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er date I intend to apply Chief Commissioner of ks for permission to pur unreserved, unsurveyed ed near Francois Lake, les soum of Francois Lake, 80 chains, thence west 80 south 80 chains, thence east J. R. MORRISON.

after date I intend to apply the Chief Commissioner of orks for permission to pur res unreserved, unsurveyed ituated near Francois Lake t, B. C., commencing at a st end of small lake, thence lins, thence west 80 chains, 80 chains, thence east 80 the of commencement. t of commencement.

D. STEVENS.
C., August 1st, 1905.

after date I intend to apply Chief Commissioner of rks for permission to pu s unreserved, unsurveyed ted in Coast District, B.C., at a stake about six mile ncois Lake, thence north 8 west 80 chains, thence south ce east 80 chains to point of

J. L. BUCK.

after date I intend to apply L. Chief Commissioner of at a stake about six miles ncois Lake, thence south 80 west 80 chains, thence north nce east 80 chains to point of J. M. M'CAW.

eby given that, within 30 to apply to the Chief Com-nds and Works to cut and ber from the following de-Coast District, Range 1, hympencing at a post situation. nencing at a post situatie of Maple Bay, Gilford marked H. P. S. W. C., th 80 chains, thence east south 80 chains, thence e to place of commence of Limit No. 1, in . S. W. C., thence s, thence east 80 30 chains, thence east 80 south 80 chains, thence of Limit No. 1 to place of HARRY PERRY.

cola Chief, Red Deer and claims, situated in the ing Division of the Bella Located on the left bank River, about 12 miles from the Bella Coola River, that we, O. Kellog, free te No. B89753; T. Olson, ficate No. B89753; T. Olson, ficate No. B89753; T. Olson, sixty days from the date to the Mining Recorder for improvements for the purg Crown grant of the above ola Chief. Red Deer and

ertificate of improvements. Oth day of August, 1905.

PHE YEAR, STRICTLY IN ADVANCE. TO LAY ADDRESS IN CANADA. UNITED STATES, OR GREAT BRITAIN.



VOL. 3.

VICTORIA, B. C., TUESDAY, SEPTEMBER 26, 1905

NO. 35

FINANCES OF

EXPENDITURE ON

CAPITAL ACCOUNT

Large Amounts Have Been Donated to Permanent Improvements Without Burdening the People.

Special Correspondence of the Times.)

Ottawa, Sept. 15 .- In dealing with the expenditure of Canada it is necessary that it should be remembered that the public accounts are divided into two classes of expenditure, that on capital and that on consolidated revenue account. This distinction between capital expenditure and ordinary income, or consolidated account, has always been observed, and for good reasons, as is shown by Hon. W. S. Fielding in his budget speech on July 6th last. He then said: "In a country like Canada, with great works to provide for, it would not be reasonable to suppose that every year we could provide out of our ordinary revenue enough money to meet all the demands upon the federal treasury. In the life of the nation, as in the life of the individual, there are times when it is necessary to provide for something which cannot be provided for within the ordinary current expenditure. The man who rents a house pays his rental from year to year. He way. But, if he buys the house he does not have to provide in the same way; it | miral Kamimura willingly agreed. is a special disbursement; and he opens a capital account. That homely illustration of what a man will do in his private affairs explains exactly what the nation

has to do in Its Greater Affairs. There are great public works the con struction of canals, the subsidizing of railways, the erection of public buildings in the federal capital (for we do not charge outside buildings to capital account) and all these classes of large expenditures of special character, most of hem for works of a permanent nature, are and always have been, charged to opinion I have often previously expressed—and I am supported by every min-ister of finance of Canada who has held the office-that it is right and proper to make a distinction between ordinary and capital expenditure, or special exp tures which should be charged to an account other than that of ordinary ex enditure. So, on the general principle f the distinction between in capital expenditure, there is no difference between hon. gentlemen opposite and

same principle that I adopted in this The amounts chargeable to capital account are, therefore, amounts expended on permanent improvements on the pro-perty of the Dominion. They are invest-

myself. My predecessors adopted the

General Benefit of Canada, which will increase the prosperity and de velopment of the country, and for which it would be eminently unfair to expect the present generation of taxpayers shoulder the whole burden of payment whilst it is palpably fair and equitable that those who, coming after, will enjoy the greater advantage derived from their construction shall also assist in defraving

