THE HAMILTON TIMES

THURSDAY, MARCH 5, 1908.

ITS HAUNTING DOUBT.

Premier Whitney's statement on the power question, made at the Tory love feast at Toronto, and which has been seized upon with such manifestations of joy by the socialistic organs of "ownership" in general, is far from satisfying the Toronto World. Instead of accepting it as a clear and definite utterance, disposing of all doubt as to the future of the Hydro-Electric scheme, the World sees in it but an effort to evade the issue, and mislead those who sought to be reassured. The World says the power proposition "needs a lot of clearing up at the present time," and it demands from Beck and Whitney "an exact statement of the situation." It declares that Whitney "was not sufficiently specific," and it challenges him to be candid, hinting that the people do not consider him to have been candid. And it adds:

They think, for some reason or other, that there are men in the Whitney Government, like Messrs. Hendrie and Hanna, who are not friendly to the proposition. Mr. Hendrie is also on the Hydro-Electric Commission. There are other Ministers who are sailing on an even keel in regard to it. Does anyone know where Mr. Foy is? * * * There seems to be duplicity at every turn of this question.

The World insists that "surely Mr. Whitney must see this duplicity." The whole tenor of its article indicates a belief that Whitney is playing with the question, and it concludes its doleful plaint with the statement, in capitals, that, "Perhaps the whole battle for public ownership of Niagara power will have to be fought over again in the coming elections."

Meanwhile, the farce goes on, and the statement is given out that Hamilton has "applied for power" to the extent of 1,500 horse-power, and that various other municipalities have made application. As a matter of fact, Hamilton has not applied for power, and has not even received a form of contract therefor. Probably the other municipalities mentioned have done no more than Hamilton has done—merely signified what amount they would be likely to take, if the terms upon which it could be obtained, would be sufficiently attractive. But, unsatisfactory as the situation, and Whitney's dealing with it, may be to the World, Hon. Adam Beck professes to be entirely satisfied with things, and speaks as if his work in the matter was done. When pressed with definite questions, however, Mr. Beck shut up like a mouse-trap, after relating a story of a colleague who talked too much, and intimating that he would not be so caught. Adam, in his new role of the Man of Silence, is said to present new points for admiration by his friends who marvel at his cryptic utterances.

THE PLOT THICKENS.

The public is gradually being let into the modus operandi by which the plotters seek to knife Engineer Barrow. Mayor Stewart, it is said, seeks to excuse his high-handed action in demanding the engineer's resignation by saying that he called up all the members of the Council, but two, by telephone, and obtained their consent to his course. That indicates great diligence on the Mayor's part to get his knife into Mr. Barrow, but we are loath to believe that so many of the aldermen would lend themselves to such contemptible work. What is the source of the hostility to Barrow? No charges or complaints have been made against him. The only criticism offered has been he has "allowed the Mayor and aldermen to interfere with the work of his department." A pretty excuse that is to offer for the effort to knife him. The engineer is a servant of the Council. His duty is to obey it; not to fight with it. If the Council misdirected him, the Council is to blame. Who envies Mr. Barrow his position? Who is the man in whose interest Mayor Stewart is so busy, and for whom some of the aldermen appear to be willing to add a few thousand dollars a year more to the city's salary list? Reorganization of the departments could be effected with great advantage to the city and with but trifling increase of expense were efficiency the only end aimed at. But there appears to be a disposition in some quarters to make the reorganization, for the most part, an excuse for creating another fat office for somebody yet behind the scenes; and in the making of it to knife Mr. Barrow, either ousting him entirely, or placing him in a subordinate position. The ratepayers will not fail to note who are the men engaged in carrying out the plot at greatly increased cost to the city.

A VICIOUS AMENDMENT.

When, a short time ago, it was represented that Mr. Beck and his colleagues of the Ontario Cabinet and the Hydro-Electric Commission sought to have an amendment made to the Radial Railway Bill to prevent it from selling electric power along its line, or to place restrictions upon such sale, they hastened to issue indignant denials, Mr. Beck being quoted as saying that such distribution of electrical power would be welcomed. The other day, Dr. Sproule, who represents the Opposition to the Radial Bill, which is personified in the Whitney Cabinet, when the measure came up in Committee of the Whole proposed an amendment to section 13 forbidding the company to compete with any municipal light or power plant within the limits of any municipality unless authorized to do so by a by-law expressing the consent of such municipality.

