### AMERICAN NEWS.

Head quarters army ofthe Potomae 7th-Richmond papers of June 3rd announces the arrival of 50 yankee prisoners, on Friday last at Libby Prison. It calls them the uncultivated and barbarous mass, &c. It says that on Friday 14 assaults were made by Grant's army on the right of their line, all of which were repulsed with great slaughter of the assailants; our men escaping al-most unharmed. It acknowledges that we gained a partial success against Breekenridge, but they subsequently recovered the ground lost. It says the Yankee lose was very heavy, and puts it from 10,000 to 12,000 in this engagement. It also says Grant's object was to gain the strong posi-tion around Gain's Mill, open the road to Bottom's Bridge, and connect with Batler, but his object has been disastrously defeated. New York Times special says of the rebel attack on Sunday night. The rebels made an assault just after dark this evening in front of Smythe's Brigade, 2nd Corps. The whole lower stratum of atmosphere, was a dense mist. Under cover of this fog the enemy advanced in a strong line of battle. and succeeded in reaching a point, within pistol shot of our works, before they were discovered by the advanced pickets. No sooner did our post give the alarm, than one sheet of fire belched forth from our ranks and on both flanks of the energy. In about half an hour he fell back leaving the ground covered with dead and wounded. Our loss was small. Brig Gen. Barnard, to-day, June 5th took his position as Chief Engineer for

the Army. Tribune, Washington special says :- The steamer Connecticut arrived here this morn ing, having left White House yesterday 2 p. m. She had on board about 1100 wound ed, among whom were a few rebels. Baltimore, June 8th .- The following are

among the resolutions reported by the Committee Resolved-That we approve the deter

mination of the Government of the United States, not to compromise with rebels or to offer any terms of peace, except such as may be based upon an unconditional surrende of their hostility, and a return to their just llegiance to the constitution and laws of the United States, and that we call upon the Government to maintain this position and to prosecute the war with the utmos possible vigor to the complete suppression of the rebellion, in full reliance upon the self sacrifices, the patriotism, the heroic valor, and the undying devotion of the American

people. Resolved - That as slavery was the cause and now constitutes the strength of this re bellion, and as it must be always and every where hostile to the principles of the Republican Government, justice and the national safety demand its utter and complete extirpation from the soil of the Republic and that we applied and maintain the acts

and proclamation by which the Government in its own defence has armed a death blow at this gigantic evil. We are in favor furthermore, of such an amendment to the Constitution to be made by the people in conformity with its provisions as shall terminate, and forever prohibit the existence of slavery within the limits or jurisdiction of the United States.

sick chamber was entered at an early hour Resolved-That we approve and applaud in the morning, the madman was found the practical wisdom, and unselfish patriotism and unswevering fidelity to the con- dragging the corpse of his victim about the

## Geary's division, which was in the advance, pressed after them just up to the rebel works, and were met by a withering fire of Arrival of the VIRGINIA. DEATH OF THE DUKE OF MALAKOFF. grape and canister, and musketry, then But-teriield's division swung round on their left, and Williams' had now fallen into line of

Decline of the Rebal Loan. THE SCHLESWIG-HOLSTEIN battle, and a general obarge was made on OUESTION. the rebel line, which was received with a storm of bullets. The 20th corps was badly New York, June 6.

The steamship Virginis, from Liverpool on the 24th, via Queenstown on the 25th, arrived here at nine o'clock this morning. pressed, and staggered back beneath the destructive fire. The 4th corps now came up, but the darkness had stopped the com-bat. The victory at New Hope, on the 27th, won by the hardest fighting and severe losses, has already been stated. Her dates are three days later than those already received.

The cotton market is easier. Prices weak. Breadstuffs generally dull. Head-quarters, Army of the Potomac. Provisions dull.

