France, the fruits of which, at no remote day, there is too thinks, and the usage to exercise the power of committal for breach of privilege had been frequent, and the acquiescence in the exercise local have been compared to the exercise local have been explained only on the ground that the power was a legal indicate. But no such mage has been proved, and the construing on the 20 legal and the state of the construing of the power was a legal indicated. But no such mage has been proved, and the construing on the 20 legal and the state of the construing on the 20 legal and the state of the power was a legal indicated. But no such mage has been proved, and the construing of the power has been duly on the great of the state of the power with the sanction of the trainmask, and the save construing the public for a long period of time, may raise a present of the first of the state of the power with the sanction of the trainmask, and the save described in the but of the power has been duly communicated by law. But in the save down the same to the construing and the save described in the but of the save of the power, with the sanction of the trainmask, and the save down the save the save the save the save have the save the save the save the save that of the save of the power has been duly communicated by law. But in the save down the save that the save the save that the save the save that t in favour of the right except that of the case of \*Palmer v. Barrett, "decided by the judici-d Committee, the members provided the proposal trails, and myself. Their Lordships do not consider the provided that the power was expected in the Erskine, and myself. Their Lordships do not consider the provided that the power was not the provided that the power was incidental to every Legislative both to every Legislative both they ought to be bound in deciding the present question; the opinion of their Lordships, delivered by the most provided that the power was incidental to every Legislative both to every Legislative both they ought to be bound on which the judgment was rested; and therefore was incidental to every Legislative both the prompts of the army, under General Nort, when the common the taken as an authority for the abstract proposage in 'Burdet's Assembly, was not the only ground on which the judgment was rested; and therefore was isometically on, the form of the provided that the power contends the provided that the power contends the provided that the power contends to the provided that the power of Parliment, and ought not, we all think, to be extended any further. We all, therefore, think, that the opinion expressed by myself in the case of 'Palmer v. Barrett' ought not to affect our decision in the present case; and there being no other authority of the and the subject, we decide according to the principle of the common faw, the House of Assembly have not the power contended for. They are alocal Legislature, with every powers of parliament, and ought not, we all the long of Assembly have not the power contended for. They are alocal Legislature, with every powers of Parliament of the must all the formation of the principle of the common faw, which they have not what they have n

feelings of satisfaction and happiness pervaded the whole assembled shortly. The women, all neatly dressed, were assembled shortly before 5 o'clock, and ranged as they arrived on seats placed on before 5 o'clock, and ranged as they arrived on seats placed on each side of the long galleries, which were profusely decorated of Mr. Labouchere, for admitting Canadian wheat into English of Mr. Labouche before 5 o'clock, and ranged as they arrived on seats placed on each side of the long galleries, which were protested, were present and festooned with evergreens. A small room adjoining the gallery was decorated and fitted up as a refreshment-room for the visiting magistrates and other visitors. The female attendants, all well and respectably attired, waited assiduously upon the patients. After the patients had partaken of tea and eaks, the proposed by Lord Stanley in the control of the patients had partaken of tea and eaks. The patients had partaken of tea and eaks of a pianoforte. At intervals Mrs. Bowden sang several simple ballads. At half-past 8 warm spiced been, an orange, and a piece of eaks were distributed to each patient, after which the Evening Hymn was sung, and at 9 they all rettired in the most orallerly manner, and expressing their conduct than the superinted fine of the crown. It to be the conducted his spectacle, heailsh, the superinted fine of the crown in the festivities of families (who by their cordial participation in the festivities of families (who by their cordial participation in the festivities of families (who by their cordial participation in the festivities of families (who by their cordial participation in the festivities of families (who by their cordial participation in the festivities of families (who by their cordial participation in the festivities of families (who by their cordial participation in the festivities of families (who by their cordial participation in the festivities of families (who by their cordial participation in the festivities of families (who by their cordial participation in the festivities of families (who by their cordial participation in the festivities of families (who by their cordial participation in the festivities of families (who by their cordial participation in the festivities of families (who by their cordial participation in the festivities of families (who by their cordial participation in the festivities of families (who by their cordial pa selves, are found to have permanently beneficial effects.

## Seven Days later from Europe.

ARRIVAL OF THE GREAT WESTERN. (From The New York Commercial Advertiser, 13th March )

believed unprecedented in the annals of steam navigation

Our London dates are to the 11th of February, Liverpool the 10th, Havre the 8th, and Bristol the 11th, all inclusive. force of Pope's couplet-

So far as cotton is concerned, the news is unfavourable. At Liverpool, one of the circulars notices no absolute decline in prices, but says that the reduced quotations are more generally submitted to, while another asserts that there is a decline of ad. in ordinary and middling descriptions of American, At Havre, it will be seen by our correspondent's letters, the market is decidedly lower.

At Liverpool, on the 10th, American wheat flour was 23d. quoted at 27s. to 28s, for sweet, and 24s, to 25s, for sour, in bond. United States mixed wheat was worth 6s, 9d, to

FROM THE EAST. The overland mail was received in London on the 5th of February, bringing advices from Calcutta to December 22nd, from Lahore to the 7th. from Chusan to the 29th of October, from Macao to the 11th of November, and from Bombay to the 2nd of January. The intelligence is not of predominant interest, and indeed such was hardly to be expected.

The following extracts from papers and published correspondence give all the particulars :-Calcutta, December 22.

