

THE ALBERT STAR.

Vol. II.

HILLSBOROUGH, N. B., WEDNESDAY, NOV. 7, 1894.

No. 26

New Season's Teas.

Our first direct importation of 640 packages of Tea from China, has been partially distributed, and our customers inform us gives splendid satisfaction.

WHOLESALE ONLY. F. P. REID & CO., MONCTON, N. B.



James Crawford, 297 Main St., Moncton, N. B.

Dealer in Sewing Machines, Organs and Pianos, etc. Sole agent for the New Home Sewing Machine.

PROFESSIONAL. C. A. PECK, Q. C., Barrister & Attorney-at-Law.

W. Alder Trueman, Barrister, Solicitor, Notary, Judge of Probate and Receiver in Equity for Albert County.

C. A. STEEVES, Barrister, etc., MONCTON, N. B.

Jos. Howe Dickson, Barrister and Notary Public. Hopewell Cape, A. Co.

A. W. Bray, Barrister, Solicitor, Notary Public, MONCTON, N. B.

F. A. McCULLY, LL. B., MONCTON, N. B. Money to Loan on Real Estate.

GRANT & SWEENEY, Barristers, Solicitors, Notaries, Etc.

CHANDLER & ROBINSON, Barristers, Attorneys, Etc., MONCTON, N. B.

O. J. McCULLY, M. A., M. D. Member of the Royal College of Surgeons, England.

E. C. RANDALL, M. D. Physician and Surgeon, Hillsboro', N. B.

DR. S. C. MURRAY, Physician and Surgeon, ALBERT, N. B.

Dr. C. W. Bradley, DENTIST, Corner Main and Pottery sts., Moncton.

Drs. Somers & Doherty, DENTISTS

Graduates of New York College of Dentistry and University of Pennsylvania.

Stone Block, Opposite Public Market, MONCTON, N. B.

Regular Dental Visits will be made to Albert County on dates given below.

MASTERS & SNOW, Representing the best English, Canadian and American Insurance Companies.

Union Blend Tea

is the best in the market, nearly all the store-keepers in Albert County sell it. Try it, we warrant the quality. Geo. S. DeForest & Sons, sole distributors, St. John, N. B.

THE ALBERT STAR. WEDNESDAY, NOV. 7.

Autumn.

Grey autumn! Tell us why the glorious gold of falling leaves, of fern, and ruddy hues of brambles glancing in the morning dew.

Why should our souls, with nature's instincts rife, Turn with a sigh? In dying, if it be like, Then should they moaning winds, and shadows give The prelude to the death that gives us life.

We see thee fading for the winter sleep; That cold white sleep that wraps thee in its breath, And, though we stung of all we gain by death, We listen to the falling leaves—and weep.

Rice Planting in Japan.

The people were busy putting out their young rice plants, and the fields were full of men and women working their "kasa" and straw coats, oiled paper, mud mats or other contrivances to keep off the rain, and working in mud and water half way up to their knees.

ALMA, A. Co. N. B., First Class First Terms. John Fletcher, Proprietor.

QUEEN HOTEL, 109 to 113 Princess street, ST. JOHN, N. B. Terms, \$1.50 Per Day.

F. E. LAW, MANAGER. HOTEL BRUNSWICK, Moncton, N. B. The Largest and Best Hotel in the City.

Accommodating 200 guests, situated in the centre of spacious grounds and surrounded by elegant shrubbery, it is especially desirable for Tourists in the summer season.

HOTEL LE BLANC, Opposite Post Office, T. B. LEBLANC, Proprietor. GOOD SAMPLE ROOMS. TERMS REASONABLE. MONCTON, N. B.

RUSSELL HOUSE, Cor. Main and Lutz street, MONCTON, N. B. The above house has been fitted up for the accommodation of the Public.

J. L. BRAY, Proprietor. Boarding House, 166 Main Street, Moncton, N. B. Permanent and transient boarders accommodated at moderate rates.

Queen Hotel, MONCTON, N. B. P. A. Hebert, Manager.

VENDOME HOTEL, Corner of Forestry and Main Streets, SHAWMONTON, N. B. Old Established Hotel, well known to the travelling public. Barber Shop and Livery stable at moderate rates.

LeBlanc & Co. GLOBE HOTEL, Albert, A. Co. N. B. WARREN W. JONES, Proprietor.

BARBER SHOP!! Hair Cutting, Shampooing, Shaving, done in first-class style. Razors Handed and Sharpened.

T. H. Mulligan, PRACTICAL BARBER. ANY ONE WISHING To Purchase Haying Machinery, MacLaurin Carriages or Farming Utensils

ERNEST MOLLINS, Local Agent for VANMETER, BUTCHER & CO.

