order to bring about fiscal peace." This is, of course, one of the main arguments used by British tariff reformers in support of their campaign for the imposition of import duties. Great Britain, under its present system, allows unrestricted access to the goods of nations that protect their home manufacturers by high tariff walls. To call the course of trade under such conditions free, is a complete misnomer. The United Kingdom, in self-defence, must wage "a fiscal war in order to bring about fiscal peace." Even the partial closing of the British market would ensure a more even balance of trade than now exists and thus provide better employment for British labor.

In 1907 the United Kingdom imported foods, drink and tobacco valued at over \$1,000,000,000, and manufactured articles valued at over \$700,000,000. The effect of these huge figures on British home industries is too plain to be affected by theories founded upon the situation as it was two generations ago, when the country was pre-eminently the workshop of the world. Now the United States and Germany are rivaling Great Britain in the volume of their foreign trade, and highly protected themselves, and in Britain the most valuable of their outside markets. They are forging "fiscal war" on the mother country and its coming has been hastened by the movement for imperial preferential trade. Free trade organs in Canada say that the imposition of duties in the mother country would not benefit the other British states, and instance the Canadian farmer, whose grain, now entering free, would be then subject to them. But under no reasonable supposition can Britain produce the grain she requires. Even if the grain growing area of Britain expands there will be a margin for imports more than sufficient to bestow a very substantial benefit on the agriculturists of the over-sea imperial states.

Grand Trunk New Offices.

The Grand Trunk Railway System with their new organization in Europe have opened a fine suite of offices at 17-19 Cooks-park, London, one of the best locations in the city. It is just opposite Pall Mall and the majority of the traffic from Westminster and the west end of London passes through this thoroughfare to Piccadilly, Oxford-street, and the commercial sections of the metropolis. Canadian who visit London will find these offices complete in every way, and the company are desirous of having all visitors from the colonies make their headquarters in London, their rendezvous, where they can have their mail addressed, make appointments and do their correspondence. This is an invitation of the transportation lines of the colonies, and no doubt will be taken advantage of by many overseas visitors to the mother country.

M. L. A.'s to Visit Cochrane.

On August 30 the members of the legislature will take a five day trip to Ontario's hinterland. The party will journey by Grand Trunk to North Bay, and will there proceed over the T. & N. O. to Cochrane, where the line touches the National Transcontinental. Numerous stops will be made en route, and the entire country beyond North Bay will be seen in daylight.

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Record for 1908
\$6,045,738 GAIN IN BUSINESS
In Force In Canada \$6,045,738

Fifty per cent. greater increase in Canadian business than any other company, Canadian, English or Foreign. The strongest possible evidence that policy-holders are well satisfied with their policies. Premium rates with or without profits, are lower than other companies charge, while profits to policy-holders are much higher, because management expenses are the lowest and interest earnings the highest. Ask our Agents for Annual Report and Record for 1908, and be on guard against the anonymous letter distributor and his friends, the blackmailing journalists, with whom we do not advertise. Two experienced, active Inspectors required. The right men, with good records, will be paid adequate salaries.

THE GREAT-WEST
LIFE ASSURANCE COMPANY
CANADA PERMANENT BUILDING
18 TORONTO STREET

IN THE LAW COURTS

ANNOUNCEMENTS.

Divisional court will sit on Monday, 31st May inst.

Master's Chambers.

Re Stanton and Canadian Order of Home Circles—J. H. Spence for the order moved for leave to serve notice of motion on a claimant who resides out of the jurisdiction. Order made. Le Hain v. Welch—Leask (Bartram & W.) moved for leave to amend writ of summons by adding a defendant. Order made. Webb v. St. Mary's—C. A. Moss, for defendant, moved to stay that Bank of Montreal be added as a party plaintiff. V. R. Wadsworth, for plaintiff. Notice of disclaimer by the bank having been filed, motion dismissed. Costs in the cause, motion dismissed. Re Stanton and Canadian Order of Chosen Friends—J. E. Cook for the society moved for leave to serve notice of motion to pay amount of policy into court on a claimant resident abroad. Order made. Henderson v. Walkey—Field (Beatty & U.) for plaintiff, moved for an order to the issue of a third party notice. Order made. Re Hatterly Infants—R. J. McLaughlin, K.C., for father and guardian, moved for an order for the sale of an infant's real estate. F. W. Harcourt, K.C., for infant. Order to go to notice to creditors issued and advertisement for sale settled. Sale to be by public auction on Monday, 28th June. Traders Fire Insurance v. Chaffman—R. S. Cassels, for plaintiff, moved for judgment on a writ of certiorari. Judgment as asked with costs. Harris v. Petrie—H. E. Rose, K.C., for defendant, moved to dismiss action for want of jurisdiction. No one contra. Order to go dismissing action with costs. United Fire Agencies v. McMeekin—H. C. Macdonald, K.C., for plaintiff, moved for judgment under C. R. 603. No one contra. Order to go for judgment for \$655.54 and costs. Green v. Barber—A. Cohen, for defendants, moved to strike out part of statement of claim and clause 4 of prayer for relief before pleading. W. R. Wadsworth, K.C., for plaintiff, contra. Order to go striking out paragraph 4 and clause 4 of prayer and allowing plaintiffs to amend otherwise, if so advised. Costs in cause. McBain v. Toronto Railway Co.—McLidery (Robbette & Co.) for plaintiffs, moved on consent for an order striking out jury notice and transferring case to non-jury list. Order made.

