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RE THE TITLES
IOUS FEATURES OF
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"BLUE BLOOD AND YELLOW"
"TODAY AND TOMORROW"
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WILL FOLLOW THIS ATTRACTIVE SERIES.
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0, 20, 30, 50c. Starting Mon.
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IAL THEATRE TODAY
London's Vivid Story of
Love and Shipwreck
"SEA WOLF"
esented in Seven Reels
AUTHOR'S TRIBUTE:
The "Sea Wolf" the phical image of Larsen that
pe in my mind was more or less vague in outline and
ndless, it was there, in my mind, and I carried it with
until it was almost real to me. But it fled like a
ak when I saw, on the screen, Mr. Robert Swerth,
dimension, flesh-and-blood Sea Wolf. Until I die
the Sea Wolf will be Mr. Swerth as I saw him on the
--JACK LONDON

ding With the Music-Feast
HUGHES TRIO
strumentalists De Luxe
e Broken Coin"—Serial

ELLS TO A PLACE OF SAFETY



the Russian churches. The huge bells are taking last
was taken in Warsaw.

CREDIT VOTE OF BILLION AND QUARTER ASKED

PREMIER ASQUITH TELLS COMMONS OF WAR'S COST

Weekly Expenditure Not Likely to Exceed 35,000,000 Pounds, Henceforth, and New Vote Will Probably Carry Country Through the Third Week of November.

London, Sept. 15.—The seventh vote of credit since the outbreak of the war, bringing up the total to 1,927,000,000 pounds (\$6,310,000,000), was moved in the House of Commons this afternoon by Premier Asquith. The amount asked for today was \$1,250,000,000.

The premier also announced that nearly three million men had enlisted. He made this statement in reviewing the financial and military situations, as far as military exigencies permitted, but this requirement necessitated in many instances only vague references to the trend of events.

The growing expenditures for the war were emphasized by the premier. He said the average daily cost of the war from April 1 to the end of June was 2,700,000 pounds (\$8,500,000); from July 1st to 17th 3,000,000 pounds; from July 18th to September 11th, 3,500,000 pounds. The total for this period in round figures is 500,000,000 pounds. There has been repaid 50,000,000 pounds to the Bank of England. 30,000,000 pounds has been lent to foreign governments and 28,000,000 pounds lent to the dominions.

Comparing actual expenditures since the last vote of credit with estimates, Mr. Asquith said there had been some abnormal items to disclose which would not be in the public interest, but the House might take it that these were expenditures incurred for the purpose of financing necessary operations. Part of this amount was to be repaid in the course of a few months, and the remainder represented advances for future expenditures.

An Answer to Mischiefous Critics
Mr. Asquith estimated the weekly gross expenditure at the end of the war would not exceed 35,000,000 pounds. It was his opinion that the new vote would carry the country through to the third week in November.

"These figures throw some light, in many respects," he said, "on the situation we are making to the war," he continued. "I do not wish to say even that we are doing all we can, all we ought, but as attempts are constantly being made—made with whatever intent, but with the most mischievous effect—to belittle and discourage our efforts, I give some comparisons between peace and war figures."

"Since the outbreak of the war, it will be found, an aggregate of not far short of three millions have enlisted in the army and navy. Recruiting, on the whole, has kept up well, but I regret to say, in the last few weeks has been falling off."

Regarding the work of the munitions department, Premier Asquith said all that was now necessary to complete this great and necessary task was an adequate supply of labor, unskilled quite as much as skilled. There was no field wherein women could do more useful work. The Minister of Munitions had established twenty shell factories, and eighteen more were in course of construction. In all, 715 controlled establishments were under the department. In these factories, he said, 800,000 workmen were now employed and the country had vastly exceeded any standard dreamed of before the war.

Reviewing the military situation, Mr. Asquith stated that in France and Flanders the position of the British troops had been strengthened everywhere by large reinforcements of men and munitions, and that there had been a considerable extension of lines taken over from the French. In the Dardanelles, he continued, the British had made substantial gains, though they had not succeeded in dislodging the Turks from the crest of the hills. The British now held a front of more than twelve miles.

