

## Trimmed Millinery

Never have we shown a more select and exclusive collection of handsome Trimmed Millinery than is now on display in our showrooms. Charming models of the latest imported designs and with no less degree of taste and elegance are a fine collection of exceptional smart styles designed from our own workrooms. No better time than the present to make your selection.

**Dressmaking Departments**  
Our Dressmaking and Tailoring Departments give prompt and careful attention to execution of all orders, guaranteeing satisfaction in every detail. Special attention given to out-of-town orders. Samples, estimates and measurement forms sent on request.

**Automobile Rugs**  
We show a choice range of Wool Rugs. Reliable Automobile and Traveling Rugs in good choice of Scottish clan and family tartans, with assorted, plain, and colored designs. Good value at \$17.00 each.

**Vivella Flannels**  
A beautiful unshrinkable flannel which is always ready in its warm softness, even after repeated washings. Shown in great choice of plain and fancy designs in every wanted shade. Suitable for all kinds of ladies' and gents' day and night wear. Samples sent on request.

Mail Orders Receive Careful Attention.

**JOHN CATTO & SON**  
TORONTO

**CITY OF OTTAWA TRIES SINGLE TAX**

(Continued From Page 1.)

Rate bills committee as an addition to the Ottawa city bill which arrived too late for insertion in the printed bill. It asks power to exempt from taxation improvements and buildings, business and incomes, notwithstanding anything to the contrary contained in the assessment act, the municipal act or the special legislation affecting the city of Ottawa.

Mr. Southam explained the request. He describes it as a measure of home rule for Ottawa, that has long puzzled the legislature asking for the right to live its own life according to the single tax doctrine. Ottawa wishes to submit a bylaw to the ratepayers declaring that on and after a date to be fixed by bylaw, the council may reduce the assessment on buildings and gradually place all taxation upon the land. In the first year the transfer would be 25 per cent. of the assessed value of the buildings, and in the second year 50 per cent. and in the third year 75 per cent. so that after the expiration of three years after the coming into force of the bylaw all taxes and rates of the corporation of the city of Ottawa, except for water rates and public and separate school purposes, shall be assessed, levied and raised upon actual land values only.

Mr. Southam: What we ask is your permission to be allowed to try this out as an experiment. Let me give you a concrete example of how it is calculated to work out in the case of a dwelling where the building is valued at \$10,000 and land at \$5,000. It would be a reduction of \$7,500 in the amount of taxes. And let me give you the authority of J. B. Ellis, who was our city treasurer in 1912 and who was an expert on an authority on municipal matters, how it would work out over the whole of the city.

In the business section of the city 80 per cent. of the property would experience an increased assessment and about five per cent. a decrease. In first class residential property one-half would be assessed more and the effect on the other half would be rather slight. In regard to middle class and poorer property 90 per cent. would be benefited by reduction in assessment and 10 per cent. would be slightly more. It is Mr. Ellis' contention that the poorer the district the greater the proportion of benefit.

Mr. Southam went on to say that the grain growers of the west, the U.F.O. and the agricultural organizations throughout the Dominion are calling for the special taxation of unimproved land. Public opinion is moving in the same direction and the experiment which Ottawa desires to try out would have an educational value for the legislature and for the people of the whole country.

Mr. Hilliard: Will your vote be of the ratepayers or the taxpayers, including the tenants?

Mr. Southam: The ratepayers, and the people of Ottawa vote in favor of this bylaw, the legislature ought to be glad to know how the system works in practice.

Mr. Sinclair thought the British experts who reported on taxation were of the opinion that it could work out in new municipalities.

Charles McCrea supported the plea of Ottawa. He felt that legislatures have to conform to many changes that are now influencing public opinion.

Mr. Southam was asked what would happen in case it was found that the act did not work out as expected, and said the ratepayers could repeal it.

The request was then assented to on the understanding that Ottawa alone shall experiment with the principle and that no other municipality shall be considered as a subject for a similar test till it becomes known how Ottawa can stand the change.