Mr. Cockshutt, in supporting it, expressed the fear that if the Radial Railway were not restricted in its sale of power, it might become a competitor with Whitney's Hydro-Electric scheme. Hon. Mr. Graham not objecting, the amendment was carried. Originally, this restriction applied only to cities, but the amendment provides for restriction in any municipality.

We have no hesitation in saying that the principle of the amendment is vicious and un-Liberal, and should never have been accepted by the Minister of Railways. This is not Russia; it is not even Turkey or Japan, where private rights count for little. When the establishment of a Government monopoly is desired. Of course, it may be said that Councils can easily be induced to authorize any company to deal in electricity if its terms are favorable. That is no excuse for such legislation. Every individual citizen should be free to sell or buy current, without having to reckon with aldermen or councillors, and without being obliged to fix prices because of any arrangement somebody else may have made. The law of demand and supply requires but little of the "divine" guidance of the aldermen or councillors of a particular year, and Parliament is in poor business when it undertakes such interferences. We have no idea that the insertion of this clause will work to the injury of the Radial Railway Company; but it is just one more legal impediment—of which there are now far too many—in the paths of business, in Canada. It is totally opposed to Liberal traditions, and contrary to sound Liberal principles, and should be unhesitatingly condemned by Liberals everywhere. It will be an evil day when Liberal legislation heads in that direction.

DOMINION PERMANENT LOAN COMPANY.

The Dominion Permanent Loan Company held the seventeenth annual meeting of its shareholders yesterday at the company's offices, 12 King street west, Toronto. There was a large attendance of the shareholders. The financial statement submitted shows that the earnings of the company as reported by Mr. Holland, the General Manager, for the past year amounted to $174,140.80. Adding to this the amount of $18,680.14, the balance brought forward from last year, makes a total of $192,820.94. After deducting $75,153.81 to cover interest and debentures and writing off $1,000 from furniture and allowing $69,813.99 for dividends there remained $46,853.14, permitting the addition of $28,000 to the reserve fund—bringing the total of this account up to $258,000—and leaving $18,853.14 to be carried forward to the credit of profit and loss. There was a substantial addition to the assets and the reserve account. There has been an active demand for money during the year. All the available funds of the company have been employed, the rates of interest have been good and payments satisfactory.

WELL SAID!

The Calgary Herald is a staunch Tory paper, but it gives no uncertain sound on the subject of public ownership, so prominent a plank in Mr. Borden's platform. That it is unreservedly opposed to it is made clear from this criticism:

Sir Wilfrid Laurier said a very wise thing in his speech to the House the other day when he intimated that public ownership was a very nice thing, but what the country wanted was something to stimulate individual endeavor and individual enterprise, and that the citizen to be proud of was he who accomplished something for the betterment and prosperity of his fellow men. Western governments may yet discover, in connection with this telephone business, that it is not safe for politicians to step in where experts fear to tread.

The Herald does not fail to see that the Borden policy erects a barrier against the inflow of capital from abroad for the development of Canadian resources, and restricts the energy and entreprise of our people. Government's chief duty is to administer justice and equity. If it does that well there are few avenues of industry which may not be left to private endeavor.

EDITORIAL NOTES.

Possibly Judge Monck would also quash the snow by-law.

Who hungers and thirsts for Barrow's decapitation? Could Mayor Stewart tell?

Foster's hold-up in the House has so far resulted in the resignation of one official and the dismissal of another.

Our school authorities should see that every precaution is taken at the various schools to prevent any possibility of a fire tragedy.

We hear much about the extravagance of the Laurier Government. But look at the Whitney outfit. It is going the pace that lands in the poor house.

The Hamilton Presbytery is out-spoken in its condemnation of the evil of mixing politics with municipal affairs. Did it know that the Spec. is the chief sinner?

The architect of Toronto's City Hall sends in a little bill for $208,093.23. A man would not need to supervise the building of more than three or four City Halls a year to pay for porridge and cabbage for his family.

Many newspapers repeat the statement that Judge Killam's death is a national loss. It is a pity these things are not said during a man's lifetime.—Toronto Globe.

While Judge Killam lived, a good many of the organs, which now affect to deplore his death, threw him few bouquets. They misrepresented, lampooned and abused him, as one not only lacking ability, but as lacking in those higher virtues and finer sentiments which they now, to their shame, admit they knew that he possessed. It seems that every public man must count on being the butt of insincere criticism and running the gauntlet of the "mad dogs of journalism."

