

Over \$309,000,000 New Life Insurance

Written and Paid for in 1908!

The Most Remarkable Year In the History of The Prudential

Paid Policyholders over 160 Million Dollars

Ordinary and
Industrial policies.
Ages 1 to 70.
Both sexes.
Amounts, \$15
to \$100,000.

THE PRUDENTIAL INSURANCE COMPANY OF AMERICA

Incorporated as a Stock Company by the State of New Jersey.

JOHN F. DRYDEN, President

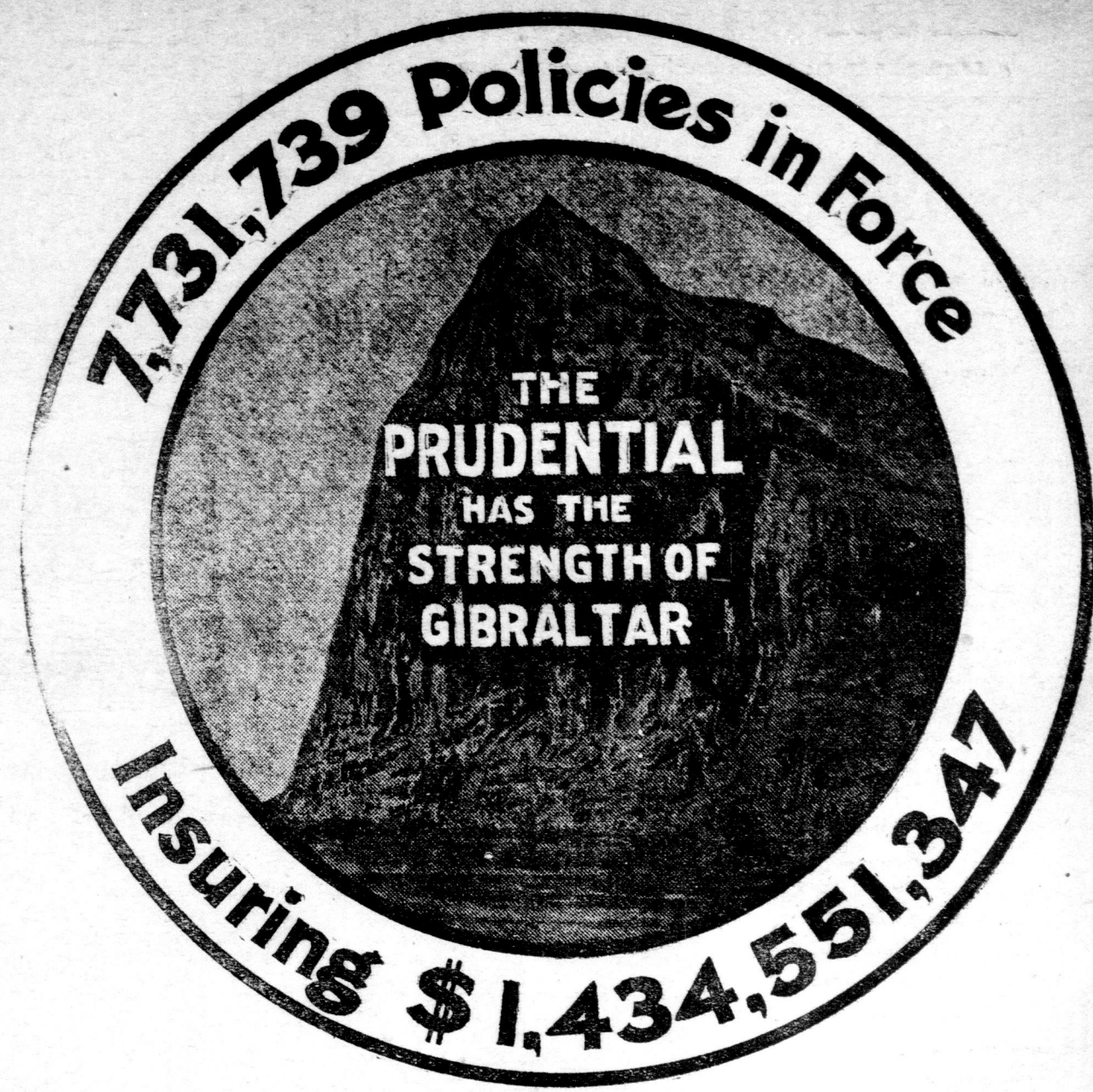
Home Office, Newark, N. J.

Agents Wanted to Write Industrial and Ordinary Life Insurance
Good Income--Promotion--Best Opportunities--NOW!

GEO. H. DAVIS, Supt., Second Floor, Bank of Commerce Chambers, Corner Richmond and Dundas Streets.

