

FOUR BIG ELEPHANTS JERK VAN OUT OF HOLE.

New York Mail Wagon Stuck in the Mud and the Animals Hauled it Out.

Later an Electric Car Crashed Into a Mail Wagon Hurting Driver and Policeman.

New York, Sept. 25.—But for the strength and courtesy of four huge elephants, a ton batch of mail stuck in the mud at Sixth avenue and Forty-second street would have missed its train at the Grand Central depot last night.

The trouble began when a large mail wagon, loaded to the top, swung down Sixth avenue and ventured a sharp turn at the corner where street repairs had left a soft strip of earth, turned to sticky mud by recent rains. A new driver, employed in place of a striker, was on the wagon and was accompanied by a policeman. He urged the horses into the trap and the wheels sunk to their hubs. A crowd gathered and broke three ropes in their efforts to help the horses.

Then the policeman had a happy thought. He sent a messenger to an amphitheatre, and asked for the services of the performing elephants. Four were hurried to the scene in charge of their keepers. They were harnessed to the side of the wagon and jerked it out of the mud with utmost ease, while the crowd cheered.

Early in the evening a crowded Madison avenue electric car crashed into a large mail wagon at Fifteenth street and

Union Square, overturning the vehicle. The strike-breaking driver and a policeman by whom he was accompanied were thrown into the street. Both were severely injured. The motorman was arrested.

Robbed Canadian Banks.
New York, Sept. 25.—A New York State detective will sail for Germany in a few days to bring back to this country Henry F. Hardy, who, for the last thirteen years has been the inmate of German prisons.

Hardy is to be brought back to serve an unexpired term of twelve years in the Clinton prison, from which he escaped in 1890. He is declared to be one of the most clever bank thieves ever known in this country. After his escape he is alleged to have robbed two Canadian banks of \$7,000, and was next heard of in Germany living the life of an "American millionaire," as he was called, at a fashionable hotel in Frankfurt-on-Main. A Baden-Baden banker recognized him as a man who had stolen from his bank cash to the amount of \$24,000. He was at once imprisoned by the German authorities and his time is now expiring.

Since Hardy has learned that he would be brought back he has written letters to the State Superintendent of Prisons asking that he be allowed to remain in Germany. The authorities have refused to consider his petition.

BICYCLE RIDER'S DEATH.

J. C. Hilborn Expired Without a Warning.

Winnipeg, Man., despatch: A gasp, a call for help, a few short struggles and the life drama of J. C. Hilborn was completed last night. Hilborn had been a resident of Winnipeg for only two weeks, coming here from St. Catharines, Ont., and taking a position in the machine shop of McCullough and Boswell a week ago last Monday.

Yesterday afternoon he complained of a weakness of his heart, but little was thought of it, as he had pulled through many similar and harmless attacks. At his rooms, however, he became suddenly worse and died with scarcely a moment's notice. Heart failure is said to have been the cause of death.

Deceased was a well known bicycle rider in the city and his heart troubles are said to have been aggravated by his early athletic attainments. He was about twenty-two years of age and had been employed in the Olds automobile factory in St. Catharines before his removal to this city.

His relatives, who live in St. Catharines, were communicated with this morning as to the disposition of the remains.

ODDFELLOWS RAISE NEW BAR.

Regulation Against Membership of Liquor Dealers Made More Stringent.

Philadelphia, Sept. 25.—By a decided vote the Sovereign Grand Lodge, I. O. O. F., this morning declined to in any way modify the existing laws in regard to the admittance to membership of those engaged in the liquor traffic. Not only did they decide that none should be allowed to join the order who were engaged in this business, but it was decided that no one can remain a member of the I. O. O. F. who has been engaged in this business since the first rating was made upon the subject in the 1855 convention at Atlantic City.

This means that a number of liquor men who are now members of the order will either be compelled to resign from the lodges with which they are connected or else retire from any connection with the liquor business.

The parade this afternoon was a brilliant pageant, there being 5,000 men in line. In addition to the many cantons of Patriarchs Militant, there were hundreds of subordinate lodges in line, many of them with decorated floats. A reception and military ball was held in the evening.

HIS SECRET GOT OUT.