Matters have not gone on very well since we turned our There are to be sundry courts of inquiry, to investigate certain cases of mismanagement and misconduct; and, to crown all, Generals Pollock and Nott have been carrying on a little intestine war-an example which has been followed by Brigadier Wild and Colonel Mosely, who have entered the ring too. Nott, it is said, has, after certain exhibitions, neither very amiable nor soldierlike, resigned the command of his divisision. His resignation, however, was not accepted, the Governor-General having expected him to conduct his troops across the Sutlej. You will see in the local journals many allusions to the contentions of the two generals; I need not, therefore, say more on the subject, except that it is acknowledged on all hands that General Nott is greatly to blame, having exhibited ever since the junction of his troops with

They have been gathering during the past month at Ferozepore, and now you see them in all their integrity. The
Governor-General arrived in Camp on the 9th of December,
It had a narrow escape, and the violence with which it has been

The Soult-Guizot ministry is safe, at least for the present.
It had a narrow escape, and the violence with which it has been

The soult-Guizot ministry is safe, at least for the present.
It had a narrow escape, and the violence with which it has been

The Hannell Pauper Lunatic Asylum.— Five years agothat beaevolence which prompts to holy deeds induced the Dresent matron of the Middlesex Pauper Lunatic Asylum at Hannell (Mrs. Bowden) to make an attempt to infuse some of the joyousness of the great Christian festival amongst a selection of the demented inmates of that institution. From 30 to 40 of the female patients were then entertained for the first time in the bazaar ward, which was decorated with evergreens for the occasion, with music, tea, and other suitable refreshments. The party separated at an early hour, and was closed by the singing of the Evening Hymn. So great was the pleasure experienced on that occasion, both by the patients and the attending officers, and so perceptible were the beneficial results apon the feelings and habits of the lunatics, that it was subsequently determined to repeat the entertainment from time to time. Nearly 300 of the female patients in Hanwell, for the worst part the incurably insane, were assembled together on the eve of the present new year (Saturday last). Not a discordant sound disturbed the peace and harmony of the evening, while and disturbed the peace and harmony of the evening, while which though containing nothing absolutely new, yet puts the feelings of satisfaction and happiness pervaded the whole assem- right of search negociations between England and America, in

introducing responsible government into the colony, through the instrumentality of Sir Charles Bagot; and he paid the french Canadian. The value of the vessels and cargoes have the instrumentality of Sir Charles Bagot; and he paid the French Canadians a variety of compliments at the expense of the United States. The discussion set at rest an important question, raised in Canada as well as at home, which has given birth to a good deal of discussion, and a variety of opinions,—namely, whether Sir Charles Bagot was cordially supported by the Imperial Government in calling the French party to office. Lord Stanley declared emphatically, in the Captain Hosken left King Roads at 5 p.m. on the 11th of February, arrived at Funchal, Madeira, at 4 p.m. on the 19th, took in seventy tons of coal, and left again at 10 p.m. of the that the Governor's conciliate to the course of the Storm of Friday and Saturday arrived at Funchal, Madeira, at 4 p.m. on the 19th, took in seventy tons of coal, and left again at 10 p.m. of the that the Governor's conciliate the course of the Storm of Friday and Saturday last.

but westerly winds, generally strong, sometimes blowing very hard, with heavy sea, excepting part of one day (10th March).

| December 8, 1720, | December 8, 1720, | December 8, 1720, | December 8, 1720, | December 9, 1720, | commissioners who surveyed the north-east boundary on behalf Christianity. It is worthy of remark that the engines of the Great of the British government. After quoting the speech of Mr. Western have been going for twenty days, without stopping for Rives, in the secret session of the Senate, pending the negotiaone instant, and that she has steamed a distance of 4,700 tions relative to the treaty, as also the letter of Dr. Franklin, miles, with a consumption of 630 tons of coal—a feat itself and all the details about the map with the "strong red line," she brought over 1,000 packages of goods, and 750,000 Paris, Mr. Featherstonbaugh proceeds to argue—that, as these facts were made known to Mr. Webster, who kept Lord Ash-Mollars in specie.

Notwithstanding the prevalence of violent head winds, the weather was warm during the whole time of her voyage, and the passengers declared themselves highly pleased with the trip.

facts were made known to Mr. Webster, who kept Don't American Secretary. The leading London journals, taking their cue from this statement, have joined in the hue and cry against Mr. Webster, in ment, have joined in the hue and cry against Mr. Webster, in We are assured that she will positively leave for Liverpool the same spirit with which a police officer hangs upon the footsteps of a professional thimble-rigger, or a member of the swell mob. Mr. Webster evidently, in their belief, illustrates the

The same ambition can destroy or save, And makes a patriot as it makes a knave

House of Commons, February 9. AMERICAN BOUNDARY.—Lord Palmerston gave notice that he should postpone his motion on the subject of the American

Boundary from Tuesday the 21st instant to Wednesday the House of Lords, February 9. put a question to the government, which they would have no difficulty in answering; which was, whether they intended to introduce a bill into Parliament for the purpose of carrying out the 10th article of the treaty of Washington, an article which he highly approved. It was respecting the delivering which he highly approved. It was respecting the delivering and or American to the said Act:

"Whereas, as well by the Criminal Laws of England in force in this Province, as by divers Provincial Acts, Justices of the Peace are invested with GREAT POWERS AND AUTHORITY, wherefore it is become of the utmost constituted crimes in England or American tendence to all classes of her Majesty's subjects, that none

rica. Unless a bill were introducted in the land, no act as Justices of the Peace."