Branch Office in London:

Prudential Agents are now
canvassing in this vicin-
ity. They have a most
vital story to tell of how
Life Insurance has saved
the home, protected the
widow, and educated the
children. Let them tell
it to you.



STRONG PLEA TO SAVE FORESTS

Hon. Mr. MacKay Points Out
the Need for Conservation
to Whitney Gov't.

[Special to The Advertiser.]

Toronto, March 9. — Hon. Mr. MacKay, with the object of supplementing the Government scheme of law reform, has given notice in the Legislature of a bill to amend the surrogate courts act.

The object of the bill is to cheapen and expedite the winding-up of estates of deceased persons. At present, if an executor or administrator disputes a claim against an estate, the claimant may wait six months before bringing action, and in certain cases they may delay much longer. Mr. MacKay contends that the result in practice is often that in many cases illegal claims are allowed in whole or in part, so that an estate may be speedily wound up. In dealing with such dubious claims under the present law, a surrogate court judge, in passing the accounts of an executor or administrator, can only allow or disallow the payment, but cannot adjudicate on the merits of the claim. If the payment is disallowed, the executor or administrator must pay back the amount to the estate out of his own pocket. In 1905 an attempt was made to remedy this condition, but the courts held that a surrogate court judge cannot on an audit try the merits of claims. The object of Mr. MacKay's bill is to reform the procedure by allowing a surrogate judge on short notice to cite the parties to the hearing before him. He may then either adjudicate summarily on all claims up to \$500, or direct trial of an issue, if he so decides. Mr. MacKay does not propose any change in the present law, which sends disputed claims above \$500 to the high court.

Would Abolish Masters.

Another law reform measure (introduced by Mr. MacKay) involves the abolition of the office of the local master of the high court in all but four counties, Middlesex being one of the exceptions.

Dr. Hamilton Gives Useful Prescription for Backache

My remedy goes right to the spot. It gives quick results because it removes the conditions that make your back ache and drag. Bearing-down pains, backache and draggy limbs are all caused by kidney trouble. My pills, commonly known as Dr. Hamilton's, make the kidneys do their work. In doing so, they cure backache. Good kidney action means pure blood and freedom from the poisons that make life unbearable.

By using Dr. Hamilton's Pills your strength and weight get a chance to catch up. You store up a surplus of vital power that simply defies further danger from kidney weakness. You feel brisk, enjoy your food and digest it easily.

Color comes to the cheeks, because

circulation improves with new blood. Every organ is strengthened, including the nerves, because there is sufficient nutriment in the blood.

You can't imagine the enormous gain in health and spirits from Dr. Hamilton's Pills; you must use them to know how great is their power to restore and rebuild any person run down through defective kidney or liver action.

Dr. Hamilton's guarantee goes with every box of his Mandrake and Butternut Pills.

The aged and the young—women or men—if sick, rundown and miserable—health and vigor await you in Dr. Hamilton's Pills. They mean new life. Twenty-five cents a box or five boxes for \$1. Sold everywhere in yellow boxes.

and is set forth in the following resolutions, which he will move on Wednesday:

"That this House is of opinion: (1) That the necessary legislation should be introduced to provide:

(a) That, except as to the counties of York, Wentworth, Carleton and Middlesex, the office of local master of the high court of justice shall be abolished, and that wherever by any statute or rule, or otherwise, any act or thing is required to be done by a local master, the same shall be performed by the county or district judge, or a junior judge, without extra salary or fees. (b) That whenever, and as often as a court or judge refers any question to any county or district judge, in his capacity of official referee, for inquiry, and report, the said judge shall make such inquiry and report without any extra salary or fees. (c) That the collection of revenue by the Province through the sale of law stamps shall be discontinued.

(2) That henceforth a very substantial reduction should be made in the fees payable to examiners for taking and transcribing examinations for discovery and other examinations in actions, and to court stenographers, for the making of copies of evidence taken at trials."

Notwithstanding the fact that Monday is considered to be an off-day in the Legislature, considerable business was transacted yesterday. Several bills were advanced a stage. The debate on the budget will be resumed this afternoon.

Just before the House adjourned, Sir James Whitney stated that he wished to ask the House to pass a resolution. It was in the knowledge of some members of the House that Mr. Andrew Carnegie had set aside a sum of \$5,000,000 in order to form a fund for retaining allowances for professors and teachers in universities and colleges in the United States and Canada. There was a provision that no colleges connected with religious bodies should benefit by the fund, and that any university receiving state aid should receive the consent of the state before accepting any of the funds. It was therefore necessary that the Legislature grant the request, which had already been passed by the Lieutenant-Governor. Great advantage would come from the fund, he said, and he moved the resolution.

In seconding the motion, Mr. MacKay stated that it should be under-

stood that the Legislature had no power to widen the scope of the fund, and that it assumed no legal or moral liability. It was simply allowing Toronto University to benefit.

