BRITAIN EXASPERATED BY BOERS' SUCCESS.

The Ease With Which They Overrun Fresh Portions of Natal Daily and Isolate British Garrisons Causes Feelings of Humiliation.

The Attack on Mool River Camp Resumed To-day, But No Damage Done—London Puts No Credence in Report That Kruger Is Asking Terms---Britain Determined to Show Its Strength.

MOOL RIVER, Natal, Nov. 23.—10 a.m.—The Boers' guns began to shell the camp at 6 a.m. The British artillery is in position on high ground to the east, west and north of the station. The artillery duel was continued until 8, when it ceased for an hour. The Boers recommenced at 9, and dropped three shells into the camp.

They are still firing at intervals, with no damage, although their aim is good.

A patrol of Thorneycroft's Horse has returned from the direction of Rosetta, and reports all quiet there.

BRITAIN EXASPERATED.

Boers' Remarkable Advance Produces Humiliation in London.

LONDON, Nov. 23.—The fact that fresh portions of Natal are being overrun daily by the Boers is producing exasperation in that colony and intense humiliation in Great Britain, where the idea of a possible extensive violation of British soil was so contemptuously dismissed in the early stages of the war. Operators on the stock exchange here are becoming nervous and the

CONTINUED FALL OF CONSOLS

exemplifies the restlessness of the market.

The rumors that a peace deputation from President Kruger is on its way to Cape Town for the purpose of ascertaining the terms upon which an immediate cessation of hostilities could be secured are discredited here, and it is said that if such a deputation has been sent it will meet with scant courtesy, as those who are conducting the war will be satisfied with nothing less than dictating terms of peace at Pretoria after a parade of British troops throughout the Transvaal.

BOERS REMARKABLE SUCCESS.

In the meanwhile from the scanty despatches which are dribbling in from the front, it is difficult to form an opinion of the true situation. The Boer invaders are occasioning constant surprise. They have already cut off two portions of the Ladysmith relieving force from their base of supplies, and with great rapidity are advancing upon Pietermaritzburg with Howitzers and other artillery.

General Clery's situation, it would appear, must be becoming intolerable, so serious fighting may be expected at any time, as the General must clear his line of communication in order to complete the concentration of the relieving force.

MOOI RIVER FIGHTING.

According to the latest reports from Natal the artillery duel was recommenced this morning at Mool River. The statement that the Boers' artillery is in position on high ground to the east, west and north of the station appears to be an admission of weakness, and it is thought the troops may be at the mercy of the strong Boer force reported in that neighborhood.

COLLISION IN THE WEST

A collision may also be expected on the western frontier, within 48 hours, if it is true that General Methuen has started northward. He is certain to meet entrenched Boers both at Belmont and Modder River.

It is reported that Mafeking is suffering from lack of water and that fever is rife there.

GERMANS JOIN THE BOERS.

Advices from Lorenzo Marques say Transvaal recruiting officers have been visiting arriving steamers and have successful in enlisting three passengers from the German steamer Kaiser.

A force of Portuguese police has gone to Gazaland, where the natives are acting in a threatening manner. The stores at Koomatipoort have been looted.

TROOPS REACH DURBAN.

The British transports Pavonia and Cephalonia arrived at Durban to-day with about 3,000 troops, making the total arrivals of the first division 11,000 men. Another four thousand are expected within a few days.

UNCLE SAM'S NEUTRALITY.

Admiral Schley Ordered to Carefully Keep Away From South Africa.

NEW YORK, Nov. 23.—The Herald's Washington correspondent says that Admiral Schley has been emphatically not to visit any African port just now as the department does not desire to have any United States men-of-war in South African waters at present.

FREE STATERS WEAKEN.

The Majority of the People There are Averse to the War.

CAPE TOWN, Nov. 22.—(Evening.)—The constant arrival of transports and the entraining of troops for the mysterious north are the chief incidents among the military.

Although the authorities exercise a strict watch over the transmission of news, it is permitted to say now that they are prepared to act against the Boer secession in the north.

