

THE HAMILTON TIMES

SATURDAY, SEPT. 14, 1907.

NOW BUILD RAILWAY.

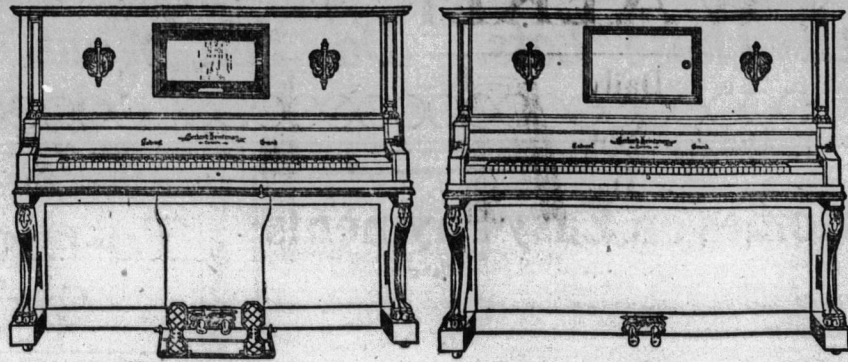
The celerity and business-like manner in which the Finance Committee and Parks Board settled the terms of the H. W. & G. R. by-law last night was highly creditable to the members present, and shows that public business can be done without wrangling and disorder when it is undertaken in a proper spirit. There was a commendable desire manifested to forward the work, while providing reasonable protection for the city. The Times is pleased to note that the aldermen see the wisdom of its advice not to make the period within which construction may be deferred too long, thus preventing other schemes from being launched, while they have made ample arrangements for the convenience of the projectors. It was desired to secure the completion of the Galt division by Dec., 1908, and the Guelph line by a year later. The proposal of Ald. Dickson that the company be required to expend \$100,000 by Dec., 1909, in purchase of right of way and construction, is surely not an onerous condition. If that evidence of progress is given, the franchise may be extended another year. Mr. Patterson, who was present, is sanguine that the road will be completed before that time. Another matter for which the Times has held out is, that any other lines desired of using the entrance should be allowed to do so on fair terms. That has been provided for, the Dominion Railway Commission to be the arbiter, and the cost of the land over the portion which the city now grants not to be considered in determining the compensation. This appears to be a fair arrangement. There are a number of other matters of considerable importance in the by-law, and it may be that, as frequently occurs, others not included may crop up later on. Perhaps it would be well that a clause should be inserted provided that in any difficulty which may not be easily settled by the city and company, the Railway Commission shall be empowered to decide. In this way a step might be taken for the avoidance of disputes and the maintenance of good will on a basis of equity that would be alike a protection to city and company. It is pleasing to see this matter dealt with from both sides in a good spirit. We hope that there will be no litches, and that Mr. Patterson's optimistic views will be justified by the completion of the road within the two years, and that it will prove profitable to those who undertake it and a great contributor to the trade of Hamilton.

THAT DEVIL STRIP.

The Railway Board's judgment in the Herkimer street case requires the Street Railway Company to move back the tracks so as to restore the devil strip to its former width of four feet, and orders that the city must furnish the material for the paving which the Street Railway is by-law required to do between its rails. It was put in evidence by the city that the profiles given were prepared to fit only a four-foot devil strip, and the Board takes the view that the city by the agreement did not abandon all control of the streets. The Times thinks that view is an eminently proper one, and that, without regard to the present case, it is well that the Board should take the ground that the right of the city to the control of the streets should remain unquestioned, save in so far as it is specifically waived by the agreement. But the "victory" in the case as regards the width of the devil strip may be a barren one. It is conceded that the narrow devil strip is a source of danger and an obstacle to the placing of modern wide cars on the system. The real object of the appeal to the Board was not to restrict the devil strip to four feet, the aldermen admitting that the wider one was desirable. They freely said that they did not expect to win, but hoped the Board "might compromise" by compelling the Street Railway to pay for at least part of the paving of the street beyond that imposed on by the by-law, as the price of their consent. The Board did not do so, and now that the railway is ordered to restore the narrow devil strip, the company may not be more inclined to submit to be held up. The one satisfactory thing about the case is that the Board proceeds on the assumption that the city's rights to the streets are not abandoned, save as set forth specifically in the agreement. That is a sound and proper principle, and its affirmation will increase confidence in the Board. The devil strip must be narrowed, and the city must supply the paving material.