Coming Marriage Announced by Banner Swung Across Street.

Pittsburg, Sept. 25.—A sign was swung across the street at the Continental Tube Works to-day reading:

"Notice! Mr. John Burns, assistant manager of the tube works, will be married to-day. He is a bit nervous, but that is natural, and will soon wear off. After he recovers he wants his friends to come and have luncheon with him at his new home in Keasler street. Come and see the furniture, and bring all the children and your friends."

Handbills were also scattered broadcast. Mr. Burns had planned to keep his marriage to Miss Annie Burns a secret. It proved to be everybody's secret.

FELL SIXTY-EIGHT FEET.

Miraculous Escape of Grand Forks Girl Who Falls Into Well.

Vancouver, Sept. 25.—Miraculous was the escape from death of eight-year-old Ivy Taylor, of Grand Forks. She was drawing a bucket of water from a well when she lost her balance and fell down 68 feet. Fortunately she alighted on her feet in two feet of water, below which six inches of soft sand. Her mother, hearing her cries, rushed to get a ladder, by herself she carried one, which, under ordinary circumstances, it takes two men to lift. This she placed down the well and rescued the child, who suffered only from a few bruises.

KILLED UNDER CAR.

AUTOMOBILE WRECKED IN DODGING A COW.

Hightstown, N. J., Sept. 25.—Robert E. Kidd, a former Rough Rider and one of the heroes of the Boxer uprising in China, was killed in an automobile smash here to-day, with him was S. Hinman Bird, president of the senior class of Princeton University, who was badly injured.

Kidd was riding in a big touring car, with Bird at the lever to day. Bird tried to avoid striking a cow which ambled slowly along the road, unmindful of the toots of the horn, when the car skidded, struck a telegraph pole and was turned completely over, with the two men beneath the wreckage.

Kidd had a fine record as a soldier of the United States. He served with the Rough Riders in the Spanish-American war, afterward joined the regular cavalry, saw service in the Philippines and was with the American troops which gave such a good account of themselves in the Boxer troubles in China. His home was on Staten Island.

HONK! HONK! MEAL TIME.

Chickens Taught to Feed at Call of Auto Horn.

Freeland, N. J., Sept. 25.—Not long ago a farmer of Glendora, near here, found an automobile horn, dropped from some machine near his property. He carried it home and put it to a practical use. He taught the chickens to run after him when the horn "honked" at meal time, instead of calling "chick, chick, chick!" in the old fashioned way. The fowls took to the innovation, and whenever they heard the "honk" would run from all directions to get their corn.

Day before yesterday Dr. Ackerman of Asbury Park went scorching by the farm in his automobile, tooting his horn. The chickens on the farm with one accord set out after the auto, spurred on by the familiar "honk, honk." On the fowls' run, and kept on running until seventeen hens and six roosters ran themselves to death in the highway. The rest, finding they were being fooled, stopped for breath, and then wandered back home. The farmer found them wheezing and scratching their heads by the kitchen door and had discovered that they will no longer respond to the "auto" horn.

GIRL TYPEWRITERS

EMPLOYED AS TYPESETTERS TO BREAK CHICAGO STRIKE.

Chicago, Sept. 25.—The experiments in the shops of the Chicago Typothetae since the printers' strike began promise a new field of industry for girl typewriters. From the typewriter keyboard to that of a big typesetting machine, the employers say, is only a short rest. So successful have the young women proved as "operators" in the large printing shops that the proprietors are seeking for more of them.

The Typothetae yesterday decided to advertise for a hundred girls for machine work to take the place of striking printers. At present 25 girls are acting as strike-breakers.

INSURANCE SCANDALS.

WORSE DEVELOPMENTS COMING IN THE INVESTIGATION.

New York, Sept. 25.—The probing of the methods of life insurance companies was resumed this morning by the Legislative Investigation Committee. Before the day's proceedings were begun, Chas. E. Hughes, chief counsel of the committee, said he believed that facts of more importance and greater interest than any developed thus far, still remained to be brought out. We have not yet reached the meat of this enquiry," said Mr. Hughes. "In fact, we have only started it."

A BATTLESHIP ON A TEAR.

