relatives was released. It was held that she was not entitled to alimony: Hill v. Hill, 2 O. L. R. 289, 541, 3 O. L. R. 202.

35. Property of lunatic: Inspector of Prisons v. Macdonald, 2 O. W. N. 289, 17 O. W. R. 630.

36. The provisions allowing the inspector to take possession of the property of a lunatic to pay for maintenance do not apply to money in Court: see sec. 48, *infra*: Re McKenzie, 14 P. R. 421; see also Mein v. Mein, 3 Ch. Ch. 62. Moneys belonging to a lunatic on deposit in a bank were attached by a creditor. On application of the committee the moneys were ordered paid into Court for maintenance of the lunatic in priority to the creditor's claim: Re Vernon, 20 C. L. T. Occ. N. 309. As to practice under the Registry Act regarding conveyances by the Inspector, see R. S. O. 1914, ch. 124, sec. 42, notes.

40. Jurisdiction of Court over lunatics not so found: Re Montgomery, 4 O. W. N. 308, 23 O. W. R. 342. As to discharges of mortgage by the inspector, it is not necessary for him to file any document shewing his right to execute the discharge under the Registry Act: Guthrie Report, 1899, p. 28. See Con. Rules 157, 220, as to service of process; H. & L. notes, pp. 290, 411, and see 1913 Rule 21. As to suits by and against insane persons: see Con. Rule 217; H. & L. notes, pp. 406-408, 1913 Rules 94, 97. Appearance in such cases: Con. Rule 218; H. & L. notes, pp. 408-409, 1913 Rule 95. When added parties after judgment: Con. Rule 219, 1913 Rule 96.

43. Where a lunatic not so found recovers during a suit instituted on his behalf, all further proceedings in the suit are irregular: McCabe v. Boyle, 2 O. W. N. 695, 18 O. W. R. 551.

48. Where the property of a lunatic is money in Court, the inspector is not to proceed under section 36, but under this section, and must shew clearly that the person to whom the fund belongs is a lunatic and that the object for which the money is sought is to pay maintenance in a public lunatic asylum, but it is not necessary that the person shall have been or