

2.—ENGLISH LITERATURE, A.

(Only five questions to be answered.)

1. Sketch the literary career of Alexander Pope.
2. Tell what you know about the rise and extension of English lyric poetry.
3. Give a short account of the events which form the basis of *Waverley*.
4. Name those which you consider the most original characters in the story, giving your reasons for your preference.
5. Discuss Scott's account of *Waverley's* education and any connection it may have had with his character.
6. Tell the story of Scott's business relations with the Ballantynes.
7. "Conventionality was certainly to his mind almost a virtue." Write a note expanding this statement as applied to Scott's morality and religion.

3.—BRITISH HISTORY, A.

1. Henry II is said to have "initiated the rule of law." Show as fully as you can the truth of this statement.
2. "At the opening of the fourteenth century the kingdom of the Scots was composed of four districts;" name, locate and describe them.
3. State the circumstances which led up to the despotic rule of the Tudors.
4. Give an account of the settlement of New England by the Puritans.
5. Enumerate in detail the chief parliamentary measures passed in the reign of William II.
6. Under the British North America Act, state the subjects of exclusive Provincial legislation.

4.—PSYCHOLOGY, A.

(Any five questions make a full paper.)

1. Some people maintain that after a certain mental and physical "preparation," they can see the forms of "departed beings," hear their speech, and feel their "materialized" bodies. Are there conditions under which similar illusions may occur very generally in a greater or lesser degree? If so, state how they may be observed, and discuss their origin and character.
2. Does perception always correspond to sensation, so as to bring before consciousness the full content of sensation? Defend your view.
3. What do you understand by the *internal senses*?
4. Memory is said to involve the power of *retention*, *reproduction* or *recall* and *recognition*. Explain what is implied in these terms. Is there any physical basis for an acquired good or bad system or habit of mnemonical association? Defend your view.
5. Discuss (a) those reactions of the emotions which produce more or less profound physical or physiological rather than mental effects; or (b) the development of the altruistic emotions.
6. (a) When can the instincts of the human being be best studied? Give a list of the more important of these. (b) They are said to be masked by (1) acquired habits and (2) the law of transitoriness. Explain.
7. Discuss the relation of attention and free will.
8. Write a note with diagrams on the localization of functions in the brain.

5.—SANITARY SCIENCE, A.

(Any five questions make a full paper.)

1. State the influence upon health of: (1) sunlight, (2) temperature, (3) the chemical composition and the mechanical structure of soils.
2. State the premonitory symptoms, the means of infection and the mode of treatment of any two of the following diseases: *scarlet fever*, *measles*, *diphtheria*, *whooping cough*. Describe the application of a good disinfectant for, (1) clothing, (2) woodwork.
3. Write a note on clothing: material, color, even distribution, etc.
4. Describe some simple methods of detecting extraneous substances, either injurious or not, in milk. Give also the principal adulterations in bread, coffee, vinegar and tea.
5. "For the purification of water four principles are employed." Discuss these principles and describe by drawing or otherwise Hyatt's or any other good water filter.
6. Describe with diagrams a jacketed stove so adopted to an ordinary rural school room as to secure good ventilation as well as warming.
7. Discuss the more important precautions necessary to ensure a good hygienic condition of the ear.