Harper, customs broker, 39 West Wellington street, corner Bay, Adelaide 4682.

**WEAR MASKS FOR "FLU"**  
Sydney, New South Wales, April 3.—Owing to the influenza becoming more serious the New South Wales government has again ordered the wearing of masks in trains, trams and ferries.

**Your Eyes**  
Granulated Eyelids, Eyes inflamed by exposure to Sun, Dust and Wind quickly relieved by Murine Eye Remedy. No Smearing, Just Eye Comfort.  
See Druggists or by mail 60c per bottle. For Book of the Eye free write Murine Eye Remedy Co., Chicago.

## THE WEATHER

Meteorological Office, Toronto, April 3.—(8 p.m.)—Light scattered showers have covered the southern Ontario while in other parts of the Dominion the weather has been fair and mild.

Minimum and maximum temperatures: Victoria, 45, 52; Vancouver, 48, 60; Kamloops, 38, 52; Calgary, 32, 52; Medicine Hat, 40, 52; Edmonton, 28, 54; Battleford, 36, 56; Winnipeg, 34, 52; Port Arthur, 30, 34; Parry Sound, 26, 48; London, 42, 43; Toronto, 32, 53; Kingston, 30, 44; Ottawa, 28, 44; Montreal, 24, 40; Quebec, 18, 30; St. John, 26, 40; Halifax, 24, 42.

—Probabilities—  
Lower Lakes and Georgian Bay—Moderate winds, mostly cloudy and mild, with light local showers.

## THE BAROMETER.

Time	Ther.	Bar.	Wind.
8 a.m.	36	30.64	S S. W.
Noon	50	30.64	S S. W.
2 p.m.	43	30.64	S S. W.
4 p.m.	43	30.64	S S. W.
8 p.m.	40	30.64	S S. W.

Difference from average, 6 above; highest, 52; lowest, 32; rain, 0.1.

## RATES FOR NOTICES

Notices of Births, Marriages and Deaths, 10 words, \$1.00  
Additional words, each 2c. No notice to be included in Funeral Announcements.  
In Memoriam Notices, 10 words, \$1.00  
Additional words, each 2c. No notice to be included in Funeral Announcements.  
For each additional 4 lines or fraction of 4 lines, \$1.00  
Cards of Thanks (Bereavements), \$1.00

## BIRTHS.

DEWAR—At the Maternity Hospital, April 3rd, to Mr. and Mrs. A. M. Dewar, 425 Don Mills road, Todmorden, a daughter.

## MARRIAGES.

GOAD-BARCLAY—On the 2nd inst., at Church of Redeemer, Toronto, by the pastor, Rev. Chas. J. James, Mary Louise, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Chas. A. Barclay, Chatham, Ont., to Lieut. James Lawrence Goad, R.N.V.R., son of the late C. E. Goad, Esq., C.E., and Mrs. L. Goldman of Toronto.

## DEATHS.

ACKROYD—Suddenly at Grace Hospital on Thursday, April 3, Floyd Ackroyd, aged 36 years.  
Funeral on his late residence, 1017 Keele street, West Toronto, on Saturday at 2 p.m., to Riverside Cemetery, Weston.

DAVIES—On April 3rd, at the residence of her sister, Mrs. T. B. Taylor, 367 Sherbourne street, Fiddler, daughter of the late Thomas Davies, Sr.

Funeral private, April 5th, at 2:30 p.m.

DEWAR—At the College Hospital, on Thursday, April 3rd, 1919, infant daughter of Mr. and Mrs. A. M. Dewar.

FENN—On Thursday, April 3rd, 1919, at St. Michael's Hospital, Toronto, Frederick David Fenn, beloved husband of Mary Bell Fenn.

Services on Saturday, April 5th, at 4 p.m., at A. W. Miles' funeral chapel, 326 College street, interment in St. James' Cemetery. Please omit flowers.