In this we take it, the words great powers and authority, person could be given up. person could be given up.

Lord Ashburton said that although he was not so well acquainted with the law as the Noble Lord, yet he knew very well that unless an act of Parliament was passed, the 10th section of that treaty would be useless. He had written to Justices, but allude solely and entirely to their mental sufficiency to discharge the "great powers and authority" backs upon Cabool. Every thing has been hurry-skurry. the American Secretary stating this; therefore there was no sufficiency to discharge the "great powers and authority" doubt but her Majesty's government intended to introduce an with which the laws invested them.

> of Mr. Labouchere, moved for copies of extracts of any communications which have taken place between her Majesty's Go vernment and the authorities of Canada, respecting the duties levied on wheat imported from the United States into Canada, or from Canada into the United Kingdom, since the 1st day of January, 1842.

house hereafter to enter on the proper consideration of the sub-

Mr. Villiers, Mr. M. Gibson, and Mr. Ewart pressed Lord was called to pay thirty shillings: but it would not do: having exhibited ever since the junction of his tools, those of General Pollock anything but a proper military spirit.

Mr. Villiers, Mr. M. Gibson, and Mr. Ewait present long to say, whether or not, the government intended to bring in a measure this session to alter the scale of duty on the introduction of colonial grain. But the noble lord declined doing so until the papers were before the house.

and the great doings have now commenced. I have no doubt assailed by many of the leading members of the Chamber, au- he is invested? that the spectacle will be a grand one, and I wish I were gurs badly, some shrewd politicians think, for its permanent there to see." But the use of this great gathering, and all its stability. But one is apt, in estimating the probable consethere to see." But the use of this great gathering, and all its attendant pomp and display, has yet to be discovered.

You have heard that among other trophies of war brought have by the forces of Affghanistan are the more erroreces. On this side of the channel, a defeat on a bound of the words uttered. We shall first give a meaning of the words uttered. We shall first give a meaning of the words uttered. We shall first give a meaning of the words uttered. We shall first give a meaning of the words uttered. We shall first give a meaning of the words uttered. We shall first give a meaning of the words uttered. We shall first give a meaning of the words uttered. We shall first give a meaning of the words uttered. We shall first give a meaning of the words uttered. We shall first give a meaning of the words uttered. Sunnauth, carried off by the Sultan Mahmoud. Nott laid bands on them at Ghuznee, and have involved, in all probability, a defeat on them at Ghuznee, and have involved, in all probability, a defeat on warrant:—

| Sunnauth, carried off by the Sultan Mahmoud. Nott laid collateral point, such as M. Guizot experienced with reference die none of the words uttered. We shall first give a give none monarchies to America, but that America shall to Syria, would have involved, in all probability, a defeat on give republics to Europe.' And that man is to-day an exile.

a grand escort, those said gates to the restored temple of boundards. Assemblies exercise the power contended for by the respondents as an incident, the way and the time secondard to the power contended to be the soft of temple there are present, but there is a Mahometan to an incident to, and incident to, and

ways find me ready, as long as a breath of life remained, to march where my duty called me; or should I find it necessary, I should follow the example of Mar-hal de Saxe at Fontenoy, and get myself carried to the field of battle. (Loud cheers.) They talk of the independence of our flag and of the national honor! Is it supposed that any member of the cabinet is capable of failing in his duty in so noble a cause. (Cries of "No, o.") I shall not enter on the question of the right of search-the subject is worn out. (Assent.) I shall merely repeat

that the cabinet accepts the position in which the paragraph of the address places us—(approbation)—and I am of opinion that no person in this assembly will raise the slightest doubt as to the sincerity of this declaration. (Cheers.) The debate was terminated by M. Berryer, after which the Chambers divided, when their appeared, aves, 278; noes, 101; majority for ministers, 177—a strange winding up of a struggle, in the course of which M. Guziot was left in a minority of

families (who by their cordial participation in the festivities of the evening added much to the prevailing hilarity), two of the visiting justices (Messrs. M. Pownall and J. Bailey). The Presence of the worthy and excellent chaplain of the asylum, the Rev. O. W. Burt, and of others of the neighbouring elergy, gave likewise a sanction to the feast and a salutary direction to its enjoyments. Amongst the visitors was the eelebrated Mainzer, who also kindly lent his aid for the gratification of the party, and sang two or three pleasing melodies on the occasion. These entertainments to the insane, simple as they are in themselves and the received follows. The consideration of the sanctancy is more to the sanctancy of the coast of France four vessels were wrecked, and 190 lives lost; and on the coast of France four vessels were wrecked, and 39 lives lost; and on the coast of France four vessels, and 39 lives lost; and on the coast of France four vessels, and 39 lives lost; and on the coast of France four vessels, and 39 lives lost; and on the coast of France four vessels, and 39 lives lost; and on the coast of France four vessels, and 39 lives lost; and on the coast of France four vessels, and 39 lives lost; and on the coast of France four vessels, and 39 lives lost; and on the coast of France four vessels, and 39 lives lost; and on the coast of France four vessels, and 39 lives lost; and on the coast of France four vessels, and 39 lives lost; and on the coast of France four vessels, and 39 lives lost; and on the coast of France four vessels, and 39 lives lost; and on the coast of France four vessels, and 39 lives lost; and on the coast of France four vessels, and 39 lives lost; and on the coast of France four vessels, and 39 lives lost; and on the coast of France four vessels, and the prevention of the house and the received the grace of God in vain. It was his delight to "walk in the thistory of our mercantile to say, without parallel in the history of our mercantile to say, without parallel in the history of our

