And so on, in the same manner, for all verbs Poor naika mamook, etc -If I work Naika kopet mamook-I have done working

## REMARKS

1 The word thoos is used as an imperative form tloos naika klatua—let me go, tloos maika chako pray come, tloos iaka mitlait-let him star, etc

2 Sahale elehe-the above land, heaven, cold clehe-winter, when the earth is cold, tanas warm clehe-spring, when the earth begins to get warm, varm clehe-the summer, when the earth is warm, tanas cold clchc—autumn, when the earth begins to cool Naika elehe means my garden or my country, as the case may be, or also my place, when in a room or in a specified place Ex-Stay in your placetloos maika mitlait kopa maik i elehe

3 Kopa ilep-Ilep means the first ahead of

Kopa dep-at first

4 Kopet means, in first instance done, finished Naika kopet mamook-I have finished my work Naika kopet makmak-I have done eating As it is here it means, only, nothing else but, kopet chok pi poolakle-only water, etc

5. Chako is a wonderful word in Chinook helps to give a hundred different meanings to other words Chako alone means come; taka chako sun-day comes naka chako wanm-it gets warm, chako tanas or chako man or chako kopa elehe-to be born; chako tanas aias, chako aias, chako diet atas-to grow a little, or to grow big, or to grow very big; chako clo-to vanish, to disappear; chako tloos—to become good, chako kaltash—to turn bad, etc. etc

6 Iht sun—one day, the first day.

7. Iht, tht, or tht, putht, putht, means a few

8. Memloos means dead. There is no word in Chinook to signify "death" When speaking of "death," the sentence must always be turned in such a way as to bring in the participle "dead" At the hour of death—"When will come the day to be dead

9. Some of the words have a curious origin. For an instance, the word mash-to throw away-is nothing else than the French word marche, va-t-en -"go your way"-very extensively used for dismissing people in the old Hudson's Bay times