EDITORIAL NOTES.

Church union seems to be a few weeks in the distance yet. "Ontario will not be carried easily" for R. L. Borden at the next election," is the sorrowful wail of the Conservative Telegram. It guesses right the first time. If Whitney has his way government by commission will soon be able to snap its fingers at responsible government in Ontario. Wonder what Mr. Flavelle would say if party fealty left him free to express publicly his private opinion of Hon. Dr. Pyne, Beattie Nesbitt, et al. Japan's dignified course in connection with the Vancouver hoodlumism is the hardest thing Canadians have to put up



This illustration shows the Player Piano Ready to be used.

Appearance of the Player Piano when the Pedals are put out of sight, which can be done instantaneously.

THE GERHARD HEINTZMAN PLAYER PIANO

The only high-grade self-playing piano MADE IN CANADA. Here are some points of superiority in the Gerhard-Heintzman Player Piano over other players.

- Plays all the notes on piano—88 Automatic re-wind
Perfect transposing keyboard Absolute control of the tempo
Pneumatic fingers, jointed like the human wrist, ensuring a touch as clear and as manageable as any other.

To be able to secure a perfect self-playing mechanism in a piano so well and favorably known as the Gerhard Heintzman will at once be appreciated by musical people.

Your present instrument taken as part payment
HAMILTON SHOWROOMS, EAST KING STREET
F. LUNN, Manager Opp. NEW TERMINAL STATION PHONE 1852

with. It adds greatly to the humiliation that British Columbia puts upon the country. Of course government by commission may succeed when the commission is honest and capable. But if Ministers were honest and capable, commissions would not be needed and the Province would save their salaries. But why wonder at outbreaks of violence and disregard for the law in British Columbia? Is a people whose legislators pass measures in flagrant defiance of the constitution which they swore to obey to be held to respect for the law and the rights of others? The Lustania, the great \$6,500,000 Cunard turbine vessel, has made the 2,782-mile trip across the Atlantic in 5 days 34 minutes, or at an average speed of 23.01 knots (about 27 statute miles) an hour. Her engineer expects to make it at a 25-knot rate, now that her engines have their bearings smoothed by use.

One of the things possession of the Philippines has brought Uncle Sam is the bubonic plague. And it is noticeable that California, which in the Japanese matter was so contemptuous of federal rights and responsibilities, is now quick to appeal for federal aid in the circumstances. There is an object lesson there for some British Columbians. Mr. Stewart, who is in charge of the Kilmart section of the G. T. P., is quoted by the Province, of Vancouver, with saying: "I wish it understood that we shall follow our invariable practice of engaging white labor exclusively. We have no room for Hindus or other Orientals." The bogey of the yellow peril appears more ridiculous than ever. Two days after the story was sent out from Vancouver the delayed telegram from Mayor Bethune as to housing the Hindu immigrants in the drill hall reaches Ottawa. There is, however, no word of the threat to ship them east. Sir Wilfrid replies that the request would lead to the inference that they are paupers and liable to be deported, and a special officer has been sent to investigate. This prompt action will tend to clarity and confidence.