Although it is absurd to under rate the Free Staters, it is the opinion of many competent to judge that if an ultimatum were taken it would show a majority against war.

BOERS ON TO PIETERMARITZBURG, JOUBERT'S BRILLIANT STRATEGY BOERS HEMMED IN AT COLESBERG

Lord Methuen Reported to Have Crossed the Orange River—Another Sortie From Kimberley—A Sixth Army Corps May Be Assembled at Aldershot—Schreiner Proves His Loyalty by Informing President Steyn That His Life Will Pay the Penalty of Further Impressment of Loyal Subjects.

LONDON, Nov. 23, 4 a.m. — The Boers are now within forty miles of Pietermaritzburg, one report, indeed, placing them as far south as Nottingham road, a station 35 miles from the capital of Natal. They have seized the railway between Estcourt and Mool River, thus interposing between Hildyard's division of about 2,000 men at the former place, and Barton's command, numbering about the same, at the latter.

The Boers have wrecked the railroad at several points, and have secured valuable supplies by looting the farms throughout one of the most prosperous parts of Natal. Their strength is unknown.

The fact of their mounting guns seems to dispose of the idea that they are merely raiding and wrecking.

BRILLIANT TACTICS.

Joubert's Campaign Shows Him to Possess Extraordinary Skill.

LONDON, Nov. 23.—The Morning Post's military critic, who throughout the campaign has repeatedly laid bare the real inwardness of the situation, sees in the Boers' southward advance "a brilliant and daring effort to defeat the relieving column in detail, while still attempting the reduction of the place for which the relief is intended."

The critic continues: "Obviously, the isolation of Estcourt became most regrettable to the enemy when there were just insufficient troops to hold it. Hence, it does not follow that by deferring his southward march until now Gen. Joubert missed the psychic moment for his advance. On the contrary, if he is strong enough to succeed, success will count more for him now than earlier. The occupation of Weston a fortnight ago would not have given him the opportunity for a great stroke which it does to-day."

The critic ridicules the talk of irresponsible persons that Hildyard, after he had beaten the Boers, will sweep them into the Tugela River. He asks what he will sweep with, and says: "He has but a few irregular cavalry, who are excellent as scouts, but who are not of much use in sweeping many thousand men into a river. The fact is that any sweeping into the Tugela River is beyond the capacity of our forces north of Pietermaritzburg. If the Boers are beaten they will doubtless melt away, as they have always done when they were unhampered by cavalry, to turn up unconcernedly elsewhere. Even if they are decisively defeated they can fall back to Weenen, thence across the Tugela to the north, and regain touch with their investing force at Ladysmith."

ON TO PIETERMARITZBURG.

Rapid Advance of the Boers—Natal Burghers are Looting.

LONDON, Nov. 23.—The Daily News has the following from its Pretoria correspondent at Pietermaritzburg, under date of Wednesday:

"Your correspondent managed to escape from the Mool River district on Tuesday, before the arrival of 6,000 Boers, who are looting the farmsteads in all directions. The Natal Boers, encouraged by the success of the Transvaalers, join in the looting.

"The main body of the Boers made a rapid march from Estcourt, southward of Estcourt, to a point near Fort Nottingham, south of the railway, in a single day.

"They are within 40 miles of Pietermaritzburg at the farthest, and it is thought they intend to attack the town."

A despatch to the Daily News from Nottingham Road, Natal, dated Tuesday, says the Boers have arrived near there.

HIS LIFE THE PRICE.

Steyn of the Orange Free State Called on to Stop Annexing

CAPE TOWN, Nov. 22.—Prime Minister Schreiner's letter to President Steyn, of the Orange Free State, is worded very strongly. Mr Schreiner informs President Steyn that he will be held personally responsible with his life for the proclamation in the annexed districts of Cape Colony calling for the forced enlistment of loyal colonists in the Boer ranks.

Sir Alfred Milner, Governor of Cape Colony, regards it as imperative to prevent the continuance of such enlistments and the last military attack on Colesberg was preceded by his demand upon the Boers to cease the commission of outrages, or words to that effect. Mr. Schreiner is locally exceedingly popular with the Dutch.