Judges' Chambers.

Before Mulock, C.J.
Re Taylor Estate—F. W. Harcourt, K.C., for Elizabeth Greig Wanless, moved for an order allowing \$200. Miss Wanless for maintenance. Order made.

Yandryk v. Grimsby—G. Lynch.

Stanton, K.C., moved for a mandamus to declare the last submission of a by-law to repeal the local option bylaw a nullity and to compel the council to re-submit a bylaw to the people for a vote thereon. J. M. Ferguson, for the council. W. E. Raney, K.C., for John Muir, a ratepayer, who intervenes. Reserved.

Re Kidd Estate—W. H. McFadden.

K.C. for administrator, moved for an order permitting sale of land from dower. C. B. McKee, K.C., for widow, consents on administrator paying widow \$500, in full of her claim either as to dower or share in the estate. Costs in cause. Order made. Re T. S. Ward, a supposed lunatic—C. Dunbar (Guelph), moved on for a declaration of lunacy. Order made. Reference to master at Guelph to appoint committee and to devise a scheme.

Re Brimblett a lunatic—C. G. Jones.

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THE TORONTO GENERAL TRUSTS CORPORATION.

Notice to confirm a sale at a certain valuation. C. Swabey, for the purchaser of the one-eighth interest. F. W. Harcourt, K.C., for infants. Enlarged until Tuesday next.

Stow v. Currie—F. Arnold, K.C.,

for the Ottawa Mining Company, appeared from order of the master to chambers to dismiss an application for the examination of Moore and Kelly. F. E. Hodgins, K.C., for plaintiff, contra. Reserved.

Re Zittel—F. W. Harcourt, K.C.,

moved for leave to pay \$99.40 into court for an infant and for payment out at majority. Order made. Re Milne and Union Life Assurance Company—G. S. Hodgson moved on consent for payment out of court of the money paid in herein. Order made. Smith v. Aitch Manufacturing Company—Williams, for defendants, moved for leave to strike out notice of motion for irregularity. Application dismissed. No costs.

Divisional Court.

Before the Hon. Mr. Justice Latchford J.
Winger v. Streetsville—J. Bicknell, K.C., and F. R. Maclean, for defendants, on appeal from judgment of Britton J. of March 6, 1908. W. Proudfoot, K.C., and W. A. Skeans, for plaintiff, contra. Argument of appeal resumed from yesterday. Judgment reserved.

In the Supreme Court.

OTTAWA, May 28.—Judgments were given in the supreme court to-day in fourteen cases, including what is known as the "Common School Fund" case. The Province of Quebec was unsuccessful, Quebec appealed from the judgment of the Dominion arbitrators appointed to settle accounts between the Dominion and the two provinces, or between the provinces themselves, in matters prior to Confederation, and since Confederation, known as the "Common School Fund." By their award made in 1886, the arbitrators directed certain amounts to be paid to the Dominion in respect to this fund, such amounts arising from balances due on subsequent sales of land prior to Confederation; deduction of amounts due on subsequent sales; amounts that should have been received for lots sold prior to 1867, for which patents were issued without payment; and amounts due on such prior sales, afterwards cancelled, and lots sold at reduced rates. A few years later an appeal was taken to the Privy Council on another branch of the same case, namely, a claim for uncollected balances, and it was there held that the claim must fail, as it involved a charge of breach of trust.