Monday, June 6th. - Times Special .-- The London, May 25 .--- Consols closed at 914 direction and disposition of our lines since Friday's fight has been materially changed or money. Laird's rams were purchased by the at many places, and especially in front of the 6th and 18th corps. Our line is well British Government. The Duke of Malakoff is dead

fortified, but at other points we are subject-ed to a galling enfilading fire, against which The news of the great battle in Virginia received by the steamship Europa, caused a profound sensation throughout England, and the people were astounded at the magnitude it is almost impossible to fortify. Rondout, N. Y., June 9.-The steamer of the losses. The probable result of the bloody combat was eagerly canvassed on all

Berkshire, running between Hudson and New York, belonging to the Hudson Steam-boat Company was destroyed by fire last night, eight miles below here. She was on her way down to New York. The fire ori-ginated in the lamp room, and was caused by the explosion of a lump. The Confederate loan recovered three per cent, and cotton became weaker under the news.

by the explosion of a lamp, The loss of life The London Times says :-- "Gen. Grant cannot as yet be correctly ascertained, but it is thought, from what is learned, at least fully sustained his reputation for unconquer able tenacity, and if he did not achieve abforty persons have perished. Mostly burned solute success he bid for it more desperately

to death in their state rooms. and approached it more nearly than any of New York, Jupe 9 .- The Times' Washhis predecessors." It thinks it hard ington special, 8th, says that an officer who has just arrived from the front, reports that discern the inclination of the balance, so evenly do the scales of battle appear to be Lee has withdrawn his forces to the south

weighed. The London Morning Post sees no ap bank of the Chickahominy, and that our ar-my is now facing him on the north bank. preciable advantage on either side, but on Several important changes in the position of the following day it expresses a conviction the different army corps have recently taken that the Federals had sustained a crushing defeat.

The Times says that the falling back of The London Star thinks that Gen. Grant Lee is hardly credible.

place.

paid too dear for his victory, and regards his The Tribune's correspondent, near Chicksuccess as indecisive. ahominy, June 5th, 11 p.m., says :- Two The London Herald pronounces the hours ago a futile attempt was made to vance on Richmond a failure, and hopes the break through our center. The battle of South has passed its last fiery ordeal. June 3rd had demonstrated the fact that it The London Globe thinks Gen. Lee fully was useless to attempt to carry by assault ucceeded in barring the road of Gen. Grant the enemy's works this side of the river, to Richmond. hence every moment has been occupied in regular siege operations.

The rebel cruiser Georgia has been an nounced for sale at Liverpool by private treaty. The crew were paid off, and the So elose are our lines to those of the energy my that a soldier might throw his hat into stores sold at auction. The three pirates of the J. G. Gerity were before the Court of Queen's Bench, the works of the rebels. The rebels apprehending danger of some sort, massed a col-

umn of their troops and made an assault, on a writ of habeas corpus. Arguments but finding our men in force and ready to against their discharge were heard on the receive them, in half an hour the affair was 14th

Parliamentary proceedings were unimportant. It was reported that the British Govern

will soon prove dangerous for offence. Parment had consented to a plebiscite in Schles allels and mines are progressing rapidly.-We are sieging the works of Richmona. wig-Holstein, and that arrangements were in progress which preclude a resumption of A story is current of a shocking occur

The King of Prussia, in response to an rense in Litchfield, Ct. It is stated that a address for the independence of Schleswigcitiz.n of that town who was lying quite Holstein, expressed confidence that the sick, was left on Monday night to the care sacrifices of Germany would conduce to the of a single watcher-a man of the neighborinterests of Fatherland. hood. During the night the watcher - was A sonadron of six men of war had left

France for Tunis. It is reported that the Mexican loan would not be allotted in September.

Arrival of the China.

The Paris Bourse was steady. The Emperor and Empress of Russia

Id visit the King of Prussia on 9th of she would rank with these last three coun tries, were it possible to eliminate the sui A conspiracy to overthrow the Governcides of Paris, which are one-seventh of the

# of the terms of the sourced. GREAT BERTAIN, --In the House of Commons reference had equin been made to the return of British traps from Canada. The Marquis of Hartington suid it was in-tended to withdraw two battalions of guards and a battalion of the military train, princi-pally on account of the heavy cost for the hire of building accommodation for the troops in Canada. in Canada. In the Court of Exchanger, the Solicitor General caused the case of the Crown against steam rams at Liverpool to be withdrawn, arrangements having been made with the defendants, by which it was agreed that a verdiet should be taken for the Crown. He added that the object of the Government was not to punish by fine and penalty, but sim-ply to maintain neutrality.

ply to maintain neutrality. The sum paid by Government for the Laird rams was £225,000.

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#### THE SPANISH PERUVIAN DIFFICULTY.

