

\$3,300--DUNDAS.

Near Queen, store and 7 rooms, solid brick, furnace, bath, gas, good front. H. H. WILLIAMS & CO., Realty Brokers, 26 Victoria St.

The Toronto World.

\$25,000--CENTRAL

Warehouse, stone and brick, electric elevator, good shipping, excellent light. H. H. WILLIAMS & CO., Realty Brokers, 26 Victoria St.

PROBS—Easterly winds; fair, not much change in temperature.

FOURTEEN PAGES—FRIDAY MORNING OCTOBER 23 1908—FOURTEEN PAGES

61 28TH YEAR

HARMSWORTH ON BUSINESS

Would Like to Arrange Exchange of News by Cable—Affairs in Britain.

Lord Northcliffe, principal proprietor of the London Times and Daily Mail, and head of the leading magazine proprietor of England, arrived in Toronto yesterday afternoon. He is staying at the King Edward and will remain until after the elections on Monday, the result of which interests him, in common, he declares, with the whole British nation.

He is also concerned about a very bright and patriotic ideal in the newspaper field, and he is going to speak to the Canadian Club at 1 o'clock to-day. Lord Northcliffe suggests in his appearance the business man quite as much as the peer, and his conversation from previous life and daily battle from pacific characters, say, a member of the Canadian Senate. He is, in short, an up-to-date peer, and probably as much as some of the business deal as anybody in the neighborhood of Queen and Yonge-streets.

The idea that caught the party of newspaper men last evening who met Lord Northcliffe was his plan of having an additional English news service sent to Canada, and conversely a proper Canadian news service cabled to England. It was suggested to him that he see the proprietors of the local daily press, and he is likely to do this in a wholly patriotic, and without desire of gain so far as he is concerned, and he made it clear that dissatisfaction with some of the present services was a strong factor in the situation. Most of the news sent from England to Canada comes via New York and contracts an American favor in its passage.

"I would favor information," Lord Northcliffe thinks that a daily summary of the London Times, which is quite non-partisan in its news, would furnish an ideal supply to Canada. The cost could be distributed among the subscribing papers, and there would be no profits accruing to anyone. The five hours' difference in time would give ample opportunity to prepare a thoroughly good piece, and this being done by a capable Canadian should appeal to Canadian readers.

The cost, Lord Northcliffe thought, would prevent more than 300 words a day being sent, but he fancied that something might be done with the Marconi service. A column a day, or 1000 words, was suggested to him as desirable.

Strathcona Good Press Agent. Lord Northcliffe thinks it has been the fault of Canadian newspapers and Englishmen do not know more of Canada. There has been a great change in recent years, and the Canadian Exhibition he believes was visited by 5,000,000 people. Capital is seeking Canada at present and many wealthy men and financiers have their agents here now, he declared, looking for good investments.

Lord Northcliffe had done a great deal to make "Canada" known to the world. "He never talks about anything else," remarked Lord Northcliffe, "and he is in the papers every day. There was no so much distress in England when I left as cable accounts profess, and when there is any of the unskilled workers make the most of it, so as to get relief from the rates, was Lord Northcliffe's opinion. But undoubtedly free trade was injuring the country. He thought Canada the luckiest country in the world to have such a wealthy partner to develop her resources as England would be willing to do. England was really more likely to invest in Canada than the United States was, he remarked, speaking from his own observation.

Triff reform, he declared, was universally held in England now, and the government knew it. All the by-elections showed it. He disclaimed being a politician however, and spoke merely as a newspaper man. England had nothing to fear from other nations in adopting protection.

"England does not exist by the grace of foreign nations," was his view on this point. It was the most foolish argument of the free-trade party, and the regulation of other nations would injure England. Free trade had been a very fine thing for England in the past, he admitted at the same time.

Smaller Papers. Lord Northcliffe talked about the destruction of pulp wood limits by fire and the growing scarcity of paper, and expressed the conviction that similar newspapers were inevitable. He instanced the eight page Paris edition of The Daily Mail as showing what could be done in giving all the news in brief hints. The paper supply was clearly publications.

