

The Carleton Observer

Vol. 11. No. 41.

HARTLAND, N. B., MARCH 18, 1920.

Whole No. 560

IF YOU PATRONIZE The Everyday Bargain Store

YOU LEARN TO SAVE MONEY

BOOTS and SHOES

Rubber Boots, Gum Rubbers
and Shoe Rubbers

are selling here at the old prices as long as stock lasts

THE HOUSE WITH THE STOCK

A. W. PHILLIPS

BRISTOL N. B.

Cheap Sale Now On

Balance of all Winter Goods

It will pay you to BUY NOW all you will need for next winter as prices will be higher than now and no big discounts such as I am now offering. Come in and see for yourself. Buy an Overcoat now and save \$20

Timothy and Clover Seeds, Vitriol and Bug Poisons

now on hand and offered at money-saving prices to early buyers.

Pulpwood, Lathwood, Logs Wanted

and highest prices paid. Do not sell any of these until you call and see me.
Butter 60c, Eggs 60c, Buckwheat \$4.25, Hay \$30, Oats \$1.25

The store which ALWAYS gives you a square deal and keeps the
PRICES and QUALITY RIGHT!

S. W. SMITH

N. B. Phone 3-2

EAST FLORENCEVILLE, N.B.

Farmer Phone 18-2

Dead and Buried

But not trade at the Farmers' Store as was predicted, for trade is good and daily increasing. The new management struck a death blow to "Rum's Twin Brother" and trade driver and "Man Slayer" "TOBACCO" and its all gone now, so come along Ladies, bring a few eggs and a few pounds of butter and a little cash and carry away clean groceries, Boots, Rubbers, Dry Goods, etc. and be convinced that the "Farmers' Store" can give you an honest deal.

Specials

Pure Lard 35c lb
Orange Pekoe Tea 65c
3 Varieties Seed or Cooking Beans 10c lb
Mouse Dresses \$1.85 to \$2.00

Salt Cod, Smoked Bloaters and the nicest salt herring you ever saw at prices that will make a dinner cheap even if potatoes are \$6.00 per barrel. Call and get prices on Timothy, Clover, Vitriol, Lime, Bug Poison, Soaps, Alberts and Acme Blinds.

Paints and Wall Paper to arrive. 1 car 3-6-5 Phosphate on Hand
Cash paid for Butter and Eggs

United Farmers Co-Operative Company, Ltd.

L. A. J. Ward, Manager

Hartland Branch

CARLETON'S M. P. SOME SPEAKER

Full Text Here Given Sounds Like
Old-Time Liberal Gospel—To
Consider all Classes.

Mr. Speaker, after having listened to so many eloquent and able speeches in the last few days, it is with a certain amount of trepidation that I rise at this time to address the House. That feeling is all the more marked because I am the first member of the group of hon. gentlemen located on what is styled "the cross benches" to break the ice at this session, and judging by the remarks of some of the speakers who have preceded me the water will be fairly cold. The impression seems to exist among some hon. members of this House, especially among those sitting on the Government side, that the independent group in this House are here to represent solely the farmers. I would like to correct that impression and to warn hon. gentlemen who entertain such an opinion that while our numbers, as yet, in this Chamber are but few, I believe we represent a majority of the public of Canada today. I believe that fact is realized by the hon. gentlemen to whom I refer, and that if it were not for it they would not be quite so concerned about our appearance in this Parliament. It is not our "contemptible little army" they are worrying about; they are apprehensive of the public opinion they must meet at the next general election.

Regarding the amendment before the House, I believe that if the electors of Canada were asked to pronounce upon it they would support it by an overwhelming majority. They would do that not because it was moved by the leader of the Liberal Party or because it is a liberal motion at all. In the first place the Union Government was formed to carry on the war, and its term of office was to be during the war and until demobilization was completed. The Union Administration was also to be composed of fifty per cent Liberals and fifty per cent Conservatives. I may say that I was a supporter of the Union Government at that time and on three terms. Now the war has ended, demobilization has been completed, and it looks to me, Mr. Speaker, as if the Union Government was done, too, as a Union Government, because nearly all the Liberal members of the Union Cabinet have resigned, giving as their reason for so doing that they believed the term for which the Union Government was elected had expired.

In the next place, I do not feel that this Government has been consistent in its policy. It has preached greater production, and has not enacted legislation to encourage production; and although it promised to appoint a committee to prepare tariff legislation to be brought before the House at this session, we have no intimation in the speech from the Throne that this will be done. In fact, the inspired press of the Government has stated that no tariff legislation would be brought down this session.

Some of the greatest economists in the world today claim that the most important factor in restoring the world to normal conditions is "Production and Economy," and I believe we will all agree with that statement. As I have said, the present Government

has preached greater production but has not passed tariff legislation that would have that result, especially in regard to the necessities of life. As for economy, I never heard the present Government accused of that. At the time the war was in progress, the Government instituted a campaign for the greater production of food, which was very necessary at that time, and is even just as imperative at the present moment. One would have expected that at a time when the food shortage was so acute the Government would have reduced the duty on fertilizers, which are so necessary, especially to the potato growers of the Maritime Provinces, if the yield was to be increased, and that it would also have lowered the duty on machinery.

