transversely crossed by a more or less prominent series of silvery-white wavy lines, interspacial. Midway between base and apex on costa, is a prominent dash of silver white, repeated directly below in the next subcostal interspace, and half way from this to base is another dash of silvery white. The discoidal space at its outer portion has two patches of silver-white scales, the balance of the space being of the ground colour, with a suggestion of silvery-white, transverse, wavy lines. The interspaces, one-quarter inch within hind margin, bear a white speck, wanting in some specimens, but fairly prominent in others.

The general marking of under side varies greatly in the eight specimens in my collection. The prominent and most regular markings are the silvery-white space near apex of fore wings, the rust colour of discoidal space (which in some specimens suffuses very generously into adjoining interspaces), the subcostal silvery-white dashes on hind wings, and the silvery-white anal area with the interspacial white dots.

Taken near Cusiliuni in May, 1899, and although one or two specimens have been found in European collections, I believe no description has ever been published.

Thecla Harrietta, sp. nov.

Habitat: Bolivia, near Corioco. Expanse, 1.50 inches.

Head, thorax and abdomen above, dark, covered with green-blue hairs; below, dark mouse colour. Antennæ, black. Legs, dark mouse colour, tarsi having white annulations at base of each joint.

Fore wings, above, dark lustrous blue. Basal area dusted with greenish blue. Hind margin with a slight fringe of black hairs, and edged with a black thread. A slight suffusion of black extends one eighth inch inwards from hind margin.

Lower wings, above, dark lustrous blue, matching fore wings. Hind margin, same as on fore wings. At anal angle is an addition to the wing area, one sixteenth inch wide, running from angle to lower submedian nervule (black suffusing somewhat into wing area) and then extending outwards as a tail at nearly right angles to the nervule. This tail is black, one quarter inch long. Across this anal black space is a bluishwhite thread, running from end of lower submedian nervule straight to the submedian nervure, then forming a "V" in inner marginal space. At the end of the second submedian nervule is another tail, black, one eighth inch long, being a continuation of the nervule in its direction.