BORDEN IN HALIFAX.
Thousands Unable to Gain Admission to Hall.
HALIFAX, N. S., Oct. 22.—(Special.)—R. L. Borden arrived here to-day. He was met at the station by 400 leading citizens. To-night he addressed one of the most remarkable meetings ever held here, as regards enthusiasm and in the demonstration accorded here the leader. The large hall was crowded and while Mr. Borden spoke to those inside, his colleague, Mayor Crosby, addressed thousands who could not get near enough to the hall to hear Mr. Borden.

All is Ready For Work on Power Line

Peterboro and Hamilton Companies Likely to Divide Contracts for Equipment and Apparatus.

In response to a general demand by the press and public in the various municipalities interested, the Hydro-Electric Power Commission desire to say that:

"The engineers of the commission have adjusted the details of construction of the transmission lines with the contractors, the F. H. McGuigan Construction Company, and the work will be commenced at once.

"The tenders for the electrical equipment and apparatus required by the commission have been received and are being checked as to their technical details by the engineers of the commission. This is something that requires the utmost care and cannot in fairness to the people be rushed thru in any haphazard fashion.

"All the actual figures cannot be given at present, it may, however, be said they are considerably below the estimates made by the engineers of the commission for this part of the work.

"The tender of the Canadian General Electric Company of Peterboro, and the tender of the Canadian Westinghouse Company of Hamilton, are, all things considered, the most favorable tenders received. As may be readily understood, the equipment and apparatus of these companies are not exactly alike, and in some respects that of one company excels that of the other, and vice versa.

"In view of this fact, and in order, by selection, to get the very best results, it looks at present as though the contract, amounting to over one-half million dollars, should be apportioned between these two companies."

THREE CENT FARES BEATEN

Cleveland Votes Down City's Cheap Trolley Service.
CLEVELAND, O., Oct. 22.—The franchise under which the Municipal Traction Company is operating the local street railway lines upon a three cent fare basis was defeated by a majority of 551 in the referendum vote here to-day. The total vote cast was upwards of 75,000.

SOUTH AFRICA AND THE NAVY

Should Repay its Debt by Handsome Contribution.
(Canadian Associated Press Cable.)
LONDON, Oct. 22.—At a Johannesburg banquet was given to Sir Percy Scott and the men of the cruiser squadron now at Durban. The chief justice of Pretoria expressed the hope that a parliament of South Africa would take the earliest opportunity of recognizing their obligation to the navy by making a substantial contribution, unhampered by conditions of local control.

STARVES IN BOX CAR.

Negro, Locked in for 20 Days, Had Evidently Starved to Death.
BUFFALO, Oct. 22.—The body of a negro was found in a freight car, opened here to-day. Death was due to starvation and thirst.

The car was shipped from Pine Bluff, Ark., on Oct. 2, and had been rebilled from St. Louis, Mo., but was not opened at the latter place. In the car was a consignment of goods for Providence, R. I.

'GUILD' FIGHTER SOBS IN COURT

Tells How Business Was Crushed—Hamilton Witness Also Reveals Effects of Tyranny.

Not always does time effect a cure nor soothe the bitter recollections of the man whose life work has been rendered different because of opposition advanced against him by combinations over which he has no control.

Just such a case was seen when the Grocers' Guild case was resumed before Chief Justice Falconbridge yesterday morning. The questioning of the crown's lawyer, George T. Blackstock, revived all too poignantly the bitter feelings still hankering in the breast of aged Andrew MacLean, grocer of Kingston, who had been compelled to give up the object which had been the one absorbing ambition of his life—the establishment of a wholesale grocery business—must when about to attain that eminence, because, he says, he received the curt information against him by the guild.

He told Mr. Blackstock that he had been a grocer for 55 years, and that he was 76 years old. He had begun after 55 years of hard work to be a position where he could buy his goods direct from the manufacturer and was feeling that the ambition of his life was about to be realized, when suddenly the privilege was taken away from him. He tried to get into the guild, but received the curt information that he would have to become a wholesaler out and out and conform to all the rules of the order.

The old man broke down, and before the sharp order of the judge to bring a chair for him he had sunk down on the railing and his body shook with unrestrained sobs.

To-day the crown will close its case with the conclusion of the evidence of Henry W. Zealand, who was giving his evidence when the court adjourned last evening. He is a grocer of Hamilton, and he also had incurred the displeasure of the guild.

