exercises, sitting and lying out-doors, occupation, preventing "colds," words to parents, marrying, state measures, public instruction, drainage, better inspections, sanitaria, with chapters on climatology and a short one on the climate of northern New York, Vermont, and Canada.

Dont's for Consumptives; or the Scientific Management of Pulmonary Tuberculosis:

This is the title of a book which, under the authorship of Dr. Charles Wilson Ingraham, will soon (about Feb. 10th) be issued by the Medical Reporter Publishing Co. of Rochester, N.Y. The complete work of 35 chapters is devoted exclusively to the general management of Pulmonary Invalids, no reference whatever being made to drug treatments, The object of the author is to supply the physician with a practical work, and at the same time, by eliminating technical terms, reduce the text within the easy comprehension of the intelligent patient. The author claims that "a good understanding of his condition is the best remedy for the consumptive." With this book in the hands of his patient the physician will be relieved of a multitude of details which attach to the successful management of such cases. Special attention has been given those chapters pertaining to the destruction of tubercular infection. The book will be printed on 72-pound antique book paper, bound in cloth (imitation morocco), with title in gold leaf. Price, \$1.75.

HAND-BOOK OF THE DIAGNOSIS AND TREATMENT OF SKIN DISEASES. By Arthur Van Harlingen, Ph.B., M.D., Emeritus Professor of Dermatology in the Philadelphia Polyclinic, etc. Philadelphia: P. Blakiston, Son & Co., 1895.

This is the third edition of Van Harlingen's well-known book. The author has added copious reference and foot notes, and has introduced articles upon some of the rarer affections of the skin. It contains sixty illustrations, several being in colors. Some changes in the text have been rendered necessary by recent additions to our knowledge in the department of bacteriology. Some new methods of treatment and new formulas have been introduced, while others have been omitted as being out of date. The work is sufficiently extensive for the ordinary practitioner or student, embodying, as it does, all that is really necessary for diagnosis and treatment.

THE CARE OF THE BABY. A Manual for Mothers and Nurses. By J. P. Crozier Griffith, M.D., Clinical Professor of Diseases of Children in the Hospital of the University of Pennsylvania, etc. Philadelphia: W. B. Saunders, pp. 392, \$1.50.

The author has furnished a reliable guide for mothers regarding the best way of caring for their children in sickness and in health. The work deals with the hygiene of pregnancy, bathing, dressing, and feeding of children of different ages; the proper hours for sleeping; physical and mental exercise, and proper qualities of nurses; and of worms, and the disorders of childhood. It is well written and an excellent guide for mothers and nurses.

A GUIDE TO THE PRACTICAL EXAMINATION OF URINE. By James Tyson, M.D., Prof. of Clinical Medicine in the University of Pennsylvania, etc. Ninth edition, revised and corrected, with a colored plate and wood engravings. Philadelphia: P. Blakiston, Son & Co., 1895.

This work is so well and favorably known that it is only necessary to say that the present edition (ninth) brings it up to date. No large additions have been made, while some less important paragraphs have been omitted, thus keeping the book to its moderate size. It is one of the classics for the practitioner and student.

Manual of Life Insurance Examinations. By James Thorburn, M.D., Ed., Emeritus Professor of Pharmacology, University of Toronto, etc. Toronto, 1895.

This is the second edition of a useful little brochure. Intended for the convenience of medical examiners, it has admirably fulfilled its purpose, and has been largely used by all the leading companies.

"THE NON-HEREDITY OF INEBRIETY," by Leslie E. Keeley, M.D., LL.D., is the title of a timely volume now in the press of S. C. Griggs & Co. The author endeavors to show that inebriety is a disease, and that it, as well as other diseases, is not hereditary. The work is said to differ from others on inebriety in its application of the doctrines of the variation of species and natural selection to cell life, thus showing the causes and nature of disease, its modern scientific treatment, and the philosophy of immunity to disease in general, and inebriety in particular-all in language within the comprehension of the general reader. The international reputation of the author as an original investigator in matters pertaining to inebriety should make this work valuable to scientists, the medical profession, and to all who are, by legislation or otherwise, endeavoring to correct the evils of intemperance.