course of the discussion, that he was supported in doing so, and the course of the discussion, that he was supported in doing so, and the course of the discussion, that he was supported in doing so, and the course of the discussion, that he was supported in doing so, and the course of the discussion, that he was supported in doing so, and the course of the discussion, that he was supported in doing so, and the course of the discussion, that he was supported in doing so, and the course of the discussion, that he was supported in doing so, and the course of the discussion, that he was supported in doing so, and the course of the discussion, that he was supported in doing so, and the course of the discussion, that he was supported in doing so, and the course of the discussion, that he was supported in doing so, and the course of the discussion, that he was supported in doing so, and the course of the discussion, that he was supported in doing so, and the course of the discussion, that he was supported in doing so, and the course of the discussion, that he was supported in doing so, and the course of the discussion, that he was supported in doing so, and the course of the discussion, that he was supported in doing so, and the course of the discussion, that he was supported in doing so, and the course of the discussion, that he was supported in doing so, and the course of the discussion, that he was supported in doing so, and the course of the discussion, that he was supported in doing so, and the course of the discussion, that he was supported in doing so, and the course of the discussion, that he was supported in doing so, and the course of the discussion, that he was supported in doing so, and the course of the discussion that he course of the discussion years ago, and made public declaration of his sincere belief in

## Canada.

SPECIMENS OF THE NEW MAGISTRACY. (From The Belleville Intelligencer.)

During the late Sessions of Parliament, an Act was passed, at the instance of the Government, for the qualification of Justices of the Peace. The enacting clause of this Law provides, " that from and after the first day of January, in the year of our Lord 1843, all Justices of the Peace to be appointed in the several Districts of this Province, shall be the most SUFFICIENT persons dwelling in the said Dis-

There can be no doubt as to the meaning of the word sufficient, as used in the above extract. It not only means sufficient property to answer the demands of any verdict, that may be obtained for a violation of duty or an act of tyranny, but it also means that the person shall possess sufficient capacity of mind to discharge the duties of "the great powers and authority" with which they are invested. If any one entertains a doubt that this is the true and correct meaning of the word "sufficient," we refer them to the following THE WASHINGTON TREATY .- Lord Campbell wished to lowing passage, being the first part of the enacting clause of

up of persons who had committed crimes in England or America. Unless a bill were introduced that article would be usebut persons WELL QUALIFIED should be permitted to

act for the purpose of carrying out that article. Although it required an act in this country, in America it did not.

It is our intention, in this number, to give proofs of the great ability and worth of some of the new appointment of the great ability and worth of some of the new appointment. It is our intention, in this number, to give proofs of CANADIAN WHEAT .- Mr. Charles Wood, in the absence ments in this District; and we hope to show that the New Law has been any thing else but a guide with Mr. Secretary West, in his appointments to the Commission of the Peace. In all probability he will be delighted to have proof positive of the great ability, worth, and sufficiency of his new Jacks in office. We feel it necessary to remark, that the documents of which the following are true copies can be seen at any Lord Stanley acceded to the motion, as it would enable the time, and we defy the world to show that we have altered

The first is a wolf-scalp certificate, upon which the treasurer

Joasey Wodcok tes fiy be for Me to 1 wollf sklp (signed) owen Durkins, J. P. We must here explain that "hurleyfor" means Hunger-

We pass on to the next curiosity, and with it shall intro-

majesty justis of the pease, for the districk aforsad, on the oath of a credibel witness for that said amerson on the windey the fourth day of Janury in the year 1843, at the township Rawdon in the said districk, did drive over thre calvs, belonging to Erancis Maconel, cald upou the said amerson to settle for the calvs, then amerson struck Maconel these are tharfor to comand you in her magesty name fourwith to aprihend and brin be for the said districk, the body of said samuel amerson to answer unto the said charg and to be further debt with according to Law. herin fail not.

(From The Woodstock Monarch, of 16th March)

It is our painful duty to announce the death of Vice Admiral Vansittart, at Eastwood, on Tuesday last, the 14th instant at 3 o'clock, P. M. He was slowly recovering from his late accident, when he took cold; a violent inflammation of the lungs succeeded, which very early threatened the worst consequences. On Friday night last it was thought advisable to send for Dr. Dartnell of the Royals, who arrived on Saturday; he together with Dr. Stratford, remained in attendance day he, together with Dr. Stratford, remained in attendance day and night, but in spite of their united skill and unwearied assias far as they can, the appointment to office and the Commispatient sunk under it.

[Here follows a long account of the gallant and disinterested vices of the deceased, which our space, we regret to say, pre-

John Pennefather, by whom he has three sons and two daughters now living. His surviving brothers are George Henry, a General in the Army, and Edward, in holy orders; the latter has added the surname of Neale to that of his own family. His

3. That as the time is fast approaching when his Excellenfirst cousin, the Right Hon. Nicholas Vansittart, many years Charcellor of His Majesty's Exchequer, an upright statesman, and an amiable private character, has been created a peer, by

the title of Baron Bexley.