BOERS SURROUNDING

Relief Force Surrounding the Overwhelmed Forces at Colesberg.

CAPE TOWN, Nov. 22. — General French with a force from the Modder River camp, together with a force of mounted men, are pushing forward to the relief of Colesberg.

The Boers will put an end to the annexation movement if they succeed in the capture of the British in the north as part of their plan.

Colesberg is reported as being in the enemy's hands, after cutting the railway at Rensburg and attacking De Aar Junction.

SHELLING BY BOERS.

Accurate Shooting at Mool River Village, But Little Damage.

LONDON, Nov. 23.—The Mercury [illegible] reports that Mool River village was shelled under date of yesterday, 22nd.

A Boer force, estimated at from 5,000 to 6,000 men with a number of guns, have occupied a strong position at Modderspruit, cutting, two miles north of Highlands.

The Boers started shelling the Mool River village at 1:30 this afternoon. They were posted in two strong positions.

Their howitzers opened suddenly at a range of four miles. Their shooting was accurate. Most of the shell dropped into our camp, but the Boers could not get within rifle range.

We sent out to fire upon a party of 200 Boers, who were advancing under cover of their guns, and they immediately retired. A thunderstorm then interrupted the firing. We had three men wounded.

The Boers' second shell fell within a few yards of a detachment of British infantry, but the shells did little or no damage, and the firing continued at intervals of from three to four minutes.

The special correspondents are only permitted to describe Major-General Barton's camp at Mool River vaguely as "large" or "ample."

A serious attack on Mool River camp is now hourly expected, with the object of destroying the bridges at Weston. Should this be accomplished, the Boers would be free to turn their attention against Estcourt, while if it fails, the enemy would retire again on Weenen and join the investing forces around Ladysmith.

BOER REPORTS.

Joubert Tells of His Operations Around Ladysmith.

PRETORIA, Tuesday, Nov. 21.—The following despatch has been received from the Boer headquarters, near Ladysmith, dated:

"The field cornets of the Pretoria commando reported that British gun carriages and some horsemen had been heard moving last night in Ladysmith. Our outposts observed the British endeavoring to north toward Lombard's Kop and Bulwana hill, where the Maxims opened fire. The range was too great, and therefore our artillery began shelling, which drove the British back.

"About daybreak the British batteries fired upon our position. Two burghers were wounded.

"It is supposed that the object of the sortie was to relieve the Estcourt forces, who had sent an urgent message to Ladysmith requesting aid. The burghers captured the messenger, but finally allowed him to proceed."

It is reported that the Natal police have captured a number of Transvaal despatch riders.

In his latest report General Joubert says: "I am cutting off the retreat of the Estcourt troops to Pietermaritzburg, and driving them back on the Tugela river."

It is also reported that the Boer commander with the forces near Ladysmith has "comprehensively surveyed the different points from which the fall of Ladysmith can be assured."

AT KIMBERLEY.

A Sortie Made by the British—Lord Methuen's Advance.

DE AAR, Nov. 22.—A despatch rider who has arrived here reports that all was well at Kimberley when he left that town.

A sortie was made on Nov. 16, and the British carried the advance works of the Boers. Nine of the enemy were killed. The British loss was one killed and eight wounded.

CROSSED THE ORANGE RIVER.

LONDON, Nov. 22.—The Daily Mail publishes a despatch from Newspoort, dated Wednesday, which says that a large force under Gen. Methuen has crossed the Orange River, and is advancing to the relief of Kimberley.

LONDON, Nov. 23.—The Daily Mail says this morning: We are able to confirm the report that orders have been issued to mobilize a sixth division at Aldershot for service in South Africa, or wherever it may be wanted."

DURBAN, Nov. 22.—About 3,000 Free State Boers, with guns, are marching from the west by way of Fort Nottingham. Fort Nottingham is half way between Estcourt and Pietermaritzburg, and some miles west of the railway line.