Port Hope Man's Worries. Mr. MacLean was followed on the stand by John Curtis, Port Hope, who, like the first witness, had been a retailer with a wholesale branch. He said when the guild interfered with the manufacturer's supply of goods direct from the producer was stopped. He had always bought tobacco, starch, syrups, matches and bags and other things, but this supply was cut off, and sugar was advanced in price to him to the extent of 12 cents a hundred pounds. He had gone to Redpath, in Montreal, with the money to buy sugar, but it had been refused because he was not a guild man and that meant that he had to buy sugar through another wholesaler, paying two profits.

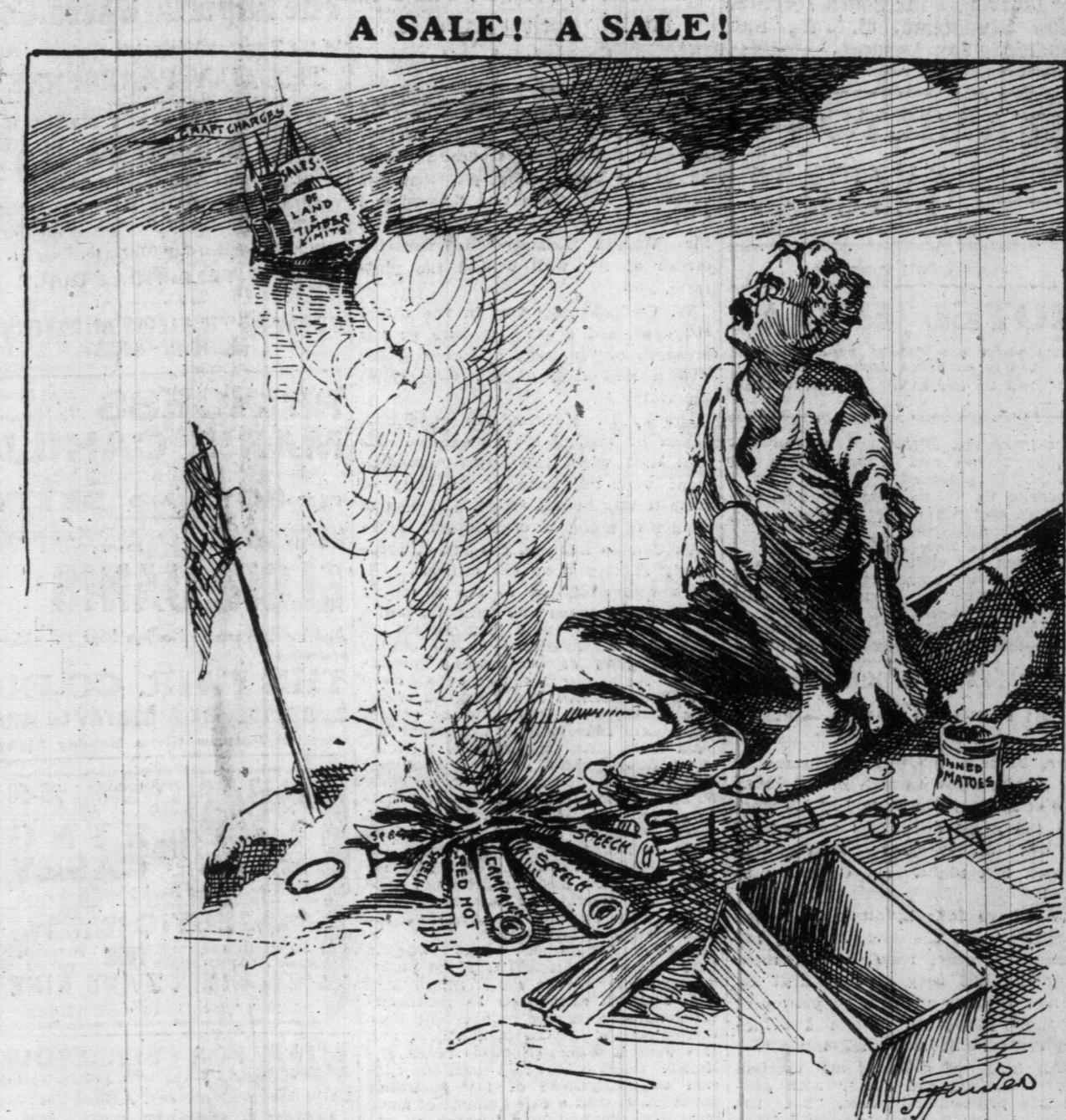
William J. Graham of Owen Sound was called to tell the way the canners had done of doing business. He started a plant in Owen Sound called the Owen Sound Canning Co. in 1901 and it is out of business now. He said that the Consolidated Canners of Hamilton wanted to buy his whole outfit at \$5 cents a dozen tins of tomatoes, and it had cost him that to produce. He refused. Then he found that he could not get the wholesalers to buy his goods, and he had to go to the connection the names of Eby Blain, Perkins and Co., McLaughlin Co. and several firms in Vancouver.

