

Waterbury & Rising Ltd.

KING ST. UNION ST. MAIN ST.

Shoes With Ambition

They Aspire to be Worn



They want to keep company with your feet. The storms of winter are now due and will surely soon be upon us. Are you prepared? Have you given thought to what you must wear on your feet. Our heavy walking boots are not a luxury, they are as necessary for the feet as food is for the body. Among a host of splendid values that cannot but appeal to every man we would call special attention to the "Doctor's Special" a line that for many years has given thorough satisfaction. Heavy imported Box Calf, Blucher, leather lined, viscolized bottom and made on perfect fitting lasts, black and tan.

\$6.50 a Pair

MACAULAY BROS. & CO., KING STREET, ST. JOHN, N. B.
Our stores open 8.30 a.m., close 6 p.m. Saturday, 10 p.m.

Great Bargain Sale —OF— Winter Coats

Today, Thursday, and Balance of Week

Our stock of Women's and Misses' Winter Coats is far too heavy for this time of the season, which compels us to sacrifice our profits to make a grand clean up. Every garment has been deeply cut in price to ensure this end. Every garment is cut in the most fashionable styles of the season and are made of the choicest fabrics, such as Chinchillas, Tweeds, Zibbelines, Fancy cloths, Plaids, etc., in all the most up-to-date combination colorings, in stripe, check, or plain effects.

COATS THAT WERE ORIGINALLY PRICED UP TO
\$16.00 each ----- Are now for sale at \$ 9.75
18.00 each ----- Are now for sale at 11.95
25.00 each ----- Are now for sale at 15.00
35.00 each ----- Are now for sale at 19.00

There will also be found several stylish Winter Capes in this great bargain sale, which are most suitable for street wear or as evening wraps.

No Sale Coats on Approval or Returnable.

MACAULAY BROS. & CO.



LONDON PAPER'S COMMENT ON FAILURE OF DOMINION TRUST CO.

London, Nov. 25.—Commenting upon further information at hand, respecting the Dominion Trust failure at Vancouver, the Globe says:
"The Dominion Trust appears to furnish another instance, too common in Canada, of directors who did not direct, but, being busy with their own affairs, left everything to the late managing director. In this case, the directors suffer for their neglect."

A Great Blessing to be Freed of Indigestion

For Years He Suffered After Almost Every Meal—
Attributes Complete Cure to Use of Dr. Chase's
Kidney-Liver Pills.

The experience of many people who suffer from indigestion is like that of the writer of this letter. Stomach medicines may bring some relief, but chronic indigestion is almost invariably the result of derangement of the liver, kidneys and bowels, and cannot be cured until these organs are set right.

With the liver sluggish there is constipation, and the food ferments in the bowels instead of being digested. MR. BARRETT, writes: "This is the source of pain and suffering, and the cause of such dreaded diseases as appendicitis, peritonitis

and kidney disease. It is much better to be on the safe side and prevent such ailments by the timely use of Dr. Chase's Kidney-Liver Pills. Mr. J. D. S. Barrett, Nelson, B.C., and formerly of Twillingate, Nfld., writes:—"For several years I was a great sufferer from indigestion. The least bit of food caused me considerable trouble, and often I could scarcely eat a meal a day. The many remedies I tried proved futile until I began the use of Dr. Chase's Kidney-Liver Pills, and after using about eight boxes I was completely cured. "Since that time I have not been troubled with indigestion, which I consider a great blessing. I feel grateful for this cure, and shall gladly answer any inquiries from persons suffering as I did."

Dr. Chase's Kidney-Liver Pills, 25c a box, 5 for \$1.00, all dealers, or Edmanson, Bates & Co., Limited, Toronto.

FIRST APOSTOLIC DELEGATE TO AUSTRALIA

Naples, Nov. 25.—Monsignor Bonaventura Cerretti, former Auditor of the Apostolic Delegation in Washington, has been appointed first apostolic delegate to Australia. Monsignor Cerretti left today on board the steamer America for New York, whence he will proceed to his new post.

A Better Word
"This is a dignified way to put it." "How's that?"
"This general says he didn't retreat. When the firing got too hot he withdrew."—Seattle Post-Intelligencer.

WOMEN DOING A DOUBLE WORK FOR SOLDIERS

Needy Belgians also come in for share of charity — How St. John Women are aiding cause.