The Japanese as Electricians.

Not the least of the advantages enjoyed by the Japanese in their war with China is the fact that they are thoroughly informed as to the use of modern electrical apparatus, have employed it freely, and do not depend upon foreigners to handle it for them.

One of their first actions was to take hold of the telegraph lines and stations in Southern Korea and to turn them over to their own corps for operation for immediate service.

In China the telegraph lines have been cut by the people, on the allegation that they caused drought, and are but now being painfully rebuilt.

In Japan, on the contrary, from a humble beginning with about forty miles of line in 1870, the Government has developed a land system of 29,000 miles, and has established several cable links between the islands.

During the Satsuma rebellion of 1876, the service proved of great value. The military field telegraphs of the Japanese army are modeled on European systems. The Japs also make free use of the telephone, which caught their fancy from its earliest days, and they have always shown a marked partiality for the electric light.

There are several central stations and isolated plants in the country, and the operation is skillfully carried on by highly trained men, many of whom gathered their experience in America. The Japanese electrical society is hundreds strong, and its principal proceedings are held in a hall, where they conduct to be of a high standard. It is worthy of note, too, that the Japanese were quicker than ourselves to apply electricity to the operation of canals, by using motors to raise and lower the boats from one level to another.

Star Beams. The German colony in London numbers 100,000. Sometimes love goes to a fellow's head as well as his heart.

In the course of a year a single crow destroys 700,000 insects. There is an average of forty-seven inhabitants to each house in Vienna.

To Angeline—No, the subject of a joint debate need not necessarily come from a butcher shop. Scalping was practiced by the ancient Scythians and is not original with the American Indian.

Fig—Tell me, is there anything crooked about Gay? Fogg—I don't know, unless it is a corker. It is found that some of the mummies taken from Egyptian tombs are wrapped in a thousand yards of bandages.

The famous Massachusetts lake, Quinsigamond, means, in Indian etymology, "good fishing place for pickerel."

The conductor is the largest of all birds. Some that have been shot in the Andes had wings measuring twenty feet from tip to tip.

Sporting men in Michigan are experimenting by sowing wild rice seeds in marsh land to attract ducks, if the crop grows.

"Did he fall on his knees when he proposed to you?" "No. That happened when he reached the sidewalk. I think papa had something to do with it."

NO THIEF DARE TOUCH IT. Diamond Ring on a Public Staturo in a Madrid Park

A ring, studded with diamonds and pearls, hung suspended to a silken cord around the neck of a statue in one of the most frequented parks of Madrid. It is safer there than in one of the strongest rooms of the Bank of England, says the London Answer.

Thousands of people pass it every day and admire its beauty, but the greatest thief in Spain hesitates even to touch it. It is believed to deal out death to whom it belongs. The ring was especially made for the late Alfonso XII, who gave it to his cousin Mercedes on the day of their betrothal.

Upon her death it passed into the possession of the king's grandmother, Queen Christina. Three months afterward she died. The king passed on the deadly band of gold to his sister, who died a month later she received it. The king then placed the jewel in his own casket of precious jewels, and lived less than a year after he had done so.

A Wasted Warning. Long—"There's a dangerous counterfeit twenty-dollar bill out; you want to be careful!" Short—"That's all right. A twenty-dollar bill always comes to me in installments."

THE QUEEN OF COREA. How She Looks, What She Wears, and Some of Her Fads.

The Queen of Corea is now forty-four years of age, being just one year older than her husband. She is of medium height, and her form is slender and straight. Her manner is pleasing, and she is always described as "every inch a Queen."

She is by no means bad looking. Her face is long, and every line of her features beams with intelligence and vivacity. She has a high forehead, a long, slender, aristocratic nose, and her mouth and chin indicate determination and character.

Her cheek bones are high, her ears are small, and her complexion is the color of rich Jersey cream. Her eyebrows are after the approved style of Korean beauty, the hair having been pulled out so that they form an arched thread of black over her eyes.

These are almond in shape, and they fairly snap with life. They are keen, business-like eyes, and they see everything being intellectual rather than soulful. The Queen's hair is jet black. It is parted in the middle, is combed perfectly smooth away from the forehead and brought down over the ears, and rolled in a low coil which rests on the nape of the neck. Here it is fastened with hairpins of gold or silver, each a foot long and as big around as your finger.

