- —Digitalis, Prof. Hare says, should not be administered in the presence of high fever, as it does not act when such fever exists.
- —Prof. Wilson says that *Diphtheria* is a disease of all climates and seasons, but that civilization predisposes to its occurrence.
- —One of the most common complications occurring during an attack of *Influenza*, Prof. Wilson says, is broncho-pneumonia.
- —Antipyrine, phenacetin, and acetanilide are the best drugs, Prof. Hare says, that can be employed for the relief of nervous pain.
- —All conditions of *Flatulence*, especially gastric flatulence, Dr. Salinger says, will be found to be greatly benefited by dermatol.

—Grave cases of *Jaundice* occurring in recently born children, Prof. Parvin regards as a sign that septic infection has taken place.

—Vomiting which is present at the onset of an attack of *Scarlet Fever*, Prof. Wilson says, will generally subside of its own accord.

—Decreased arterial tension and increased venous pressure both cause *Dropsy*, and in both conditions Prof. Hare says digitalis is indicated.

—Arsenic, Prof. Hare says, has been found to be useful in stopping the vomiting occurring in those suffering from Cancer of the Stomach.

- —Prof. Wilson says *Human Lymph* should not be taken from a child under three months of age if it is desired to use it for inoculating other cases.
- —Prof. Keen is of the opinion that there is scarcely any *Benign Tumor* that may not undergo degeneration and become malignant in character.
- —In administering the bitartrate of potassium as a purgative, Prof. Hare says that the compound jalap powder should always be combined with it.
- —Malignant Tumors of the breast, Prof. Keen says, seldom appear before the age of thirty five, excepting sarcoma, which may appear at any age.

—Prof. Hare says it is well always to combine with chloral hydrate a bromide, as the chloral increases reflex irritability, which the bromide will prevent.

—If during the administration of *Chlorofor m* the pupils suddenly become dilated, Prof. Hare says there is great danger of sudden death taking place.

— Vaccination, Prof. Wilson says, should be performed in three places, since the greater the amount of-pox produced the greater is the immunity that follows.

—Cases of *Diabetes* occurring in gouty persons, Prof. Hare says, have been found to be greatly benefited by the administration of arsenic combined with lithia.

-Prof. Hare says, that it is much better to Reduce the Temperature in cases of fever by

the aid of cold baths or sponging, than by the employment of antipyretic drugs.

—In Removing a Placenta from its attachments to the uterus, Prof. Parvin thinks that it is dangerous to pull on the cord during the period that the uterus is contracting.

—Enlarged glands, in cases of *Carcinoma*, should always be removed, Prof. Keen says, at the time when the tumor itself is removed, if they be accessible in any manner possible.

—As a rule, Prof. Keen says, Chronic Obstruction of the Bowel is generally at or below the ileo-cæcal valve, while an Acute Obstruction is generally at or above the ileo-cæcal valve.

—Prof. Brinton says, that the *Non-union of a Fractured Bone* is often due to the fact that on account of the low vitality of the patient, the callus, after having formed, is absorbed again.

—Hemorrhage occurring in a patient two or three weeks after the delivery of a child has occurred, is very frequently caused, Prof. Montgomery thinks, by retroversion of the uterus.

—Alcohol should be administered to patients suffering from *Diphtheria*, and as a rule it will be found that they are able to take large amounts without manifesting any bad symptoms.

—In all cases in which a Spontaneous Fracture of a bone occurs, without undue force having been applied to it, Prof. Keen says, malignant disease of the bone should always be suspected.

—Prof. Parvin has observed that Excessive Development in the size of the female breast is of a more frequent occurrence than a total absence of the breast. But both conditions are very rare.

—Dr. Da Costa says that plugs of gauze soaked in a strong solution of antipyrine will be found very efficient in stopping *Hemorrhage* from the nose, the antipyrine acting as a good styptic.

—Prof. Parvin says *Eclampsia*, occurring in a pregnant woman before labor, is fatal in about fifty per cent. of cases, while if it occurs after labor, it is fatal only in about eight per cent. of the cases.

—Diarrhæa due to Proctitis, Prof. Hare says, will often be cured by injections of the chlorate of potassium in the strength of twenty grains to the ounce,—one ounce to be injected at a time.

—Quinine, Prof. Hare says, will have no beneficial effect in cases of malarial fever, unless it be given soon enough before the occurrence of an attack, so that it will be absorbed before the attack manifests itself.

—Prof. Solis-Cohen says that one of the best *Throat Washes* in cases of degeneration of the epithelium is five grains of bicarbonate of sodium to the fluid ounce of water, which mixture is to be used as a gargle.

—All cases of ulcers which will not yield to