Herpetology.

LIST OF REPTILIA OF ONTARIO.

To Reptiles that I have not seen, or those reported to me on good authority, I have Mark of interrogation (?). All the others I have recognized, and they are in my Cabinet. I do not consider this list by any means perfect, and other forms will doubt- 10-Aspidonectes spinifer. less be added by scientific research. I solicit exchange from Herpetologists in the Dominion, and neighboring States of America, as I have fine lot of Ontario duplicates in the best condition for this purpose. I wish to obtain 11-Amyda mutica (?) reptilia, of all classes, from the Province of Quebec, as the difference of climate is of great importance in regard to colouration. This is remarkable in the genus Eutainia; whose geographical distribution, with other causes, seem bexert an extraordinary influence in regard to things and colouration, not alone in Canada, but wherever they occur. There is, perhaps, ho branch of natural history less studied in a eientific manner than Herpetology. he have an enormous field for research, and *Cientific enquiry, and Ontario seems as rich in Pecies and genera as any other country of ⁸ⁱmilar extent.

I.-TESTUDINATA.

Family EMYDIDÆ.

- 1-Chelopus insculptus. Wood Tortoise. Common.
- 2-Nancmys gutatus. Speckled Tortoise. Common.
- 3-Emys meleagris. Blanding's Tortoise. Very rare. One specimen captured on Lake St. Clair, by Mr. Buck. Now in my cabinet.
- 4-Chrysemys picta. Painted Turtle. Common along the southern shore of Lake Ontario, and in every pond to the south. The most handsome turtle.
- 5-P. var. marginata. I have a variety that approaches that described by Jordan.
- 6 Malacoclemys geographicus. Map Turtle.

- 7-M. pseudo-geographicus. This is merely a variety, noticeable in the carapace, and seems to be a distinction without a dfference.
- 8-Aromochelys odoratus. Musk Turtle. Stink pot; found in Lakes Erie, and St. Clair: rare.
- 9-Chelydra serpentina. Snapping Turtle. Found throughout Ontario. Used for making soup, and in some localities much sought after for this purpose.
- Common Softshell Turtle. Lakes Erie and St. Clair. scarce; sometimes taken on hooks. Considered a delicacy. One was taken some years ago, in the Ottawa River .-ED., rare.
- Leathery Turtle. Although I never saw this species, yet there is no doubt that it exists as frequently as the preceding in Lakes Erie and St. Clair.

II.— LACEBTILIA.

Family SCINCIDÆ.

- 12-Eumeces fasciatus. Blue tailed Skink.
- 13-E septentrionalis. Northern Skink.
- 14-E. anthracinus. Coal Skink. I captured these in Tilberry township, Co. Kent. They may be considered the same species; the young being the darkest. Specimens I possess from North Carolina of E. anthracinus, and the others are not distinguishable from my specimens from Tilberry.

III,—OPHIDIA.

Family COLUBRIDÆ.

- 15-Heterodon platyrhinus, var. niger. Hognosed Snake. Blowing viper. Puff-adder. Captured near Toronto by Prof. Montgomery. A well marked specimen, though small; also reported near Port Hope and other places
- 16-Nerodia sipedon. Water Snake. Water Adder. Black Water Snake; common.
- 17-N. erythrogaster. Red-billed Water-snake. This is a scarce species. Lake St. Clair.
- 18-N. niger. Black Water Adder, B. & G. I deem it to be the male of the sipedon, and it is now generally rejected as a
- 19-Regina rigida. Stiff Snake. Rare. Captured by Mr. Buck, at Mud creek, Lake St. Clair.