

Carleton Place Herald

(Established 1850).

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Reading Notices are inserted at 10 cts. per line, first insertion, and if the same matter is continued, at 5 cts. per line each subsequent insertion.

Advertisements without specified instructions will be inserted until ordered and charged accordingly.

The business office of THE HERALD is open every evening from 7 to 9 o'clock, and on Monday and Saturday evenings to 9 o'clock, to oblige town subscribers, advertisers and parties needing printing.

NOTICE.—All copy for changes of advertising matter should be in on Saturday evening, or not later than 9 o'clock on Monday morning. As THE HERALD goes to press on Tuesday morning the necessity for this rule is obvious.

A file of this paper may be seen at McKim's Advertising Agency, Montreal, and at Gibbons' Agency, Toronto.

All money letters should be registered, and all correspondence addressed to

THE HERALD.

Carleton Place, Ont.

THE HERALD.

TUESDAY, JUNE 13TH, 1916

THE tragic death of Lord Kitchener by drowning, from a small boat, has caused a world-wide sensation and universal regret. The great soldier was a most thorough man, however, and left his work so that his successor could still carry it on. And the Empire has still many great men.

THE Russian army is coming back marvelously. Already it has won back thousands of miles of territory in Galicia, taking immense quantities of arms and munitions, and over 114,000 prisoners, besides the casualties on the field. The Czar's forces are fighting on a 700-mile front, and have certainly made a record to be proud of in a few days. If the present successes continue the result will have a most important bearing on the duration of the war.

SUMMARY OF NEWS.

Sir George Foster has been made a Privy Councillor.

Emile Faquet, a noted French writer and Academician, is dead.

Daylight-saving was put into effect at Guelph, Brantford and London.

The total German losses in the North Sea fight were estimated at 6,800.

Li Yuan Hung, China's new President has declared for the people's welfare.

A total of 150,000 Greek troops have been sent home by King Constantine.

Mr. Lloyd George said that the Allies' lesson in Verdun was the might of artillery.

Major Raynal, the defender of Fort Vaux is now a prisoner at Mainz, Germany.

The son of Yuan Shi Kai, President of China, who died Tuesday, committed suicide.

Sir Edmund Walker was elected to the Presidency of the Ontario Historical Society.

General Joffre and other French leaders attended an important conference in London.

The French destroyer Fantassin was sunk in a collision, and a German destroyer by a mine.

Nine men were ordained into the Methodist Church in connection with the Toronto Conference.

When his horses ran away a pile of lumber fell upon Arthur Jessops, Toronto, causing his death.

Travellers reaching Amsterdam say they told in Berlin that the Derflinger sank after the Jutland battle.

Newfoundland took immediate steps to fill up the gaps in their naval reserves caused by the North Sea fight.

An aged couple Mr. and Mrs. Graham Clyde, were found asphyxiated at their home on Silver avenue, Toronto.

The British troops in German East Africa have captured Mombasa and Bismarckburg, on Lake Tanganyika.

Canada's trade for May showed a good increase, the revenue exceeding that for May, 1915, by six million dollars.

The Congressional Union of Canada went on record as favoring universal registration of men of a military age.

The Six Nations chiefs have sent King George a resolution of condolence on the death of his "great and trusted war chief."

Russians torpedo-boat destroyers have sunk thirteen large Turkish ships laden with merchandise, off the Anatolian coast.

Twenty Scottish lasses arrived at Quebec to become brides of young men from the old country in different parts of Canada.

Satisfaction with the Temperance Act was expressed at a meeting of the Council of the Ontario College of Pharmacy.

A Grand Trunk freight train crushed to death the nineteen month old child of Mr. and Mrs. Frank Miles at Britton, near Listowel.

"The Shunk," the third Indian of the gang believed to be responsible for the triple murder at Kenora, Ont., has been captured by the Provincial Police.

