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One of the most valuable assets of a Trust Company is a satisfied clientele. The Brantford Trust Company, Limited, is in receipt of letters expressing great appreciation by the writers for the satisfactory and profitable manner in which estates under its control have been managed.

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with the

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Unimpeachable—if you were to see the unequalled volume of unimpeachable testimony in favor of Hood's Sarsaparilla, you would upbraid yourself for so long delaying to take this effective medicine for that blood disease from which you are suffering.

MARKET REPORTS

CHICAGO, April 6.—Chances that the government crop report tomorrow will prove of the most flattering sort, tended today to lower the price of wheat. The market closed easy at ⅝c to ⅞c net decline. Corn finished with a gain of ½c to ⅝c; oats up ¼c to ½c, and provisions varying from a shade off to 5c advance.

TORONTO GRAIN MARKET.

Wheat, fall, bushel	$0 98	$1 00
Barley, bushel	0 62	0 64
Peas, bushel	0 80	....
Oats, bushel	0 41	....
Rye, bushel	0 65	....
Buckwheat, bushel	0 70	0 75

TORONTO DAIRY MARKET.

Butter, store lots	0 24	0 25
Butter, creamery, lb. rolls	0 31	0 32
Butter, separator, dairy	0 27	0 29
Butter, creamery, solids	0 27	0 28
Eggs, new-laid	0 21	0 22
Cheese, old, lb.	0 15	0 15½
Cheese, new, lb.	0 14½	0 15
Honey, combs, dozen	2 50	3 00
Honey, extracted, lb.	0 09	....

WINNIPEG GRAIN MARKET.

WINNIPEG, April 6.—Wheat—Cash—No. 1 northern, 89¼c; No. 2, 87¾c; No. 3 do., 85½c; No. 4, 82½c; No. 5, 80c; No. 6, 75c; feed, 70c; No. 1 rejected seeds, 85¼c; No. 2 rejected seeds, 83⅜c; No. 1 smutty, 85¼c; No. 2 smutty, 83¾c; No. 1 red winter, 89¼c; No. 2 do., 87⅜c, No. 3 do., 85½c.

Oats—No. 2 C.W., 35c; No. 3 C.W., 34c; No. 1 feed, 33¼c; No. 2 feed, 33c.

Barley—No. 3, 44¾c; No. 4, 42¾c; rejected, 41¾c; feed, 41¼c.

Flax—No. 1 N.W.C., $1.37¼; No. 2 C.W., $1.34¼; No. 3 C.W., $1.26.

MINNEAPOLIS GRAIN MARKET.

MINNEAPOLIS, April 6.—Close—Wheat—May, 88⅛c; July, 89¾c to 89⅞c bid; No. 1 hard, 91⅞c to 92⅛c; No. 1 northern, 89⅛c to 91⅛c; No. 2 northern, 86⅝c to 88⅝c.

Corn—No. 3 yellow, 64c to 64½c.

Oats—No. 3 white, 36½c to 36¾c.

Flour and bran unchanged.

DULUTH GRAIN MARKET.

DULUTH, April 6.—Close—Wheat—No. 1 hard, 90¾c; No. 1 northern, 89¾c; No. 2 do., 89¾c; No. 2 hard, 88¾c; May, 89⅛c to 89⅞c; July, 90⅛c to 91c.

CATTLE MARKETS

UNION STOCK YARDS.

TORONTO, April 6.—Receipts of live stock at the Union Yards were 48 cars (comprising 703 cattle, 875 hogs, 46 sheep and 121 calves.

Butchers.

Choice steers by the load sold as high as $8.40, one load at that price; choice steers and heifers, $7.75 to $8; good, $7.50 to $7.75; medium, $7.25 to $7.50; common, $7 to $7.25; choice cows, $7 to $7.25; good cows, $6.50 to $6.75; common to medium cows, $5 to $5.75; canners and cutters, $3.75 to $4.75; bulls, $6 to $7.50.

IMPORTANT BUDGET.

(Continued from Page 1)

a considerable list of jute cloths, yarns used for the manufacture of socks and stockings, etc.

Wheat and Flour.