LYON—On Thursday, April 3, suddenly, at his late residence, 85 Isabella street, N. T. Lyon, in his 76th year.

Funeral Saturday, April 5, at 2 p.m., to Forest Lawn Mausoleum. Funeral private.

SEARLE—On Thursday, April 3rd, at her late residence, 371 Marguerite street, Emeline Messenger, beloved wife of William Searle, in her 45th year.

Funeral from above address Saturday, at 3 p.m. Interment Prospect Cemetery.

WARWICK—Suddenly, at his residence, 21 East Bloor street, Guy Frederick Warwick, eldest son of the late Wm. Warwick, beloved husband of Margaret Jane Davidson.

Funeral private Tuesday. Kindly omit flowers.

WRIGHT—Wednesday, April 2, at Toronto, Samuel Wright, in his 35th year.

Funeral on Friday, at 3 p.m., from the residence of his brother, Robert R. Wright, 454 Wellesley street. Interment in Prospect Cemetery.

## IN MEMORIAM.

BOULTER—In loving memory of Captain Harry Stewart Boulter, eldest son of Mr. and Mrs. Harry Boulter, who was killed in action Vimy Ridge, April 4th, 1917. "The path of duty was the way to glory."

Established 1892.  
**FRED W. MATTHEWS CO.**  
FUNERAL DIRECTORS  
665 SPADINA AVE.  
TELEPHONE COLLEGE 79  
No connection with any other firm using the Matthews name.

## NORTHERN CAUCASUS CLEARED OF "REDS"

Result of Successful Campaign of Army of General Denekine.

London, April 3.—The northern Caucasus, from the Black Sea to the Caspian Sea, has been entirely cleared of the Bolsheviks as the result of the successful campaign of the army of Gen. Denekine in that region in January and February, according to an official report issued here. The anti-Bolshevik leaders, fighting having ceased, are forming new forces of Cossacks and other natives.

The report says that the capture of Vladikavkaz on Jan. 28 by the troops under Gen. Shkuro, completed the campaign against the Bolsheviks in that region. Some 50,000 prisoners, more than 2000 guns, 350 machine guns, 100 locomotives and thousands of railway cars were taken.

German troops are resisting a Bolshevik offensive in east Prussia, according to a German Telegram dispatch, dated Wednesday in Berlin, transmitting reports received there.

## STUDHOLME REMAINS QUITE UNCONVINCED

That No Round Robin Exists for Increased Indemnity.

REDUCE NUMBERS

William McDonald, Bruce, Moves for Legislation of 82.

No one can observe or listen to Allan Studholme, the Hamilton labor member, for long without discerning the quality of transparent honesty and blunt speech, somewhat marked by the accent of his native England. W. H. Fraser, the U. F. O. Liberal from North Huron, is the plain product of Ontario farm life, few of words, and habitually honest in their use. But strange to say, these two men had a short conversation in the legislature yesterday which resulted in a dramatization of the ballad of "Truthful James," on the floor of the house. The disorderly scene followed a serious speech by William McDonald from the Bruce peninsula, in which, by his motion, already published, that representation in the legislature be reduced to 82, and that the provincial ridings be redistributed to correspond with the federal constituencies.

Humor is sometimes fatal, and the Bruce County man, who he deak only in the future in bitter acrimony, involved the house in bitter acrimony. Mr. McDonald alluded to the parliament of Canada as reforming everybody, and badly needing reforming itself. The M. P.'s received \$2,500 a year indemnity and are clamoring for \$4,500. It seems they are going to get it, because the senate is to benefit. Perhaps there might be something to be said for men responsible to the people, if they only represented the people.

But it gets my goat," said he. (Oh, Oh!) "when the old fossils of the senate are out for the bigger 'salaries'." The legislative assembly of Ontario is now large and cumbersome. If Ontario had about 80 members the house would be about the right size. He was amused by the speech of the attorney-general cutting off 20 judges at the rate of \$1,000 each, and he could imagine Mr. Lucas, before cutting off 30 members of the legislature, before some of them were voted out.