In the east, Mr. Asquith said, the Russian army remains unbroken. He asserted that the superiority of the Germans was only in artillery and that their object was still far out of reach.

Czar's Action Proves Russia's Determination to Stay to Finish

"They succeeded in forcing back the line of our gallant ally and taking several forts," he said, "but all accounts show that the Russian retreat is being conducted in masterly fashion and that the Russian army is still unbroken."

"The assumption of supreme command by the Czar is the most significant proof that could be given of the unalterable determination, from highest to lowest, of the Russian people."

Mr. Asquith said that the total of British loans to military operations was \$50,000,000 pounds.

He referred to the high total of casualties, and said that the proportion of those who recovered from wounds was large.

"This is a war of mechanism, organization, endurance," he continued. "Victory seems likely to incline to the side that can arm itself best, and stay longest. That is what we mean to do."

The premier deprecated all recrimination.

"Our business is to deal with the present, and forecast and provide for the future," he said. "We have satisfied the legitimate requirements and hopes of our allies, and we have to discharge the unique burden imposed upon a family of free people by our own sense of responsibility and our standard of duty and sacrifice."

Nations Army Must Not Be Shortened By Strife at Home.

"The situation is a testing one. A survey of the past year calls for satisfaction at the great efforts and sacrifices made, and for regret that some mistakes and miscalculations have been made."

"It was the imperative call of duty which forced us to vindicate our national honor and enlist our whole strength in the sacred cause of freedom. I have no doubt either of the wisdom of our choice or of its ultimate triumph on the stricken field."

One thing Mr. Asquith opposed was "the sinister spirit of domestic strife."

"We must all be ready to give and take, and take and give," he said, "and it must not be said that in the greatest moment of our history our arm was short of its strength by any failure on the part of either rulers or ruled to concentrate upon the unexampled task the consentient counsel, divided energies and unbreakable, indomitable will of the British people."

NINE ENLIST AT ST. STEPHEN FAIR

Recruiting tent on grounds in charge of Maj. Laughlin and two Sergeants.

Special to The Standard.
St. Stephen, Sept. 15.—The second day of the Charlotte County Exhibition has been a great success with a very large crowd in attendance and all delighted with every feature of the big show. Given fair weather in the morning, Thursday will be a record day for attendance.

The recruiting tent on the grounds under Major Laughlin with two sergeants from Sussex has done a good business, nine young men today having turned aside from pleasure long enough to sign up to serve King and country, making twenty secured here within the past fortnight.

The Jack London story "The Sea Wolf," which was presented for the first time in the Imperial Theatre yesterday and is to be shown again today, is a further invasion of the boundless field of literature and demonstrates once again the wonderful possibilities of the pictorial form of reproducing written action. It really seems as if the camera is mightier than the pen in story-telling because of the all-seeing eye that gives the true scenic surroundings without regard to space or place. Truly no staged version of "The Sea Wolf" that is now being shown at the Imperial can approach it in power and vividness. It is a big thing and resembles in many ways that thrilling Rex Beach Alaskan story, "The Spoilers."

WILL CONFER WITH AGENT THOMAS ABOUT WAR ORDERS FOR CANADA

Special to The Standard.
Ottawa, Sept. 15.—Col. David Carnegie of the Shell Committee, left this afternoon for New York to consult with Mr. D. A. Thomas, the representative of the British munitions department regarding the placing of further orders in Canada. The anticipated new orders will be the result of Mr. Thomas' inspection of the Canadian shell factories and his favorable report to the imperial authorities.

The 29th overseas battalion from Gall and the 101st from Berlin and Waterloo will be inspected by General Sir Sam Hughes on Friday. He will leave for Berlin tomorrow night for that purpose and on Friday evening will be given a civic reception. During the day he will go to Doon to visit Mr. Homer Watson, the Canadian artist who painted the scene of the Valcartier camp.

THREATENED WITH PRISON IF HE WENT BACK TO GERMANY

Hartford, Conn. German machinist warned of punishment awaiting him in Fatherland for working in munitions plant.

Hartford, Conn., Sept. 14.—Though United States Dist. Atty. Thomas J. Spellacy declined tonight to make any statement, it was learned through reliable sources that Federal agents of the Bureau of Investigation are here sifting the story of a young German machinist who says he was persistently forced to give up his jobs in munition-making plants by agents of the German government.