Taking up the question of the duty upon wheat and lour, Mr. White said "A matter which engaged during the year the careful attention of the Government has been the so-called question of free wheat, which has been so much under discussion in the West and throughout Canada. The Underwood tariff of the United States, which came into effect on October 3, 1913, provides by item 644 that wheat, wheat flour, and semolina and other wheat products shall be entered free of duty from countries which do not impose a duty on wheat of wheat flour or semolina imported from the United States; otherwise the duty upon the wheat is fixed at 10 cents per bushel and upon wheat 10 per cent ad valorum. It is clear therefore that if Canada should place wheat, wheat flour and semolina on the free list our wheat and wheat products would be again free entry to the markets of the United States."

The Different Views

The minister then proceeded to set forth the views of those favorable and those opposed to Canada accepting the United States offer. It was claimed that 'free wheat' would mean higher prices and better shipping facilities for Western farmers. The milling interests had opposed free wheat and placed the reasons before the government and the country.

Speaking generally, said Mr White it was not advisable that a nation's tariff should be so arranged as to fit into the particular features of that of other nations. In addition, Canada was engaged in great railroad enterprices to facilitate marketing her products. Under these circumstances it was felt that so great a change should not be made until the country was more certain as to the outcome of its railway development and the result to Western grain growers of the opening of the competitive routes afforded by the Hudson Bay Railway and Panama Canal.

"It is surely the part of wisdom," said Mr White, "to await the outcome of these developments rather than to take a step now which might involve the risk of grave and irreparable injury to our milling, and by consequence to our live stock industry and to our transportation systems through the diversion of traffic to routes other than Canada. In the meantime, realizing the economic conditions surrounding grain production in the West and the supreme and vital necessity that the net price of his grain to the farmer should be as high as circumstances will permit the government will continue to devote itself to the solution of the question of freight rates, of elevator companies and other agencies whose aggregate of charges take under political considerations such a formidable toll from the price at which the the product of the Western grain fields sells on the world market at Liverpool."

Increase Duties.

The Government had therefore decided to take authority by order-in-council to increase the duty on all mill products up to 120 pounds per lineal yard to the $4.25, $6 and $7.00 rates per ton.

The minister then announced that the Government had acquiesced on representations made by the steel companies that wire rods, which were now on the free list, should receive a moderate amount of protection. There were, he said, large mills at Hamilton and Sydney, which were only in partial operation. The proposal to increase duty on wire rods had been proposed by nail makers, other than these two big companies. On nails the existing duty was 60c. per keg, an average of about 30 per cent. The Government proposed to place a duty on wire rods of $2.25 British preference, and $3.50 intermediate and general, per ton. Mr White assured the house that if the manufacturers to whom this favor was being granted took advantage of the benefit to oppress the consumers the duty would be lowered. There would be, in connection with this change, he said, provision for a drawback of duty on wire of the gauge of of 9, 12 and 13, which are used for farm fences.

The minister announced an increase in the existing drawback on imported pig iron which is used in the manufacture of articles for export. There was a technical provision which would be clarified by a resolution to be presented to the House later. With the drawback as it stands now, manufacturers who manufacture for export have a special inducement to buy pig iron abroad because only one-third of the duty paid on raw material imported was refunded. Under the drawback, when the imported ore has been smelted down with Canadian ore. Under the new regulation a drawback of the entire duty would be provided.

Charcoal.

The minister also announced that charcoal for pig iron production would be put on the free list, the same as coke is at present, but it was further proposed that bituminous coal when imported for the purpose of manufacturing coke for smelting and foundry use, should be allowed a drawback of 99 per cent of the duty.

Mr. White said that under the present tariff wrought or seamless iron or steel tubing over four inches in diameter, was subject to a duty of 10 per cent. British preference, 12 1-2 per cent. intermediate and 15 per cent general. Tubing four inches or less in diameter was subject to rates of 20, 30 and 35 per cent., respectively. He proposed to increase the duty of these latter figures on all tubing up to 10 inches in diameter. The 99 per cent. granted in drawback on imported tubing has been changed to 55 per cent.

The question of duty on agricultural implements, to which great interest is attached, come next. Mr. White said that all governments in Canada had recognized the importance of fixing duties on agricultural implements as reasonable as possible having regard to the fiscal policy. It was important that the implements of the farmers should cost them as little as possible. The average rate of duty to-day on agricultural implements was 17 1-2 and 20 per cent.