Sir James stated that that was the position taken by the Province. The Legislature would not assume any liability, legal, moral, or otherwise.

Forest Conservation.

Mr. MacKay moved for an order of the House for a return showing:

When a branch or sub-department of forestry was established under the Government, out of Ontario, and the duties of all officials and employees of the said branch or sub-department in each year since, and including the year 1905. 2. Names of any and all officials of the Government of Ontario whose duty it is to deal with forest conservation or reforestation, or either of them, together with a copy of the orders-in-council appointing said officials, and copies of regulations defining their duties. 4. A statement in detail of the lands that have been set aside as forest reserves since the beginning of the year 1905, giving the location and acreage of each. 5. A statement in detail of the lands set aside for reforestation since the beginning of the year 1905, giving the location and acreage of each.

In moving for the return, Mr. MacKay stated that the most important questions with which the Legislature had to deal. From figures he had gathered, he learned that the consumption of timber in the United States was 15 per cent greater than the yield. He was not suggesting that there was any such condition in Ontario, but he thought they should advance regarding forest preservation and reforestation, a little more rapidly than they were doing. In 1904 there was five timber reserves in Ontario in different localities.

According to a statement made by Mr. Thomas Southworth, who was forestry commissioner, the annual increase was 150 feet board measure per acre per year. If there were 49,000,000 acres with a yearly growth of 6,000,000 feet, valued at \$2 per thousand, there would be a revenue of \$30,000,000, according to Mr. Southworth's figuring. If the province had 6,222,000 acres of timber preserves, Mr. MacKay stated, it was not getting out of forestry as much as it should. The annual loss by decay, falling trees, etc., was considerable, and great care should be taken to preserve the forests. In Minnesota they cleared the forests for 25 cents a thousand feet. He was not making the motion in an adversely critical way, and did not suggest that there was any imminent danger of running out of timber, but it was known that the annual loss was nearly as much as the increase. The province was dealing with the timber question.

Hon. Mr. Cochrane, referring to the statement regarding the state of Minnesota, stated that it was more theory than practice. In the north of Ontario some forests might be cleared for 25 cents a thousand, but in others \$2 wouldn't commence to pay for clearing. "I think the Government has been most particular," he said, "and have conserved the forests, but we have managed to get along without them."

Hon. Mr. Cochrane, in answer to questions asked by Mr. MacKay, stated that of the amount received for timber dues in 1908, \$391,520 was due and payable in 1907, and of the ground rents, for 1908, \$1,584 was due and payable in 1907.

In moving his bill to amend the

municipal act, Mr. Fraser (Welland), stated that the object of the bill was to give municipalities the power to regulate the erection of advertising signs. The bill was brought about by the great number of signs on the Niagara River banks.

Mr. Studholme (East Hamilton), thought the bill was a good one, but said some provision should be made for the sign painters and billposters who would be out of jobs.

Mr. Craig's bill to allow municipalities to pension police officers, was withdrawn, after some discussion. Mr. Craig stated that the bill had been up last year, and he had received word that several representatives of municipalities wished to speak when it was up in committee, and he asked that the bill be referred to committee. It could then be thrashed out for all time, he said, and save any further discussion.

Hon. Mr. Hanna stated during the past three or four years, and as there was no demand from municipalities for the bill, he thought it would be a waste of time and money to refer it to committee.

Mr. Craig took exception to the remarks of the Provincial Secretary, and stated that he had received numerous petitions asking for the bill.

The Prime Minister stated that there was no feeling in its favor. The municipal act gave a wide scope for all kinds of experiments, but the Legislature did not want experiments, and he suggested that Mr. Craig withdraw the bill, which was done.

COMPLEX WILL CASE.

Essex, March 8.—William Angus and Peter Corbette, prominent farmers and politicians of Maidstone Township, are asking the courts to interpret the will of James Patillo, who died in 1875. Angus and Corbette married daughters of Mr. Patillo, and since the death of the last-named, Corbette has been living on the Patillo homestead. Angus now asserts that while the 300-acre farm is the property of Corbette under the will, Angus and his wife are entitled to half the personal property of the estate, amounting to about \$7,000, and he has started suit to compel a division.

SHRUBS FOR OTTAWA.

Ottawa, March 8.—Alfred Shrubbs, the British runner, has written to Ottawa friends to see if a race can be arranged here about March 17 or 20. In any case he will visit Ottawa.

C. P. R. Excursions.

The Canadian Pacific are now selling one-way second-class tickets to Vancouver, Victoria, Seattle or Portland, at rate of \$41.05. These tickets are on sale daily until April 30.

