the import uated by the key is made xcept a perocks, or any M anufacturer. e frontier .--low; and he deducting the U trictions untained by the the payment -say 5s. to hip Collector, h (that is supat 2d. per the tax fore the farind the loss direct tax .--lads, was less increase from were pointed unswick, and ges about the disproportion fund is estabpenses of the adopted, and the expense, , is, to estabnged. A Fee of the Court the effect will nt of litigation

hount is proo about £100, details to show hprises entire

principle :imately be rehis Colony, if For instance : bahire \$1,000, , Connecticut e exceptLouisxceed £1000.

The other items are unimportant, and can present no obstacle. The transfers of those four departments from Customs Duties to other specific Funds created from other sources, only require consideration. Your obedient servant,

W. H. MERRITT.

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St. Catharines, May 10th, 1847.

LEFFER NO. VI.

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GENTLEMEN :---

In conclusion—We find by the first and second Tables, that the most essential articles consumed are higher here than in western New York : if true, it leads to the conclusion come to in the second Letter, that the most urgent necessity exists for the changes recommended : we find by the third Letter reasons and arguments to show that this change can be accomplished at an immense saving. The unprecedented expense attending the collection of Customs duties will scarcely be credited :----coding £95,000 is paid in sixteen Ports in Lower Canada and thirty-nine Ports in Upper Canada for the collection of £40,000. Is this amount of Revenue any equivalent for even the delay arising from searches, entry, clearing, &c. &c. &c., to the Trade of so great a portion of the Province in No reasoning, no argument can be more convincing than this fact : ______ \$40,000 is collected in every in orior Port in Canada encopt four, and it College costs the consumer and an enlightened people ! When Priser -

It is also highly satisfactory to find from Letters Nos. 4 and 5, that addition the Province possesses abundant resources to create a revenue within itself end to supply the deficiency arising from the repeal of those duties.

These changes are no experiment-no theory, and not intricate ; the most ordinary capacity can understand them ; they have been in practical operation for years in a State, why will they not prove equally beneficial in a **being** P_h No reason can be assigned, no satisfactory answer can be monum given.

It may be argued that the inhabitants of Lower Canada have been ac- J_{C}^{a} customed to this payment of Customs duties; that however expensive, so long as they are satisfied, why disturb it? The reply is this: no cause exists, and no reason can be assigned, to show that direct Taxation will full