Panama, May 27.—Since the sailing of the last steamer the Spanish Peruvian em-broglio has been the priscipal topic of dis-cussion. The Spaniards still hold the Chines islands, and probably will hold them until their demands on Peru are settled.

of the terms of the art

in Canada.

The Peruvians are making strengous pre-parations, and have received offers of aid from Chili and sympathy from other repub-lies which can lead no aid.

The Panama Star says, on the receipt of the news in Chili of the seizure of the Chin-ca Islands by Spain, the greatest excitement and indignation was created throughout the different towns and sitist of the republic, and vessels of war were at once ordered to proceed to Chiles.

proceed to Callao. Everything indicates that Chili is determined to aid Peru in her hour of need. The Spanish Commissioner came upor

the last steamer on rouse for Spain. He was followed all the way by Peruvian emissaries, paid to assassinate him, if necessary and secure his papers. He stopped here over night, and whilst at the French Con-

sulate was saluted with a chivair of tin pots, &c., by a Panama mob, but few decent peo-ple took part in it. Next morning at about

five o'clock he escaped in a hand car to As pinwall, where he arrived safely, and had just time to get his things on board a Brit-1sh steamer, when his pursuers arrived on the regular train, greatly disgusted at mis-sing their prey. The French consul has taken up the insult offered to his residence

by the mob, and it will no doubt lead to trouble between France and Grenada.

Suicide in Europe.

A paper was received a few days ago by the Academie de Medicine from M. Legoyt Director of the Office of Statistics of France, on the number of suicides in Europe. From this laborious work it appears that suicides increase in a more rapid ratio than popula-

tion and mortality in general in Bavaria Denmark, France, Hanover, Meckienburg, Prussia, the kingdom of Saxony and Swe den. Suicides are more frequent in North-

ern Germany, and in various parts of Denmark. Sweden and Norway, though belong-ing to the same race, are proportionally in-ferior to Denmark in that respect. Contrary to a generally adopted opinion, Eng-land stands nearly at the bottom of the scale

and so do Belgium, Austria and Spain. France holds an intermediate position



HURRAH! FOR THE PREMIUM BUCKEYE MOWER & REAPER FOR 1964

THE LARGE NUMBER OF PRIZES AWARDED TO OUR Buckeye mower & Reaper, together with the VER-DICT OF THE FARMING COMMUNITY, wherever introduced, have in the strongest manner proved the superiority of the BUCKEYE over all others. Those manufactured for the coming harvest are superior to any over before made, as we have added several valuable improvements, consisting of MALABLE FINGER GUARDS, plated with steel, highly tempered, a new swivel CON-NECTING ROD, strong and durable, which cannot cramp or twist the knives, a LEVER by which the driver can put the Machine in and out of gear without stopping the Team, also a CHAIN BELT to drive the Reel, which does not need tightening and cannot

slip. We have also improved and strengthened the Machine in many other points, and can so fully recommend it to purchasers as the strongest, best, and most perfect MOWER & REAPER NOW OFFERED FOR SALE. FARMERS, send in your orders early. We have a'ready sold One Hundred Machines west of Toronto. Pamphlets with full

lewGoods

at D. Ward's

lescription and testimonials sent by mail. Smith's Falls, 13th June, 1864. (40tf) G. M. COSSITT & BRO.

Almonte Custom Shop,

# THE SUBSCRIBERS IN RETURN-

ing their sincere thanks to the inhabitants of Ramsay and surrounding country, for the liberal patronage bestowed on them since commencing business, beg leave to say that they are prepared to do all kinds of CUSTOM WORK, such as CUSTOM CARDING. CLOTH DRESSING,

&c., &c., &c. We have fitted up the building known as the ALMONTE SHINGLE FACTORY,

where we are prepared to transact all orders with neatness and despatch. My amount of First and Second

quality SHINGLES on hand. Also TURNING DONE TO ORDER.

MCPHEE & KING. 40-cg prices. Almonte, June 14th, 1864, Land Surveying. AVING STUDIED WITH J. M.O. CROM-well, Esq., of Perth, and being furnished with the best instruments now in use. the subscriber is in this section. winced that he can do as accurate work as any other Surveyor in the province. Terms reasonable IAMES ALLAN, Renfrew, 10th June, 1864.

" No. 2..... 4 50 4 25

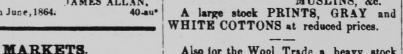
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THE MUNICIPAL COUNCIL OF the Township of Ramsay will meet in the Town Hall, on Friday, the 1st day of

of business. All persons interested are re-DAVID CAMPBELL. Town Clerk.