Very low settlers' rates are in effect every Tuesday during March and April to certain points in Alberta and Saskatchewan. Call for Settlers' Guide and full particulars. W. Fulton, C. P. and T. A., 151 Dundas, corner Richmond, London.

7-c

NERVILLE

Remember the name Nerville, and refuse any substitute that a druggist may ask you to take instead of Nerville. Large bottles 25c each.

Grand Union Hotel

Opp. Grand Central Station, New York City

Rooms, \$1.00 a Day

Baggage to and from Station Free.

Send to stamp for N.Y. City Guide Book and Map.

7-c

NERVILLE

Remember the name Nerville, and refuse any substitute that a druggist may ask you to take instead of Nerville. Large bottles 25c each.

Grand Union Hotel

Opp. Grand Central Station, New York City

Rooms, \$1.00 a Day

Baggage to and from Station Free.

Send to stamp for N.Y. City Guide Book and Map.

7-c

NERVILLE

Remember the name Nerville, and refuse any substitute that a druggist may ask you to take instead of Nerville. Large bottles 25c each.

Grand Union Hotel

Opp. Grand Central Station, New York City

Rooms, \$1.00 a Day

Baggage to and from Station Free.

Send to stamp for N.Y. City Guide Book and Map.

7-c

NERVILLE

Remember the name Nerville, and refuse any substitute that a druggist may ask you to take instead of Nerville. Large bottles 25c each.

Grand Union Hotel

Opp. Grand Central Station, New York City

Rooms, \$1.00 a Day

Baggage to and from Station Free.

Send to stamp for N.Y. City Guide Book and Map.

7-c

NERVILLE

Remember the name Nerville, and refuse any substitute that a druggist may ask you to take instead of Nerville. Large bottles 25c each.

Grand Union Hotel

Opp. Grand Central Station, New York City

Rooms, \$1.00 a Day

Light as a feather



YOU'LL be proud to slice the light, snowy-white bread made from "PURITY" flour.

May cost more than some flours, but you'll find it more than worth the difference.

"More Bread and Better Bread"

Western Canada Flour Mills Co., Ltd.
Mills at Winnipeg, Goderich, Brandon.

PURITY FLOUR

Agricultural Savings and Loan Co's

4% Debentures

are an absolutely safe and profitable investment. Government authorizes Trustees and Executors to invest in them. Call, or write us, at 109 Dundas St., London, Ontario.

FIRE AT HEPPWORTH.

Heppworth, March 8.—The barn belonging to the Herman Hotel in this village was burned to the ground early Sunday morning. W. M. Kreutweiser, the proprietor of the hotel, lost several tons of hay, four head of cattle, and a horse. The cause of the fire is unknown. Had there been any wind at the time a portion of the village undoubtedly would have been burned down.

SHRUBS FOR OTTAWA.

Ottawa, March 8.—Alfred Shrubbs, the British runner, has written to Ottawa friends to see if a race can be arranged here about March 17 or 20. In any case he will visit Ottawa.

C. P. R. Excursions.

The Canadian Pacific are now selling one-way second-class tickets to Vancouver, Victoria, Seattle or Portland, at rate of \$41.05. These tickets are on sale daily until April 30.

Very low settlers' rates are in effect every Tuesday during March and April to certain points in Alberta and Saskatchewan. Call for Settlers' Guide and full particulars. W. Fulton, C. P. and T. A., 151 Dundas, corner Richmond, London.

7-c

NERVILLE

Remember the name Nerville, and refuse any substitute that a druggist may ask you to take instead of Nerville. Large bottles 25c each.

Grand Union Hotel

Opp. Grand Central Station, New York City

Rooms, \$1.00 a Day

Baggage to and from Station Free.

Send to stamp for N.Y. City Guide Book and Map.

7-c

NERVILLE

Remember the name Nerville, and refuse any substitute that a druggist may ask you to take instead of Nerville. Large bottles 25c each.

Grand Union Hotel

Opp. Grand Central Station, New York City

Rooms, \$1.00 a Day

Baggage to and from Station Free.

Send to stamp for N.Y. City Guide Book and Map.



If 'Crystal Diamonds'

Then only ONE

That is the economy of St. Lawrence "Crystal Diamonds."

They go so much further than any other sugar, because they are made from the choicest Cane Sugar.

St. Lawrence "Crystal Diamonds" are all sweetness. Sold in attractive 5 pound cartons and also by the pound.

THE ST. LAWRENCE SUGAR REFINING CO. LIMITED

For 30 years, St. Lawrence GRANULATED SUGAR has been the standard. At all grocers. In 20 pound cotton bags or by the pound.

2

CAPTURED BOER CHICKEN.

Belleville, March 8.—News has been received here that Arthur Bolyea, the member of the first Canadian contin-

gent, who was courtmartialled for capturing a Boer chicken, was run over by a motor car in Detroit and seriously hurt.