The London churches and young people's societies have sent in a dozen petitions to the city authorities for drinking fountains, asking that they be erected in suitable places and in sufficient numbers to meet the demands of the public. Hamilton stands much in need of a few more drinking fountains for both man and beast. One will sometimes have to walk a mile or more before he can quench his thirst, and no doubt animals suffer considerably at times for want of such conveniences. Lavatories also are needed badly in some sections of the city. But, as usual, the city has no money for such necessities. The Toronto News affects to regard Mr. Hugh Graham's contribution of \$25,000 or \$30,000 to the Borden election fund in Quebec as a trivial matter quite incompatible with strict probity all around. Perhaps, but many will think it over before treating it thus cavalierly. Mr. Graham was sending "assistance to the other Provinces too. How much was his 'bar'? What did he hope for in way of return? Why the secret code? Why Borden's warning not to let 'men in public life in the party' run risks by handing it, if it was all honest and legal, but to have 'men acceptable to the party' in the Province chosen to handle the boodle? What was the money used for? There is a picturesqueness about the newspaper headings at times that is suggestive of the wild and woolly west. We read "Aylesworth Roasts Borden," and "Borden Flays Aylesworth." If that sort of thing continues, there will probably soon be a resort to "Sir Richard Cartwright Scaps Foster," or "Allan Studholme Hangs, Drava and Quarters Hanna." It's a severe strain on the resources of the language. How mild is the real political struggle in contrast with its reports! The people of Great Britain are not doing as much drinking as they formerly did. The consumption of alcoholic liquors seems to have reached its maximum about seven years ago. In the year 1899-1900 the consumption of beer in the United Kingdom was no less than 32.29 gallons per head of the population. Since then there has been an unbroken and almost uniform decline until last year (1906-1907) the consumption was only 27.81 gallons a head. The consumption of spirits also appears to have reached its maximum in 1899-1900. In that year the consumption of spirits averaged 1.18 gallons per head of the population, last year (1906-1907) it was only 0.91 of a gallon per head. When we consider that the periods intervening between the two comparative years have been prosperous ones financially over there as well as here, the reduction in the drink bill is all the more surprising and gratifying. The Peterboro Examiner is trying to stir up the citizens and the city authorities to do something to improve the looks of the town. It blames the council for much of the squalidness that is to be seen there. With a little more effort on its part to improve appearances, it thinks the citizens would turn in and brush up much better than they are doing. It says: "There are numerous 'ulcerous spots' in Peterboro—unsightly street surroundings, and unsightly premises, and these could very easily be tidied, and their repulsiveness replaced with beauty by the exercise of almost no expenditure of money—with only a little expenditure of time, labor and taste. Our citizens, many of them, seem to have become infected with the spirit of our civic authorities, and there is an utter absence of any sort of system in beautifying premises. Upon some fine residence streets, one will see a beautiful lawn and grounds, kept in neat order, both within and without—on the grounds and the abutting street—standing cheek by jaw with an untidy, unkempt scrubby lawn and premises, a foul, littered, unsightly street front, which recurring here and there constitutes blot upon the beauty of the whole street. Buffalo has been making a medical examination of the children attending its schools, and the Health Commissioner has made the result public. The examination was made just before the holidays. One thousand pupils were examined. The defects discovered were as follows: Defective vision, 832; defective hearing, 125; bad teeth, 278; defective nasal breathing, 149; enlarged glands, 327; enlarged tonsils, 303; adenoids, 235; skin diseases, 190; pelliculosis capitis, 173; scabies, 7; deformities of chest, 31; deformities of extremities, 10; deformities of spine, 10. Some children have more than one ailment. This and other examinations in other cities have shown the need for such examinations. The next point is the remedy for these defects. There should be some system or legislation whereby the parents or guardians should be compelled to have those thus afflicted placed under medical treatment. They have a judge in Chicago who is applying the probation system to men after the manner in which Judge Lindsay, of Denver, applies it to juveniles. By suspending sentence and by means of voluntary probation officers Judge Cleland makes every effort to arouse the crim-

inal's self-respect, give him one more chance and help him to become a useful member of society. Of more than seven hundred prisoners thus treated, 90 per cent. are said to be doing well, and the judge is hopeful of most of the remainder. There are said to be four hundred saloonkeepers in the judge's district, and they have agreed to help him with the men and women he has put on their parole. Seventy-five business men in the district, whose names were supplied by the police, consented to act as probation officers. This is an experiment which will be watched by all, especially by those interested in the amelioration of the masses. Some very foolish people have set afloat the story that the big telegraph companies, "to save a costly revolution" in their outfits, have for years "buried" the Barclay telegraph typewriter, which delivers messages typewritten from the wires, and only now puts it into commission to beat the striking operators. That is a very silly story. Had the machine been perfected earlier it would long ere this have been in use as a mere measure of economy, displacing many men. These companies are every ready to adopt a machine, when it pays to do so; and it is not an economical machine if the interest on its price is greater than the saving it effects in wages. When the Times declared Inspector Thomas Hastings, of Toronto, was not dismissed without good cause, the Journal, the Hamilton Times and other Liberal papers denounced us in strong language. Indeed, our Hamilton namesake was positively angry and abusive. The report presented to the Government by Mr. J. R. L. Starr has vindicated this paper. * * * At all events, when the fiat went forth that hotelkeepers must "keep hotel," the new commissioners began to look into things, and they found that some alleged hotels were in "an absolutely revolting condition," some of them "not fit for a human being to live in." Mr. Hastings had ample time to do something, but did nothing to remedy matters, so he had to go. The Government was compelled to take the step it did in order to keep faith with the public.—St. Thomas Times.