Referring to the resolution previously moved by Mr. Knowles of Moosejaw, for free agricultural implements, Mr. White asked what would be the position of the manufacturer of agricultural implements if the duty was entirely abolished. He pointed out that he paid duty on the material which went into his factories at rates ranging from 20 to 30 per cent, Were they prepared to take a further step and abolish the duties upon all products entering into the manufacture of such implements. Only by doing this would they accomplish the end in view for only then could the Canadian manufacturer hold his own with the implement makers of the United States.

Must Have Assistance.

The cost of production in Canada was necessarily higher than in the republic because the total amount of machinery manufactured was a great deal less. The freight rates also were much lower from Chicago to Winnipeg than from Hamilton to Winnipeg. The Canadian manufacturer was at a disadvantage to his American competitor. If they swept away all duties the result would be that they would transfer the implement business of Canada to the United States and depopulate some of the Dominion's most thriving towns, only that the American trust might gain the Canadian market and dictate prices at its own sweet will.

There were 77 establishments in Canada with an invested capital of $45,000,000, employing some 9,560 men and paying out annual salaries of $5,500,000. The value of the finished product was $20,700,000 per year. There were no less than 54 manufacturing plants in Ontario in 43 places and distributed in 35 electoral districts. The adoption of a policy of free agricultural implements as advocated by the Liberals, would undoubtedly destroy the industry. The government had approached the subject in a rational way, had made investigations for over a year into factory cost and output and have examined the balance sheets of manufacturers to see what were their profits.

Mr White then announced that as a result of the inquiry made he had decided that the duties could be changed on only one class of agricultural implements without disturbing the industry. This class included harvesters, reapers, binders and mowers, and were manufactured by four Ontario firms. The Massey-Harris Co., Toronto; the International Harvester Co. of Hamilton; Frost and Wood of Smith's Falls and the Noxon Co., of Ingersoll. There were a couple of points of differentiation whereby the manufacturers of those agricultural implements have an advantage over the makers of other implements.

Highly Developed.

In the first place they are among the most highly developed industries in the world and are not only able to hold their own but in some cases to best their competitors in the markets of the world. In the second place the makers of this line of implements enjoy a drawback on iron and steel used in their production, which is equivalent to about two and a half per cent. on all harvesters and mowers made in Canada. Having regard therefore to the highly developed nature of this industry and that it enjoyed this drawback, the Government after careful consideration had come to the conclusion that the duty on harvesters, reapers, binders and mowers could stand a reduction from the present tariff of 17 1-2 to 12 1-2 per cent. (Conservative cheers).

This reduction, Mr. White pointed out was just double what was proposed in the celebrated reciprocity agreement, and, with the drawback on iron and steel, would practically put this class of implements on a 10 per cent. basis. He added that having regard to the greater output and the lower freight rates enjoyed by American manufacturers the proposed reductions were as much as it was advisable to make if these industries were to be retained in Canada.

COTTAGE BARGAIN

We have for sale on Grand Street, Terrace Hill, a very nice white brick cottage, containing parlor, dining-room, 2 kitchens, 2 bedrooms, pantry, closets, cellar, hard and soft water, etc., with lot 40x160 ft. There are 2 apple, 3 plum, 4 cherry, 1 peach tree, and small fruits. Price only

$1200

Very reasonable terms of payment. No. 5551.

S. G. Read & Son
Limited
129 Colborne Street

THICK, GLOSSY HAIR, FREE FROM DANDRUFF

Girls! Beautify your hair! Make it soft, fluffy and luxuriant.

Try as you will, after an application of Danderine, you cannot find a single trace of dandruff or falling hair and your scalp will not itch, but what will please you most, will be after a few weeks' use when you see new hair, fine and downy at first—yes—but really new hair—growing all over the scalp.

A little Danderine immediately doubles the beauty of your hair. No difference how dull, faded, brittle and scraggy, just moisten a cloth with Danderine and carefully draw it through your hair, taking one small strand at a time. The effect is immediate and amazing—your hair will be light, fluffy and wavy, and have an appearance of abundance; an incomparable lustre, softness and luxuriance, the beauty and shimmer of true hair health.

Get a 25 cent bottle of Knowlton's Danderine from any drug store or toilet counter, and prove that your hair is as pretty and soft as any—that it has been neglected or injured by careless treatment—that's all.

T. H. & B.
Easter Holidays, 1914

SINGLE FARE FOR ROUND TRIP
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Good Going and Returning Friday, April 10, Only.