The machinist, who is about twenty-six years of age, came to work in a big Hartford machine and tool plant four weeks ago, giving the name of F. W. Miller. He had previously worked for Brown & Sharpe of Providence. When he signed his time card for the payroll he used an unmistakably German name, which he admitted to the shop superintendent was correct.

When the war started he was ordered home, but because his brothers were in the army he refused to go and stayed here to support his aged mother.

He was warned then that a long term in prison in Germany would be his fate if he did any munitions work, and later returned to Germany. Recently he was warned by a German to leave Providence, and, though he worked at Pratt & Whitney's machine works in Hartford under an assumed name for several weeks, he was discovered and again compelled by a German agent to quit.

He says the German government knows where every Teuton in this country is employed, and has warned every one who is working on war munitions that five years' imprisonment will be the sentence if they return to the Fatherland. He says his uncle is the proprietor of a New York hotel and one of the best-known German-Americans in the country.

SIR ROBT. BORDEN TO SPEAK IN TORONTO

Special to The Standard.
Ottawa, Sept. 15.—Sir Robert Borden will go to Toronto on Monday, Sept. 27th, at the invitation of the Toronto Conservative Association to speak on his observations and impressions on Great Britain and on France, Flanders. The address will be of a non-political character and will probably be given in one of the large halls of the city.

COUNTY ELECTIONS

Special to The Standard.
Newcastle, Sept. 15.—Returns for yesterday's county council election to the St. John's County Council were: St. John's, 187; Councillor M. O. Shaughnessy, 154; James Young, 104. South Esk—Councillor Wilbur Somers, 138; James Parks, 134, defeating Councillor James Gillis, 64. Derby—Councillor John W. Vanderbeck, 134; Councillor J. W. McNaughton, 114; James Haswell, 112, defeating Councillor D. Watling, 112. Newcastle—Councillors L. Doyle and H. H. Lamont, by acclamation. Blissett—Councillors E. D. Swin and Ronald Hurley, acclamation, Councillor J. C. Weaver retiring. Blackville—Councillors D. G. Schofield and Geo. Hayes, acclamation. Chatham—Aloysius Harriman and W. H. Baldwin, new men by acclamation. Nelson—Councillors Percy Burchill and Richard Gill, by acclamation, Councillor James Harrigan retiring. Ludlow, Alnwick, Hardwick, and Rogersville parishes to hear from.

CASTORIA For Infants and Children In Use For Over 30 Years Always Bears the Signature of Dr. H. H. H. H.

I. C. R. Unclaimed Freight Sale BY AUCTION
I am instructed by the Freight Claim Agent of the I. C. R. to sell for the benefit of whom it may concern a large quantity of Unclaimed Freight and Merchandise consisting of all kinds of goods, boxes, barrels, casks, trunks, etc. to be sold at I. C. R. Freight Sale, No. 13 on Wednesday morning, September 22nd at ten o'clock. Conditions of sale made known at time of sale.
R. F. POTTS, Auctioneer.

Now All Together For That \$50,000

When the Canvassers call upon you next week what are you prepared to give? Your donation must be generous--it must be something of saleable value so as to be sold during Auction Week, October 4 to 7, at

THE PATRIOTIC AUCTION

All Can Give Something Worth While

It will not be possible to make a house-to-house canvass. If you are not called upon send your donation in.

MANUFACTURERS
can help by giving of the goods they make in their plants. St. John has many big industrial concerns, and it is expected that they will be generous in giving of their products for sale at the Auction. Donations of lumber, hardware, nails, leather goods, carriages, machinery, industrial supplies, stoves, confectionery, wire goods, brooms, brushes, woodworkings, cotton products, brass products, clothing, cakes, biscuits and a variety of other articles too numerous to mention.

WHOLESALESA
can give from the lines of goods they carry in stock, and relying upon their generosity, the promoters of the Auction are expecting plentiful supplies for sale, such as provisions, groceries, dry goods, hardware, boots, shoes, drugs, electrical fixtures, crockery, tobacco, automobiles, motor equipment, coal, pianos, teas, coffees, confectionery, furs, rubber goods and a wide range of other sundries any of which may be offered for sale at the Auction.