From the above one would be led to suppose that Mr. Flavelle and the other Toronto License Commissioners were dissatisfied with Mr. Hastings. The facts are the other way. If we remember aright, it was the dismissal of Mr. Hastings by the Provincial Government from his position as license inspector that precipitated the commissioners' resignation. They found no fault with Mr. Hastings, even after they "began to look into things." The fact of the matter is, as the Toronto News has said, the Government found that Mr. Hastings stood in the way of Dr. Pyne and others who wished to bring political influence to bear upon the commissioners, hence his dismissal.

Our Exchanges Our Labor Alderman. (Dunville Gazette.) Ald. Farrar, of Hamilton, arrived Thursday morning to attend the Board meeting. A Few "Wants." (Humor of Bulls and Blunders.) Wanted—A young man to take care of a pair of mules of a Christian disposition. Wanted—Two apprentices who will be treated as one of the family. Wanted—Experienced nurse for bottled baby. Wanted—An industrious man to take charge of 3,000 sheep who can speak German. Sunday Labor. (Acton Free Press.) The movement for Sabbath rest is gaining in popular support. Men of all classes are in it; there are no denominational or sectarian lines; there are no party boundaries. The appeal is made to all employers of labor to give their men the day of rest which belongs to them. In this the highest interests of both parties are involved. The man who rests on the Sabbath is a better man for the remainder of the week. Workmen are better in every way for a day at home and in the church. A machine requires rest; much more does a man. Ever bending to toil, the man in the mill, the woman in the shop, is

wasting vital strength. The Sabbath is necessary for man's higher nature, and without it there is a steady and unceasing lowering of the moral standard. Canada Pays for It. (Montreal Star.) It is not easy to get something for nothing in this world. Just at the moment, we appear to be getting British naval protection to that item in the national bookkeeping alone; but we are really paying attention to that protection in many ways. Moreover, it is now sound imperial policy for that protection of our country to the uttermost of our financial ability instead of diverting any part of it to the assistance of the British Admiralty. Vancouver's Disgrace. (Vancouver Free Press.) A mob of hoodlums, not one in ten of whom it is safe to say, was born in Canada, have disgraced Canada in the eyes of civilization, and have violently projected the Dominion into the arena of world politics. If the cables yesterday morning had brought news that a riotous mob in Tokio had mobbed the English residents, smashed their windows, thrown some of them into the sea, insulted the British consul and threatened death generally to all English-speaking folk, there would be no difficulty in appraising the seriousness of the situation. Punish the Hoodlums. (Montreal Star.) It is all very well to talk of Canada paying for the damage done by the Vancouver hoodlums in their zeal to demonstrate the moral superiority of the white man; but the Vancouver authorities should lead off by arresting and severely punishing the ringleaders guilty of this local outrage and international affront. Arrests have been made, but the number would appear at this distance to be altogether inadequate in view of the size of the mob and the damage inflicted. It cannot be difficult to learn of a fairly large number of men who were implicated in the night's work and to lay them by the heels if the police and the authorities are in earnest; and this should be done before there is any talk of Canada

as a whole shouldering the burden of Vancouver's madness. Only by heavily punishing the hoodlums can the hoodlum class be convinced that rioting does not pay. They will care precious little about the rest of us having to foot the bill. They will rather reason that it serves us right for not having excluded the Asiatics altogether. But if a couple of hundred of them went to the penitentiary for a while, they might see the logic of the situation with a clearer eye. They would realize then that it is a serious thing to set London and Tokio—to say nothing of Ottawa—by the ears, and endanger the international relations of the great powers. Inspiration to Order. Dramatist—What's for dinner to-morrow? Wife—Roast lamb, your favorite dish. Dramatist—Well, say! You put in about four times too much salt, so I shall feel miserable! I've got to write the last act of my new tragedy to-morrow!—Dorffbarber.

Great Sale of Damaged Linens

A manufacturer's stock of Damaged Linens goes on sale Monday morning. These goods are not badly damaged; nothing but what a needle and thread can put in proper shape in a few minutes. Prices about 1/2 the regular selling price.

Thousand Yards of Bleached Table Linens, Some Short Lengths, Some Full Pieces, on Sale Monday at the Following Big Reductions:

Table listing various linens and their prices: \$1.50 Fine Bleached Damask, Monday Bargain Day... 69c; \$1.25 Fine Bleached Damask, Monday Bargain Day... 69c; \$1.00 Fine Bleached Damask, Monday Bargain Day... 49c; \$1.25 Fine Bleached Damask, Monday Bargain Day... 69c; 85c Fine Bleached Damask, Monday Bargain Day... 42c; 75c Fine Bleached Damask, Monday Bargain Day... 39c; 65c Fine Bleached Damask, Monday Bargain Day... 35c.