To Mr. Johnston he said that he had not sold to the retailers because the margin of profit was so small he could not afford to employ travelers. When he went out of business various people from the Canada Consolidated Canners came to see the premises.

Then B. W. Robertson of Kingston, who made a great fight against the guild during 1898, but who succumbed in 1899, was placed in the box. Mr. Robertson, when the manufacturers had refused to sell him sugar because he was not of the guild, had imported sugar, but even that failed. He amused the court by saying that when McNally of the Canada Refiners Co. told him he would have to join the guild before he could get sugar, he quoted Scripture and said: "And the beast causeth all, both great and small, rich and poor, free and bound, to receive a mark in their right hand or on their forehead, and that no man may buy or sell, save he that had the mark or the name of the beast."

When the Scotchman read these words from Revelations to the sugar man, the latter promptly answered: "It has come already," answered Robertson.

He said that the reason he had had for not wanting to join the guild was because they made him sign a declaration that he would not cut prices. "Reputable business men should not sign



POLITICAL CASTAWAY: Shiver me timbers, if help ain't a-comin' my way.

Foster Asks Big Damages For Libel and Slander From 'Globe' and Editor

Wants \$100,000 From One and \$50,000 From Tother—Candidate Shaw and Sundry Printers May Also Be Sued.

A writ claiming \$50,000 damages for slander against Rev. J. A. Macdonald, editor of The Globe, has been issued on behalf of Hon. G. E. Foster.

Formal notice that a writ for libel will issue was served on The Globe yesterday. The writ will name \$100,000 as the amount claimed.

This is Hon. G. E. Foster's reply to Mr. Macdonald for having at Orillia on Tuesday night used pretty strong language in referring to Mr. Foster's business relationships with the Union Trust Co. in the matter of commissions, and to The Globe for publishing the same.

Mr. Macdonald was not in the city yesterday, but the writ was placed in the sheriff's hands for service to-day. The writ was issued by Kingmill, Hellmuth, Saunders & Torrance.

"The action is quite a personal matter and is entirely aside from politics," said Hon. Mr. Foster yesterday.

The same firm of solicitors are also enclosing into the printed matter which has been put into circulation by various printing companies, and if examination warrants and if the law allows it, these will be prosecuted to the extreme limit of the law for circulating libelous statements.

It is also contemplated to issue a writ against W. H. Shaw for damages for defamation of character in connection with the anonymous letter which Mr. Shaw then read, containing allegations against Mr. Foster which Mr. Pigott of Chatham and others interested have promptly denied. In this connection Mr. Foster yesterday received the following letter from W. N. Warburton, 231 South Hess-street, Hamilton:

SNOW STORM TIES UP WEST

Train Service Beyond Winnipeg Paralyzed by Blizzard—Ten Feet Deep in Cuts.

WINNIPEG, Man., Oct. 22.—(Special.)—One of the worst snowstorms that has ever occurred in the west is now at the height of its fury, and has completely demoralized the services of the C.P.R. and C.N.R. trains.

The storm started the night before last, and has continued with unabated vigor.

Ten inches of snow have already fallen, and, accompanied by a terrific gale, snow has blown into the railway cuts, completely filling them up, and in many stretches the snow is over ten feet deep.

The C.P.R. have rushed snow plows to the scene, and are hard at work to clear the tracks, but very little progress can be made until the snow ceases to fall. As soon as a clearance is made the blizzard fills it up again.

The Atlantic Express from Vancouver and western points is completely stalled, and also the Imperial Limited from Vancouver. The westbound train of yesterday is held up also, and none of them can proceed one inch.

