

FOREIGN.

LONDON, October 18.

Intelligence from Spain is against the Queen's cause, and clearly proves that the voice of the people predominates in favour of Don Carlos, as will be seen by the following extract of a despatch forwarded by General Guergue to the Minister of War, dated Head-quarters, Llers, October 7:

"Excellent Sir,—I can now with safety assure your Excellency that nearly the whole of the province of Catalonia is prepared to take up arms in order to defend the cause of our beloved Monarch. Already have the different chiefs under their orders 15,000 well-armed men, well organized in battalions, and 20,000 men in guerillas. We are now in possession of the whole of the plain of Vich, extending five leagues in length and two leagues in width. Between the 3d and 6th of the present month, we have made ourselves masters of Baga, La Pabla, Tora, Guisonn, and Calaf. Yesterday we laid siege to Pratz de Llusanes. Yegueras, sooner or later, must fall into my hands. You will find all that I have above stated, as well as that which I have previously sent you, confirmed. We occupy with the greatest security the all-important point of La Junquera, from whence I have established a line of Custom Houses. God protect your Excellency."

The news from France comprises an account of the discovery of another intended plot for the assassination of Louis Philippe. This is scarcely to be wondered at. A machine so monstrous in its character as the "Infernal" one, was sure to suggest imitation, or to lead to the conception of some act of horror that would not otherwise have been meditated. It was hoped that the King's journey to and from Fontainebleau, would have furnished an opportunity of putting this new scheme of assassination into practice, but it exploded in time to save all but its originators; several of whom, or persons so suspected, have been arrested.

The conferences at Toplitz have terminated. Immediately on their conclusion the Sovereigns took their departure for Prague, where it was expected they would remain for several days. So ends this meeting of Monarchs: a meeting which, to all appearance, has been uninterrupted by political discordance, which seems to have ended as harmoniously, and which has at least afforded a grand popular holiday. The subjects to which the attention of the Royal diplomatists had been directed during the discussion can only at present be guessed at: there is little doubt however, that the affairs of Spain, the settlement of Belgium, and the approaching marriage of the young Queen of Portugal with the Prince of Saxe Coburg, the nephew of the King of the Belgians, were among the most prominent features of the conference.

MARRIAGE OF THE QUEEN OF PORTUGAL.—We learn that the Duke of Saxe Coburg, has accepted for his son the proposal of marriage with the Queen of Portugal, and a courier has been dispatched to Lisbon with the marriage contract as approved by him.—The young prince will go to Lisbon in April, by Brussels and London; during the winter he will study the Portuguese language. He already speaks the Latin, French, English, Italian and Hungarian languages, with facility and elegance.

A Saxon geologist has discovered an enormous seam of coal in Eubœa, and estimates its possible extent to amount to 35 millions of cwt. The importance of this sable treasure is so much the greater to Greece as the Mediterranean has hitherto been supplied with

coals exclusively from Great Britain, and the Greeks already see in vision the transfer of the coal trade from the pits of Lambton, to the isles of Greece.

The world may soon expect a more elaborate and accurate account of the remains of Pompeii than any which has hitherto appeared, as the French Government has now an architect taking plans and drawings of every street of the unruined city, which are to be engraved, accompanied by suitable letter-press.

All the accounts from the East concur in stating that the Sultan, now that he is relieved from uneasiness on the side of Albania, is preparing a great effort to recover all that he has lost from Mehemet Ali in Syria, and probably even to carry the war into Egypt itself. As pledges of success he is promised the direct support of Russia, and the indirect aid and countenance of England and France, though one cannot very well understand the combination of interests which can place the two maritime powers by the side of the Autocrat in any struggle in the East.

TEXAS.—The intelligence from the seat of war in Texas is not important this week. All however who are interested in that fine country, are anxious to learn the fate of General Cos, who, according to the last accounts was blockaded by Col. Austin in the town of St. Antonio, sometimes called Bexar. General Cos seems to have committed a military fault in advancing 150 miles into the hostile country, without securing his rear. By this error he has allowed Goliad to be taken, and his retreat in that direction cut off. Nothing but a victory over the Texans or a speedy reinforcement can rescue him, and in default of these he must ere long make a retrograde and rapid march upon the Rio Bravo del Norte by the upper road and reach Mexico in that direction, or surrender. Many are of opinion that he will never make his escape from his present position, but as he is provided with cavalry and artillery, and his opponents are not—and as his retreat will lay over a clear and for the most part level country, he ought to be able to fall back without material loss. At all events, as we said before, nothing but victory or immediate and strong reinforcements can save him from the necessity of precipitate flight.—*N. Y. Albion, Dec. 5.*

GREAT BRITAIN.