The Dominion, Named After This Country, Misbehaves.

London, Sept. 25.—The Star publishes the following: The first class battleship Dominion, which was named after the Dominion of Canada, one of the King Edward VII. class, which is about to join the Atlantic fleet, broke adrift from her moorings in Portsmouth harbor yesterday and did considerable damage before being secured. The huge vessel of 15,000 tons displacement, was anchored in the stream, and owing to the strength of the tide her chain cable suddenly parted. She at once began to drift up harbor and bumped against the gunboat Ant, whose deck was swept by the battleship's boom, and everything on it smashed.

Leaving the gunboat the battleship drifted on to a private yacht, that was close by, and so completely wrecked the little craft that some ladies and gentlemen on board had to be taken off by the Dominion's boats. The great warship was at once let go. Before it could hold, however, the Dominion had drifted on the royal yacht Albert, which was lying at her moorings.

The little wooden vessel of which the Queen was so fond, was badly damaged, and her paddle-box almost reduced to splinters. Drifting clear of the yacht, the Dominion ran on a mudbank, and remained fast for four hours until she was hauled off and conveyed to a place of safety.

WHAT DUNN SAYS.

\$12,000 WORTH OF FISH STOLEN DAILY BY U. S. POACHERS.

Detroit, Sept. 25.—The Canadian fisheries cruiser Vigilant stopped here for minor repairs. Before leaving Captain Dunn said the American poaching fish-tugs keep thoroughly posted as to the whereabouts of the Vigilant, and have a fine system of warning each other of the cruiser's approach. Erie, Pa. alone has a fleet of about 70 fishing tugs. The speediest of the tugs are placed at the head of the column in the direction in which the Vigilant is known to be. When the cruiser is sighted the leader starts off full speed for American waters, the second tug sees her and follows suit, and so on all along the line. It is believed that at least twelve thousand dollars' worth of fish is taken into Lake Erie ports by poachers every day from Canadian waters.

SLAUGHTER OF GERMANS.

A Column Surprised by Natives in South Africa.

London, Sept. 25.—The Cape Town correspondent of the Times cables: During General von Trotha's sweeping movement in Herero-land the Witboois managed to evade the combined columns and got to the German rear at a spot called Daap, six hours south of Kettmanshoop, Namaqualand, and killed and wounded most of the escort, and captured 1,000 head of cattle and some arms. The commander of the escort has not since been heard of.

General Von Trotha is commander-in-chief in German South Africa. The Witbois are a warlike tribe, which inhabit the southern part of the colony. Germany has had trouble also with the Hereros in South Africa. There are said to be about 7,000 German troops there.

CARRIED OFF IN A BALLOON.

Exciting Adventure of a Sixteen-Year-Old Boy.

Binghamton, N. Y., Sept. 25.—Floyd Wallace, a 16-year-old boy of Oneonta, had an exciting ride in a captive balloon that got away from the Oneonta Fair grounds at 4 p. m. this afternoon. The boy had gone up in the balloon, which had been pulled down in the regular manner. When it was about 200 feet above the ground the rope broke and the balloon and boy rapidly shot up in the air and soon disappeared in the clouds, being rapidly blown towards the northeast.

The balloon rose over two miles high before it disappeared from view. The boy managed to get hold of the valve rope and let out the gas, so that he succeeded in safely effecting a landing at Summit Schoharic county, thirty miles from Oneonta, at 5:45 o'clock. The youth and balloon were uninjured.

HEALTH DID NOT SUFFER.

Emperor of Corea Lunched With Foreigners for a First Time.

Seoul, Sept. 25.—The Emperor, for the first time during his reign lunched with foreigners to-day, first giving an audience to Miss Alice Roosevelt and Rear-Admiral Train, American Minister. Morgan escorted Miss Roosevelt to the banquet hall, where they sat with the Crown Prince and the Imperial Princesses. The other members of the party were distributed at small tables, with members of the Ministry and generals of the army. The Emperor toasted the daughter of the President and Minister Morgan replied for Miss Roosevelt, wishing long life to the Emperor.

After the luncheon, which consisted of native foods, Miss Roosevelt received the Korean Cabinet and other high officials.

CLAIMANTS TO LANDS.