How long would Hamilton aldermen tolerate an engineer who refused to carry out their orders? And yet the only fault found with Mr. Barrow, by those who seek to knife him, is that he allowed the aldermen to dictate the policy to be pursued in civic matters!

That was a hard knock the Presbytery Committee on "Church Life and Work" gave the Tory Executive Committee. Here is what the report said:

"Partyism is strong in certain communities, and its warping influences are deeply deplored. It is held to be a matter of great regret that in some communities there has been a rebirth of party politics, and that even in the election of school trustees it is a determining factor. At the same time we are assured that though with too many politics is king, the people are increasingly demanding and obtaining in their Parliamentary candidates men of character and ability. They are unanimous in the desire to keep politics out of municipal affairs. The views given concerning the discussion in the pulpit of questions of moral and national welfare, when these questions have got into party politics, fall into a threefold classification:

What do Mr. John Milne and the "new blood" on the School Board think of it? The committee must have had Hamilton in mind when it wrote that its "warping influences are deeply deplored." Still the Executive Committee seems to glory in its shame.

The Times is as anxious as the Mayor or the Herald can be for a reduction in the price of street lighting.—Hamilton Times.

The Times has been remarkably successful in concealing its anxiety.—Hamilton Herald.

But our contemporary will hardly deny us the justice of admitting that for years the Times has sought to induce the aldermen to use the means at hand to get, not only a reduction in the price of electric light for the municipality, but also for private users. We have steadily urged them to seek arbitration, if negotiation failed to yield results. And it was contrary to our advice that the long delay occurred. We also, many times, urged the Council, long before the reductions were made by the company, to use the Conmee provisions to secure reduction in lighting charges to private citizens, but in vain. They would neither negotiate, nor make use of the means at hand to see what could be obtained thereby. And recently, they were encouraged in this course by unreasoning advocates of the Hydro scheme, which cannot affect the street lighting contract, and which may not, at its best, if it is ever carried out, yield us much relief.

OUR EXCHANGES

Costs Money.

(Toronto Star.)

Mr. J. R. L. Starr, K. C., we observe is paid $2,000 for his excellent report on the license situation in Toronto—fifteen hundred dollars of it being for the judicious procrastination he used in presenting it.

Cheerful.

(Toronto News.)

A New York financial authority is quoted as saying that in his opinion the present period of commercial distress will not be of long duration.

Fire Drill Failed.

(London Free Press.)

The children of the Collinwood school were taught fire drill, but in the supreme tests the exits were lacking and the fire drill was of no avail.

Canadian Press Association.

(Toronto Globe.)

The meeting of the Canadian Press Association, which celebrates the semi-centennial of its formation, begins today. The only men alive who were connected with its formation are Sir Mackenzie Bowell and Mr. James Somerville, for many years a member of the Federal Parliament. Sir Mackenzie is expected to be present at the meetings. The occasion is also rendered notable by the fact that an effort will be made to expand the Association into one as wide as the Dominion.

Why Was the Chance Lost?

(Toronto Globe.)

At a critical moment, only the other day, the chance came to the Government of Ontario to solve for Toronto and the western municipalities the vexed power problem by putting under public auspices and on exceptionally favorable terms the control of development and transmission now held by Mr. William Mackenzie. The fact of that chance is common knowledge, not only in Toronto, but in Ottawa, and yesterday the leader of the Opposition in the Legislature put on the order paper a series of questions which must elicit such definite and adequate information as the people of Toronto and of western Ontario ought to have.

It is said with unmistakable directness that Major St. Aubyn, representing the British bondholders, made to the Premier a proposal involving control of the entire Electrical Development Company's plant and transmission line, an offer subsequently made to Mr. William Mackenzie and accepted by him. This statement is made in Toronto by responsible men who have opportunities for very direct information, and who are not unfriendly to the Whitney Government. A similar statement was made the other day in Ottawa, and published, on the authority of a gentleman closely associated with Major St. Aubyn, then on a visit to the Governor-General.

The importance of this matter cannot easily be exaggerated. The control of the Electrical Development Company's plant, were it in the hands of the Government, would mean public control of the entire electric power situation, not only for Toronto, but for all western Ontario. The capacity of that development plant at Niagara Falls is equal to Ontario demands for a generation. It would mean in-

The Dominion Permanent LOAN COMPANY.

SEVENTEENTH ANNUAL REPORT.