Turning to the financial statements of the Year Book, one finds that in the sixteen years, 1881-96, the expenditure on these works amounted to \$\phi\$116,107,116, whilst in the eight years, 1797-1904, the expenditure was \$54.034.014. This shows that the expenditure under the old and the new regime has been much the same, dollars less than half the amount expended in the longer period, and that expended in the shorter. In a country of imours, it must be expected that, as the pled districts, there will be need of much money in the necessary means of transportation to enable the new comers to send their produce to the markets of the world. This of itself will necessitate the expenditure of large sums on account of capital, but at the same time

Assets of the Dominion

are increasing in greater proportion than expenditure. A considerable portion of the \$54,000,000 outlay since 1896 is due, however, to the fact that the late-government had engaged in many expensive public works, which they left to be completed by their successors. There vere heavy railway subsidies to be paid, large sums to be expended to complete he canals, and a variety of public works to be completed, which threatened a great increase to the national debt.

From 1881 to 1896 the debt had incresed over \$108,000,000, whilst the had increased little over \$2,000,000. In 1904 the debt showed a decrease from that of 1897, whilst the assets had in-

creased over \$23,000,000. This leads to the true point of consideration. The expenditure from 1881 to

try could not afford the outlay. The revenue was going behind the expendi-ture all the time, and almost every dollar spent on public works was being added to the debt. Since 1897, however, the public works have not only been undertaken, but, although a portion of the cost might have justly been left to future generations to pay, the whole of them

Have Been Paid For out of the magnificent revenue which has followed the gerat expansion of Canada

ander the new regime. The conclusions to be deducted from he consideration of the expenditure under the present regime are: That liberal expenditure has resulted in increased revenue, in many cases altogether out of proportion to the comparatively small amount of the extra outlay; that it has been made without increasing the burden. of the national debt; that it has in creased the assets of the nation by nearly 50 per cent., and has afforded imved accommodation to the people of THE NAVAL ARMISTICE.

Zones in Which Ships of Two Nations May Circulate Have Been Defined.

Vladivostock, Sept. 20.-The Russian nd Japanese squadrons commanded by Rear-Admiral Jessen and Vice-Admiral Kamimura met in Koruileff Bay September 16th, and the admirals arranged the terms of the naval armistice. The conerence, which lasted five hours, determined on the zones in which ships of the two nations are free to circulate and egulated the question of contraband.

Report Confirmed. Tokio, Sept. 21 .- 6 p.m .- The navy department to-day confirmed the Vladivos-tock report announcing the conclusion of a naval armistice between Rear-Admiral Jessen, representing Russia, and Ad-miral Kamimura, in behalf of Japan. The narrowest portion of the Gulf of pays his rental from year to year. He knows that he must provide for it in that Jessen requested permission to send provisions to Kamtchatka, to which Ad-

STRICT MEDICAL CARE

Will Return Home—Cne Town Where Peace is Welcomed.

Tokio, Sept. 22.-Capt. W. B. Boismann, a prisoner of war and former ommander of the Russian battleship system. Peresviet, has died at Mathuyama. Rear-Admiral Nebogatoff and a numper of other Russian naval officers have return home.

Rear-Admiral Rojestvensky has alost recovered from his wound, but he inifusi

The minister of war has instructed the emoval of certain restrictions place pon the Russian officers who are held as prisoners of war.

Rejoicing at Kotaka. Tokio, Sept. 22.-A solitary instance f public rejoicing at the conclusion of peace with Russia will take place at a neeting to be held to-day at Kotaka, own in the remote northeast corner of the main island of Nippon. Several in dustrial associations will be represented on the occasion. Messages of congratuation will be forwarded by those pres ent at the meeting to the Emperor of Iapan, to Field Marshal Oyama, Vice-Admiral Togo and to President Roose

velt. Treaty Reaches Capital. St. Petersburg, Sept. 21.-M. Plancon secretary of the Russian peace commission, reached here to-day, bearing the treaty signed by the plenipotentiaries, which was turned over to the custody of

he foreign office.