Admiral Vansittart arrived in this Province in June, 1834, having previously employed Capt. Drew in making various pur-chases of lands and other preparations for his settlement. An object of first importance to him was the erection of a Church in this neighbourhood, and the provision for a minister. To provide for the former, he, together with his sister Mrs. East, ent out 500% sterling, (of which about 200% had been collected by various friends in England,) to Capt. Drew who immediately eeded to the completion of this desirable object. It would be difficult (although not impossible,) to state with accuracy the further aid which Admiral Vansittart supplied towards the Church. To secure the regular services of a minister for the Church and neighbourhood, he hesitated not to pay the entire expenses of the present Rector and his family from England, and at the least 2001, per annum until the Government granted a salary, and an exchange of lands for the glebe house and lands had been effected. The Lecture Room in the Church-yard was built entirely at his and Mrs. East's expense. He contributed also largely towards the erection of Eastwood and Beachville Churches.

Of his private acts of kindness and sympathy it is not necessary to speak, they are written upon the hearts of numbers around us. It was his daily work and delight "to do good;" and to very few has Providence farnished more frequent oppor-tunities of alleviating distress than to our departed friend. tenfold value to them; he appeared the obliged. Moreover the perseverance which he exhibited in carrying out his purposes

he awaited his change as one who knew in whom he trusted, and whom he had believed, and that he was able to keep that which he had committed into his hands until the last great Day. Never will the remembrance of this death bed be effaced from our mind. The fervent desire arose in our heart, "Let me die the death of the righteous, and let my last end be like

MOHAWK VILLAGE. - In our recent journey castward, we had occasion to visit this interesting Indian settlement. In the rillage, there is a pretty little English Church, in which the Rev. A. Nelles officiates with great credit to himself and much advantage to his congregation, which is composed of the red children of the forest. There is a Mechanics' Institution, founded by the "New England Society" for the purpose of instructing the Indian youth in the usual branches of education, and the different mechanical trades. We looked over the domestic part of the establishment, which is kept in most admirable order by Mr. and Mrs. Hay, who are regar with a kind of filial affection and reverence by their youthful charge. We also visited the school, which is under the able and efficient charge of Mr. Grant. The children who were all London, Brock, Calbot & Muron Church Zocisty. dressed with great neatness and most scrupulous cleanliness, seemed quite as attentive to their tasks, and much more orderly their deportment than we have often seen the white man's children in similar circumstances.

There is, we understand, a proposal to remove the Indians from this settlement; and if such a proposal shall be carried out, which we hope it will not be, the above establishment must necessarily be broken up. There is a cold-hearted cruelty in this perpetual bargaining the poor native out of his patrinony, on the plea that the vicinity of civilization is foreign to referred to? Why seek to civilize him at all, thereby renderng him, in proportion to the amount of instruction he has received, the less qualified for finding the means of subsistence in the woods to which he is ever and anon driven back? It is all chicanery and miserable selfishness, this pretence o consulting his interest, in inducing him to exchange his home tastes and habits he has become imbued, for another in the depths of the forest, to which he has been rendered partially inaccustomed. We hope the Government will lend a deaf ear to the interested representations of the grasping avarice which seeks to enrich itself at the expense of the extipation of the rightful owners of the soil.—Woodstock Herald, 10th March.

Emboldened, not merely by impunity, but by reward and promotion, the Separation party, in this Province, speak out with unreserved audacity. The Mirror is a newspaper pub-I shed in this city, and a short time ago was edited by an individual, then and still in the employment of Government, though we do not mean to say that he is amenable for what now appears in that journal. On the 17th March, the Mirror thus

"England may give us up next year to our own guidancepossibly Sir Charles Metcalfe may at this moment, while approaching us on the waves of the Independent Atlantic, be studying the lesson he has received to put all things in training for such an event. It is not altogether improbable that he may be the last British Governor sent out to represent the care was taken in the formation of the 'Boundary line' to give Canada as much advantage as possible in her future state of Independence. It is no longer a secret, that England will at no very distant period deliver into our hands the indentures of our servitude, and we will not be hypocritical enough to say we regret our freedom. No-we rejoice at it-we feel that the energies of Canada have been confined, and her powers unjustifiably contracted. We long to work her up to her proper station: we glory in the hope of what she yet will be."

"We hope England will relinquish her hold of Canada, and

This is very plain and honest, and in the Eastern part of the Province the L'Aurore, a French journal speaks out with equal distirctness. A contemporary informs us that the editor is a

copy.

to the provinces, although it is said the Sikh Government of the main question. They do things differently in France. A man may talk an infinite amount of bombast from the tribune of the main question. They do things differently in France. A man may talk an infinite amount of bombast from the tribune of the main question. They do things differently in France. A man may talk an infinite amount of bombast from the tribune of the main question. They do things differently in France. A man may talk an infinite amount of bombast from the tribune of the main question. They do things differently in France. A man may talk an infinite amount of bombast from the tribune of the main question. They do things differently in France. A man may talk an infinite amount of bombast from the tribune of the main question. They do things differently in France. A man may talk an infinite amount of bombast from the tribune of the main question. They do things differently in France. A man may talk an infinite amount of bombast from the tribune of the main question. They do things differently in France. A man may talk an infinite amount of bombast from the tribune of the main question. They do things differently in France. A man may talk an infinite amount of bombast from the tribune of the main question. They do things differently in France. A man may talk an infinite amount of bombast from the tribune of the main question. They do things differently in France. A man may talk an infinite amount of bombast from the tribune of the main question. They do things differently in France. A man may talk an infinite amount of bombast from the tribune of the main question. They do things differently in France. A man may talk an infinite amount of both. Salary not so much as a province of the main question. They do the main question of the main question. They do they do the main qu

Loyalists? Date in the lace of an interface of the preservation of British connexion, make one effort more for the preservation of British connexion, with the vague hope that the Home Ministry may open their TO THE JUSTICES OF THE PEACE, HOME DISTRICT.