40-g

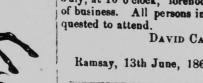
New Goods! New Goods! **PUBLIC NOTICE** SHEREBY GIVEN that whereas THE SUBSCRIBER HAS JUST | CATHERINE MCDONALD, of the Townreturned from Montreal with his ship of Wilberforce, has absconded from the undersigned before the expiration of her SPRING PURCHASES, which have been bought at greatly reduced or provocation, this is therefore to caution any person or persons from harbouring or employing her, till she returns and fulfils her Parties wishing to purchase now, will find Dress Goods 3d per yard less than any sold engagement, as any one so doing will be prosecuted according to law. JOHN MCLENNAN. Beautiful Checks and Stripes in Wilberforce, 7th June, 1864. MUSLINS, &c.

Wanted by the Subscribers.

AND THE HIGHEST PRICE PAID FOR

July, at 10 o'clock, forenoon, for despatch quested to attend.

Ramsay, 13th June, 1864.



stitution and the principles of American liberty with which Abraham Lincoln has discharged, under circumstances of upparalleled difficulty, the great duties and responsibilities of the Presidential office : that we soprove and endorse as demanded by the emergency and essential to the preservation of the nation, and as within the constitution

the measures and acts which he has adopted o defend the nution against its open and secret foes; that we approve especially the proclamation of emancipation, and the employment as Union soldiers of men hereto-fore held in slavery, and that we have full confidence in his determination to carry these and other constitutional measures es sential to the salvation of the country into full and complete effect, Resolved.—That the Government owes

to all men employed in its armies, without regard to distinction or color, the full protection of the laws of War, and that any violations of these laws, or of the usages of civilized nantions in the time of war by the rebels now in arms, should be made the subject of full and prompt redress.

Resolved, -That the foreign immigration which in the past has added so much to the wealth and development of resources and increase of power to this nation - the asy lum of the oppressed of all nations -should be fostered and encouraged by a liberal and just policy. Resolved,-That we approve the position

taken by the Government, that the people of the United States can never regard with in difference the attempt of any European Power to overthrow by force, or to supplant by fraud, the institutions of any republi can Government on the Western Continent and that they will view with extreme jeal osy, as menacing to the peace and indepen-dence of this our country the efforts of any such power to obtain new footholds for monarchical Governments, sustained by a foreign military force, is near proximity to the United States.

The reading of the report elicited the warmest outbursts of enthusiasm, especially the emancipation and anti-slavery senti-ments enunciated. The mention of the name of Abraham Lincoln was received with tremendous cheering. The resolution endorsing the Monroe doctrine was also received with great applause.

The resolutions were adopted by acclama

tion. The Herald's correspondent says of Hun-ter's advance :--Immediately on assuming command he issued an order for instant preamong other things that the clothes on their backs with one exchange of shoes and socks were amply sufficient. Clothing was to be paration to move. The order directed, sent to the rear, each knapsack was to have

100 rounds of ammunition, 4 pounds of hard bread to last 10 days, 10 rations of coffee, sugar and salt, and one pair of shoes and late fights under Sherman, was a man namsocks, and nothing else. Uattle, sheep, and hogs, and if necessary, horses and mules were to be slaughtered for food under these again, not even waiting for the confirmation

It appears that Gen. Seigel on the 7th May, The Rochester Union calls attention to

It appears that Gen. Zeigel on the 7th May, sent out a party of 400 New York and Pennsylvania cavalry, to overtake the raiding party under McNeil. The enemy were met at Moorfield and a fight ensued, in which our troops drove the rebels. They were reinforced, however, and came back at least 1,300 strong. Char-ges were made by both parties and in the last one the rebels fell back, but it was deemed useless to contend against such un-equal numbers, and our troops retreated.

floor, kicking and stamping upon it. The June. head of the dead man was shockingly cut mangled. The maniac murderer was with ment of Prince Consa had been discovered difficulty secured, manifesting a savage dein the principalities. termination to continue his work of violence. Liverpool, May 25.--- The steamship City and shoating frantically his intention to "get of Washington, from New York has arrived.

the devil out of him."