News of the arrival of the documen was communicated to His Majesty by telegraph. The foreign office will now prepare a copy of the treaty for the Em peror's signature. He will not sign copy signed by the plenipotentiaries. The Emperor's copy will be especially engrossed on parchment and will commence with the Emperor's name and titles all in Russian, and then the pre-amble, also in Russian, reciting in part the act of ratification. Then will follow all the articles of the treaty in French, and at the end will be another paragraph in Russian completing the act ratification, after which will follow the Emperor's signautre which will be counersigned by Foreign Minister Lamsdorff. To this document will be affixed the seal of state on wax, the wax being enclosed in an especially made silver case to in-sure its protection and preservation. The leaves of the treaty will be bound by

special silken cords. The German Empress is an early rises and sits down to breakfast with the Em peror, winter and summer, punctually at 8

AMERICANS BECOMING MORE VENTURESOME

Town in Alberta Scene of Destructive Fire-Improving C P. R. Telegraph Service.

St. Thomas, Sept. 21.-The Dominion fishery cruiser Vigilant has arrived at Port Stanley for coal. Fifteen American tugs operating with fish nets in Canadian waters were seen by the Vigilant on Tuesday, but owing to lack of coal the vessel could not give chase. The Vigilant cannot be everywhere at once. Heavy Loss.

Calgary, Alta., Sept. 21.-The town of Cayley, on the Calgary & McLeod branch of the C.P.R., was visited by a disastrous fire Tuesday. Henry's general store and half the dwelling houses of the town were burned. The fire started in the store building and spread quickly. All the buildings in the vicinity are a total loss. Henry's loss is partly covered by insurance, but there was very little insurance on the other buildings. The telegraph office was burned, hence full details are lacking.

C.P.R. Telegraphs. Winnipeg, Sept. 21.-B. S. Jenkins, general superintendent of C. P. telegraphs, Western lines, reports the telegraph wires working well and carrying a great volume of business throughout the West. He returned today from an inspection trip as far as Kamloops and reports everything completed for an additional copper wire to the coast, and hopes to have the wires in operation in a few weeks. The company are planning to provide an additional wire north from Calgary, running through the Edmotton and Alberta districts to reach of the country. In fact, along every new line of the C.P.R. it is the intention of the telegraph comapny to provide an adequate telegraph communication. On the Wetiskiwan and Lacombe branches are now working very satisfactorily. This Suggested That Apreal May Be Made to in Winnipeg. capital account. And I persist in the Nebogattoff and Several Other Officers will mean ultimately, as soon as further

two wires will be operating this fall. The new copper wires to Minneapolis arrangements have been completed, two alternate lines west via Sault Ste. Marie or via Chicago, so that the C.P.R. telegraph lines will be amply protected in cases of interruption on the main line wires at any time. The West is now assured of continuous telegraph service with the East and there can be no delay in the exchange of news under this new

New Churches. Winnipeg, Sept. 21.—During this season nine new churches have been built been permitted to give their parole and largest are the Broadway Methodist, cal Lutheran, \$40,000; Point Douglas seeking other means of accomplishing its Presbyterian, \$25,000. The Zion Meth- ends. It is thought that the next move s still under strict medical care in Fu- odist will be opened in two weeks. It cost \$70,000 and has installed a \$6,000 St. Hyacinthe organ.

Delivering Wheat. Winnipeg. Sept. 21.-Yesterday 343.-000 bushels of wheat were delivered at cash of a quarter of a million of dollars.

n Edmonton states that he appears quite unconcerned as to his fate. Radcliffe, the civil authorities. likely remain until the execution is over. sels to seize schooners offending against aded the streets. The school authorities the hangman, is at the fort and will is barred stimulants until the morning quarters that the assistance of the navy

Valuable Fur. Winnipeg, Sept. 21.-This week 150 which would run into six figures, were ing removed from participation in such said, are supported by their parents. shipped from Edmonton by express to London by the Hudson's Bay Company.