204 Dozen Damaged Napkins to be Cleared Monday at Just About Half

Table listing various napkins and their prices: 17 dozen \$3.50 Napkins, Monday, to clear... \$1.75; 5 dozen \$4.00 Napkins, Monday, to clear... \$2.00; 8 dozen \$3.50 Napkins, Monday, to clear... \$2.00; 17 dozen \$2.50 Napkins, Monday, to clear... \$1.25; 20 dozen \$2.00 Napkins, Monday, to clear... \$1.00; 5 dozen \$4.50 Napkins, Monday, to clear... \$2.25; 2 dozen \$5.00 Napkins, Monday, to clear... \$3.00; 2 dozen \$4.00 Napkins, Monday, to clear... \$2.25; 3 dozen \$3.50 Napkins, Monday, to clear... \$1.75; 4 dozen \$3.00 Napkins, Monday, to clear... \$1.50; 2 dozen \$2.75 Napkins, Monday, to clear... \$1.38; 30 dozen \$2.25 Napkins, Monday, to clear... \$1.12 1/2; 11 dozen \$1.75 Napkins, Monday, to clear... 87 1/2c; 60 dozen \$1.50 Napkins, Monday, to clear... 75c; 10 dozen \$1.25 Napkins, Monday, to clear... 62 1/2c; 6 dozen 75c Napkins, Monday, to clear... 37 1/2c.

Specials in Housefurnishings

Table listing various house furnishings and their prices: \$1.25 Blankets \$1.00; \$1.50 Wool Blankets \$3.39; 30c Floor Oilcloth 25c; 15c Art Muslin 12 1/2c; Three Lines of Lace Curtains to be Offered Monday at Cheap Prices; \$1.50 Curtains, size 3 1/2 yards by 50 inches, Monday... \$1.19; \$1.75 Curtains, size 3 1/2 yards by 52 inches, Monday... \$1.25; \$1.15 Curtains, size 3 1/2 yards by 56 inches, Monday... \$1.50.

We Hold No Millinery Opening This Season. Monday morning, we are prepared to show you all the new things in Ladies' Hats. An extra good staff of milliners will make you up the latest hat style and at a reasonable price.

Over Ten Thousand Articles of Graniteware

Now Selling Below Wholesale Prices Our capacity for handling goods so large, no quantity is too extensive, especially when the price is right. This great purchase of Graniteware was secured at such a concession that we are in a position to quote prices much under the usual wholesale prices, which you will notice by reading further. 25c Wash Basins 9c; 40c Stew Kettles 19c; 85c Kneading Pans 49c. One Thousand 3 qt. Pudding Pans on Sale at Only 9c Each; One Thousand 3 qt. Milk Pans on Sale at Only 8 1/2c Each. Large Pieces Also at Low Prices: Blue and White Mottled Enamel double Rice Boilers, 59c size, for... 33c; Blue and white Mottled Enamel double Rice Boilers, 75c, for... 44c; Blue and white Mottled Enamel double Rice Boilers, 95c, for... 54c; No. 8 size Granite Tea Kettles, on sale for only... 70c; No. 9 size, Granite Tea Kettles, on sale for only... 70c; Large round Berlin Covered Saucepans, each... 47c; No. 8 Granite Stove Pots, pit bottom, each... 39c; No. 9 Granite Stove Pots, pit bottom, each... 49c.

Several Sizes of Tea and Coffee Pots

Will also be included in this wonderful sale of Graniteware on Monday 45c for 25c; 50c for 39c and 60c, for 35c. 134 Cases; 75c Preserving Kettles 59c. Will carry a considerable quantity and this being the actual fact, we can supply the small merchant or dealer in any quantity at lower prices than he can buy wholesale.

One Thousand 3 qt. Pudding Pans on Sale at Only 9c Each

These are a good, useful size. That is the reason we purchased such a quantity. All are grey enameled and are worth 20c, Monday only... 9c.

One Thousand 3 qt. Milk Pans on Sale at Only 8 1/2c Each

These are enameled in white and are of first quality material. To buy these in the usual way they would cost you at least 15c, Monday sale price 8 1/2c.

Our Full Staff of Milliners Now Ready for You Monday

Will be a good day to place your order for a Fall Hat.