District has formed another—W. Wilson, J. Covernton, J. Fraser, D. Matthews, and Dr. Mackelcan taking an active part in its organization.

The adjourned meeting of the Gore District took place on 17th instant. A vast assemblage was present, and much disorder and clampuir prevailed. Sir A. N. Macnab headed

dury of attention the disorder could not be checked;—the sion of the Peace of men, not only of questionable loyalty, but many of whom were actually found leagued together a few "Hunters' Lodges" for the purpose of overthrowing Her Ma-jesty's Government and creating Republican Institutions in the subject of this memoir with the exception of a very few its place, and who in furtherance of their nefatious project, did nths in 1802-3, was never a day out of commission from not hesitate to murder. Her Majesty's loyal subjects, and to

the summer of 1791, when he first went to sea, till the peace of 1814, a period of twenty-three years.

He was made Rear Admiral in 1830; and Vice Admiral 31st November 1842.

The tribute of the Power Captain Vansittart narried, in 1809, a daughter of the Rev. the appointment to office of rebels and traitors and those who

Government of this Province, this meeting avail themselves of this opportunity to express how deeply they deplore His severe and long continued indisposition and how gratifying it would be to them to hear of the speedy recovery of His Excellency, and of the safe arrival in their native country of His Excellency, Lady Bagot and their amiable family.—Carried.

der their gratulations and support to the Representative of our Most Gracious Sovereign; but after the insults heaped upon them by those who were their opponents in 1837 and 1838, under the authority of the present Provincial Administration, they feel that they best consult the honour of the District and their own Character in with-holding any expression of their feelings until the intentions of the Head of the Government e unequivocally made known.—Carried.
The Hamilton Gazette states that one of the supporters of

the Government on this occasion was "the notorious Matthews, who was second in command of Duncombe's army, when The Ministerialists and Separationists have also sustained a sore defeat in the County of Frontenac, at a meeting called by

The Times, a Montreal paper, receiving Government support, has made a cruel and atrocious attack upon the feelings of the dying Sir Charles Bagot, with reference to his domestic relafeelings of Sir Charles, if the *Times* will but support them?

The Montreal Herald has published evidence, by which it appears that there is no such thing in reality as a Board of Works,-that all the great power and patronage of that important department are vested in the single person of the Hon. H. Killaly. We hear that gentleman well spoken of as a man of

ntegrity and ability, but the public demand that he should be subject to all constitutional checks. There are strange rumours about Government Contracts, &c. in the neighbourhood of Whitby, having been given to Ministerialist partisans privately, without any public polifica-

tion having been issued, or public competition inv We believe there is no truth in the rumour that Mr. Draper will join the present Cabinet. His mandamus, summoning him to the Legislative Council may have come out, but he is too sensible and too loyal a man to support the present Hincks-His talents, we trust, will soon find a fitting

We have too long omitted to state, that a Conservate newspaper, little in size, but conducted with true British evergy and ability, is now being published once a fortnight in the Loyal village of Streetsville,

St. Patrick's Day was duly honoured in this city with the usual procession and dinner. Dr. King was in the chair, and Mr. Duggan, M. P. P., acted as V. P. Major Burgh, of the 93rd, spoke with his accustomed eloquence. The anniversary sermon, and a very excellent and useful one it was, was delivered in the Cathedral by the Hon. and Rev. A. Cavendish, after which a collection, in aid of the charitable funds of the

Sir Charles Bagot sinks daily, and we grieve to say that not the slightest hope of his recovery remains. Many matters are deferred until next week.

The Clergy of the Home District are respectfully informed, that the next Meeting of the Association will be held (D. V.) on Wednesday and Thursday, the 5th and 6th of April, at the residence of the Rev. H. J. Grasett, M.A., Toronto.

THE NAGARA CLERICAL ASSOCIATION.

The Members of this Association are hereby reminded, that the next feeting of the Association will be held (D. V.) at the residence of the ev. W. Leeming, Rector of Chippawa, on Wednesday and Thursday, see 5th and 6th days of April next. The Brethren, with their Church-ardens, are also to quested to meet at the Church of St. John's. Stamord, on Thusday the 4th, at 4 o'clock P. M., to attend the Quarterly leeting of the Managing Committee of the Niagara District Branch (the Discogram Church.)

TETHE Managing Committee of this Association will meet on Tuesday, A. the 4th April, at St. Paul's Church, London. 21st March, 1843.

PERVATE TUFFION. THE REV. S. S. WOOD, A. M., Rector of Three Rivers, Eastern Canada, is disposed to undertake the education of a limited number of Boys together with his own Sons.