By the award now appealed from

arbitrators held that, under such decision of the Privy Council, they had exceeded their jurisdiction in their award of 1886, and struck out the direction as to the above claims. The arbitrators' award, even if it had exceeded their jurisdiction in their award of 1886, as it was not want of jurisdiction over the subject matter generally, but of the particular matter, the award is still res judicata and that the arbitrators, having made their award, were functi officio and could not rescind it. Free appeal was dismissed with costs. Chief Justice Fitzpatrick and Justice Duff dissenting. This settles the matter in favor of the Dominion.

Ottawa Electric Railway Company

v. O'Leary, appeal dismissed on equal division of opinion. Anderson v. Foster, appeal dismissed with costs. Fraser v. Pere Marquette Railway Company, motion to quash refused with costs, fixed at \$50. Miller v. The King and Exchequer Court, appeal was dismissed with costs. Goldstein v. Harris, appeal dismissed with costs.

Drowning at Cobalt.

HAILEYBUERY, May 28.—Hubert Sager, son of the managing director of the Last Chance Mine, of Cobalt, was drowned at the first rapids in the Montreal River about a half a mile below Latchford. In company with a companion he was paddling to Latchford and was pulled up the rapids when the canoe upset.

Score's For Wedding Raiment.

"It takes two to make a bargain" is a saying. "June is the bride's month" is another saying. Her troupe-seau has all the attention. What about the groom's wedding outfit? Ask Score, high-class tailors and haberdashers, 77 King-street West.

Freshwater and Temperance.

DRIVER, Cook May 28.—Clergymen and laymen should not use tobacco, but it is not contrary to the principles of the church for a Presbyterian minister to grant saloon licenses. This was decided by the general assembly of the Presbyterian Church to-day in answer to a resolution of the temperance committee after a long discussion.

Dr. Chase's Ointment.

Dr. Chase's Ointment is certain and guaranteed cure for eczema and every form of itching, bleeding, and sore skin. See testimonials in the press and ask your neighbors about it. You can use it and get your money back if not satisfied. Price at all dealers or EDMANSON, BATES & CO., Toronto.

EATON'S DAILY STORE NEWS
Men's Straw Boaters 1.00 Newest Styles



Made in the very fashionable sennit braids. Wide band of black silk, leather and cork-lined sweats.

A hat that's extremely light-weight, and comfortable because of the easy-fitting cushion sweatband. Price 1.00

Other styles in whole and split braids at .50 to 3.50

Children's Straw Hats

Many fresh arrivals this week

New styles in turban, sailor and negligé shapes with round and "square" crowns, raw and bound edges, silk bands and bow or streamers. In white and mixed straws, .50, .75, 1.00, 1.25, 1.50 up to 2.50.

MAIN FLOOR—QUEEN ST.

Men's Tweed Working Suits 4.87

Good durable materials in dark mixed patterns. Single-breasted sack coat, stylishly cut and well made throughout. Italian cloth body lining. Sizes 36 to 44. Price 4.87

MEN'S RAINCOATS of dark grey cravenette cloth, with Italian lining; a full length coat with wide skirt and stoutly sewn seams. Sizes 34 to 44. Price 6.50

A Good Style in Boys' Suits

The plain double-breasted belted coat is a very dressy and favorite style in boys' two-piece suits.

Here's an Example—A serviceable tweed in neat grey mixture, Italian body lining, knee pants. Sizes 24 to 28. At 3.15

MAIN FLOOR—QUEEN ST.

The New Case No Suit Case 3.75 AND UPWARDS
T. EATON CO LIMITED CANADA
Shop With a Transfer Card.

REGIMENTS FOR CAMP

G. G. B. G. Will Take Their Training in Toronto.

OTTAWA, May 28.—The dates for

camp training of rural corps in the Ottawa and Hamilton districts are announced.

The following corps will train at Niagara on June 15: Royal Canadian Dragoons, B. Squadron; 2nd Dragoons, A. B. and D. Squadrons; 8th Militia, sauga Horse; 2nd Brigade C. F. A.; Royal Canadian Engineers, right half second fortress company; 2nd Field Company C. E.; city section Corps of Guides Detachment; Royal Canadian Regiment, I. Company; 12th Regiment, 20th Regiment; 34th Regiment; 36th Regiment; 37th Regiment; 38th Regiment; 44th Regiment; 77th Regiment; 97th Regiment; Signalling Corps, No. 2 Section; Army Service Corps, No. 2 No. 9 and No. 13 Companies; Permanent Army Medical Corps, No. 2 Detachment; Signalling Corps, No. 2 Detachment; Army Pay Corps, half of No. 1 detachment. The Governor-General's Body Guard will train at Toronto June 22; 2nd Dragoons, C. Squadron, at Burford, date to be decided later; 24th Regiment at Woodstock, date to be mentioned later; 1st Brigade C. F. A. at Guelph, June 21; 22nd Regiment at Parry Sound, Sept. 7; 30th Regiment at Elora, June 22; 31st Regiment at Owen Sound, June 29; 32nd Regiment at Walkerton, June 30; 35th Regiment at Barrie, June 28.