The Seventeenth Annual Meeting of the Dominion Permanent Loan Company was held at the Office of the Company on Wednesday, March 4th, 1908. A large number of Shareholders were present. The President, the Hon. J. R. Stratton, occupied the chair, Mr. F. M. Holland, Manager, acting as Secretary. The President presented the following report of the Directors for the year ending December 31st, 1907:

Your Directors herewith submit the Seventeenth Annual Report of the Dominion Permanent Loan Company, together with a statement of accounts for the twelve months ending December 31st, 1907, duly certified by the Auditors, both as to the correctness of the accounts and the satisfactory result of their inspection of the securities of the Company.

Your Directors are pleased to state that full employment has been found for the funds of the Company during the past year, the demand being amply sufficient to call into requisition the available funds of the Company.

During the past year the Company has declared and paid dividends amounting to $69,813.99, and has transferred $28,000 to the credit of the Reserve Fund of the Company. Besides paying such dividends and transferring the above-mentioned amount to Reserve Fund, and writing off of office furniture and premises $1,000, there remains to the credit of Profit and Loss for future distribution, $18,853.14.

All of which is respectfully submitted.

J. R. STRATTON, President.

Statement of Account for the Year Ending December 31st, 1907.

ASSETS.

Mortgages and other Securities		$3,001,636 26
Real Estate		20,956 09
Office Premises and Furniture		9,564 00
Sundry Accounts		4,812 85
Cash on deposit and on hand		43,505 71
		$3,080,474 91

LIABILITIES.

To the Public:		
Deposits and Accrued Interest		$ 145,032 21
Debentures and Accrued Interest		1,441,489 17
		—1,586,521 38
Surplus—Assets over Liabilities		1,493,953 53
To the Shareholders:		
On Capital Stock	$1,178,838 47	
Contingent Fund	5,964 68	
Reserve Fund	258,000 00	
Unclaimed Dividends	50 07	
Dividends payable January 2nd, 1908	32,247 17	
Balance of Profit and Loss	18,853 14	
	$1,493,953 53	
		$3,080,474 91

PROFIT AND LOSS ACCOUNT.

DR.

Interest on Debentures and Deposits	$ 75,153 81
Written off Office Furniture	1,000 00
Dividends	69,813 99
Transferred to Reserve Fund	28,000 00
Balance, Profit and Loss	18,853 14
	$192,820 94

CR.

Balance brought forward December 31st, 1906	$ 18,737 40
Less credited to Terminating shares	57 26
	$ 18,680 14
Interest, Rent, etc., after payment of expenses, including Salaries, Directors' Fees, Government Taxes and Fees	174,140 80
	$192,820 94

AUDITORS' CERTIFICATE.

We have examined the Cash transactions, Receipts and Payments affecting the Accounts of the Assets and Investments for the year ended December 31st, 1907, and we find the same in good order and properly vouched. We have also examined the Mortgages and Securities, representing the Assets and Investments set out in the above Account, and we certify that they were in possession and safe custody as on December 31st, 1907.

(Signed) HARRY VIGEON, } Auditors.
(Signed) F. S. HEATH, }

Chartered Accountants.

Toronto, February 11th, 1908.

The Report was unanimously adopted.

Harry Vigeon, F. C. A., and F. S. Heath, C. A., were appointed Auditors of the Company for the current year.

The following Directors were then elected: Hon. J. R. Stratton, President Trusts and Guarantee Company; D. W. Karn, President the D. W. Karn Company, Woodstock; C. Kloepfer, Director Traders Bank of Canada; William Findlay, Director Winnipeg Fire Insurance Company; Geo. H. Cowan, K. C., City Solicitor, Vancouver, B. C., and F. M. Holland, Toronto.

The meeting then adjourned.

At a subsequent meeting of the Directors the Hon. J. R. Stratton was elected President and D. W. Karn, Vice-President.

dependence of all American companies at Niagara, and would carry with it absolute control of rates. Then the transmission lines to Toronto and Brantford would make the Hydro-Electric Commission's project an immediate success.

A PROPER REBUKE.

Mr. Osler Should be Ashamed of His Role of Slanderer.

(Toronto Globe.)