(Continued on page 2)

Son of Dr. Beairto Dead

William N. Beairto, who died on Feb. 4, was born at Hartland, June 10, 1892. He was a life long sufferer from epilepsy. He died at the home of Mrs. G. W. Crandall, Ayondale. The funeral service was held from the home of Harry Gillis, Lakeville, and was conducted by the Rev. D. Fiske. The body was laid to rest in the Williamsstown cemetery beside his mother and brother. A son of Dr. James and Belle P. Beairto, he leaves to mourn: His father, three brothers—Gerald E., Robert K. and Harold K. all of Noregate, Manitoba; and two sisters, Mrs. C. M. King, of Franklin, Manitoba, and Miss Mae Beairto, of Noregate.

Black Fox at Centreville

The Centreville correspondent writes:

Considerable excitement prevailed last week, just below town when several of their peepers on a black fox. Forthwith everyone became a Nimrod and went forth to do battle with Black Beauty. Ted Hill succeeded in wounding Reynard out behind the barn, where he slew him with a hatch. A fox had been lost from the farm of Bridgewater and the proprietors of the episode, came over and secured the fox.

Bristol Society

Talmage Merritt is the guest of his sister, Miss Alice Merritt.

Mrs. Stafford Banks entertained the young people on Thursday evening. A most enjoyable evening was spent in dancing after which dainty refreshments were served.

Miss Mary Lamont spent the week-end at her home in Glassville.

A. W. Phillips is spending the week in Montreal where he is doing his spring buying.

Miss Helen Estabrooks is ill at her home in Chester.

Mrs. Eva Brittain and son, Willie, spent Thursday in Hartland.

Charles Porter, of Foreston, is home for a few days.

Mr. and Mrs. Stafford Banks and Jack Banks attended the dance in Florenceville Tuesday night.

Ambers Gibbetson spent Thursday in Hartland.

A smart girl will find an unusually good opportunity to learn typesetting at The Observer office by making application at once.

HIGH COST OF LIVING IS STILL GOING UP

Greater Advances in Every Commodity But No Good to Worry.

The high cost of living, the ogre that has haunted the earth during the past five or six years, is still on the job and the necessities of life are reaching new record prices every day. The fact, however, that nearly everything has advanced so that the proportion of prices remains about the same makes "the times" really no harder—and it is true that never were the people so eager to spend their money.

This month the papers of the United States are facing the most critical situation they have yet been called on to work through. It is certain that hundreds of the weaker papers—daily and weekly—will pass out of existence, while in the large cities scores of the great journals are amalgamating. One source of their difficulty is the unheard of high price of news print, which has gone from \$35 a ton to \$310. The wages of mechanical men in the New York offices have raised from \$34 a week to \$60.

The situation is not so bad in Canada, since two years ago the government took over control of the paper mills output and fixed a price that was within reach of the home consumer. This arrangement ceases July 1 and then Canada and United States will be on the same footing as regards news print.

This article is meant to treat particularly of The Observer and its high cost of living.

Here are some figures concerning the business and which, it is presumed, apply to Canadian weeklies generally:

Increases in three years:
Male employees, wages 60 per cent.
Female " " 125 "
Newsprint, 3.25 to 5.15 per cwt.

Everything else has increased accordingly. Our newsprint costs each week exactly five times what it cost two years ago, the circulation having increased largely and the size of the paper by 50 per cent. The weekly expense of running The Observer is exactly three times what it was only two years ago.

If this be the case—and it is—the reader will ask, "How do you make ends meet?" The short answer to this is that the appreciative disposition of the readers themselves is the greatest help we have in "getting by." Two years ago the price of The Observer was 75c. Today it is \$1.50 and not one subscriber has left because of the rise in price. New subscribers come every week. Last Saturday there were five. Then, again, both the volume of advertising and the rates therefore have greatly increased. In the job printing department prices average 100 per cent more than five years ago, and this branch of the business is steadily growing.

We have mentioned these facts, not at all boastfully, but as the figures of one business, at least, that we know thoroughly. And the figures of our private business, which we here give to the public, is intended simply as proof that it does no good to worry over the high cost of living for if one pays more for what he buys he is getting more for what he sells. And there you are.

HARTLAND DRUG CO., LTD.

Dr. I. B. Curtis, President

Flu---LaGrippe!

Before, When and After you have it. We have a Full Stock of everything you need for the present Epidemic of Lagrippe—

Antiseptic Solutions, Borol, Listerine and Glycothymoline
Atomizers, Nebulizers, Hot Water Bottles and Ice Bags

Tipperary Perfumes and Sachet Powders

"PURE DRUGS"—OUR MOTTO

(No Substitutes)

Farmers' Phone 20-5

Main St., Hartland