Children Cry
FOR FLETCHER'S
CASTORIA

LINE NEVER WAVERED

Canadians Clung Desperately to Ruined Trenches.

Bombardment of Ypres Salient Was Most Violent, Which the Canadian Troops Have Yet Experienced, but Men Remained Firm Under Terrible Shelling—Awards for Gallantry.

OTTAWA, June 12.—The following communique has been received from the Canadian general representative at the front:

Canadian Corps Headquarters in France, via London, June 12.—During the first week of the month heavy fighting occurred on the Canadian front. Early in the morning of June 2nd the enemy opened a tremendous bombardment over the area of our left division.

The weight of fire was greater than any hitherto experienced by the Canadian troops, and in spite of the retaliation of our artillery continued in steadily increasing volume for four hours.

The front and support trenches were severely damaged and in many places obliterated. Entanglements were destroyed. The smoke and fumes of thousands of bursting shells, high explosives, gas and lacrymatory, hung heavily in the air and rendered observation almost impossible.

Major-General M. S. Mercer, C.B., and Brig-General V. A. S. Williams had arranged to inspect certain front works Sunday morning. The generals were caught in the bombardment and unfortunately both are missing. It is reported that when last seen General Mercer had been struck on the head by a flying sandbag and General Williams wounded in the face.

All along the line our troops clung to their shattered trenches with the greatest gallantry. When the bombardment ceased the enemy advanced and everywhere encountered desperate resistance. At various points there was fierce hand-to-hand fighting. Officers and men rivaled each other in heroism.

Our losses were heavy, but the Germans paid a high price for every captured trench.

Local counter-attacks were quickly organized. As a result some of the lost ground was recovered and a new line established.

The following morning an organized counter-attack still further improved our position.

In order to take part in this operation some of our battalions were obliged to move across the open under intense shell fire and through heavy barrages. Nowhere did the line waver. Each battalion advanced and carried through its appointed task with splendid dash and unflinching determination.

Since then sections of our defences have been subjected at intervals to heavy bombardments. At one or two points the enemy has attempted to attack but in each case has been repulsed with loss.

The following awards have been made to officers and men for gallantry on the occasion of a German raid on our trenches during the month of May:

Distinguished Service Order: Lieut.-Colonel W. A. Griedbach, 49th Battalion.

Distinguished Conduct Medal: Color-Sergeant Major C. Miles.

Military Medal: Sergt. J. Wallis, Corporal F. Bennett, Private A. I. McKinnon, Private G. W. Tomkinson.

ACTIVE AROUND YPRES.

Salient Has Again Become Scene of Violent Bombardment.

LONDON, June 12.—According to the British official issued at midnight Sunday, the Ypres salient has once more become the scene of chief activity. For about three hours during Sunday afternoon the enemy shelled the British trenches heavily on a southern portion from Hill 60 to a point 1,500 yards north. The bombardment was preceded by the shelling during the morning of the town of Ypres and the back area.

The only infantry action during the day on this front was an attempt by the enemy to rush one of the blocking posts of the British in Sanctuary wood. It was repulsed.

Sunday night, after a heavy bombardment of the British trenches between Thiepval, Blamont, and Hamel, the enemy in the course of a raid in the Ancre valley was able to cut off a few men who formed part of a wiring party; five are missing.

On the remainder of the front there was nothing except minor trench mortar and artillery actions opposite Fricourt and south of Neuville-St. Vaast.

A Fokker was brought down near Habourdin.

PRELUDE TO OFFENSIVE?

Italy Believes Allies on Western Front Will Now Move.

ROME, June 12.—As a result of the Russian offensive in Galicia, the news of which was hailed with joy, the Austrian pressure is expected to decrease in the Trentino, especially since the members of the Russian delegation here are now convinced that the Russian offensive is a prelude to a general offensive of the Allies along the western front.