In reducing the membership, the government should cut out the A and B seats in Toronto. A redistribution should be passed before the next election and the representation of the province cut down to 82 seats, dropping at least 30 members.

Premier Hearst: They had been entertained by the humor of the number for North Bruce. He twitted Mr. McDonald on the redistribution suggestion. The idea might be needed to assist in arriving at a proper representation of the different parts of the province next election. The ax might fall in the county of Bruce. The question of reducing the membership of the house is entitled to consideration. The representatives of the north could not be expected to look at the question in the same light as a member from the south.

The northern constituencies are large in extent and growing in population and might be entitled to increased representation. Toronto, which has the largest number of members, had not fair play on the basis of population. He hoped Mr. McDonald might go on entertaining the house; but would do well to withdraw the motion.

Mr. Proudfoot thought the matter had not been treated by the premier with the seriousness it deserved. "It would save the session's indemnity alone, \$400,000. Some reduction in the number is unquestionably cumbersome and with the government's large majority, there is no opportunity for the majority of the members to present their views to the house."

Sam Carter, as seconder of the motion, said there was no room for humor or criticism of the premier in favor of having the same number of members and the same constituencies for local land Dominion representation. It means one thing and one thing alone, money. It certainly would bring increased efficiency. The foundation of representation should be national, and in that way provincial constituencies should follow the Dominion lines. At the present time the people are thinking. The U.F.O. is the danger signal of a changed opinion.

Depends on Quebec.  
Mr. Mageau could not endorse the idea. The federal representation of Ontario depends on the population of the province of Quebec. As the population of Quebec grows the representation of Ontario diminishes. That may be all right and just for old Ontario, but is all wrong for new Ontario. The north is progressing more rapidly than the people of old Ontario think.

"I hope," said Mr. Studholme, "that there will be members enough in this house to defeat this round robin. I think there will be five against it any way. I for one will oppose it."

"I," said Col. Machin, "mix around a good deal among the boys and I can honestly say that I have not heard even a whisper of a round-robin, asking for an increased indemnity."

Mr. McDonald joined with Col. Machin in declaring that he had not seen or heard of a round robin and had not signed it.

Whip Denies.  
C. R. McKeown (Dufferin): In reference to the statement made by the member for East Hamilton, as the whip of the government party in touch with the members of that party and with the members of the house neither personally nor by proxy, as whip have I heard of the round robin until the member for East Hamilton mentioned it in the house just now. (Applause.)

Mr. Hurdman, Liberal whip, said it was the first he heard of a round robin.

Premier Hearst: It is only right for me, as leader of the house, to say that neither I nor any member of the government has been approached on the question of an increased indemnity nor have we heard on word concerning it.

Allan Studholme: The member for North Huron was approached at noon

## GALLAGHER & CO. LIMITED

DELICACIES FOR THE WEEK END, FRIDAY AND SATURDAY

Live Lobsters  
Fresh Scallops  
New York  
Lemon Soles  
FRESH DAILY BY EXPRESS

107 King St. E.  
Main 7497

today and was told that the government would consider it.

Mr. Proudfoot desired to add to the statement of the premier that he had not heard a word about a round robin.

W. H. Fraser (North Huron): So far as I am concerned I can only say that the member for East Hamilton is mistaken. We were talking about the increase of the sessional allowance and I said if a request was made to the government, here I suppose they would see it thru. I never used the phrase round robin and did not know the meaning of it before today.

## MILITARY MEASURES CHECK THE STRIKES

Political Effort of German Radicals and Independents to Overthrow Government.

Berlin, Wednesday, April 3.—The strikes both at Stuttgart and in the Ruhr district seem to have been checked by the energetic action of the government by the prompt use of troops, martial law and other salutary measures.

