

## The LINK-BLADE Skimning Device

## Has made the "SIMPLEX" Cream Separator of greatest efficiency: See this device of <br> The "Simplex" <br> 

Note this illustration of the Link-Blade which is exclusive on the "R1MPLEX" Cream Separators.
This Link-Blade device is more efficient than the so-called Dise system used in most competing machines, for the reason that there is no interterence or re-mixing of the ncoming new mils with either the partially separated milk or cream
That the Link-Btade is more efficient than other types, we have proven many times by testing the same in bowls of other makel of separators. It always results in an increased capacity of anywhere from $35 \%$ to $50 \%$ or even $100 \%$
(I) Beoanee the Linh-Blade syntem Is more effelent, we oan pro duce a given-alsed bowh, aay ron 1 lb . per hour bowl, that is of amaller dimenslone and welpha less than other bowle, to do the aame amount you. you.

This eftlolendy of the "gimples It is a fact that any unprefudleed is not a mere mattor of onr saying so make a comparative tent.
"The proof of the pudding is in the eating."-We allow you
a demonatration of the "SIMPLEX" right on your own farm.
Write us to-day for illustrated Itterature about the "SImplox" Cream Separators. Put if up to us to get you started with the rifht and mont
proditable cream ieparator-The " Simplez."

## D. Derbyshire \& Co.

Head Office and Works: BROCKVILLe, ONT. Braches: PRTERBOROVOH, ONT. mONTREAL and QUEBEC, P. O.




## 25 Years of Actual Use

is the guarantee Yehind "Eastlake" Steel Shingles. We do not ask you to accept a paper guarantee, but simply point to the roofs that were covered with

## "EASTLAKE"METALLIC SHINGLES

25 years ago. They are in perfect condition today, have never needed repairs. "Eastlake" Shingles are made of the best sheet steel and can be laid in one quarter the time thatit takes to lay any other metal shingle. They are so different from the four-lock shiugle which only overlaps $1 \ddagger$ inckes, the "Eastlake" has a full three inch overlap, absolu'sly preventing the drifting snow and rain reaching the woosen sheeting.
Our free booklet, "Wantlake Metallie shingles", wilt anve you money and worry.
Alend for it and get the information you want about roofing. Phone Park.
manupactuneme

## THE PRONOUNCEMENT OF THE DOMINION GRANGE ON PUBLIC ISSUES

What Its Farmer Members Think of the Naval Guestion. Advocate Increase in British Preference. Reciprocity Endorsea. Direct Legisiation Approved. Other lssues Dealt With.

THE Dominion Grange, the Farm-
ers' Parliament of Ontario, held ers' Parliament of Ontario, held
its 38 annual session in Toronto on January 22 and 23 . This erganisation of fariners showed a grasp and comprehension of the putlie issues of the day, which goes far explain the wonderful influence this organization has had in shaping legislation, both provincial and na ticnal, as it has related to the farm Its non-partizan character was well shown by the fact that it vigorously denounced the naval policy of both the Government and the Opposition in the Doiminion House. In ancther co!umn will be found an extended report of the proceedings and disoussions. The various resolutions that were

II The Link-Blade skimming devie $y$ enables ua alno to run the bow at a alower apeed to do the same bowl and lower speed in conneotion Fith tho nae of the higheot grade of ball bearinge known, produce in the "Eimplex" absolntely the moet
eilielent neparator there is.


## The Master of the Grange

The Dominion Grange could not well have ohoten a etronger man to lead them than W. C. Good, B.A., a farmer of Brant Co., Ont Mr. Good is a reader and a thinker and has as thorough understaniding of all the great queetions in which the Grange is interested.
adopted, each having first been given careful consideration, first in committee and later in epen convention, are here given:

## the Naval qubstion

"Prior to the lust general election We were told by Mr. Borden that we should have a chance to pronounce upon the whole question of the Navy, if he and his party were returned to power. The public generally understood his promise to be clear and definite and they accepted it in good faith. Now they are confronted with the prospect of handing over $\$ 35,000$,000 to the British Admiralty without any constitutional means of protenting against the same. And, further, if the question is placed befcre the people in a general election, into which many other iseues will enter in addition to the ineritable and unfor addition to the inevitable and unfor
fanate intrusion of partisanship, it will be impossible to obtain any intelligible verdict apon the one specifio question. And even if all other questions could be, for the time, put aside, and if partisanship could be completed and immediately oradicated, we should even then be compelled to choose, as it were between the devil and if deep sea.
"We have no hesitation in condemning the naval policies of beth parties, and in reaffirming our belief

that Loth Canada and Great Britain stand to lose heavily by either build. ing a Canadian navy or our assisting Great Britain in maintaining nava supremacy. The 'German peri which has thrust the naval questio into prominence, is largely Greal Britain's own creation, being due ber-expressed determination to main mistress of the seas, and her fusal to acoept the proposition made at The Hague Conference that privat property shou'd be immune from cup ture on ses as on land. Her accej. nce of th's latter proposition, which Germany gave her , ont h would have removed the whol for dation of the now popular argumen that Great Britain must of necassi dominate the sens in onder to eseay starvation in time of war, and ab 1 same time leave Germany without 1 excuse which she now frankly gives justifieation of her naval policy, viz The necessity of proteeting her grom ing maritime commerce in time war. Britain's failure to acoept the very reasenable proposition the made, and her continued refuss! make amends for the mistake she the made, we regard as disastrous in th ighest degres. Moreover, we do $n$ believe that Canada's expressed wil ingness to assiat in maintaintn British aaval supremacy will have th effect of overawing Germany and lead ing to a reduction of armaments. believe, on the contrary, thet it wil have a tendency to atimulate the Ge man maval policy, and *o aggrava that monstrous condition know an armed peace.

While condemning both nava policies now befcre the public. think that the majority should rul and thet a fair and clear-pronounce ment npan the whole nava! quentio is called for. This is impossible less the quertion is submitted to t electors separately in a referendum and also impersible unless othet ehoiees tesides the two now befor the Canadian Government are sul mitted at the same time. That it politicians will take anch contemptib advanage of our constitutional systh
as to deny these privileges to the Cal as to deny these privileges to the Ca
adian electorate, wo are reluctant adian electorate, we are reluctaant
believe. We, therefore, demand referendum presenting at least th choies, vis:
(1) A money contributtion;
(2) A Canadian Navy
(3) To remain as we have beet -Carried.
"We would ${ }^{\text {rig taripy }}$ lief that the again express our should be entirely the tariff, and that, so soon, as may the public revenues be raised ly rect instead of indirect taxation. indirect tax suoh as customs dutie susceptible of gross unfairness of cidence, is expensive te collect, and out of harmony with progress thought. The incidence of a diree tax on land values is patent to all and its expenditure will therefore be more carefully watehed. It is eavier to collect and much more difficult evade."-Carried.
Rnotrpootty
"The Dominien Grange has persis ently advocated any and evary move ment towards freer trade, and heart ily supported the Reciprocity agree ment of 1911. The defeat of agriement by the general election September, 1911, we believe to hav been secured by an unfair and irral vant appeal to partisanship and to create international prejudice.
(Oontinued on page 11)