FARE AND ON-THIRD FOR ROUND TRIP
(Minimum 25 cents)
Good Going April 9, 10, 11, 12. Returning up to and Including April 14, 1914.

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Single Fare	Fare & One-Third
Good going Ap. 10	Good going Apr. 9-10-11-12
Return Lim. Ap.10	Return Lim. Ap.14

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SEMI-BUNGALOW COTTAGE

On Wellington St., semi-bungalow cottage, 10 rooms, 3 verandahs, 4 bedrooms, bathroom, hot-air furnace, gas, city and soft water (cistern), electric light; large lot, 41' 3" x 132'; twelve fruit trees and tool house. Call for further particulars.

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Real Estate, Insurance—Fire, Life, Accident and Plate Glass
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SYNOPSIS OF CANADIAN NORTH-WEST LAND REGULATIONS

ANY PERSON who is the sole head of a family, or any male over 18 years old, may homestead a quarter section of available Dominion land in Manitoba, Saskatchewan or Alberta. The applicant must appear in person at the Dominion Land Agency or Sub-Agency for the District. Entry by proxy may be made at any agency on certain conditions, by father, mother, son, daughter, brother or sister of intending homesteader.

Duties—Six months' residence upon and cultivation of the land in each of three years. A homesteader may live within nine miles of his homestead on a farm of at least 80 acres, solely owned and occupied by him or by his father, mother, son, daughter, brother or sister.

In certain districts a homesteader in good standing may pre-empt a quarter-section along side his homestead. Price $3.00 per acre. Duties—Must reside upon the homestead or pre-emption six months in each of six years from date of homestead entry (including the time required to earn homestead patent), and cultivate 50 acres extra.

A homesteader who has exhausted his homestead right, and cannot obtain a pre-emption, may enter for a purchased homestead in certain districts, price $3.00 per acre. Duties—Must reside six months in each of three years, cultivate 50 acres and erect a house worth $300.00.

W. W. CORY,
Deputy of Minister of the Interior.

N.B.—Unauthorized publication of this advertisement will not be paid for.

Look These Over!

Beautiful two storey brick house, located on Chatham St., 11 rooms, 2 fireplaces, every convenience, all newly decorated throughout, in pink of condition, large lot, fruit. Price reasonable for this up-to-date home.

Red pressed brick cottage, 7 rooms, situated in East Ward, gas, basement with cement floor, city water and cistern, sewer, back verandah, lot 33 x 88½, chicken house. Price $1050.

Frame cottage 28x30, shed 12 x14, and other outbuildings, also 20 windows. Price $135. To be removed off lot.

To Rent—15-room brick house, all conveniences, very central. Possession 1st May.

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Auctioneers and Real Estate Brokers—Issuers of Marriage Licenses.
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Office Phone 961, House 889, 513

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7 South Market St.

$3000, Brant Ave.—New 1¼ storey red brick, all conveniences, 7 rooms.

$5500, Brant Ave.—Fine two storey brick, all conveniences, 5 minutes' walk from this office.

$5500, William St.—New two storey red brick, all conveniences and well built, only 5 minutes' walk from our office.

$1950—New Bungalow, all conveniences, a snap.

$1500—New brick 7-room cottage, $100 cash, balance $12 per month.

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$1650—Red brick cottage on Edward St., 3 living rooms and 3 bedrooms. No. 477 F. E.

$2300—Brick cottage on Terrace Hill St., 3 living-rooms and 3 bedrooms.

White brick cottage, corner of West Mill and Holme Sts., 3 living-rooms, 3 bedrooms, bathroom not furnished. Enquire price.

$4000—8 acres, 3½ miles from city, red brick house, 3 living-rooms, 3 bedrooms, good basement barn. No. 90 F. C.

FOR RENT—Two houses, one on West Mill St. and one on St. Paul's Ave.

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Phones: Office 799, Residence 1229

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Must Be Sold—Parties Leaving City.

$2600—Large 2 storey brick, 3 bedrooms, 3 clothes closets, hall, double parlors, dining-room, kitchen and summer kitchen, bath-room (1-piece), furnace, lot 40x150, lots of fruit, 113 Cayuga St.

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Extra good grocery business for sale in Brantford, doing a large cash trade, situated in good locality. Best of reasons for selling. Stock about $2,000.00. This is an exceptional good chance to purchase a paying business.

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