Mr. Osler, the member for West Toronto, for example, puts forward as proof that the Government is corrupt the fact that some member of it has become rich. It could be asserted with equal truth, we presume, that Mr. Osler himself has added largely to his possessions in the last ten years. During that time he has been in Parliament. He would think it very unfair if this latter circumstance were cited to account for the fact that he is a wealthy man. Yet that is exactly what he does in the case of the unnamed Minister whose wealth he appears to begrudge. Not one particle of evidence does he adduce that the public man to whom he alludes has ever been shown to be guilty of a single corrupt act. He does not even give the accused a chance to reply, as he has not the manliness to mention his name. He merely launches a baseless, nameless slander and lets it go at that.

One would really expect better conduct than this on the part of a man in Mr. Osler's position. He should be an example to the loose talkers who, having no character themselves, do not hesitate to slander away the characters of better men. How would he like his own good fame to be undermined, not by a direct, manly charge, but by an inference as inconsequential as the famous one where it was argued that as Tenterden steeple and Goodwin sands were within sight of each other, one must be the cause of the other? No man's character can be proof against reasoning of that kind, and it ill becomes Mr. Osler to be author of such unwarranted innuendoes.

HUCKLE SAYS THINGS.

To the Editor of the Times:

Sir,—Will you kindly permit me, through your columns, to call the attention of the public to the statements of Judge Snider, made in reference to the evidence I produced before the Police Commissioners yesterday. The Judge said: "The immorality mentioned by Mr. Huckle was of a kind that the law did not reach." No, sir, I read to the Commissioners the evidence of a girl, who says, in her signed statement referring to an incident which took place in one of the fortune telling dens: "He tried to seduce me. I fought and struggled and screamed, and at last offered him my purse and contents if he would let me out, which he took." Does Judge Snider seriously wish the public to believe that this is a kind of immorality the law does not reach? Another statement signed states that a similar scene took place, and the woman called on a man in the room to assist her. These are two cases. I have others. When the Judge makes such a statement he certainly causes surprise. The papers report that the Judge said, after I had left the room, "I suppose he is sane." Well, I am not surprised the Judge had a doubt of my sanity. Perhaps no sane person would go before the Commissioners. Regarding Chief Smith's statement that I was after cheap advertising, I admit he can speak with some authority on the matter of cheapness. The Commissioners having treated the matter in the way they have done, I shall now place the evidence before the public. I might say I have some evidence against the police also, but after my experience with the Commissioners, I shall not waste my time by laying it before them, but will give that to the public also. I have been anxious to work with the police, but as I have ever found it is impossible to retain your manhood and work on police methods. Yours,

Wm. Huckle.

GAMEY'S DENIAL.

Did Not Make Slighting Remark About Englishmen.

To the Editor of the Times:

Sir,—Recently you published the following, which has been copied through the Province extensively:

"The other night in Toronto, that delectable Tory statesman, Gamey, had his fling at the Englishmen who come to live in Canada. Speaking to a club of kindred spirits, he declared that the Englishmen "weren't worth a tinker's damn.' Perhaps the Englishmen fully reciprocate the Mephistic politician's sentiment. It's a mighty poor English immigrant who would not feel that he was insulted by being compared to R. R. Gamey."

Your statement is absolutely untrue. No such words as you attribute to me were used. Mr. W. R. Smythe, M. P. P., James Duff, M. P. P., Mr. A. Studholme, M. P. P., were sitting at the table with me when I spoke. They will be able to endorse what I say. Will you kindly publish this denial, and oblige. Yours truly,

R. R. Gamey.

Toronto, March 4th, 1908.

The Times cheerfully makes place for the above correction, and cites the Toronto World as its authority for the statement it made, never suspecting that the World would report Mr. Gamey to his disadvantage.

Stronger, Greater, Better Values Than Ever

Right from top of list to bottom these values are exceptional. When we sell you goods at a price lower than what we would have to pay if buying to-day; when you can buy cheaper than any grocer can buy—surely that means value; big solid, unmistakable value. Well, that's just what we are doing; just what you can do. We are selling cheaper than we could buy; you are buying cheaper than any grocer could buy.

Sugars Are Up

And refiners say they will not be so low again this year. Still, we sell 100 lb. bags Redpath's Granulated Sugar **$4.55**; 20 lb. bags Redpath's Finest Granulated Sugar, **92c**; 22 lbs. for **$1.00**; 11 lbs. for **50c**; 5 lbs. for **25c**. Yellow Sugar, 23 lbs. **$1.00**; 11½ lbs. **50c**; 5½ lbs. **25c**. Cut Loaf Sugar, 4 lbs. **25c**. Icing Sugar, 4 lbs. **25c**.