Official reports from Stuttgart, summarizing the situation there, say that serious violence is reported only from Esslingen, where the Spartacists seized weapons and automobiles, but surrendered them after negotiations. The large number of non-residents among the strikers was one of the features of the uprising, going to prove that the movement was, as claimed, purely a political effort of the radicals and independents to overthrow the government. The strikers at Stuttgart assembled frequently yesterday despite the martial law regulations, but were dispersed. The leaders were arrested by the troops, the government was master of the situation by nightfall. The troops behaved splendidly, the some of them rescued wounded strikers.

In the Ruhr district for a time the strike was extended to several thousand, but the danger of a general strike subsided. The mines where the Spartacists prevailed are still closed, in those sections where the union miners and the majority socialists are in control, the men refused to close down. The damage from plundering is estimated to aggregate several million marks.

The situation in Frankfurt is quiet again. The number of victims of the riot has reached sixteen, but this number will probably be augmented, as some of the wounded cannot hope to live. The funeral of the four women who were killed took place this morning. The damage from plundering is estimated to aggregate several million marks.

Amusements.

Amusements.

Amusements.

Amusements.

Amusements.

Amusements.

Amusements.

Amusements.

Amusements.

Amusements.

Amusements.

Amusements.

Amusements.

Amusements.

Amusements.

Amusements.

## FRONTIER PROBLEMS ARE BEING DELAYED

(Continued From Page 1.)

The French have been assured of every military protection along the Rhine and for fifty kilometres east of that river, even to the extent of considering that any military activity in that section shall be looked upon as a hostile act. But this is not considered enough and additional claims lead to the conviction that they are open to construction as meaning something more than military security and verging on territorial control.

"The president is not willing to go that far in creating more Alsace-Lorraine situations and it is this stand against these claims which is causing the delays until some middle ground is found."

Concerning reparations, it was added that there were good prospects for early agreement. This will not specify the total amount, but will leave it to a commission to work out details of comparison during a period of years. The priority of Belgium and France in the division of the German indemnity also is said to be nearing agreement.

Not Optimistic.

As a means of finding the "middle ground" on the Rhine controversy, the super-council of four created a consulting body, consisting of Andre Tardieu, French; Charles H. Haskins, American; and Viscount Morley, British. They labored until two o'clock this morning and then called on Colonel Edward M. House before seeing the council. To intimate they were not optimistic on the progress that is being made.

Another of President Wilson's entourage said the real issue was whether President Wilson's principle of self-determination was to be withheld. The president, he said, did not regard this as a principle which should be applied when favorable to the entente and not applied in all cases alike. Just now, it was alleged, the issues over Danzig, the Sarre

Amusements.

Amusements.

Amusements.

Amusements.

Amusements.

Amusements.

Amusements.

Amusements.

Amusements.

Amusements.

Amusements.

Amusements.

Amusements.

Amusements.

Amusements.

Amusements.

Amusements.

Amusements.

Amusements.

Amusements.

Amusements.

Amusements.

Amusements.

Amusements.

Amusements.

Amusements.

Amusements.

Amusements.

Amusements.

Amusements.

## Amusements.

Amusements.

Amusements.

Amusements.

Amusements.

Amusements.

Amusements.

Amusements.

Amusements.

Amusements.

Amusements.

Amusements.

Amusements.

Amusements.

Amusements.

Amusements.

Amusements.

Amusements.

Amusements.

Amusements.

Amusements.

Amusements.

Amusements.

Amusements.

Amusements.

Amusements.

Amusements.

Amusements.

Amusements.

Amusements.

Amusements.

Amusements.

Amusements.

Amusements.

Amusements.

Amusements.

Amusements.

Amusements.

Amusements.

Amusements.

Amusements.

Amusements.

Amusements.

## Amusements.

Amusements.

Amusements.

Amusements.

Amusements.

Amusements.

Amusements.

Amusements.

Amusements.

Amusements.

Amusements.