

INDEX

- 145; assailed by the *Globe*, 145; accepted by Brown, 145
- Slavery, Brown's opposition to, 1, 2, 3; Canada a refuge for slaves, 111; passage of Fugitive Slave Law, 111; Anti-Slavery Society formed in Canada, 112; settlements of refugee slaves, 113; Brown at Toronto denounces Fugitive Slave Law, 113, 114; Brown discusses Lincoln's proclamation of emancipation, 114; describes feeling in Great Britain, 115; Brown's insight into Lincoln's policy, 115; insists that slavery was cause of Civil War, 116; shows Canada's interest in the struggle, 117; consequences of growth of a slave power in North America, 118, 119
- Smith, Goldwin, his connection with Canada First movement, 235; elected president of the National Club, 237; attacked by the *Globe*, 237, 238; his reply, 238, 239
- Stanley, Lord, colonial secretary under Peel, advocates preferential trade and imperial protection, 15, 31
- Sullivan, Robert Baldwin, delivers an address on resources of North-West Territories, 211
- Star*, the Cobourg, its estimate of George Brown, 71, 72
- Scott, R. W., introduces Separate School Bill, 144
- Strachan, Bishop, opposes secularization of King's College, 8
- T
- TACHÉ, SIR E. P., forms government in effort to break dead-lock, 149; his government defeated, 149; heads coalition to carry out confederation, 159; his speech in the legislature, 169; his death, 189
- Thompson, Samuel, describes meeting with George Brown in 1843, 4, 5
- Toronto Board of Trade, advocates incorporation of North-West Territories with Canada, 216
- W
- WISEMAN, Cardinal, his pastoral published and criticized in the *Globe*, 44