Retired Servants of Hudson Bay Company After Estate.

Prince Albert, Sask., Sept. 25.—A representative meeting of retired servants of the Hudson's Bay Co. and their descendants, who are claimants to lands in the one-tenth part of Lord Selkirk's estate of 74,555,520 acres, in the old district of Assiniboia, now the Province of Manitoba and Saskatchewan, was held here, with Rev. Jones Taylor in the chair. It was shown that retired servants of the company received land up to 1870, and it was decided to have a pamphlet printed for free distribution, setting forth the history of the claim and showing the quantity of land there is yet to be distributed among the retired servants.

CHINESE EXCLUSION ACT CRITICISED BY JUDGE.

Cannot See Why Chinese Should be Excluded and Other Foreigners Admitted to the States.

Will Favor the Chinese as Against the Government in this Unjust Discrimination.

Wheeling, W. Va., Sept. 25.—Yesterday in the United States Court Judge Dayton discharged from custody Yee Gee Yu, a Chinese laundryman of this city, who had been indicted for violating the Chinese Exclusion Act. It was shown that he was a merchant in Boston before coming here, and not a laborer. In giving his decision Judge Dayton, who was recently appointed to the bench after serving ten years in Congress, said:

"It was largely a question of political expediency and to meet the demand of the Western country to shut out the Chinese that the exclusion laws were passed. We might as well admit that some bad legislation gets upon the statute books enacted by Congress as well as by our State legislators. There cannot be any question—there never was any ques-

tion in my mind—about the propriety, and I always felt the necessity of passing laws restricting certain classes of foreign immigrants, but I never could understand why that restriction should be placed upon the Chinese and not upon Italians, Slavs, Hungarians, and the south of Europe labor, just as obnoxious to this country as the Chinese. And while these Chinese exclusion laws are placed upon the statute books, and our gates have been open substantially to those other classes of laborers, this court as far as it can, proposes to construe for the Chinaman and against the Government, because he thinks it is an unjust discrimination.

"I think I have said facetiously that there are two things in my Congressional career that I was ashamed of. One of them was voting for the Oleomargarine bill and the other was voting for this Chinese exclusion law."

LIVELY TALK AT LABOR CONGRESS.

Delegates Protest Against Visit to a Brewery.

Close Balloting Respecting the St. Catharines Fight.

Prevention of the Spread of Consumption.

Toronto despatch: The discussions at the Trades and Labor Congress yesterday were marked by more life than any on the previous days. The afternoon session, which lasted two hours, was particularly animated. Incidentally protests were uttered against the arrangement made by the Reception Committee for the delegates to visit one of the breweries. It was thought beneath the dignity of a Labor Parliament to spend its time at a brewery.

A resolution anent the disability of the letter-carriers, who are debarred from receiving pay in case of sickness or accident, called out a strong protest from Secretary Draper, who is one of the forceful speakers of the Congress. He was not going to vote against the resolution, he said, but the last time the question had been up the Postmaster-General had faced it squarely. Considering their pay and uniforms, he thought the letter-carriers were superior in position to most mechanics. Mr. Draper would support the resolution, he thought them entitled to further consideration. But while in one way they were organized, in another they were not, and they could not be got to join the union elsewhere as they did in Toronto. Instead of getting down and begging favors from ward politicians on the one hand, and then coming to the further favors from the Congress, they should organize. He was willing to support them, but they should give their moral and financial aid in return.

The resolution was adopted, instructing the new Executive to call the attention of the Postmaster-General to the facts with a view to getting his consideration and action in the way desired.

A resolution from St. Catharines raised a well-balanced discussion over the establishment of a legal defence fund. The expense of the proceedings at St. Catharines was likely to fall heavily on

some of the local unionists. The Committee on Resolutions recommended the rejection of the resolution.

After a long discussion a division was taken, when 39 were found voting each way. Officers' votes were called for, and Vice-President Simpson voted for the amendment and Secretary Draper against it. Chairman Verville cast his vote against the amendment. On another tie vote on the committee's recommendation to reject the resolution the Vice-President voted with the Secretary, and the project was thrown out.