LONDON, Nov. 22.—An Australian, who wishes his name withheld, has given £10,000 to the war fund. A Britisher, who prefers to remain anonymous, has undertaken to defray the cost of distributing all gifts to troops in South Africa.

LONDON, Nov. 23.—A despatch to the Daily Mail from St. Petersburg says that Lt.-Col. Gonetzki, of the Guards, and Gen. Seletz, formerly commanding the Grodno Hussars, have resigned from the Russian army for the purpose of serving under Gen. Joubert, the commander of the Transvaal Boers.

AGUINALDO WANTS PEACE.

But Independence Also, and Willing to Pay $20,000,000 to Uncle Sam for It.

NEW YORK, Nov. 23.—The World says its Hong Kong correspondent knows an American who lives in the Philippines, and who has recently been to Aguinaldo's camp. He has been there two weeks with the insurgent commander in chief.

Aguinaldo wants peace, and to get it he is willing to repay the $20,000,000 which the United States paid to Spain for the Philippines, and will consent to American soldiers remaining in Manila till the debt is cancelled. He wants a republic to consist of a president, congress and judiciary. The letter concludes, the interview is dated Malolos, October 31. Aguinaldo said that he had been repeatedly informed that McKinley would never consent to a compromise; that unconditional surrender was the only thing the American President would accept; that to conquer the Filipinos McKinley would expend a thousand millions of dollars in gold, and two hundred thousand lives of American soldiers."

JUDGE SEALS IN AFRICA

Vast Stretches of Valuable Territory Presented to Syndicates

BY A GERMAN OFFICIAL

Sensation Grows as It is Investigated —Pushing to Probe the Affair.

BERLIN, Nov. 23.—Investigation shows that the facts in the Kamerun scandal are exactly the story made public by the Tageblatt, Nov. 9, when that paper told an apparently corrupt deal had taken place, by which the Chief of the Colonial Department gave away 80,000 square kilometers of Kamerun soil, estimated to be worth about 40,000,000 marks, to various high personages. The promoters first formed a company, and soon sold out to a new company formed at Brussels, and made up of Belgians, Englishmen and several Americans, for 18,000,000 francs. The concession, it further appears, really cost them nothing. The first company was named in the concession Sudekameruun. Prince Hohenlohe-Ochringen was one of the original concessioners. For this reason the Emperor forced his resignation as Chief Court Chamberlain.

The facts in the most recent grant of a concession are even worse. To a company called the Northwest Kamerun territory was conceded larger than Bavaria. It lies in the hinterland of the Kameroons is extremely fertile, and includes valuable forests, worth a thousand times the obligations the company assumes towards the Empire. The entire financial obligation is only a hundred thousand marks contribution to the Lake Tchad expedition, while there are other undertakings to spend 5,000,000 marks within ten years in improvement of the tract, to construct roads, steamer lines, plantations and factories, all redounding to the benefit of the company.

The concession was granted for 60 years and is to be extended for 60 years more, if the company within 12 years constructs a railroad coastwards. At the expiration of the second term the immense tract becomes the company's property absolutely. The company also agrees to pay the Government a small share of its net profits. There is no provision that the company or a majority of its shareholders must be Germans.

The correspondent of the Associated Press learns from the Colonial Office, in explanation of the above that the present chief, Dr. von Buchka, adopted the British policy of getting big concessions, asking for compensancy in Mackie's case. Justice Ferguson, it will be remembered, sent Mackie to penitentiary for 14 years, while Parry and Holden got only four and three years at the second trial. Mackie's case will be kept in mind, but as he has only served ten months of his time no immediate action will be taken.

THE CHANGE IN THE DEPARTMENTS

Ontario Cabinet Reconstructs the Business of the Portfolios.

THE TREASURY IS LIGHTENED

Immigration Changed to Colonization and Added to Mr. Davis' Office.

The Ontario Cabinet at its meeting yesterday afternoon readjusted the different branches. The changes are as follows:

The Treasury Department is relieved of the asylums, license branches and Division Courts.