RETAILERS
will find the canvassers very willing to accept donations from their shelves or warehouses. The list of goods mentioned in reference to wholesalers and manufacturers applies to a certain extent, to retailers, with several additions, because of the great range of retail establishments. The contributions of all dealers cannot be too large for acceptance--the greater the gift the greater the chance for swelling the Patriotic Fund.

BROKERS AND AGENTS
Have an excellent opportunity to give a good-sized donation from the stocks or goods they handle, aside from personal contributions for the Auction. Commission agents representing large business houses should be able to secure from their firms power to give liberally from their stock.

HOUSEWIVES
Will be enabled to give to the Auction pieces of fancy work, home-cooking, quilting, antique furniture, old plate, or any other articles they desire, keeping in mind the possibility of their conversion into cash during the week of the Auction.

FARMERS
Are expected to make a good showing in their donations to this great movement. It is now about harvest time, and the crops will naturally be looked to for the purpose of swelling the proceeds of the auction for the patriotic fund. In the west an acre of wheat donated by each farmer in Manitoba and Saskatchewan brought a handsome sum for the fund--let it not be said that farmers of the east are less generous or less patriotic. Farm produce, fruits, dairy products, cattle--anything from about the farm will be gladly accepted when the solicitors call next week, delivery to be made during the week following.

EVERYBODY
Can give something. No cash is to be asked for, the idea being to have goods donated and then sold to the highest bidder during auction week. Theatres can give tickets for their shows, season passes, family tickets; shoe shine parlors can give tickets representing shines for any length of time they care; laundries can give tickets for work to be done; creameries can donate slips for delivery of dairy stock; barbers can give tickets for tonsorial attendance; the doctor, lawyer, painter, carpenter, dentist--all classes can give something having a saleable value to help in the great undertaking.

THE PATRIOTIC FUND

YOUR HELP IS NEEDED

MUST KEEP ITS PROMISE

This Auction is the biggest event of its kind yet attempted in Eastern Canada. What are you doing towards it?

THE PROMOTERS OF THE AUCTION ARE
The Daughters of the Empire
Rotary Club
Knights of Columbus
and
Order of Eiks

You can help the promoters. If you have the Patriotic Fund at heart you will help them. They are hard at work and are relying upon your donation and support.

THE SLOGAN:
\$50,000
IN A WEEK!

WHAT IS THE PATRIOTIC FUND?
All must know the answer to this question. Through this fund, which is dependent entirely upon voluntary subscriptions, the families of the brave lads in khaki are cared for. The boys in the trenches know that by means of it, mother, wife or child at home will not suffer for want of support during the absence of son, husband or father fighting the battles of Empire overseas, and protecting who stay at home. Are you giving towards this fund as much as you might? Give "something worth while" to the Patriotic Auction, and when it is sold, the proceeds will go towards the fund.

ARE YOU WITH US?
\$50,000
IN A WEEK!

If there is anything you want to know about the auction get in touch with the executive offices, 181 Prince Wm. St. H. A. PORTER, Manager.
Tel. 1996 or 705

Gifts Should be Delivered During Week of September 27

No donation will be barred because of its size. Great or small will be accepted, but the bigger the gift the greater the proceeds.

The Canvass Starts Next Monday. Decide Today What You Will Give

DOMINION GOVERNMENT

FRUIT BRANCH—Department of Agriculture.

THERE ARE FEW FRUITS AS HEALTHFUL
THERE IS NONE SO DELICIOUS AS

CANADIAN PEACHES

Peaches keep well when canned or preserved. A liberal supply should be "put down" this season as the fruit is of exceptional quality. "More fruit and less meat" should be the rule this winter. It would mean better health and greater economy.

Preserve plenty of Plums also. Plums are acid, Peaches are sweet, both are needed--both are good.

Canadian Plums and Peaches are the juiciest, richest flavored in the world. Take advantage of Canada's best. Eat plenty of Canadian fruit--lock the medicine chest--and lose the key.

THE SEASON IS SHORT--DON'T DELAY--ORDER NOW.