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The Grazier and Breeder

## Advice to Farmers on the Improvement of their Buildings.

The province of Quobec is relatively young; the soil is as jet bardly cleared; but in spite of this, the farms of the older parishes are exhausted, and no longer return remunera tife crops. Hence, it is elear that, after a long succession of abuadant harrests, we have neglected to restore to the land, is the shape of manure, the necessary elements of plant-food, and the soil, fertile enough in the days of our forefathers, Coks for a prompt restitution of what we have taker from it, that is, an abundant supply of fertilising matters, of mauures of all kinds, to restore it to its original fertility.

Our farmyard manure must be increased both in quantity and quality : hence, arose the idea of building dung-pits to receive both the liquid and solid droppings of our stock. But to inorease the manure in quantity and to improve its quality, the stock must be properly fed, and their meals must be given them in an appetising and digestible form, in order that the forage of all kinds may be atilised, and a greater quantity of the inferior products of the farms thereby consumed. The only way in which this can be done is by outting the straw, \&c., into ohaff, and scalding it, for which purpose it has been proposed to erect small boilers which would serve at the same time to cook the food for the pigs. (1) (No good to cook apything but the potatocs for pigs. A. R. J. F.)
And herein lies one of the secrets of scouring the thrifty condition of our stock, and the production of abuadant sup. plies of milk even in the midst of our rigorous winters. By this means, the spring whence milk, the raw maierial of the dairy industry, is derived will send forth its streams more abundantly, and insure to our beloved country a longer a of prosperity. If the promised land displayed to the Jerrs a view of future blessings, since milk aud honey abounded therein, we, also, may look formard to a prosperous time to come. Here, too, roll along abundant streams of milk, and with an abundance of milk, the boney will not be difficult to secure. Each of us holds in his power a small though valuable mine, and to utilise it nothing remains for us to do but to profit by the lessons of experience, and to stady serionsly the teachings of those distinguished agriculturists who have placed the fruits of their investigatione at our command. To farm our land in
(1) We will shortly give a description of our practice at Varenaes, Where all the Fater was heated for the stock by means of the cookl ing-stove :a most economical proceeding.
E. A. B.