4 Cans Corn for 25c

It is Farmers' Canning Co's. Corn, and it is good Corn. We have sold lots of it, and not only have we had no complaint, but we have had many words of commendation, and it goes Friday, Saturday and Monday at 4 tins **25c**. You could not buy one case, nor 500 cases at the same price elsewhere. Farmers' Tomatoes also, per tin, **9c** straight, **9c** for one tin, **9c** if you take 100 tins. Quaker Little Gem Peas, 3 tins **25c**; Quaker Refugee Beans, 3 tins **25c**. Our Canned Beets are simply fine, small and tender, and blood red, per tin **10c**; Pumpkins, 2 tins **25c**; Blueberries, per tin **10c**; Lombard Plums, 3 tins **25c**; Raspberries, Strawberries, Crawford Peaches or Pitted Cherries, **18c** per tin, 2 tins **35c**; Sliced Pineapples or Pears, 2 tins **25c**.

Rolled Oats

Have advanced three times and still we make no change in prices. Tillson's best, 7 lbs. **25c**; Tillson's Premium Oats, **25c** package; Quaker Oats, large package **25c**; Quaker Oats, small package, 3 for **25c**; Prize Oats, 3 packages **25c**; Rolled Wheat, 7 lbs. **25c**; Germ Meal, 7 lbs. **25c**; Graham Flour, 7 lbs. **25c**; Cornmeal, 9 lbs. **25c**; Quaker Cornmeal, **10c** package; White Kidney Beans, 6 lbs. **25c**; Lima Beans, 3 lbs. **25c**; Split Peas, 3 lbs. **10c**; Dried Green Peas, 6 lbs. **25c**; Pot Barley, 3 lbs. **10c**.

1,000 Pounds Dairy Butter

Some of it in rolls, some in prints; it has just come in, and it is fresh; going while it lasts **29c** per pound. Jersey Lily Creamery Butter, per pound **32c**. Choicest Creamery Butter, per pound **34c**.

New Laid Eggs

Storage and pickled eggs are pretty well done, and there is nothing to be had but new laid, and not too many of them. We had 650 dozen last week and expect as many this week, and the price will be **29c** per dozen.

Everybody Talking

And all at once, about the advance in Teas; but put this down as a fact, there has been no advance in Teas at our stores, nor is there likely to be for some time. All package Teas at the old price, and, in addition, one of the greatest Tea bargains ever offered. Pyramid Tea, in half pound packages, one of the finest grades of Ceylon Tea packed on the estate where grown, and never before sold at less than 50c per pound, going this week at **40c** per pound; black only, and cannot be bought anywhere else at this price.

Biscuits—Special

Mooney's, McCormick's or Perrin's 3 lb. boxes of Cream Sodas, **23c** box. Perrin's 3 lb. tins, **27c**; Jam-Jams, Golden Wafers, Apples or Peach Blossoms, 2 lbs. **25c**; Cherry, Maple, Chocolate, Walnut, Ottawa Mixed, per lb. **15c**; Chocolate Fingers, per lb. **18c**, worth 25c; Water Ices, per lb. **30c**; Fig Wafers, Lemon Crisp, Vanilla Bars, 3 lbs **25c**; Ginger Snaps, 4 lbs **25c**.

Sultana Raisins, 3 lbs. for 25c

Bright clean stock and worth more wholesale; just 10 boxes to go at this price, finest select Raisins, 3 lbs. **25c**; finest seeded Raisins, 1 lb. pkg. **15c**; finest cleaned Currants, 3 lbs. **25c**; Shelled Walnuts, finest new stock, going **27c** lb., worth 40c; Shelled Almonds **30c** lb., worth **45c**; Lemon and Orange Peel, **15c** lb.; Hickory Nuts per quart **10c**.

Oranges and Lemons

Prices go up but quality improves and still we sell large juicy Navels at **25c** per dozen, worth 40c; Florida Brights, **15c** per dozen; Florida Russets, **7c** dozen, 4 dozen for **25c**; Messina Lemons, per dozen **15c**.

Maple Syrup Special

Eastern Township Quart Tins, quality fine, regular 25c tin for **19c**; Diamond, quart tins, regular 25c tin for **20c**; Semper Idem, regular 25c quart tin, for **21c**; genuine pure Maple Syrup in crown quart jars, **33c** each, worth 40c; pure Maple Sugar, per cake **10c**. Try some Buckwheat Pancakes with this maple syrup. Dalley's or Red Ribbon Self-Rising Buckwheat Flour, per pkg., **10c**.