Meanwhile the Italian resistance in the Trentino is solid. The occupation of Mount Cengio is a mere local success, and does not open an outlet to invasion, since the immediate positions of the valley of Astico form a barrier which the Austrians are powerless to overcome, especially since it has failed to drive away the Italians dominating the lateral positions.

MOVING ON LEMBERG

Russians Now Hold Great Triangle in Volhynia.

Irresistible Advance of Czar's Armies Has Resulted in the Capture of 108,000 Austrian Prisoners and Hundreds of Cannon Within a Week—Dubno and Dvovno in Russian Hands.

PETROGRAD, June 12.—Unchecked in their mighty rush against the Austrians, the Russians are sweeping forward in Volhynia and Galicia. In the latter sector, after capturing Buczacz, the important railway town on the west bank of the lower Strypa, regarded as the strategic gateway to Bukovina, and smashing the enemy lines along the Strypa and Dniester, General Brusiloff's troops are moving on the Gnita Lipa, 12 miles west of the Zlota Lipa at Potok, and are seriously threatening Lemberg. At several points the Austrians' defence has crumbled completely and their retreat has become almost a rout.

The town and fortress of Dubno, 25 miles from the Galician frontier, fell into the hands of the Russians Sunday. With it the Czar's forces are again in the possession of the Volhynian fortress triangle, consisting of Lutsk, Dubno, and Rovno.

Dubno, which had been in the hands of the Austrians since September 7 last, lies on the Rovno-Brody-Lemberg railway, and is about 82 miles from the Galician capital.

Simultaneously with the drive in Volhynia the ex-erme left wing of the Russian southern army forced the Austro-Hungarians to withdraw their whole line in north-east Bukovina, and advanced to within only 16 miles of its capital, Czernowitz. The Austrian War Office admits the withdrawal of the lines in north-eastern Bukovina.

The Petrograd official stories of the fighting, as contained in the communications of Saturday and Sunday make interesting reading.

"Our offensive in Volhynia, Galicia and Bukovina obtained fresh successes yesterday. The enemy armies continue to suffer enormous losses in prisoners alone," say the War Office reports.

"Troops under General Brusiloff, fighting with enemy rear guards, have crossed the River Strypa above and below Lutsk. The forces which crossed the river are pursuing the enemy, who is endeavoring to hold his position in the rear.

"In Galicia north-east of Tarnopol, in the regions of Gliadki and Tsebroff, heavy fighting is proceeding for the possession of heights which have changed hands several times.

"The piercing of the enemy front in the region of the Strypa has resulted in our occupation of a fortified position on the east bank of the river. At dawn to-day our troops entered Buczacz, and, developing the offensive along the Dniester River, carried the village of Slanka. In the village of Potok Zlota we seized a large artillery park and large quantities of shells.

"The fierce attacks of our troops are throwing into our hands thousands upon thousands of prisoners and booty of all kinds, the exact estimation of which is as yet impossible.

"During Friday's fighting we captured 97 officers, 5,500 men, and 11 guns, making the total up to the present, 1,240 officers, about 71,000 men, 94 guns, 157 machine guns, 53 bomb mortars, and a large quantity of other war material.

"During Saturday's fighting we took as prisoners one general, 409 officers, and 35,100 soldiers. We also captured 30 guns, 13 machine guns, and five bomb throwers. This makes the total trophies in the recent operations one general, 1,649 officers, and more than 106,000 soldiers, and 124 guns, 189 machine guns, and 58 bomb throwers.

"In a single sector of the enemy front we captured 21 searchlights, two convoys, 29 field kitchens, 47 trains of machine guns, 12,000 pounds of barbed wire (a pound is equivalent to 36 pounds), 10,000 concrete plants, 7,000,000 cubes of concrete, 10,000 pounds of coal, enormous depots of ammunition, and quantities of arms and other material.

"In another sector we captured 30,000 rifle cartridges, 300 boxes of machine gun cartridges, 200 boxes of hand grenades, 1,000 useable rifles, 4 machine guns, 2 range finders, and a Norton portable pump for the extraction of drinking water.