The greatest part of them were from the MacKenzie river district, brought to Athavasca landing by boat and from there wagons to Edmonton, Threshing. Winnipeg, Sept. 21.-The Canadian acific crop report, issued to-day, shows

15 to 30 per cent. of the threshing completed, with a yield running from 20 to 30 bushels an acre, remarkably high. Goes to Supreme Court. St. John, N.B., Sept. 21.-The dispute etween New Brunswick and Maine lumpermen as regards the maintenance of heer booms on the Canadian side of the River St. John by the latter is to be re-ferred to the Supreme court of New

Brunswick. The case turns upon the nterpretation of the Ashburton treaty. Taxed to Capacity. Halifax, Sept. 21.—The government experimental dogfish reduction works at Canso are being taxed to their capacity, 25 tons daily being brought to the works from the Cape Breton coast.

Got Fifteen Years. East London, Sept. 21.-Wm. Bur-

dell, alias "Texas," has been sentenced to fifteen years in the penitentiary by Judge Street for robbing a saloot keeper.

Resolutions Adopted. Sept. 21.—The Dominio Trades and Labor congress this morning adopted a number of resolutions against further negotiations with manufactures in the cause of peace, in favor of amend nents to the alien labor act to make it workable, in favor of a government measure regarding the union label, and in favor of the appointment of a special

Mistaken for Mushrooms. Toronto, Sept. 21 .- The family of Andrew Goulding, Toronto Junction, ate toadstools in mistake for mushrooms last Saturday. On Monday several members of the family became ill and a doctor was called in. On Tuesday the whole family was extremely ill, and yesterday a little nephew, who was visiting the Gouldings, died. Goulding and one son are in a precarious condition, but the rest of the family are recovering. In Grave Condition.

den, D.D., general agent of the Presby-terian church, who has been spending Yankee poachers are becoming more ven- the summer months in Muskoka lakes, resome every day, knowing that the where it was expected the rest would prove beneficial to his health, has returned to the city unimproved. His condition has become grave.

TROOPS FOR FINLAND.

Helsingfors, Sept. 22.—A large increase in the number of Russian troops in Finland is expected shortly. About 4,500, it is said, will be sent to Helsing-lark of them in Challenge in the number of Russian troops in congress. Considerable time was taken up discussing the appointment of organizers, the opinion being expressed that Helsingfors, Sept. 22.-A large infors, 900 to Viborg and 900 to Vasa. Troops will be quartered in private houses.

An explosion near the residence of the governor of Vasa yesterday evening created excitement, but no damage is re-ported beyond the shattering of the windows of neighboring houses.

NO AUTHORITY YET FOUND FOR ARREST

the Imperial Government to Assist.

(From Friday's Daily.) seizure of the Carmencita, now known drank the major portion of it. as the Acapulco, has passed from the local provincial authorities. The decision of the government that there was may be to seek to enlist the services of the British navy in bringing Capt. Mc-

In briging the matter to the attention of the provincial government Hon. Abraham Smith, the United States con-C.P.R. points, of a value to farmers in sul, has done his duty. The state de-C.P.R. points, of a value to farmers in each of a quarter of a million of dollars.

The Execution of King.

Winnipeg, Sept. 21.—Aing's execution of farmers of the consult to lay the subject before the government and ask for the arrest of Capt. McLean and the seizure of the vessel if that were possible. The reply of Premier McBride are improved. They assembled at the school grounds to-day before school grounds to-day before school and

Under the authority given naval ves-The prisoner is allowed good diet, but the sealing regulations it is held in some when he shall pay the debt, when he is entitled to one pint of brandy if he done it would be by way of communication with the Imperial authorities by the state department at Washington. Whether such a step will be taken is

not yet known, all local authorities be-Another question which has arisen is with respect to the effect which the sale of the Carmencita to-morrow will have upon the subject. The schooner has morning in his 82nd year.

been seized in accordance with the order been seized by the order by the o When the schooner has been disposed

her for offences alleged to have been ley, drove and Lady rather committed by Capt, McLean, even if the Evelyn Grey rode to Fort Qu'Appelle machinery can be found for making the on Tuesday and had tea with Mr. and seizure of the vessel? As the matter now stands Capt. Mc-Lean is not under arrest and it is not

known whether any means can be found by the United States whereby that end desired by them can be effected.