The Crown Lands Department is relieved of colonization roads, game and insurance department, and has added to it the Department of Immigration, which will in future be known as colonization.

The Department of Public Works will have added to it the Division Courts' branch, while fish and game will be united, and will also be under Mr. Latchford's supervision.

The Attorney General's Department will be relieved of the Fisheries' branch, and to it will be added the Insurance branch and the Department of Neglected Children.

The Provincial Secretary's Department will be relieved of the Department of Neglected Children, and to it will be added the Asylums and Licenses.

The Department of Agriculture will be relieved of immigration.

No change is made in the Education Department.

TO KNIFE BRYAN.

Eastern Democrats Put Up a Deal to Shut Him Out.

NEW YORK, Nov. 23.—A story here says Senator Gorman and Governor-Elect Smith of Maryland have announced to Richard Croker that Maryland Democrats will lead in an anti-Bryan movement if any encouragement is offered them in this and other Eastern States, and that enough anti-Bryan delegates would be sent to the next National Convention to prevent the Nebraska leader from obtaining the two-thirds vote necessary for a nomination.

Sir John William Dawson, the famous ex-principal of McGill University, and a savant of world-wide repute, died at his residence in Montreal on Saturday, midnight. His powers had been gradually failing for the last six years, during which period he suffered several paralytic strokes. Lady Dawson, his son, Dr. G. E. Dawson, and his sister, Mrs. Harrington, were with him at the end.

The Minister of Justice has received communications from the members of the family of Robt. Mackie, the Napanee tailor, asking for clemency in Mackie's case. Justice Ferguson, it will be remembered, sent Mackie to penitentiary for 14 years, while Parry and Holden got only four and three years at the second trial. Mackie's case will be kept in mind, but as he has only served ten months of his time no immediate action will be taken.

CANADIAN

Lumber Men Should Be Heard Before the Special Committee on Timber Limits.

Mr. Willis Wm. Jarvis will have a valuable [illegible] and [illegible] farm.

The Quebec Government will introduce a new liquor license law next session.

Arrangements have been made for re-organizing the Guelph Horticultural Society.

A meeting of the United States Consul will be held at Hamilton on Nov. 30th.

It is said in Winnipeg that most of the [illegible] will be held Dec. 7.

Adam Thomson, a 5-year-old Brantford boy, slipped into the river and was drowned.

At the Brandon Assizes Hilda Blake pleaded guilty of the murder of Mrs Robert Lane.

The Bank of Hamilton directors have decided to add $500,000 to the capital stock of $1,000,000.

Peter Kearney, proprietor of a livery bonrd, Brantford, died at Preston Thursday.

The Chinese laundry at Norwich was broken into and all the Chinaman's savings, over $200, stolen.

Ald. Wilson and Mathers are both definitely in the field as mayoralty candidates in Winnipeg.

Mr. William Wallace has sold the Orangeville Advertiser to Messrs. J.F. Dodds and Kenneth McKay.

Rev. D. A. Mackenzie, of Chester, has been called by St. Matthew's Presbyterian church, Montreal.

The stables of John Smith, lot 21 con. 10, Zorra, were burned with 23 head of cattle horses and pigs.

Dominick Bros.' store at Fleming Assa., was entered by burglars, and $60 taken from the cash drawer.

The Mikado mining office at Rat Portage was destroyed by fire, but the books and gold bricks were saved.

A new French Conservative morning paper will begin publication in Montreal the latter end of this month.

About 25 girls employed by the Eagle Knitting Company, of Hamilton, went on a strike over the question of wages.

Mayo. Teetzel of Hamilton, suggests holding the municipal nominations on Dec. 22 at 7.30 p.m. instead of at noon.

Judge Snider has quashed the Hamilton Police Magistrate's conviction of a hotelkeeper for selling ginger ale to a minor.

The Kingston Locomotive Works has been offered a bonus of $75,000 and a free site to move to a town outside of Ontario.

David Johnson, hardware merchant, one of the pioneer business men of Seaforth, dropped dead in his store Thursday.

Charles Foster, aged 21, an employe of the Dixon works at Ingersoll, was caught in the cog wheels on Saturday and killed.