The Queen has a good mouth, full of well-formed, large, teeth; and when she laughs, which is quite often, she shows the upper ones. She dresses in a conventional Korean style. Korean ladies wear a short jacket which covers the shoulders and extends about four inches below the armpits, the front just covering the breasts, which are also bound in by the wide bands of the skirts. These skirts rest from the top of the breast to the floor, and the Queen's are so full and so long that she has to hold them with her hands when she walks. They are of different colors, are laid in plaids, and the band at the top is about eight inches wide.

Her hands, which are long, thin and shapely, never sparkle with diamonds; her only rings are heavy gold bands, and she always wears these in pairs, one on each hand. She wears much neither bracelets nor necklaces, and her clothing is more like that of a retiring woman of the west than that of the Queen on the most gorgeous Oriental court of the world.

Her feet are clad in Korean shoes of the softest skins, finely embroidered, and more like slippers than shoes. She carries a diamond-studded American watch, and as is the custom among the Korean women, she is by no means averse to a smoke. She does not, however, affect the long-stemmed Korean pipe with its bowl of silver or brass, but prefers a cigarette, and it was told at Seoul that she orders her cigarette from the United States and smokes them quite freely.

Mamma Eaters. In some of the Eastern countries, notably Arabia and Persia, a mamma answering closely to that mentioned in the Scriptures is still naturally produced in considerable quantity. It comes from the tender branches of the tamarisk and is known to the Persians by the name of "tamarisk honey." It consists of a tenacious, sticky substance, pleasant to the taste, and highly nutritive.

Some students of the Bible have supposed the mamma there mentioned to have been a fungous growth; but while the explanation would be a natural one, the modification which it would require is an unnecessary one. There are numerous interesting things, nevertheless, about the various kinds of fungi, which modern experimentation has decided to be edible and not only that, but highly palatable and nutritive. What country boy of an imaginative nature but has trickled in mimic warfare with imaginary foes, getting the smoke for his artillery and infantry from the numerous "puff balls" which a convenient pasture afforded, while his own lung power furnishes the "crash and roar and cheer" for the inspiring contest? Yet science has demonstrated that these very puff balls were once good to eat—in fact, capable of furnishing the most dainty refreshment.

Scissors at \$1,000. The German Emperor has lately received a beautiful present from one of the most successful ironmasters in the fatherland, consisting of a pair of scissors of the finest steel and nickel, beautifully polished and engraved with views of historical buildings and the portrait of the Kaiser.

The scissors, which took five years to make, are valued at \$875. A similar pair is to be seen in the Hohenzoeln museum at Berlin, which belonged to the late Empress Augusta, and which were valued at \$1,000.

UNWELCOME GUEST. The King of Abyssinia and His Visit to Europe.

Europe's courts, both imperial and royal, are at the present moment in a great state of perturbation owing to the impending visit of a self-invited guest, whose company they could well dispense with, but whom they cannot refuse to receive by reason of the political and commercial interests involved. Not that their guest was of low rank or of lowly descent. For, like the Shah of Persia, he bears the title of King of Kings, while he traces his descent in a direct line to the Queen of Sheba and King Solomon.

He bears the name of Menelik, and is the Emperor of Abyssinia. Physically he does not show traces of the comeliness we are wont to associate with our ideas of the appearance of "Agal's" great King and his equally illustrious son. He is almost coal black, short and exceedingly dumpy. He is gentle and amiable to those who have his friendship but he has been guilty of acts of gross cruelty.

The chamberlains and dignitaries of the European courts are already speculating as to what form the customary gifts, which he is expected to make, will take. Inasmuch as he is so much averse to tobacco that he is in the habit of cutting off the noses of those of his subjects whom he catches indulging in snuff and sipping off the lips of those whom he finds smoking, it is obvious that he will present to the European court officials neither jeweled cigar cases nor embellished snuff boxes, and can hardly picture an African monarch whose notions of civilization are of the most elementary offering diamond and sapphire scarves to those who have found grace in his sight.

These European diplomats and envoys who have ventured to take a trip to his court and to his capital have received as the greatest token of honor at his hands a lion skin. Will he, therefore, bring with him a cargo of lion skins for distribution? That is the question which is now agitating the minds of these august creatures—yeck masters of ceremony, chamberlains, eunuchs and gentlemen in waiting, lion skins being much less easily convertible into cash than jeweled snuff boxes and cigar cases.

Another reason why his visit is looked forward to with mingling is that his personal habits are on a par with those of the Shah of Persia. When the latter stayed last at Buckingham Palace in London it cost some \$100,000 to clean the place after his departure, it being found necessary to not only replaster the walls, but even to take up the floors of the room occupied by himself and his suite.

