ANALYTICAL INDEX.

Of cases determined in the Court of King's Bench for the district of Quebec, from 1807 to 1822.

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MATTERS CONNECTED WITH THE PLEADINGS.

- If a rule to plead expires in vacation, and the plantiff does not demand a plea, he must move in term for leave to proceed exparte. Scholefield vs. Fortier, 1821, no. 1154.
- If a bill of particulars which is ordered in term is not delivered until the vacation, the rule to plead expires in vacation. James vs. Goudie, 1819, no. 909.
- The court will not allow a trivial irregularity in the service of the copy of a plea to prevail if it appears that the plaintiff's attorney was aware of its contents. Couillard vs. Eschambault, 1818, no. 625.
- Copies of pleas filed must be served on the plaintiff's attorney, if not, the plaintiff may move for leave to proceed exparte. Sinclair vs. White, 1816, no. 645.
- If a rule to plead expires in vacation a demand of plea must be made before a foreclosure can be filed. Lee vs. Whitefield, and al, 1812, no. 540.

Possession.

- Possession for a year and a day must be laid and proved in complainte. Jourdain vs. Vigoureux, 1809, no. 92.
- Possession for thirty years au-delà de son titre is a valid title. Graves vs. Fisette, 1812, no. 546.
- The beach of the St. Lawrence is the King's possession. Morin vs. Lefebvre, 1816, no. 45.