LONDON, Oct. 27.

THE REVENUE.—By the returns of the Revenue for the quarter ended on Saturday last, there appears, upon a comparison of the present financial year with the last, a deficiency of income to the amount of £1,084,600 against the former; whilst on the two quarters ending respectively the 10th of October 1834 and 1835, there appears an increase of receipts in favour of the latter to the amount of £344,222: the dissimilarity of produce of the two first years is occasioned by reduction of the assessed taxes, under which head there is apparent a defalcation of £992,198 upon the year, and £153,594 upon the quarter, making together £1,145,792. In other respects the account of the two years and quarters are nearly alike. The amount of Exchequer bills required for the service of the quarter is estimated at £4,016,186.

The Queen has directed a medal, having the King's head on one side and her Majesty's on the other, to be sent to the Rev. R. Montgomery, author of the "Omnipresence of the Deity," &c., in return for a copy of the "Messiah," transmitted by Mr M. to her Majesty.

LIVERPOOL, Oct. 28.

PROPOSED PROTESTANT ASSOCIATION.—A meeting is to be held to-morrow, in the Am-


phitheatre, for the purpose of taking measures for the formation of a Protestant Association in this town.

Rumour says that there is a complete schism between Lord Brougham and the Ministers, which will be disclosed soon after Parliament assembles.

THE GREENLAND FISHERY.—We regret to learn from the accounts received, that the Greenland fisheries will prove nearly a total failure; few ships averaging more than two fish each. This caused a rapid advance in the prices of all qualities of oil in London.

TO LET.


AND IMMEDIATE POSSESSION GIVEN:

 **TWO ROOMS** and part of the **CELLAR**, in that house formerly **A. G. McKay's**, adjoining the residence of **Mr. Geo. Craig**, on the upper side of Church Street.

ALSO:

 **ALL that HOUSE** lately occupied by **John Adamson**, on **Water Street**.

ALSO:

 **ALL that HOUSE** lately in the occupation of **Edw'd Roach, Esq.** This House is calculated for two families, and can be had in separate divisions or in whole.

The Rent for the two first mentioned premises will be required to be paid monthly, and for the last quarterly.

Apply at the Office of the Subscriber,


THOMAS DICKSON.

December 12

b-w.

TO BE SOLD

BY PRIVATE CONTRACT,

 That valuable and well known property, near the centre of the town of **Pictou**, part of the real estate of the late **John Dawson, Esquire**, deceased; consisting of the Eastern half of the

LARGE HOUSE AND LOT,

at present occupied by **Mr. James Skinner and Dr. Martin**, and the Lot and Wing adjoining, occupied by **Mr. Thomas Fraser**, as a paint shop.

This property admeasures, on **Water Street**, forty feet, on **Kempt Street**, eighty feet, and can be disposed of in one lot, or divided, and sold in two lots. A warranted title will be given, and terms of payment liberal.

For Particulars, please apply to

ABRAM PATTERSON.

Pictou, 18th Dec'r, 1835.

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PICTOU PRICES CURRENT.

CORRECTED WEEKLY.

APPLES, Am.	per bbl.	20s a 22s 6d.
BOARDS, Pine,	per M	50s a 60s
" Hemlock,	do.	30s a 40s
BEEF, fresh,	per lb.	2d a 3d
BUTTER		8d a 9d "
CHEESE, N. S.	per lb.	5d a 6d
COALS, at the Mines		13s per chal.
" Shipped on board		14s 6d "
" at the wharf, (Town)		16s "
COKE	per chal.	16s
CODFISH	per Qtl.	12s a 14s
EGGS	per doz.	8d
FLOUR, N. S.	per cwt.	16s a 18s
" Am. S. F.	per bbl.	none
" Canada fine "		40s
HAY	per ton	40
HERRINGS, No. 1.		25s
No. 2.		20s
MACRAREL		30s
MUTTON	per lb.	3d. a 3 1-2d.
OAT MEAL	per cwt.	12s 6d a 14s
OATS	per bush.	none
PORK	per lb.	3d
POTATOES	per bush.	1s. a 1s 3d
SALT	per hhd.	10s a 11s
SHINGLES	per M	7s a 10s
TALLOW	per lb.	7d a 8d
TURNIPS	per bush.	1s 6d