No trains from the west reached the city to-day, and it is doubtful when they will get thru.

In the meantime the railway company is taking care of passengers, and is seeing that they are well looked after until able to proceed. The Winnipeg Express from Toronto was about two hours late in arriving this morning. No. 1 westbound went out at 1.15 this afternoon. The Pacific Express to-night is scheduled on time. On other branches trains are running according to schedule.

The storm, which broke over Alberta Tuesday night, was wholly unexpected by the railways, and no preparation was made to receive it. The storm was a blinding one, and the snow quite soft. It has not done so much damage on the open track, but has rested in the cuts of the railroads in a solid mass.

LISTS NOT READY POLLS CAN'T BE HELD

Three Divisions in New Ontario Disfranchised—Vast Amount of Crookedness in Backwoods is Alleged.

OTTAWA, Oct. 22.—(Special.)—It was officially stated to-night by the state department that in the polling sub-divisions of Searchmont, Trout Lake and Bellevue, in West Algoma, no polls will be held.

It is held by the department that the act passed last session providing for the preparation of voters' list in the unorganized districts of Ontario supersedes section 21 of the Election Act, which says that when certified copies have not been received by the clerk of the crown in chancery, the original and legal lists for the Dominion elections shall be the same as those for the provincial elections, and that the provisions of the latter are not applicable in the case of failure to obtain the federal lists in time for the election.

The lists prepared by the judges have not reached nor can they reach here now in time to be returned, therefore Hon. R. W. Scott, who is in charge of affairs relative to the elections, states that the Election Act sub-divisions will be disfranchised. There are about five hundred voters affected.

Mr. Scott was willing, if they had reached the department in time, that typewritten lists should be used at the polling sub-divisions. There is nothing in the act which necessitates the lists being printed.

CONS. WIN APPEALS.

104 Names Have Been Removed From the Lists.

SAULT STE. MARIE, Oct. 22.—(Special.)—Excitement in connection with "bush polls" is still at fever heat. Conservatives to-night are jubilant at the result of the hearing of appeals.

So far after a day and a half hard "fighting" the board of registration had only concluded the hearing of appeals in respect to one of the disputed lists, and on this list alone 104 Conservative appeals were allowed, and this number of names has been removed from the list having been illegally placed there by Enumerator J. Stevenson.

If the Conservatives are equally successful with appeals in other parts of the province they will have practically proved to the hilt the contention made by them in respect to the stuffing of the lists, and this being in respect to one of the disputed lists, and the Liberal candidate, it is said, will be deprived of the advantage the Aylesworth Act was intended to give him.

The question being asked on the streets to-night is why have the board of registration backed down from the position taken in East Point, and are allowing Conservatives appeals here, while they refused to allow them there? The answer seems to be found in the fact that the press is giving to the general public the facts of the case.

CANDIDATE PROTESTS.

Comtee's Opponent Says Election Law is Being Violated.

PORT ARTHUR, Oct. 22.—"Open and flagrant violations of election law in this constituency. Cap. Sullivan and other nefarious workers at work here, and you send ten special officers immediately!"

The above message was sent last night by Frank H. Keefer, Conservative candidate for Thunder Bay and Rainy River, who is opposing James Comtee, the representative of the constituency in the last parliament, and Mr. Keefer has a petition placed in the hands of the returning officer, Geo. Horrigan, a protest against the practices alleged to have been used by Liberal agents in connection with the preparation of the voters' lists in unorganized and organized districts, which he believes would result in the unseating of Comtee even if he is elected, by means of the wholesale adding of names of unqualified voters. The returning officer is also warned against non-compliance with the regulations.

Advertisement for Dr. White, listing various ailments and symptoms such as "Dyspepsia", "Rheumatism", "Loss of Vitality", "Kidney Affects", "Headache", "Stomach Trouble", "Nervousness", "Weakness", "Lack of Energy", "Loss of Appetite", "Indigestion", "Constipation", "Diarrhoea", "Hemorrhoids", "Piles", "Furuncles", "Abscesses", "Ulcers", "Scalds", "Burns", "Wounds", "Cuts", "Bruises", "Sprains", "Dislocations", "Fractures", "Dislocations", "Fractures", "Dislocations", "Fractures".