over. The rebels were repulsed with severe

Our works are strong for defence, and

-----

seized with an attack of delirium tremens,

valid and beat him to death! When the

and in his frenzy assaulted the helpless in

If the German papers are to be credited, the Emperor of the French is ingratiating himself as much as possible with the minor the City of Washington, of the progress of Lieut. Gen. Grant's movements, have in-oreased the excitement, and the sensation produced by the first announcement of Union German Sovereigns. It is asserted for in-stance, that Baron Von Beust, the repre uccesses received per Europa. The news is most generally regarded as sentative of the Germauic Confederation at very disastrous to the rebel cause. the London Conference, had a far more The rebel loan had declined 5 to 6 per cordial reception at the Tuileries than the one extended to Lord Clarendon when he

went over, and the papers declares that the entente cordiale beteen the Western Powers

has been by no means restored. Louis Napolean may possibly convince the petty Princes that the Rhenish Provinces, if, lost to Prussia, would not endanger them, should the said provinces fall into the small. Many propositions for an amicable arrangement are being offered. hands of France. This is evidently his game at present, and the unpopularity of

Prussia in Germany may aid it.

Provisions dull. The Montreal Witness says of the season in Lower Canada :--- 'Many imagine that the at 915 to 912 for money. A desptch sent out by the steamship rainy weather which has prevailed for the past eight weeks will be a serious interfer-Damascus and duplicated per the China, ence to agricultural labor and injury to the notes the reduction of the rate of discount crops. Like all conditions in the natural by the Bank of England from 8 to 7 per world, the long continued rain has had its

compensations. It has supplied the want of The London Times' correspondent at moisture to the earth from the absence of the usual quantity of snow during the past winter. Vegetable growth has not been checked by the frost during the month of May. It is a rule that crops thrive better when sowed late than those planted early which are checked by frost. There is yet operations of his army since received are delineated with extraordinary precision. The Conference was to assemble the day time for sowing root crops and corn. Fruit the China sailed. of all kinds gives promise of an abandant hervest, and the season has been most favor-The Morning Post says the representa tives will announce officially the opinions of

able for hav." A letter written by an American corres-

northern portion being amalgamated with pondent at Panama says, the way in which Denmark and the southern with Holstein. the two hundred and twenty sailors sent out for the government ships there by the d out for the government ships there by the Ocean Queen were mismanaged, is most disreputable to the Navy Department.— They were accompanied by one officer, and, of course, great disorder existed. The offi-cer was obliged to shoot two of them to quell a mutiny among them on board the steam-er as they had a plan devised to capture the The Post thinks there is great probability

Accounts from Jutland assert very arbi ship. Another was thrown overboard. A fourth was shot while trying to escape from trary proceedings by the Prussians since the

conclusion of the armistice. Berlin Journals deny any violation of the armistice by the allies having taken place. The Paris papers assert that England, Russia and Sweden intend to propose a sti-pulation that Kiel shculd not become a Federal port, nor Rendesburg a Federal

fortress. The Patrie states that the Council of

Ministers at Copenhagen have resolved not to consent to a division of Schleswig, and have directed the Danish Plenipotenciaries, orders. His little army set out upon its expedition to perform its part of Grant's grand combination. It was not only to married sgain before 'bed time' that night. The directed the Danish Plenipotenciaries, for the saddening intelligence; having gotten the news in the morning, Mrs. Brown was married sgain before 'bed time' that night.

The German papers say that Prussia and Austria intend exerting their utmost influ-

last one the rebels fell back, but it was deemed useless to contend against such un-equal numbers, and our troops retreated, finally reaching Bowney and Springfield, after being obliged to destroy the whole of their train. When Hunter started, the rebels attempted to check his advance by making a stand at a creek near Harrison-burg. The rebels were, however, driven, and our troops moved on to Harrisonburg. New York, June 9.—A correspondent says of Sherman's Lattle, near Dallas, on the capital and the says of Sherman's Lattle, near Dallas, on the capital and the says of Sherman's Lattle, near Dallas, on the capital and the says of Sherman's Lattle, near Dallas, on the capital and the says of Sherman's Lattle, near Dallas, on the capital and the says of Sherman's Lattle, near Dallas, on the capital and the says of Sherman's Lattle, near Dallas, on the capital and the says of Sherman's Lattle, near Dallas, on the capital and the says of Sherman's Lattle, near Dallas, on the capital and the says of Sherman's Lattle, near Dallas, on the capital and the says of Sherman's Lattle, near Dallas, on the capital and the says of Sherman's Lattle, near Dallas, on the capital and the says of Sherman's Lattle, near Dallas, on the capital and the says of Sherman's Lattle, near Dallas, on the capital and the says of Sherman's Lattle, near Dallas, on the capital and the says of Sherman's Lattle, near Dallas, on the capital and the says of Sherman's Lattle, near Dallas, on the capital and the says of the Conference, and this is not capital and the says of the Conference, and this is not