Pickle Special

Stretton's Pure Worcester Pickles, genuine imported goods, small bottles, intended to sell for 10c. These Pickles are good in every way, but have been badly packed, and some of the vinegar has leaked out but not enough to hurt. You can have as many as you like at **6c** per bottle. Sweet Mixed Pickles in bulk, quality equal to anything, value at 35c quart, going at **20c** per quart. Keystone Pickles, mixed or chow, per bottle, **10c**.

Canned Fish Special

Cock o' the North Salmon, ½-lb. tin, red, regularly 10c tin, going 2 tins **15c**. Cascade Salmon 3 tins **25c**. Arbutus Salmon, spring fish and the nicest flavored Salmon packed, per tin **14c**. Coronation Salmon, red Sockeye, per tin **15c**. Little Neck Clams, 3 tins **25c**. Ice Castle Haddie, 3 tins **25c**. Mackerel **10c** tin. Morton's Fresh Herrings, per tin, **10c**. Herring in tomato sauce, 2 tins **25c**. Lobsters, Mephisto brand, per tin, **20c**.

Hams, Rolls, Sausages

We never thought we could sell so many Hams and Rolled Shoulders. We never thought they were so nice. They are from young, well-fed pigs. They have been well cured and not overdone. Hams, per lb., by the whole ham, **14c**; by the half ham **14½c**. Roll Shoulders, per lb., by the piece, **12c**. Sausages, fresh Friday morning, per lb., **10c**.

Flour

Lily White, per bag, **$2.50**; per half bag, **$1.25**; per quarter bag, **63c**. Gold Medal, per bag, **$2.60**; per half bag, **$1.30**; per quarter bag, **65c**. Five Roses or Royal Household Flour, per bag, **$3.20**; per half bag, **$1.60**; per quarter bag, **80c**.

Finnan Haddie, Etc.

The regular high-grade Fish, thick and meaty, this week per pound **10¢**; Kippered Herrings, 3 for **10¢**; Bloaters, 3 for **10¢**; Boneless Cod Fish, **9¢** lb., 3 lbs. for **25¢**; Scotia Boneless Codfish, highest grade pure Codfish and without a bone in it, **10¢** per lb.

Apples, Onions and Potatoes

Apples, good cooking varieties, per basket, **25¢**; Onions, yellow Danvers, good sound stock, not very large, but every onion fit to eat, per basket, **35¢**; Spanish Onions, 8 lbs. **25¢**; Potatoes, good stock and never been frosted, per bag **$1.05**, bushel **75¢**, peck **20¢**.

Soaps—Special

Sunlight, Surprise, Comfort, Richard's pure, or Victor Soap, per box of 100 bars **$3.90**. Buy your soap by the box, it gives the soap a chance to season and you get 50 per cent. more work from a well seasoned soap. Alliance Soap, 100 bars to box, **$3.00**; Comfort, Surprise, Richard's Pure, Victor, Naptho, Quick Naphtha, Sunlight or Lifebuoy, 6 for **25¢**; Alliance, 8 for **25¢**; Challenge, 3 for **25¢**.

Remember

The specials listed above are for Friday, Saturday and Monday only. You cannot buy these goods at these prices any other day. Many of them, corn and tomatoes, for instance, you will not buy at these prices again this season. Orders by mail or telephone will be given prompt attention, but we would ask those of you who can to defer delivery of your order till Monday.

CARROLL'S Five Stores
115 John Street South.
Cor. Emerald and Wilson,
Cor. James and Macaulay,
Cor. Queen and Hunter,
Cor. York and Caroline,

DYNAMITE EXPLOSION.

One Man Killed and Five Others Were Injured.

Kenora, March 4.—A dynamite accident, in which one man was killed and five others injured, occurred at Parson's Camp, No. 8, Transcontinental Railway, recently. H. Bellose was killed and W. Muse, foreman, was seriously injured. The men were engaged in loading a 30-foot hole, which had been sprung on the Saturday previously. A large number of sticks of dynamite had been put in, when the foreman was called to another part of the work. Upon his return to where the dynamite was put in, while tamping this to place, the explosion took place.

A true bill was found in the Toronto Sessions yesterday afternoon against Mabel Allen on a charge of arson, arising out of a fire which destroyed the barns of Jacob Hopkins, a Mount Albert farmer, on the 14th of February last.