A verbal reply of Premier McBride to next. desired by them can be effected. Consul Smith when the request for the arrest of Capt. McLean was first proposed has mystified the Federal authoriies of the United States to some considerable extent. Premier McBride, replying off hand, intimated that McLean yould be arrested. Upon investigating matter the Premier's position changed and he expressed himself as unable to find authority for the arrest.

SIX OF CCCUPANTS HAD NARROW ESCAPE

Twenty Scho I Brys Go on Strike-Sa vation Army Will Erect Hospital at Winnipeg.

Toronto, Sept. 22.-Eight boys atnding the picnic of the Victoria Industrial school on the lake shore to-day went out for a sail. The boat was overturned in a squall. Six of the boys clung to the upturned boat, but two, Toronto, Sept. 21.—Rev. Robt. War-den, D.D., general agent of the Presby-and Harry Leach, aged 16, of Ridgetown, essayed to swim ashore and were drowned.

Trades and Labor Congress. Toronto, Sept. 22.—At this morning's session of the Dominion Trades and Labor congress a scene occurred when a delegate, Mr. Anderson, of Montreal, sed a resolution strongly condemn-More Than Six Thousand Will Be Sent ing the military expenditures of the Dominion government and demanding that volunteers pay their own expenses. The notion was lost. About fifty other lack of them in Quebec and other provinces was the cause of slack unionism. The matter was left to the executive, An amendment was added to the motion giving labor men freedom to support their candidate in elections who came nearest the views of the congress, in the absence of a labor delegate. The amendment stated that the clause must not be construed to sanction the appearance of labor men on the platform of any political party not distinctly a labor one. In a sharp debate the feeling was nclined towards breaking away from potal lines. Receipts of the year were \$4,700.29 and expenditures \$4,001.36.

Salvation Army. Toronto, Sept. 22: — Commissione combes of the Salvation Army has re turned to the city from Western Can-ada. He says the army expects to bring out 10,000 immigrants from the Old Country next year. It is the intention of the army to erect receiving homes at Montreal, Winnipeg and Vancouver.

Drank Carbelic Acid. Toronto, Sept. 22.—Edward F. Tay-lor, a machinist living at 123 Spadina avenue died to-night as the result of drinking carbolic acid. He was sitting at the dining table with his wife this afternoon, when he picked up a bottle

Condition Unchanged. here and seven enlarged. Among the no authority given the province to act His doctor says he has hopes of pulling largest are the Broadway Methodist, in the matter will probably result in the him through, although he is dangerously state department of the United States ill.

On Strike. Peterboro Ont Sent 22 -Twenty boys, pupils in the Central public school the British navy in bringing Capt. Mc-Lean within the power of the United here, to-day refused to enter a room in which they had been taught, the reason for this act being, as they alleged, the unsanitary condition of the room. It appears that for about a year this room has been in an unhealthy condition by reason of the plumbing, which was desible. The reply of Premier McBride school grounds to-day before school and removes hope of anything being done by stated to the principal their determination to remain away and afterwards par have known for some time that the sanitary conditions are unsatisfactory time the boys were considered to be truants and the inspector will not allow

St. John, N.B., Sept. 22.-Rev. A. H. Deveber, senior canon of the Episcopa

and will return to-morrow or Sunday of by auction will it be possible to seize her for offences alleged to have been ley, drove and Lady Parker and Lady Company, returning to camp for din-ner. Duck shooting is reported good trial school at Lebret on Wednesday

Wheat Shipments.

Winnipeg, Sept. 22.—Yesterday 414,000 bushels of wheat were shipped at C.P.R. points, bringing the total to over 3,000,000 bushels for the month. Brandon district and southern Manitoba are showing greatest activity.

Passenger Agents. Winnipeg, Sept. 22.—american travel-visits from the bees must be made.

convention at Portland will reach the city to-morrow morning and will be given a public entertainment here during the day. Inspecting Telegraphs.