Fall Flour \$ 100 fbs..... \$2 50 @ 2 25 total number in France. Generally, for Spring Flour..... 2 25 every 100 suicides of men there are from 29 eucides is generally lowest in January and highest in July. As to the causes, insanity and physical suffering are about as active in Potatoes..... 0 20 " 0 25

producing suicide among men as among women ; as to the rest, the latter yield more 
 Rye......
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 45
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 60

 Oatmeal, 1b
 100 fbs.......
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Peas..... 0 45 " 0 60 to grief occasioned by moral causes than men who are chiefly affected by material af-Oats.....

tiction, such as loss of property, bankrupt-cy, &c. Drunkenness and debauchery only form an insignificant item among the causes impelling women to suicide.

In Denmark, Spain and Saxony, the only countries where it has been possible to ob-tain reliable information on the subject, married people are less subject to commit suicide, and widowers, on the contrary, are Wool \$ tb ..... 0 30 " 0 40 Halifax, June 8 .- The steamship China Butter..... from Liverpool on the 28th ult., via Queenstown on the 29th ult, arrived last evening. The Conference re-assembled on the 27th ult., but the chances of an agreement are

countries where it has been possible to ob-tain reliable information on the subject, married people are less subject to commit suicide, and widowers, on the contrary, are most liable to it; but suicides occur most frequently among married people that have been divorced or separated. In Prussia, in the course of two years there were 153 sui-cides of Protestants per million, £1 of Israelites, and only 47 of Catholics per mil-lion of each. Suicides contrary are to determine the subject, suicide, and widowers, on the contrary, are most liable to it; but suicides occur most frequently among married people that have been divorced or separated. In Prussia, in the course of two years there were 153 sui-cides of Protestants per million, £1 of Israelites, and only 47 of Catholics per mil-Liverpool, May 27 .- Breadstuffs dull .-London, May 27.—Consols closed to-day t 914 to 912 for money. Tallow...... 0 08 ' 0 10

lion of each. Suicides are much more nu-merous in capital cities than in the country. Hardwood...... 2 30 2 00 The general result of all these investigations shows a universal and rapid increase of

suicides. The author is of opinion that this is attributable to unlimited competition; to the immoderate thirst (or scalth to the is attributable to unlimited competition ; to Richmond, under date of April 21, claims the immoderate thirst for wealth; to the that the rebels had full information of progress of public instruction, which ex-Farmers'..... Oatmeal, P bbl. 196 lbs..... Grant's plans for his campaign. In a des-patch a fortnight before Grant marched, the speculation.—Galignani's Messenger.

Artificial Leather.

Barley, B bush. 48 lbs...... 0 65 9 70 Oats, B bush. 34 lbs...... 0 00 0 35 Peas, B bush. 60 lbs...... 0 50 0 60 tion, the discovery of an artificial substance answering the same purpose is of some im-portance M. Robe, the inventor, reduces collidion to the state of thin lamine, and treats the latter with sulphuric asid, where-by he transforms them into a sort of parch-ment paper which in its turn is treated with a warm solution of gelatine, containing transie. The collection he near is meaned the state of the same purpose is of some im-portance M. Robe, the inventor, reduces collidion to the state of thin lamine, and treats the latter with sulphuric asid, where-by he transforms them into a sort of parch-ment paper which in its turn is treated with a warm solution of gelatine, containing tennie. The collection he near is meaned the solution he part is the solution he near th their Governments on the proposed arrange-ments for the sub-division of Schleswig, the ment paper which in its turn is treated with a warm solution of gelatine, containing tannia. The collodion he uses is prepared with cotton, treated with a mixture of 20 parts of subhuric acid and 9 of nitrate of potash; this, when spread out on a flat sur-face, peels off when dry: this done, it is ex-posed to the action of a cold mixture of equal parts of sulphuric acid and water for the space of from 5 te 20 seconds; the next is concerning the seconds is the next three water and the seconds is the next three water and the seconds is the next is the next is a nuter water and the second se