In scores of homes, and in many of the churches and other centres, the women of St. John, and other parts of the province, are doing noble work for the soldiers at the front, those left behind who were dependent on them, and the needy Belgians. It is hardly necessary to point out that women are, in many ways, better qualified to assist in relief work than men. For instance, Colonel E. T. Sturdee said recently that the Ladies' Auxiliary of the Patriotic Fund had been of inestimable service in finding out what more effectively than the men could have done, the circumstances of those families of the soldiers who went away with the first contingent about whom the executive were without sufficient information to determine what measure of relief was requisite. By personal visits, and other expedients, the ladies' auxiliary have done valuable work for the guidance of the executive.

The reports of the splendid work done from time to time by the Red Cross Society afford sufficient evidence of the value of this organization which is now in full working order with an energetic executive. At home and in many centres, willing hands are, and have for some time been busy with knitting, sewing and similar work, with a zeal that would surprise some of those who have not made themselves familiar with their activities. It has been a matter of real, hard work with the members of the society. There has been shown a readiness throughout, notwithstanding that personal convenience must have been occasionally in many instances, that calls for unaffected admiration. The executive of the society are a very busy aggregation, for, although their regular meetings are held only fortnightly, there is something to be done by individual members almost daily. These meetings will, in future, be held in the old bank building of the Bank of British North America in Prince William street, the use of it having been kindly given by the bank until it is sold or let. Hitherto the meetings have been held in the schoolroom of St. John's (Stone) church, where for some time past large quantities of useful articles have been made or collected, and packed in boxes being the now familiar red cross. The next meeting of the executive will take place on the last day of this month.

A very large part of the work of Belgian relief has fallen to the women of St. John, and outlying parts, who have been unceasingly busy, ever since the call for aid was made, in collecting clothing and provisions. A by no means insignificant part of the cargoes of the Tremorah containing the first shipment from Canada, and of the Doric, due to sail this week, were provided by the untiring efforts of the women. The good work is still going on, in view of further consignments to Belgium.

Most of the success attending the provision of tobacco for the men at the front is attributable to the thoughtfulness and energy of the fair sex, and it is safe to say that, no matter how long the war may last, they will continue, without faltering, in the course which they have mapped out for themselves.

INDIAN MUTINY PICTURE BIG HIT

Imperial has a British Story that creates a lot of excitement.

"Shannon of the Sixth," a British military drama dealing with the Sepoy Rebellion in India in 1857, occupied the Imperial's curtain yesterday and will be concluded today. It provided a splendid picture consuming over one hour and a half in the showing. Hundreds of people were employed in producing the film, which was a triumph in historical detail and strenuous action. It is easily one of the finest military dramas yet filmed, and with at this particular time, its strong British spirit has a peculiar appeal. "Shannon of the Sixth" will be shown at 2 and 4 o'clock this afternoon, and at 7 and 9 o'clock tonight.

Marion and Cumberland, the Imperial's new vaudeville is another of those artistic singing and dancing novelties that remind one of superior New York show-houses. Particular mention must be made of Miss Cumberland's marvelous agility and superb grace. Mr. Duguid's singing is of course a strong feature at the Keith house and music lovers are hoping his stay will be a long one.

Tomorrow and Friday the Imperial takes up the "Trey O' Hearts" feature again and in addition a strong Lubin drama entitled "The District Attorney's Decision" will be presented with an all-star cast. An extra feature for the week-end will be the second of the Imperial's new European War Ballads, showing how the Belgians and British dashed into the city of Ghent and drove the German invaders from their positions there. This real war picture will create a great deal of enthusiasm.

Cholera Outbreak in Antwerp.
London, Nov. 25.—Cholera is reported to have broken out in Antwerp, according to a despatch from Rotterdam to the Evening Star. Only a few cases, so far, have been reported, and the most energetic measures are being taken by the sanitary authorities.

MUNICIPALITIES CONVENTION SUCCESSFULLY OPENED

Every County in Province represented — Matters of vital interest dealt with by speakers — Banquet in the evening.

The Union of New Brunswick Municipalities opened its ninth annual session in the Court House here yesterday, with forty delegates from municipalities of the province in attendance.

Three sessions were held yesterday and in the evening the delegates were the guests of the county of St. John at a New Brunswick Poultry supper in the Victoria Hotel.

The first day of the convention was an unequalled success and every delegate expressed his favor of the papers read and other matters considered.

It was expected that Hon. George J. Clarke, Attorney General, of the province and Hon. John Morrissey, Commissioner of Public Works, would be present, but they found that pressing government business would take their attention. Both gentlemen sent their regrets to the convention and wished the members every success in their work.

At the evening session W. F. Burditt gave a lecture on Town Planning, which was illustrated with lantern slides. He dealt with different phases of the subject and pointed means of town improving.