Winnipeg, Sept. 22 .- Mr. Camp, electrical engineer of the C.P.R. telegraphs, is in the city on his annual tour of inspection of the company's Western system. He will be joined in a few days by Mr. Kent, manager of the C.P.R. telegraphs, and will accompany him to the Coast. Mr. Camp states that during the past year about 3,000 miles of new wire has been added to the com-pany's lines in Canada, 2,000 miles of which have been strung in Western Canada.

TRAINS WRECKED.

Harrisburg, Pt., Sept. 21.-Five men were killed and eight others seriously injured in a collision between a pay train and a combination passenger and milk ployees engaged in its Nanaimo collieries train on the Philadelphia, Harrisburg & has existed now for almost four Futsburg branch of the Philadelphia & months," says this morning's Nanaimo Reading railroad at Roushe's curve at Herald, "and will if not speedily settled

Mount Holly this morning. The pay train, consisting of a locomotive and one coach was going west, car"It will be remembered that the immerying pay for the men along the division.

The combination train, composed of an The combination train, composed of an engine, combination coaches and two other coaches, was coming east. The two trains ran together on the curve which is a sharp one, and is flanked by a heavy clump of trees. Engineer Amole of the pay train jumped from his engine and landed at the foot of a twenty-five foot embankment. His skull was fractured and he suffered contusions of the back. McCleary was found on his engine with the whistle cord in his hand, it having been pulled clear off the engine, and all the brakes on the train set.

The to the officials of the Western Fuel Company, was the passing of the penalty clause to the eight-hour day law as applied to the coal mines of British Columbia, and in order to work their mines at a profit under the conutions created by the passing of the penalty clause to the eight-hour day law as applied to the coal mines of British Columbia, and in order to work their mines at a profit under the conutions created by the passing of the penalty clause to the eight-hour day law as applied to the coal mines of British Columbia, and in order to work their mines at a profit under the conutions created by the passing of the penalty clause to the eight-hour day law as applied to the coal mines of British Columbia, and in order to work their mines at a profit under the conutions created by the passing of the penalty clause to the eight-hour day law as applied to the coal mines of British Columbia, and in order to work their mines at a profit under the conutions created by the passing of the penalty clause to the eight-hour day law as applied to the coal mines of British Columbia, and in order to work their mines at a profit under the conutions created by the passing of the penalty clause to the eight-hour day law as applied to the coal mines of British Columbia, and in order to work their mines at a profit under the conutions of the back. McCleary was found on his engine and landed at the foot of a twenty-five for the coal mines at a profit under the conutions of the back. McCleary was f gine, and all the brakes on the train set. The pay car contained about \$50,000 in cheques, which were scattered about the | standing that if it was not accepted they, tracks. The cheques were picked up by trainmen and turned over to the attorney of the company at Carlisle. Officials of the company here say that the accident was probably due to a misunderstanding of orders.

OUTLOOK IN CANADA

Says ing's Herald over the signature of Mr. John McLean, the recording secretary Director of Experimental Farm His Figures in Pamphlet Are Well Within Mark.

Ottawa, Sept. 22.-Dr. Saunders, di-It would appear that the question of containing the poison, which his wife rector of experimental farms, telegraphs the arrest of Capt. McLean and the had been using for some ailment, and from Brandon: "I have seen large areas." in the Northwest this trip. The crops this season are immense and the possi-Toronto, Sept. 22.—The condition of bility of wheat growing in Canada very Rev. Dr. Warden remains unchanged. great. I believe the figures given in my pamphlet are well within the mark." The pamphlet referred to says that

ne-fourth of the land said to be suitable for cultivation in Manitoba and the three provisional territories under crop with wheat annually, and the average production equal to that of Manitoba meeting called for yesterday. the three provisional territories during the past ten years, the total crop mand for 30,000,000 inhabitants. meet the present requirements of Britain on Mr. Stockett's latest

three times over. Dr. Saunders estimated that Canada in a comparatively few years will be able to supply all the home demands, furnish Britain with all the wheat flour she required, and have a surplus for export to

MISS ROOSEVELT IN SECUL.

Daughter of the President Entertained a Luncheon at the Palace.