EXTENSIVE SALE OF VALUABLE FARM STOCK

AND OTHER EFFECTS.

AND OTHER EFFECTS.

THERE will be Sold by Public Auction, at the Farm on Queenston Heights on TUESDAY the 25th of April next, and the following days, the whole Farm Stock, Farming Implements, and a quantity of Bousehold Furniture, the Property of Dr. Hamilton, of Queenston Heights, consisting of 6 powerful Work Horses; 1 do. do. Filly; 1 Saddle or Harness Horse; 1 Pony Mare and her Filly; 14 very superior Cows, and 30 Young Cattle, composed chiefly of thorough-bred Short-horned Durhams, with correct Herd-book Pedigrees, and imported Ayrshires, well worthy of attention; Berkshire Pigs; a small dock of good Shepp, principally South Downs; Wag;ons, Carts, Steighs, Iron Ploughs (Scotch), Harrows, Roller, Household Furnisture, and whateyer else may appear. te, and whatever else may appear.

Also one thorough-bred Horse and one thorough-bred Mare (the lare imported by Mr. Simmonds of Ancaster), the property of W. H.

Dickson, Esq.

The Sale will commence at Eleven o'clock, and liberal credit will given on approved security.

The Farm (Two Hundred Acres under cultivation) is to be Let for No letters on this subject will be replied to, unless free of postage. Queenston Heights, 6th March, 1843.

LONDON MUSTARD. The Subscribers have for Sale at their Stores,

Crown of England in Canada. Lord Stanley has declared that

ore was taken in the formation of the 'Boundary lim'to.

Market Buildings, 17th March, 1843.

WILLIAM GAM GLE & Co.

THE Premises are large and commodious, with good yard, (in which is a Well,) Coach-youse, Stable, back Store-house, &c. &c. There is a good Cellar, 'the full size of the Store, and also an excellent Brick-vaulted Ce'har in addition, rendering the Premises well adapted for a Grocciy or Wholesale Store. Apply on the Premises. Possession can be given as early as may be desired.

Toronto, Feb. 2, 1843.

400 BOXES Superior Country made YOUNG HYSON, for

oronto, 2nd March, 1843. WANTS A SITUATION,

## University of King's College.

THE Professors in the Faculty of Arts will commence their regular Courses of Lectures in Easter Term, 1843.

The first Matriculation of Students will take place on Monday, April 24th, at 11 o'clock A. M., and the Inaugual Lectures will be delivered on the three following days. These proceedings will be

livered on the three following days. These proceedings will be en to the Public.

The Vice President will receive Candidates for admission at his nambers, in the former Par lament Buildings, on Wednesdays, at o'clock, A.M., from March 8th to April 19th, and on the two llowing days, Thursday and Friday, the 20th and 21st, at the same

JOHN MCCAUL, LL.D.,

In Adjourned General Quarter Sessions.

Monday, 6th March, 1843.

Extracted from the Journals.

GEO. GURNETT, Clerk Peace, H. D. 296

Toronto, 7th March, 1843. NOW IN THE PRESS, AT "THE CHURCH" PRINTING OFFICE, TORONTO,

AND WILL BE SHORTLY PUBLISHED, THE SECOND EDITION OF THE PROVINCIAL JUSTICE. W. C. MEELE, ESQ.

ATTORNEY AT LAW AND SOLICITOR IN CHANCERY:

JUSTICE OF THE PEACE. And in addition thereto, the law upon various subjects of common interest, including the Union Act.—Election Laws, (with the innortant Act of the last Session.)—The District Council Act.—Militia Laws.—Revenue Laws.—Township Officers Act.—The Laws respecting Agricultural Societies.—Exportation of Produce.—Common Schools.—Division Courts.—The Cent of Chancery, (with a short Treatise on the Law and practice of that Court.) and Instructions for the guidance of Masters Extra and Examiners In. the Country, with forms, and a scale of charges.—Emigrants,—Landdord and Tenat.—Religious Societies—and their capacity to hold lands under the recent enactment.—Surveyors,—and many other matters, embracing upwards of 2-6 different branches of the Law, with the

OFFICE AND DUTY OF CORONER.

THE EVERY BOY'S BOOK, BRITISH CONSTITUTION,

JOHN GEORGE BRIDGES. PRICE, 2s. 6d. The above Work is now ready, and the Subscribers to it are reee fully informed that it can be had, on application at the Store of
. & W. Rowselle, Booksellers, Stationers, and Printers, No. 163,
lng Street.

CURIE CANADENSES. In a few weeks will be published,

CURIÆ CANADENSES.

THE CANADIAN LAW COURTS. BEING A POEM,

DESCRIBING the several Courts of Law and Equity, which have been erected from time to time in the Canadas; with copious notes explanatory and historical. Itur in antiquam Sylvam, stabula alta ferarum Procumbunt piesæ; sonat léta securibus ilex, Fraxhresque trabes: cuneis et fissile robur Scinditur; advolvant ingentes montibus ornos.—Firgit.

BY PLINIUS SECUNDUS. Toronto, January 6, 1843. BUST EDURE E. ESEEED,

THIE ANNUAL DIGEST of Cases decided in the Queen's Bench k and Practice Courts during the year 1842. By John Hillyard Caminon, Esq. Barrister-ai-Law. For sale, price 2s 6di, by the Publishers, H. & W. ROWSELL, Toronto. January 24, 1843.