Another lively time occurred at 3:30 o'clock, when the business on hand had been exhausted, and it was proposed to go into executive session and take up reports thus to be dealt with.

Delegates Armstrong, Anderson and others objected to the secret sessions.

Fifteen minutes had been exhausted in debate when an adjournment was moved. Protests were raised and counted. A resolution of full sympathy with the Stratford machinists in their strike with the Grand Trunk was adopted. Delegate Ald. S. J. Mallion explained the situation.

Another resolution calling on the Government to pay female inspectors salaries on the same scale as males was adopted after warm support from John Armstrong.

In view of the ever-present danger to street car conductors when performing their duties on the side of open cars, the Government was urged to pass by resolution to pass and put into effect such legislation as will insure the construction of a centre aisle on all new cars, and also that conveniences be provided for the men on duty.

The sanitary conditions of Montreal were represented as dreadful, and for the protection of the public health a resolution was passed calling for action on the part of the authorities.

The cause of consumption was held to be not sufficiently evident to the Government, whose attention was called to it in another resolution which pointed out two causes of the propagation of the disease. These were the indiscriminate sale of household goods, and especially bedding, from the families of consumptives, and the renting of houses where the disease had been present without adequate disinfection.

Mr. William Ferguson, a representative of the New York State Federation of Labor, was invited to the platform, and addressed the Congress. Canada, he said, had made the greatest progress of any country connected with the federation in ten years.

Mrs. May Darwin, Canadian organizer of the Women's International Labor League, was invited to address the Congress, and brought greetings from President Annie Fitzgerald, Chicago. She believed one cause of the slow growth of unionism was non-support of the union label. Hamilton and Berlin had given assistance, and she expressed her thanks for what had been done.

Winnipeg Typographical Union, 191, submitted a resolution at the morning session against having public printing contracts sent out of the Dominion. St. Catharines unionists desire to inaugurate a defence fund to fight organized capital.

Delegates S. L. Landers, Hamilton, and J. H. Kenedy, Toronto, moved resolution No. 8 which, despairing of ending it, proposes to mend the Senate.

The motion was referred to the Committee on Constitution.

Delegate Landers supported his resolution denouncing counterfeit union labels, by producing two of these offensive devices, which were attached to workmen's overalls and clothing. An ambiguously-worded card was also submitted, which had been issued by the same firm for the seduction of the public. Secretary Draper desired the Congress to endorse all bona fide union labels.

"Beware of bogus labels," was Mr. Landers' advice to western delegates. His resolution was adopted.

Owing to the stand taken by the McClary Manufacturing Company of London, in locking out their moulders, and refusing to recognize a committee of the workmen, and efforts having been made by the international officers to arrive at a peaceful settlement, it was resolved, on the motion of J. H. Barnett and J. Grievie:

"That this Congress views with disfavor the action of this firm, which has declared for the open shop, which, we believe, is not in the interest of organized labor, and be it further resolved that this Congress lend its moral aid to the moulders in their struggle, and request all delegates present to report back to their separate unions the action of this firm.

Delegate Dover thought it should be announced at once that the Congress did not favor open shops in any trade or calling in which the Congress was interested.

Delegates Barnett and Wilkinson moved, and it was resolved, to instruct the Executive to request the Ontario Government, a provision for chestnuts or other methods in foundries to prevent overheating, and to carry off gases from molten and burning ores; and also to provide for receptacles for clothing, and washrooms for moulders and their helpers.

The questions of assessment and taxation of land were raised by the following resolution, which was adopted:

"Whereas, an act passed some years ago by the Ontario Legislature, which provided for a very low tax rate on plots of vacant land in the city, composed of a certain number of acres; and, whereas this unfair law tends to assist land speculators in holding the land from the citizens (at very low cost), until such time as the general community have increased the value of said land, which enables the speculator to reap fortune, to the disadvantage of the general workers who desire to buy land to build homes;

Therefore, be it resolved that we go on record as utterly opposed to the present legislation in this respect, and that the Ontario Executive to this Congress be instructed to co-operate in this Province, with the view of entering a protest to the Ontario Cabinet, urging the repeal of this unfair assessment law.