"The capture of such enormous war materials prepared by the enemy for various operations affords proof of how opportune was our coup against the enemy.

"Among the various episodes may be noted the plucky struggle of our young formations near Roltche, on the Strypa near Lutsk. Here the Germans attempted to render assistance to the Austrians, but by our infantry attack, delivered under cover of heavy artillery, they were dislodged from the town, losing over 2,000 prisoners, two guns, and some machine guns. Our troops pursued the retreating Germans.

"Our forces operating in the region of Dubno (one of the fortresses comprising the Volhynian triangle) captured the town and fort and are on the enemy's heels. Some Russian detachments crossing the Ikwa River have developed the offensive. A part of the Russians occupied the region of the village of Damidovka, on the Mylnoff-Beresetchno road, forcing the enemy at his Mylnoff point of support to surrender. Besides dislodging the enemy from his principal position north of Bouchatche we made many prisoners there, including the staff of an Austrian battalion, and also took a great quantity of arms."

HUGHES IS CHOSEN.

He is Nominated by Old Line Republicans for Presidency.

CHICAGO, June 12.—For President: Charles Evans Hughes, of New York.

Vice-President: Charles Warren Fairbanks, of Indiana.

With this ticket nominated Saturday afternoon, after the collapse of peace negotiations with the Progressive party, the Republicans entered the campaign of 1916.

Judge Hughes was named on the third ballot, the first and only one taken on Saturday, receiving 949 1/2 votes; Colonel Roosevelt received 18 1/2; Lodge, 7; Dupont, 5; Weeks, 2, and La Follette, 2.

For Vice-President, Fairbanks was chosen on the first ballot for Vice-President, receiving 863 votes. Former Senator Burkett of Nebraska received 108; Senator Borah of Idaho 7, Governor Johnson of California 2, and Wm. Grant Webster 2.

The appearance of harmony and unity within the party was presented when, just before the convention adjourned at 2 p.m., the nominations were made unanimous. It was acclamation without heartiness, without zest, without enthusiasm.

SUCCESSES FOR BRITISH.

Two Forces Have Won Victories in German East Africa.

LONDON, June 12.—British troops invading German East Africa from the north have captured Mombasa, a town on the railroad in the Usambara district of German East Africa, while another British force operating from Rhodesia has occupied the town of Bismarckburg, on the south-eastern shore of Lake Tanganyika. The text of the British official statement announcing these successes says:

"East Africa.—The Pangani River has been bridged at Mikotabeni. Further progress has been made in the Usambara district. Mombasa has been reached and the Mombasa station has been captured. Myalano has been occupied. Major-General van Deventer is engaging the Germans east of Kondoa Irangi.

"On the Nyasaland border we captured a field gun and booty in the Poroto mountains and occupied Bismarckburg."

Native wine manufacturers are asking the right to establish agencies in the cities of the Province.

State of Ohio, City of Toledo, Lucas County, ss.

Frank J. Cheney makes oath that he is senior partner of the firm of F. J. Cheney & Co., doing business in the City of Toledo, County and State aforesaid, and that said firm will pay the sum of ONE HUNDRED DOLLARS for each and every case of Catarrh that cannot be cured by the use of HALL'S CATARRH CURE.

SWORN to before me and subscribed in my presence, this 6th day of December, A. D. 1908.

A. W. GLEASON, Notary Public.

Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally and acts through the blood on the mucous surfaces of the System. Sent for testimonials, free.

F. J. HALL, NEW YORK, N. Y., Toledo, O.

Sold by all Druggists, 75c.

Hall's Family Pills for constipation.

BIRTHS.

ROBERTSON.—At Carleton Place, June 7th, 1916, to Mr. and Mrs. Frank Robertson, a son.

SILVERSON.—In Carleton Place, June 11th, to Mr. and Mrs. Thos. Silverson, a son.

DEATHS.