Seoul, Sept. 22.-Miss Alice Roosevelt and the women of her party attended luncheon them to return until they have apolo-gized for their actions. The boys, it is at the palace yesterday. The Emperor's Mine Workers from any responsibility perconsort, who was hostess, proposed a toast taining to such rumers, after hearing the to Miss Roosevelt. The luncheon was the first time in the history of the country that women of the palace had entertained forchurch in New Brunswick, died this eigners. Mrs. Bunkers and Mrs. Under- the same as when they closed their mines wood, missionaries, acted as interpreters. American Minister Morgan and

> whom were presented members of the eral Hasegaw, commander of the Japanese troops in Korea, and his staff, leading Korean officers and residents.

Minister Jordan gave a reception yesterday

afternoon in honor of Miss Roosevelt, to

DROWNED AT SEATTLE.

Seattle, Sept. 21.-The body of Richard Redding, the longshoreman who met death by drowning at an early hour Thursday On Monday the party go to File Mills morning, was recovered during the forenoon and return in time to visit the Indus-

Before going aboard the steamer Bellingham, Redding and a companion sat down seek a settlement." on the euge of the dock at Pier 1, where the steamer lay. Redding suddenly toppled over backwards and sank from sight be fore assistance could be rendered.

It is estimated that to collect one pound of honey from clover 62,000 heads of cloves

THE PROPOSAL

PER THAM TO OPERE COUPTELLS. POPES

PAYABLE INVARIABLY IN ADVANCE,

NO SETTLEMENT OF NANAIMO TROUBLES

Men Refuse to Go to Work Again on Terms Offered By the Company.

"The present difficulty between the Western Fuel Company and its emsoon be entering on the fifth month of

diate cause of the shut-down, according

"This proposition was offered to the men by the company with the underthe company, would have to clos mines down on the 1st of June and keep them closed until either the men ac-cepted their terms or the obnoxious amendment was repealed.

"The result was that the employees of the company refused their demands, and as a result the mines were closed down. "From that time until now, a period

of almost four months, the situation has re the same respect. "From time to time various reports have been spread abroad that a settlement was near at hand, that the men-were about to g n. or that the West-ern Fuel Company had modified their demands and had made various proposals to its employees different from those contained in their first demands at the beginning of the present difficulty.

"All these reports are proved unfounded by the letter appearing in this morn-

of the local union of United Mine Workers, and signed on behalf of the committee of the said union.
"By a perusal of the above mentioned letter it appears evident that the com-pany have not modified their demands to any susceptible extent, but on the other hand the demands of the company

are practically the same to-day as they were four months ago. "The reports circulated around the city during the past week or so that the management of the company were in conference with the committee from the United Mine Workers, from day to day, gave rise to various rumors that a settlement was in sight, and that something

"What hopes there are for a settlement would be over \$12,000,000 bushels. This would be ample to supply the home deletter published this marriag, containing and the result of the ballot that was taken which resulted in an overwhelming ma-jority against the acceptance of the ompany's terms.

'The fo'lowing is a copy of the letter tion by Mr. Jno. W. McLean, on behalf committee of the United Mine Workers: Nanaimo, B. C., Sept. 21st.

To Editor Herald: Dear Sir:-It has been freely reported through the columns of the Free Press that eighty per cent. of the miners were prepared to go to work. To put this matter before the public and relieve the executive committee of United

committee's report of their interview with Mr. Stockett, and finding that the Western Fuel Company's demands were practically on the 31st of May last, it was decided to take a secret ballot to ascertain the facts of the situation with the result as follows: For proposals, 9; against, 247; spoiled, 1. On behalf of comm JNO. M'LEAN.

A special dispatch to the Times from Nanaimo says: "Lavager Stockett, in-terviewed to-day, declares it is not ma-"Lanager Stockett, in-

terial to the company whether the mines resume now or this time next year, and when they do it will be on the terms arranged between the company and employees without outside interference. He committee negotiating was r that of the Mine Workers, but was distinctly told that it was only received as workmen to talk the situation over and

BANKER'S SUDDEN DEATH.

Beverley, Mass., Sept. 22.-Francis H Peabody, a member of the Boston banking firm of Kidder, Peabody & Co., died suddenly at his home at Beverley Cove early must be deprived of nectar and 3,750,000 to-day. Heart disease was the cause of death. Mr. Peabody was 74 years of age.