The Kingston Locomotive Works will ask the city for a cash bonus of $75,000 for the purpose of retaining the works in the city.

Hilda Blake, the woman found guilty of the murder of Mrs. John Lane, of Brandon, has been sentenced to hang on December 27.

It is anticipated that Mr Frank Love will be appointed successor to the late Mr. E. Jones Parke, as Police Magistrate of London.

The Canadian Pacific Ry. announces a round trip rate of $40 to Eastern Canada from Manitoba points for the Christmas holidays.

The London, Ont., Trades and Labor Council has nominated a list of municipal candidates for every position except the Mayoralty.

Chas. Henry Mason, aged 65 years, was found dead in bed at his home in the township of Thurlow. The unfortunate man lived alone.

The County Crown Attorney has advised an inquest on the body of Peter Peterson, killed in the London (Ont.) Packing Co.'s establishment.

By the boiling over of a pot of inflammable mixture in J. A. Stuart's drug store in St. Catharines, a fire started which did $600 damage.

Representatives of a number of fraternal societies met in Hamilton and decided to hold a joint concert to raise money for the Lord Mayor's fund.

Constable Harrison of the Northwest Mounted Police at Macleod was found dead with a bullet through his brain the day after his wedding.

New postoffices were opened in Ontario this week as follows: Franklin Corners and Plantaganet Springs, Prescott, Hornecastle, North Victoria.

Hon. R. R. Dobell has forwarded to the Montreal Board of Trade a model of a turret steamship, such as he advocates for the fast Atlantic service.

The body of Alfred Mellors, who died suddenly at Iroquois and was buried at Cobourg, has been exhumed for the purpose of holding an inquest.

At a meeting of the leading millowners and lumber merchants of the Ottawa valley steps were taken to establish a uniform standard of grades.

The conference between the G.T.R. officials and the conductors and brakemen at Montreal resulted in an agreement entirely satisfactory to the men.

A message from Grand River, Gaspe county, announces the death, at that place of Dr. Ennis, the Conservative candidate in the last Dominion election.

The Elder-Dempster & Co.'s steamship Merrimac is still unheard of, and the anxiety for the safety of the crew, ship and cargo is daily growing more acute.

A large meeting of Ottawa gentlemen of both political parties has decided to banquet Hon. F. R. Latchford on the evening of Tuesday, Dec. 12.

The Hamilton Trades and Labor Council decided to support by the members' patronage those merchants who close their stores early on Saturday nights.

E. H. Lloyd, who was arrested in London, Eng., for the embezzlement of $1,500 from S. Oxley & Co., Montreal, has been sent three years in the penitentiary.

The Dominion Steamship Co. has received notification that the British Government has chartered their big steamship Canada to transport troops to South Africa.

Mr. A. D. MacTier, general baggage agent of the Canadian Pacific Railway, has been appointed to the newly-created position of general fuel agent of the company.

Mr. Robert Linton, one of the best known dry goods merchants of Montreal, is dead. He was for many years a partner of George Stephen, now Lord Mount Stephen.

The Manitoba branch of the Dominion Alliance has issued a manifesto reviewing the acts of the members of the Local House. It favors a prohibition candidate in Cypress.

At a meeting of the directors of the Dominion Steel Co. at Montreal, Mr. Alfred Buxham of London, Ont., was appointed general superintendent of the company's works at Sydney, C.B.

Lt.-Col. Ward of Barrie has received word from St. John's, Nfld., that his brigade had not been recalled from the Straits. The Colonel places his loss at $1,000.

The trial of Mr. William Weir, charged with furnishing the Government with a false statement of the affairs of La Banque Ville Marie, has commenced in Montreal.

It is now said that Hon. Mr. Tarte is seeking to secure the nomination in Chateauguay, Que., as an independent Liberal. If elected he will be appointed Minister of Marine.

Mr. Wm. Weir, Jr., has been appointed Registrar of Temiscouata county, Que., in succession to his father, the late Wm. Weir, Sr