LUCKY.—In Carleton Place, June 9th, Charlotte Bennett, beloved wife of John F. Lacie, aged 48 years.

MCCRELY.—In Beckwith, June 10th, Catherine Robertson, beloved wife of Mr. Haney McCrely, aged 52 years.

DEWAR.—In Beckwith, June 11th, Archibald Dewar, Esq., Reeve of the Township, aged 82 years.

MCARTHUR.—In Beckwith, June 11th, Mr. John McArthur, aged 67 years.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

NOTICE TO BUILDERS

TENDERS will be received by the undersigned for the erection of sheds for St. James' Church.

Plans and specifications may be seen at Mr. W. A. Nichols' office or at Mr. E. A. Leech's.

Tenders to be in not later than Saturday, June 18th.

The lowest or any tender not necessarily accepted.

WM. A. NICHOLS, Chairman Building Committee.

QUEEN'S UNIVERSITY
KINGSTON ONTARIO

ARTS EDUCATION
APPLIED SCIENCE

Isolating Mining, Chemical, Civil, Mechanical and Electrical Engineering.

MEDICINE
During the War there will be continuous sessions in Medicine.

HOME STUDY
The Arts Course may be taken by correspondence, but students desiring to graduate must attend one session.

SUMMER SCHOOL—JULY AND AUGUST
REGISTRATION

J. A. DACK.

Watchmaker and Jeweller.
Carleton Place.

This week we specialize on
RINGS

anything from a plain Gold Band to the choicest Diamond. See our display.

Prices to suit every pocket-book.

Having taken a special course in Optics, I am also prepared to test your eyes and fit you with glasses to suit your vision. No charge for examination.

Our Stock of Clothing



—FOR—
**MEN
AND
BOYS**

Will appeal to those who look to economy as well as Style and Quality.

Suits for Men, from 34 to 44, a good range of Patterns to choose from. Old Prices still on nearly all of these.

Suits for Boys, from 5 to 16 years. Norfolk and Double-breasted Styles. The patterns show plenty of variety. Medium priced.

Boys' Wash Suits, 2 1/2 to 7 years

Everything in Furnishings, Hats, Shirts, Collars, Ties, Gloves, Underwear (combination or two-piece), Hose, Handkerchiefs, Braces, Garters, etc.

It is always a pleasure to serve!

BAIRD & RIDDELL

SEED CORN

Longfellow, Comptons,
Wisconsin No. 7,

Leaming, Bailey,
Red Cob, North Dakota,

Mammoth Southern Sweet
Finest Corn I ever handled.

W. J. MUIRHEAD,
ARDWARE.

The Montreal Bargain Store

Wishes to state that on the following FRIDAY and SATURDAY that we will have a large stock of DRY GOODS containing Ladies' and Gentlemen's Wear.

We will have a large stock of Dress Goods, also a large stock of Ladies' Whitewear.

Men's Goods contain a complete line of Gents' Furnishings, Hats, Caps, Suits, Raincoats and Fine Shirts.

Our RAINCOAT PRICES range from \$4.00 to \$10.

We want to sell a large quantity of our Bankrupt Stock, therefore we will be selling at Cost, so if you call and look over the goods you will be quite satisfied.

REMEMBER THE DATE AND PLACE

16th and 17th

TEACHER WANTED

WANTED.—Qualified Teacher for S.S. No. 8. Salary to commence Sept. 1st. Applications, stating qualifications and salary to be addressed to

W. J. MCNEELY,
Sec. S.S. No. 8,
R.R. No. 5, Carleton Place.

NOTICE TO TRESPASSERS.

THE UNDERSIGNED gives notice that any persons on his property will be prosecuted to the fullest extent of the law. Notice is also given that the parties who removed certain property from his premises are hereby notified to return same under penalty of prosecution, their names being known.

HERBERT MORPHY,
Ramsay Township.
By J. S. L. McNeely, his solicitor.