the space of from 5 to 20 seconds; the next process is to wash it in pure water, and afterwards in a very weak solution of am monia. This, however, on'y gives thin laminæ; in order to make thick leather, a certain number of them are glued together with gelatine. This artificial leather may be tanned as usual, and is impervious to sin be tanned as usual, and is impervious to sin be tanned as usual, and is impervious to sin be tanned as usual, and is impervious to sin be tanned as usual, and is impervious to sin be tanned as usual, and is impervious to sin be tanned as usual, and is impervious to sin be tanned as usual, and is impervious to sin be tanned as usual, and is impervious to sin be tanned as usual, and is impervious to sin be tanned as usual, and is impervious to sin be tanned as usual, and is impervious to sin be tanned as usual, and is impervious to sin be tanned as usual, and is impervious to sin be tanned as usual, and is impervious to sin be tanned as usual, and is impervious to sin be tanned as usual, and is impervious to sin be tanned as usual, and is impervious to sin be tanned as usual, and is impervious to sin be tanned as usual to the tanned totheta tandi

gnani.	Wheat, per bus
Birth. Pembroke, on the 8th inst., Mrs. S. of a daughter.	Beef, per lb.
Villiam W. Wallace, of a son.	Oats, per bus Peas, per bush
James Holliday, Esq., of a daughter.	Onions, per bus White Beans, Potatoes, per Butter, per lb
he 7th inst., by the Rev. John Mo- n of Beckwith, at Carleton Place, Mr. E. Scrimgeour, to Miss Mary Ann	Eggs, per doz.
both of Almonte. White Lake, on the 10th instant, by	Pot Ashes per Pork, Prime M

the Ber. S. G. Frazer, Mr. P. eef do 100 fb

Dalgattic; aged 65 years. At his residence in the village of Hull,

-Gali

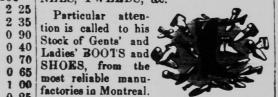
At I Little,

At (

Mrs. V

Also for the Wool Trade a heavy stock of UNION and ALL-WOOL FLAN-Corrected Regularly NELS, TWEEDS, &c. Brockville, June 9, 1864

BAREGES,



CHALLIES.

The highest price in Cash or Trade paid for Wool, Butter, Grain, & Sheep Pelts Also a Stock of Groceries, bought at Auction, below usual prices. 0 35 " 0 4) DAVID WARD.

Almonte, 10th June, 1864.

Cash Paid for Wool! pared to pay CASH for any quantity Staples, Fancy Dress Goods, of WOOL. For those who wish Cloth in exchange, they will keep on hand a fair assortment of Tweeds, Cassimeres, Satinetts, and knitted Shirts and Drawers, &c.

CANNON & RIDDELL. McIntosh's New Buildings, ) Almonte, June 13th, 1864. 40-tf



TOR SALE .--- A DOUBLE BUGGY -(new). Terms liberal. Apply to JAS. ROSAMOND, ESQ., Almonte, 13th June, 1864. 40tf.

Ho! That's what we Want! WHY, WHAT IS THAT? IT'S ROWE'S ROYAL PATENT COFFEE POT!

Manufactured at the Arnprior Tin-Shop. TITHE SUBSCBIBER IN RETURNof ARNPRIOR and surrounding country, for of ARNPRIOE and surrounding country, for their liberal patronage since commencing business here, begs to inform his customers and the public generally, that he has pur-chased the patent right of ROWE'S ROY-AL COFFEE POT for the counties of Pontiac, Lanark and Renfrew, and is man-ufacturing them at his shop in Arnprior, at prices that cannot fail to please. Recom-mendations as records their superjoit can mendations as regards their superiority can be furnished without number, but a trial is

all that is requisite before selling. The Subscriber begs to inform his custo-mers that he has on hand a large assortment of Tinware, which for material, workmanship and price, will compete with any in the province. It requires no gassing—if will speak for itself.