Chicago, Ill., Sept. 25.—With sensational suddenness to-day President Geo. Meller, of the Carriage and Wagon Workers' Union, No. 4, who is being tried with twelve other union officials and members on a charge of criminal conspiracy; withdrew a plea of not guilty and entered a plea of guilty. Meller, it is alleged, was one of the instigators of a system of "slugging" practised on non-union workmen. Counsel for the other defendants were thrown into commotion by Meller's change of front.

They met the situation, however, with a charge that Meller was a paid spy in the employment of the Carriage and Wagon Manufacturers' Association. Meller is expected to take the witness stand against his fellow defendants.

President of Labor Union One of the Instigators.

President of Labor Union One of the Instigators.

President of Labor Union One of the Instigators.

President of Labor Union One of the Instigators.

President of Labor Union One of the Instigators.

President of Labor Union One of the Instigators.

President of Labor Union One of the Instigators.

President of Labor Union One of the Instigators.

President of Labor Union One of the Instigators.

President of Labor Union One of the Instigators.

President of Labor Union One of the Instigators.

President of Labor Union One of the Instigators.

President of Labor Union One of the Instigators.

President of Labor Union One of the Instigators.

President of Labor Union One of the Instigators.

President of Labor Union One of the Instigators.

President of Labor Union One of the Instigators.

President of Labor Union One of the Instigators.

President of Labor Union One of the Instigators.

President of Labor Union One of the Instigators.

President of Labor Union One of the Instigators.

President of Labor Union One of the Instigators.

President of Labor Union One of the Instigators.

President of Labor Union One of the Instigators.

President of Labor Union One of the Instigators.

President of Labor Union One of the Instigators.

President of Labor Union One of the Instigators.

President of Labor Union One of the Instigators.

President of Labor Union One of the Instigators.

President of Labor Union One of the Instigators.

President of Labor Union One of the Instigators.



THE LATE DR. BARNARDO.

Winnipeg, Sept. 25.—While blasting at Keewatin this afternoon for the new flour mill erected by the MacDonald Engineering Company for the Keewatin Flour Mills Company, one of the fragments of rock was hurled through the side of a building 130 feet away. Joseph Kennedy, of Alpena, Mich., and Elijah Waterson were struck. Kennedy died at 6 o'clock, and Waterson will not last the night. Fifteen men were in the building. Kennedy is aged 35 and Waterson is 18. The parents of the latter reside at Fort Frances, Ont.

Such is Charge on Which He is Arrested.

Huntington, Ind. Sept. 25.—Definite information contradicting the reported death of Daniel Flick Wilberforce, the native African missionary, who, after being educated in America, renounced the Christian faith several months ago and returned to heathenism, has been received here.

Wilberforce, with several other natives, has been arrested by the English commissioner of West Africa, charged with cannibalism.

He declared that he was innocent of the charge, and asserted that he would ask for forgiveness and return to the Christian faith.

EX-MISSIONARY A CANNIBAL.

Such is Charge on Which He is Arrested.

Huntington, Ind. Sept. 25.—Definite information contradicting the reported death of Daniel Flick Wilberforce, the native African missionary, who, after being educated in America, renounced the Christian faith several months ago and returned to heathenism, has been received here.

Wilberforce, with several other natives, has been arrested by the English commissioner of West Africa, charged with cannibalism.

He declared that he was innocent of the charge, and asserted that he would ask for forgiveness and return to the Christian faith.

EX-MISSIONARY A CANNIBAL.

Such is Charge on Which He is Arrested.

Huntington, Ind. Sept. 25.—Definite information contradicting the reported death of Daniel Flick Wilberforce, the native African missionary, who, after being educated in America, renounced the Christian faith several months ago and returned to heathenism, has been received here.

Wilberforce, with several other natives, has been arrested by the English commissioner of West Africa, charged with cannibalism.

He declared that he was innocent of the charge, and asserted that he would ask for forgiveness and return to the Christian faith.

EX-MISSIONARY A CANNIBAL.

Such is Charge on Which He is Arrested.

Huntington, Ind. Sept. 25.—Definite information contradicting the reported death of Daniel Flick Wilberforce, the native African missionary, who, after being educated in America, renounced the Christian faith several months ago and returned to heathenism, has been received here.