BISHOP'S SYMPATHY

Deeply Distressed By the Sad Tragedy in Oldfield Home.

Bishop Sweeney has addressed to Rev. W. J. Brain, rector of Wychwood, a letter of sympathy with the Oldfield family, four of whom lost their lives in the recent fire. He writes: The Rev. W. J. Brain, M.A., Wychwood.

Non-Jury Assize List.

Peremptory list for non-jury assize court Monday, May 31, at city hall at 10 a.m.

- 1. Cook v. Walde.
- 2. Watson v. Graham.
- 3. Davidson v. Toronto Railway.
- 4. Union Trust v. Miller.
- 5. Morrison v. Trust and Guarantee.
- 6. McDougall v. Van Allen.
- 7. Hamilton Bridge Co. v. Engineer.

Penalties in Pelles Court.

Mary McNally, accused of vagrancy by her husband in police court, was turned over to the Salvation Army, who are to see that she returns to her mother and vacates the street as a regular habitation. Patrick McGlade, who admitted stealing from his employers, went to jail for 30 days. The charge of wounding Hugh McCaulay against George Blitten will be gone into later, when a doctor will say whether McCaulay was stabbed or merely wounded with barbed wire. Fred Murray and John Guilane will live at the Central Prison for theft of lead pipe. Alan Pardoe paid \$100 and costs for keeping a common betting house at 12 East Queen-street. There was no evidence against Fred and Henry Allison, similarly charged, and they were therefore discharged.

Niagara Navigation Company.

Four trip service commences to-day on this line. Steamers leaving Toronto 7.30, 11 a.m. and 3 and 5.15 p.m. The Chippewa makes the 2 o'clock trip this afternoon. Round trip rate 75 cents.

SAYS VOTE WAS IRREGULAR

Grimsby Citizen Wants Chance to Vote Over Again.

On hearing argument yesterday in the adjourned motion for a declaration that the proceedings on the vote on the Jan. 4 last on a bylaw to repeal the local option bylaw of the Village of Grimsby, Chief Justice Mulock reserved judgment. Geo. Lynch-Staunton, counsel for J. W. Van Dyke, appellant, also asked for a mandamus to compel the council to submit the repealing bylaw again.

The objections raised by Mr. Lynch-Staunton were that the bylaw had been advertised for seven weeks, whereas the statutes called for five weeks; also that a ballot box had been opened during the voting to press the ballots down owing to the box being full. Whatever irregularities there were, Mr. Raney, K.C., appearing for the local optionists, said that no wrong had been committed. The repealing bylaw had been defeated by 31 votes, but as it is inter-denominational, as well as international it will, for the present have no official Canadian secretary, the international office being at New York.

NO CANADIAN SECRETARY

Y. P. Mission Movement Annexed to Tem by New York.

The Canadian Young People's Mission Movement will have to work along without a secretary. The motion given to The World was "that is not enough interest in it at present." For about a year Rev. F. W. Anderson was secretary with an office in the Confederation Life Building. The office is still kept open, but the secretary was recently taken over by the Presbyterian Laymen's Missionary Movement committee. Secretary and Anderson will keep an eye on the young people's movement, but as it is inter-denominational, as well as international it will, for the present have no official Canadian secretary, the international office being at New York.

Royal Aramun Officers.

ST. LOUIS, Mo., May 28.—The 32nd annual session of the Royal Aramun ended to-day. Montreal was selected for the next meeting in May, 1910. The next supreme officers include: Regent, Charles H. Bowen, Pawtucket, R.I.; vice-regent, F. T. McFadden, Richmond, Va.; secretary, Alfred T. Turner, Boston; treasurer, E. A. Skinner, Westfield, N.Y.

For Social Functions
Cosgrave's
Pale Ale

Is the favorite ale, because with its exquisitely pure, pleasant flavor, it gives that touch of completeness that makes the occasion a memorable one.

'Tis Canada's Finest.

At All Dealers and First-class Dealers.

Cosgrave Brewery Co.

OF TORONTO, LIMITED.

Four trip service commences to-day on this line. Steamers leaving Toronto 7.30, 11 a.m. and 3 and 5.15 p.m. The Chippewa makes the 2 o'clock trip this afternoon. Round trip rate 75 cents.