His manner toward the Princess of Wales and the other royal ladies in London were quite as offensive and disgusting as those which he rendered himself guilty of at the courts of Berlin, Vienna and St. Petersburg.

At Berlin old Emperor William was so horrified by his behavior that he entertained illness and left him to be controlled by the old Empress. Her highly-advanced ultra-conservative notions of the proper conduct of a monarch rudely shattered when the King of Kings, finding the viands at the State banquet given in his honor not to his taste, deliberately removed them from his month and deposited them in her lap, making a ghastly mess on the lovely pink moire-antique robe which she had donned for the occasion.

Monocles Common in Europe. In every capital of Europe the monocle is common enough. It attracts no attention on the street. In a row of men at the theatre a considerable proportion are to be seen with it. Perhaps half the officers in the German army wear monocles. They are to be seen in abundance at any meeting of the French Academy. Even Socialist Deputies in France are not ashamed to go among their constituents wearing them. A session of the English House of Commons glitters with solitary eyeglasses. The single eyeglass is said to have originated among the officers of the British army.

About the beginning of the century an order was issued that army officers should not wear eyeglasses or spectacles. It was supposed that they gave the wearers an unsoldierly appearance. The order caused severe inconvenience to many short-sighted officers and one of them, belonging to a crack regiment, invented the single eyeglass. He claimed that being an eyeglass, its use was no contravention of the order which prohibited spectacles and eyeglasses. It soon became very popular in the army, and was afterwards adopted. On account probably of this origin the single eyeglass is very generally worn in Europe by army officers. It is by some thought to give an aspect of determination and ferocity to the wearer, whereas eyeglasses lend an air of feebleness.

One of California's Sivan Giants. "Goliah," one of the largest of the famous "Big Trees" of California, measures 23 feet in diameter at the ground, and 204 feet eight feet higher up. "Goliah" is perfectly healthy and solid throughout. It has been estimated that this forest giant, deposed of his branches, would weigh 100,000 tons, and that it would "saw" 2,000,000 feet of clear lumber. The branches and top would make not less than 100 cords of wood. Heuler estimates the weight of the leaves alone at two and one-half tons.

Molasses and Sugar.

Landing Ex S. S. Duart Castle—100 Puns. Choice Bar Indoes Molasses. In Store—150 Bbls. Yellow C Sugar, 100 Bbls. Granulated Sugar. Write or Wire us for quotations.

Dunlap & Company, MONCTON, N. B.

Wooland Tweeds, etc.

The Subscriber wishes to exchange a fine selection of Yarmouth & Moncton Tweeds, Flannels Yarns for wool.

JOHN L. PECK.

The Fall Opening of Millinery, etc., AT

Mrs. A. E. Keith's store is announced. A variety of Felt Walking Hats, Sailor Hats, Turbans, and a variety of other Shapes, Feathers, Jet Ornaments, etc. will be sold at prices to suit the times.

JOHN C. LAUDER, Manufacturer of Carriages, Buggies, Sleighs, Pungs, Carts, etc.

Painting and Repairing Promptly Attended to. UNDERTAKING and all its branches a specialty.

M. McLEOD, CUSTOM TAILOR. Dealer in Foreign & Domestic Tweeds, Diagonals, Worsted, Meltons, Overcoats, etc. Perfect Fit Guaranteed. - A Call Solicited. Main Street, Moncton, N. B.

OUR 14th CARLOAD OF CARRIAGES. This season is here, and as we must make room for Sleighs now being manufactured, cash customers for TEN DAYS will find it to their advantage to call on us. ROAD CARTS, good supply of all kinds on hand. ENGLISH and FRED CUTTERS, HAND POWER and LEVEL CUTTERS. FLOWS, PUNCH, JUDY, HERO, VILAS, and a full line of repairs for all kinds. FANNING MILLS made by Gould, Shapley & Mott Co., Ltd.

Van Meter, Butcher & Co., MONCTON, - N. B.

DRY GOODS and CLOTHING. I Invite Inspection of my well Selected Stock of Dry Goods and Clothing. Tailoring Done by Experienced - - Workmen In First-Class Style.

W. H. DUFFY. Tinware! Granite-Ware!

We have a full line of TINWARE AND GRANITWARE. Now in stock, which we are selling at low figures. Give us a Call.

JORDAN STEEVES. 55cts. Trimmed Felt Walking Hats 55cts.

Our Trimmed Felt Walking or Tourist Hats for Ladies at 55 cents each, has created a great excitement. Sent by mail to any address on receipt of price 55 cents. Plain Quills all colors, 2 cents each; Jetted Quills, 5 cents each.

Henry G. Marr, 168 Main Street, Moncton.