speak for itself. In adopting the READY PAY SYSTEM he has made a great reduction in his prices, and hopes still to receive a share of Public 1 25 1 50 patronage. Cooking Stove Ovens lined withork, per bbl.....17 00 17 50 out delay. Cotton and Linen Rage, also Calf Skins and Sheep Pelts taken in ex. and all the novelties of the ..... 0 00 0 00 0 00 0 10 change for Tinware, or Cash paid if re- Dress Goods. guired. SHAWLS & CAPES. 0 45 0 50

0 75 1 00 JOHN BUTLER. ..... 1 50 2 00 Araprior, June 15th, 1864. 40tf .... 1 50 2 90 ..... 0 40 0 45 To Whom it may Concern. A L L PARTIES INDEBTED TO ALD, of Beckwith, deceased, are hereby re-quested to make immediate settlement.  $\begin{array}{c} 0 & 12\frac{1}{2} & 0 & 14 \\ 0 & 12\frac{1}{2} & 0 & 15 \end{array}$ ; Perth June 8, 1864.

All parties having lawful claims against said estate, will please hand in the same to the undersigned, before the first day of Sepcwt...... 5 00 0 00 fess,..... 5 50 6 00 5 50 ELLEN NCDONALD.

Administratriz to the estate of th Beckwith, 9th June, 1864.

Board of Public Instruction. this section of HE RENFREW BOARD WILL 00 most in the Grammar School, Village for 00 of Renfrew, on FRIDAY, the 24th June, class Butter per Ib..... 0 15 Eggs per doz..... 0 18 

5,000 lbs of good, clean WOOL, in cash or cloth, 500 Sheep Pelts, 500 Calf-skins, 3 tons of Rags, and 50 Kegs of good dairy BUTTER.

> We have a large, new, and well-assorted GENERAL STOCK OF GOODS

and will make a reduction from this day for CASH, -12; per cent for paper money and 10 per cent for silver, on all amounts over Two Dollars.

Our prices are well known to our customers in the country, and the above percentage will tend much to their interests. do this to more fully cultivate a READY PAY SYSTEM.

Our friends will please not ask for Credit at our alarmingly low prices. Our stock consists in part of

Bareges & Muslins, of every description, Shawls, Mantillas, Ginghams, 50 pieces of Factory Cloths, coarse and fine, Keady made clothing,

Hats & Caps, Boots & Shoes, Crockery,

Iron, Glass, Nails, and House Trimmings,

Single & Double Harness, No. 1 Shingles, Boring Machines and Bench Screws, Bed steads & Chairs, VEBY LOW. A splendid lot of New Groceries.

ranted. Don't forget we will allow 71d on the dollar, for paper money, after this day.

Pedlars and others supplied wholesale at a percentage on Montreal Invoices.

W. TENNANT & CO.

**NOTICE.** HEREBY FORBID any person or per sons from hiring or harbouring Vitaille Belonger, as he has this day left the driving of my timber from Golden Lake, on the Manufactured at the Arnprior Tin-Shop. THE SUBSCBIBER IN RETURN-ing sincere thanks to the inhabitants f Approprior and surrounding country, for with as the law directs.

SAMUEL DICKSON. Pakenham, 19th May, 1864. 39-g

#### ARNPRIOR WAREHOUSE.

THE CHEAPEST SPOT IN TOWN

New Spring and Summer Goods, at the store of W. CARSS

DRY GOCDS. consisting of Tweeds, English

tch, and Canada Cobourghs, Prints. Delaines, Cottons Striped Shirting, Lustre Blue Derries,

MANTLE CLOTHS. LADIES', MISSES' & CHIL-DREN'S HATS & BONNETS. HOOP SKIRTS. BOOTS & SHOES. READY MADE CLOTHING & MADE TO ORDER, CHEAP FAMILY GROCERIES.

CHEAP FAMILY GROCERIES, CROCKERY & GLASSWARE, CLOVER & TURNIP SEEDS, STATIONERY & SCHOOL BOOKS: The subscriber is determined to make it an object for purchasers to buy at his ware-house. Having purchased a very heavy stock in the cheapest market he will take very small advances on cost, wishing to es-tablish, what has been so much needed in

## says of Sherman's Lattle, near Dallas, on the 25th May, the rebels were entremethed be-hind our breastworks which were occupied by Stevenson's division of Hood's corps.— the erg tends to preserve the aroma. red. No further be needed, and the arema. tion Angusta, on Sunday the 2

..... 9 00 10 00

0 65

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..... 5 00