THE NEWGATE CALENDAR, OR CABINET. A NEW YEARS NUR TO ORACK.
BY JUNIUS JUVENAL, JUNIOE.

All Demag All Demagogues are your street or passe, when our the wilest of the serpent-race;

Those—like McKenzie—raised to Great Lord Mayor,

These—Satan whispering bland—for Eve's despair!—J. J. J.

Hamilton: Printed for the Proprietor—and sold by all Booksellers, 1843. Price, Two Shillings and Six Fence. 287 NOTICE TO SCHOOLMASTERS. WANTED, for the Dalhousie District Graumar School, a Master, competent to instruct in the various branches of Mathematics, and the Greek, Latin and English languages. It is desirable also that he should have a perfect knowledge of French—Persons desirous of becoming candidates for the appointment are requested to make application and send testimonials of their moral character, literary acquirements and expected. racter, literary acquirements and experience in teaching, to the w. S. S. Strong, bytown, (post-paid), on or before the 31st of

Bytown, February 18, 1843. MR. BEAUMONT, SURGEON, MR. DEAUMONT, SURUEUN,

TELLOW of the Royal Medical and Chirurgical Society of London-Member of the Royal College of Surgeons—late Surgeon to the Islington and Farringdon Dispensaries (of London), AT HOME DALLY FOR CONSULTATIONS FROM TEN TILL TWELVE, LOT STREET, NEAR SPADINA AVENUE.

Toron'o, February 22, 1843.

Information Wanted. OF EDWARD McGENNIS, who sailed from Cork last Spring, and landed in Quebic in June last. It is supposed he proceeded to Canada West. Please direct to the Subscriber, at Napanee Post-

ROBERT McGENNIS. Richmond, 25th Feb, 1843. BOOMS, STATIONERY, &c.

H. & W. ROWSELL,

HAVE this day opened for their Business the STORE lately occupied by MESS 8. BRYCE, McMURRICH, & Co., No. 163, King Street, next door to Mr. T. Rigney, where they have a large and well-

BOOKS AND STATIONERY, of every description and at the lowest price. Book-binding in all its branches; Copperplate Engraving and Printing, Book and Job Printing, ON THE MOST REASONABLE TERMS,

BIRTHS At the Rectory, Cobourg, on the 14th instant, the wife of the Rev. N. Bethune, D. D., of a son.
At Glen Riddell, near Woodsteck, the lady of Spencer Makcay, Jr. sq., of a daughter.
At Pleton, Prince Edward District, on the 1st instant, the lady of William Cockell, Lsq., o a daughte

At Camden, by the Rev. Paul Shirley, on the 7th February, Mr.

former place.

By the same, on the 22nd Feb., Mr. John Blake, of Ernestown, to Mrs. Catharine Young of Kingston.

By the same, en the 27th Feb., Mr. William Henry Babcuck, to Miss Eleanor Pierce, both of the Township of Camden.

At Montreal, on the 6th inst., by the Rev. Dr. Bethune, Mr. Daniel DeHertel, to Miss Sophia, only daughter of the late Duncan Cameron, formerly of the North Wost Company.—both of Chatham. Ottawa. On the 7th inst., by the Rev. John Geler, Rector of Belleville, Mr. William Martin, of the Township of Thurlow, to Miss Jane Howard, daughter of John Howard, Amberst Isle.

On the 16th inst., by the Ven. Archdeacon Stuart, Mr. Christopher Givens, to Miss Charlotte Collens, both of Kingston.

The Subscribers have for Sale at their Stores,

8 Cases, 1 fb Bottles, 2 Double Superfine
6 Do. 4 ib Bottles, 3 MUSTARD.
8 Do. 1 ib Bottles, 3 Second quality do., from the Bourge of Messrs, J. & J. Colman, of London, and are engaged to be per feetly fresh and good.
To close Sale of the lot before the Spring importations, they are determined to sell them at very reduced prices.

WILLIAM GAMBLE & Co.
Market Buildings, 17th March, 1843.

TO LET,

The Premises Wo. 2, Welefloo Buildings
KING STREET TORONTO,

AT PRESENT OCCUPIED BY I. & W. ROWSELL, THEY BEING REMOVING TO

No. 163, KIN & STREEST.

THE Premises are large and commodious, with good yard, (in which is a Well.) Coach-1, ouse, Stable, back Store-house, &c.
There is a good Cellar, the full size of the Store, and also an entire of the Store entire of th

LETTERS received during the week ending Thursday, March 23rd:-Wholesale Store. Apply on the mass array as may be desired.

Earry made YOUNG HYSON, for T. CLARKSON & Co. 297-1m

STTUATION,

from Desertation (T. J. 1988)

The store of the A PRACTICAL FARMER, from Dorsetshire, (England), either to manage a Farm for a Gentleman, or in a Mill or Store where Grain and Pork are purchased, the Advertiser having a thorough knowledge of both. Salary not so much an object, as permanent

duly attended to.
An account of the Belleville Church Meeting shall appear next week -as well as the King Resolutions.

Rev. E. Denroche, —Mr. Rowsell has 12 copies of The Gregorian Chants. Am. Ed., price 2s. 3d. each, of which Mr. D. can have the refusal. The favour of an early communication is requested.