Scotia, where very valuable work on the same lines has been done within the last two years.

- (5) The Dairy Schools, at Guelph, Kingston, and Strathroy, in Ontario; at Winnipeg in Manitoba; and Sussex in New Brunswick, and Charlottetown in Prince Edward Island,—that in connection with the College at Guelph having been established in February, 1893, and the others at later dates,—all instructing and training makers for work in the cheese factories and creameries of the country; most of them giving instruction in farm or home dairying; and one or two devoting a considerable amount of time and attention to experiments in butter-making, cheese-making, and the curing of cheese, -the results being regularly published for the benefit of factorymen and farmers throughout the Dominion.
- (6) The Dominion Experimental Farms, which, by distributing seeds and plants, studying methods of cultivation, testing varieties of crops, and publishing reports and bulletins based on experiments and investigations in the central, eastern, and western provinces, have furnished valuable information to farmers and have prompted them to experiment and investigate more or less on their own farms.
- (7) The Work of the Dominion Department of Agriculture in securing cold storage transportation for farm produce by land and sea; starting cheese factories and creameries where specially needed in the more remote east and west; selecting and quipping stations for breeding and fattening poultry at convenient centres throughout the Dominion; organizing a sub-department for the improvement of seed by selection and breeding; and enacting laws and appointing officers for the inspection of fruit that is packed and offered for sale in either home or foreign markets,-all under the control and direction of the Minister and the Commissioner of Agriculture for the Dominion.

- (8) Winter fairs, provincial live stock sales, and the recent extension of interprovincial trade in pure-bred stock, all organized, controlled, and directed by the Live Stock Commissioner for the Dominion,—the first great Canadian Exhibition of fat stock, breeding cows, etc., having been held at Guelph under the authority and with the support of the Minister of Agriculture for Ontario; and similar exhibitions or fairs having since been held at Ottawa, Ont., Amherst, N.S., and Calgary, N.W.T., by the help of the Minister of Agriculture for the Dominion.
- (9) Fruit Experiment Stations—which, at fourteen places in the Province of Ontario, have, for several years past, been testing varieties of fruit—old and new varieties—and publishing the results, in order that people throughout the Province may know the leading varieties of each kind of fruit and be informed as to those which are best adapted to the soil and climatic conditions of each locality.
- (10) Definite and specific instruction in creameries and cheese factories, especially in the Province of Ontario,—for some time under the control of the Dairy Associations of the Province, but recently—and much more effectively—under the direction of the Department of Agriculture in Toronto.
- (11) Sending, free of charge, direct to the Post Office address of all members of Farmers' Institutes and many other farmers, agricultural reports and bulletins as they are issued, especially by the Department of Agriculture in Toronto and the Experimental Farm at Ottawa.
- (12) The agricultural press of the Dominion, which has shown much enterprise and undoubtedly has made a very considerable contribution towards the development of Canadian agriculture, especially in the live stock branch.

Among the agencies not included in this list, we should mention the School of Agriculture at Truro and the School of Horticulture at Wolfville, Nova Scotia; the Experimental Farm in Prince Edward Island, a number of small agri-