Shoe Department

In no department will you get better bargains than in the Shoe section. Fortunately buying in this department has put in our possession thousands of dollars' worth of Men's, Women's and Children's Shoes, at away below the market value. \$2.75 Women's Shoes \$2; Women's Dongola Bals, military heels, patent tip, light sole, regularly \$2.75, for... \$2.00. \$3.50 Evening Shoes \$1.49; Ladies' Evening Slippers or Pumps, in shades of blue, pink, green, grey, brown, black and white, regularly \$3.50, sale price... \$1.49. Boys' Shoes \$2.00; Boys' Buff Shoes, with pebble uppers, Bluecher cut and pegged sole, a good, strong shoe, special on Monday... \$2.00. Girls' Shoes \$1.50; Girls' Dongola Shoes, Bluecher or straight patent tip, low heel, extension sole and back strap, a good, strong school shoe, sizes 11 to 2, to be sold Monday for... \$1.50.

204 Dozen Damaged Napkins to be Cleared Monday at Just About Half

17 dozen \$3.50 Napkins, Monday, to clear... \$1.75; 5 dozen \$4.00 Napkins, Monday, to clear... \$2.00; 8 dozen \$3.50 Napkins, Monday, to clear... \$2.00; 17 dozen \$2.50 Napkins, Monday, to clear... \$1.25; 20 dozen \$2.00 Napkins, Monday, to clear... \$1.00; 5 dozen \$4.50 Napkins, Monday, to clear... \$2.25; 2 dozen \$5.00 Napkins, Monday, to clear... \$3.00; 2 dozen \$4.00 Napkins, Monday, to clear... \$2.25; 3 dozen \$3.50 Napkins, Monday, to clear... \$1.75; 4 dozen \$3.00 Napkins, Monday, to clear... \$1.50; 2 dozen \$2.75 Napkins, Monday, to clear... \$1.38; 30 dozen \$2.25 Napkins, Monday, to clear... \$1.12 1/2; 11 dozen \$1.75 Napkins, Monday, to clear... 87 1/2c; 60 dozen \$1.50 Napkins, Monday, to clear... 75c; 10 dozen \$1.25 Napkins, Monday, to clear... 62 1/2c; 6 dozen 75c Napkins, Monday, to clear... 37 1/2c.

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Dress Goods Monday

We will put on sale two lines of Dress Tweeds Monday at about half price. These will make up excellently for skirts or children's dresses. 50c Tweeds 29c; Pretty, small checks in Dress Tweeds, green and brown effects, ordinary 50c value, for... 29c. 75c Tweeds 39c; Mixed designs in a fine surface Dress Tweed, 54 inches wide, ordinarily 75c, for... 39c.

\$15.00 Coats \$7.50

Ladies' Fall and Winter Coats, plain cloths, tweeds, etc., that sold regularly for \$15.00, special sale price Monday... \$7.50.

Odd Lines From Different Sections of the House at Special Prices for Monday

30c Vestings 15c; 200 yards White Vestings, nice soft fabric, value in the regular way 30c, Monday Bargain Day to clear... 15c. Men's Fleeced Underwear 50c; Men's Fleeced Underwear is going to be high this season. Better make your purchases Monday. Special quality in either plain or stripe... 50c. 19c Taffeta Ribbon 10c; Cardinal and brown only, in a 3 1/2-inch Pure Silk Ribbon, our regular 10c quality, for... 10c.

Great Bargain in Laces

5c and 10c Laces 6 Yards for 15c; We have 3,000 yards of Valenciennes, Torchon and Fancy Cotton Laces, good value at 5 and 10c, Monday's clearing price 6 yards... 15c. 10c Handkerchiefs 5c; Ladies' Hemstitched Handkerchiefs, large embroidered, initial on corner, usual value for 10c, Monday's price 5c. 18c White Spot Muslin 10c; 1,000 yards of Sheer White Swiss Spot Muslin, pinhead dot, excellent 18c value, Monday for... 10c.

\$10.00 Jackets \$5.00

Another lot of Fall and Winter Jackets, in Tweeds and fancy Cloths, value \$10.00, to be sold at... \$5.00. \$4.00 to \$6.00 Skirts \$2.98; This season's noble styles in Dress Skirts, just 50 put on our counters on Monday; value regular \$4.00 to \$6.50, to clear... \$2.98.

THE T. H. PRATT CO. LIMITED