Wilberforce, with several other natives, has been arrested by the English commissioner of West Africa, charged with cannibalism.

He declared that he was innocent of the charge, and asserted that he would ask for forgiveness and return to the Christian faith.

EX-MISSIONARY A CANNIBAL.

Such is Charge on Which He is Arrested.

Huntington, Ind. Sept. 25.—Definite information contradicting the reported death of Daniel Flick Wilberforce, the native African missionary, who, after being educated in America, renounced the Christian faith several months ago and returned to heathenism, has been received here.

Wilberforce, with several other natives, has been arrested by the English commissioner of West Africa, charged with cannibalism.

He declared that he was innocent of the charge, and asserted that he would ask for forgiveness and return to the Christian faith.

EX-MISSIONARY A CANNIBAL.

Such is Charge on Which He is Arrested.

Huntington, Ind. Sept. 25.—Definite information contradicting the reported death of Daniel Flick Wilberforce, the native African missionary, who, after being educated in America, renounced the Christian faith several months ago and returned to heathenism, has been received here.

Wilberforce, with several other natives, has been arrested by the English commissioner of West Africa, charged with cannibalism.

He declared that he was innocent of the charge, and asserted that he would ask for forgiveness and return to the Christian faith.

EX-MISSIONARY A CANNIBAL.

Such is Charge on Which He is Arrested.

Huntington, Ind. Sept. 25.—Definite information contradicting the reported death of Daniel Flick Wilberforce, the native African missionary, who, after being educated in America, renounced the Christian faith several months ago and returned to heathenism, has been received here.

Wilberforce, with several other natives, has been arrested by the English commissioner of West Africa, charged with cannibalism.

He declared that he was innocent of the charge, and asserted that he would ask for forgiveness and return to the Christian faith.

EX-MISSIONARY A CANNIBAL.

Such is Charge on Which He is Arrested.

Huntington, Ind. Sept. 25.—Definite information contradicting the reported death of Daniel Flick Wilberforce, the native African missionary, who, after being educated in America, renounced the Christian faith several months ago and returned to heathenism, has been received here.

Wilberforce, with several other natives, has been arrested by the English commissioner of West Africa, charged with cannibalism.

He declared that he was innocent of the charge, and asserted that he would ask for forgiveness and return to the Christian faith.

EX-MISSIONARY A CANNIBAL.

Such is Charge on Which He is Arrested.

Huntington, Ind. Sept. 25.—Definite information contradicting the reported death of Daniel Flick Wilberforce, the native African missionary, who, after being educated in America, renounced the Christian faith several months ago and returned to heathenism, has been received here.

Wilberforce, with several other natives, has been arrested by the English commissioner of West Africa, charged with cannibalism.

He declared that he was innocent of the charge, and asserted that he would ask for forgiveness and return to the Christian faith.

EX-MISSIONARY A CANNIBAL.

Such is Charge on Which He is Arrested.

Huntington, Ind. Sept. 25.—Definite information contradicting the reported death of Daniel Flick Wilberforce, the native African missionary, who, after being educated in America, renounced the Christian faith several months ago and returned to heathenism, has been received here.

Wilberforce, with several other natives, has been arrested by the English commissioner of West Africa, charged with cannibalism.

He declared that he was innocent of the charge, and asserted that he would ask for forgiveness and return to the Christian faith.

EX-MISSIONARY A CANNIBAL.

Such is Charge on Which He is Arrested.

Huntington, Ind. Sept. 25.—Definite information contradicting the reported death of Daniel Flick Wilberforce, the native African missionary, who, after being educated in America, renounced the Christian faith several months ago and returned to heathenism, has been received here.

Wilberforce, with several other natives, has been arrested by the English commissioner of West Africa, charged with cannibalism.

He declared that he was innocent of the charge, and asserted that he would ask for forgiveness and return to the Christian faith.

EX-MISSIONARY A CANNIBAL.

Such is Charge on Which He is Arrested.

Huntington, Ind. Sept. 25.—Definite information contradicting the reported death of Daniel Flick Wilberforce, the native African missionary, who, after being educated in America, renounced the Christian faith several months ago and returned to heathenism, has been received here.

Wilber