The supper in the Victoria Hotel was an enjoyable affair and was attended by about sixty delegates and persons interested in municipal work.

The delegates assembled yesterday morning at 9.30 o'clock and registered. Then they took automobiles and went to Fairville where they visited the Provincial Home for Nervous Diseases the Parlington Pulp mill and the Simms' brush factory.

The formal opening of the convention took place at 3 o'clock with F. Parker Grimmer, of St. Stephen, in the chair.

H. R. McEllan, varden of St. John county, welcomed the delegates. He spoke of the need of conventions, for they helped to concentrate effort. Although the British flag gave to every man the right of free thought, it was not individual thought and ideas that had produced the best results.

He urged the delegates to secure as much as possible out of the convention and so be in a position to spread the knowledge in the district from whence they came.

Mayor Mitchell, of Fredericton, in his reply on behalf of the delegates thanked the people of St. John for their welcome, and he felt the delegates would enjoy their stay in this city.

He believed the convention would be of great value to the people of the province, for here questions of vital importance could be discussed and expert opinion gained on many matters. He thought public health was a matter that should be taken up more widely. There had been great improvement in the last few years, but the conventions, such as these, had been responsible for the improvements.

The annual address of the president, F. Parker Grimmer, was then delivered. He advocated a closer attention to Canadian interests and expected to see the label "Made in Canada" a matter of national pride.

Duncan Lingley, city chamberlain of St. John, gave an interesting account of the accounting system used by the city of St. John.

Mr. Lingley explained in detail the workings of the system and its efficiency.

Dr. G. G. Melvin, public health officer of St. John city and county, spoke on Public Health Needs in New Brunswick.

Dealing with the milk problem Dr. Melvin said:

"As affecting the health of the people perhaps nothing is so important as the milk consumed. The production, handling and administration of this article of food is very likely the most vital of all things connected with the conservation of public health. Of all foods milk is the most easily polluted and the most perishable. No sanitary authorities than that of a pure milk supply. Purity in milk involves

time and effort, constant watchfulness and a considerable amount of knowledge on the part of those producing and handling it, and these essentials mean extra expense. This in turn means an increased price which bears with some hardship on those least able to bear it, the less well to do in the town and cities. The proper supply of milk is a problem not so much for the central provincial authority to regulate as it is for the individual towns and municipalities themselves. Milk may be made impure through careless or dirty handling in its place of origin, polluted during its transportation and it may be polluted during its distribution to the consumer. The fourth may be the most difficult to provide against by any official regulation. Milk may reach the customer in a pure state but before it is made use of it may through carelessness or want of knowledge become quite unfit for food so far as young infants are concerned. All the sources of danger in food must in any system of control be brought under strict supervision, and yet so great is the difficulty entailed that in New York it has been seriously suggested that all milk should be pasteurized. Identical regulations would probably not suit any two localities and the most that a central authority can do is to lay down broad principles which while adhered to in a general way may be modified by local circumstances. I do not believe that any community will ever be able to approach an ideally pure milk supply until the complete business of supplying milk to the people is taken over by the community itself as a corporate unit much on the same principle as water is now supplied by the city.

In the evening the delegates again assembled in the court-house and listened to an interesting address on town planning by W. F. Burditt. He took St. John as an example and showed how a proper town planning scheme this city could have been laid out to much better advantage.

At the close of the lecture the delegates adjourned to the Victoria where they were the guests of the county of St. John at a New Brunswick poultry supper. The materials for the supper were provided from the farms and fields of this province.

About ninety guests were present and the function was a decided success. After the toast to the King had been drunk with the usual honors, His Worship Mayor Frink proposed a toast to the municipalities. He referred to the judgment of the common people which when fearlessly and deliberately given stood the test of time.

The delegates of the Municipal Union had come to discuss subjects of vital importance to the people of the province and perhaps of the Dominion also. All the subjects discussed should be closely followed and some taken home.

We were living today in a democratic Dominion, although a monarchy. The King knew that the men who were his advisers were the selection of the common people. No country can exist without the consideration of the common people. We were the common people who controlled the destinies of the Empire.

His Honor Judge Ritchie, in reply, said he was nominated and elected by the common people and he must have been a sort of white man, for down at Lorneville he was right up with the Master of the Orange Order even though a Catholic. It was the common people who did it. You must remember also that the common people were to fight in Germany and pull that usurper from his pedestal.

His Honor told of some of the doings of the common people in early times in St. John. He was glad to meet the people from the different parts of the province. While in the Local House he found a great deal of assistance came to the government from members who formerly served in county councils. He hoped the common people would come to the aid of the King and help to fight the battles of the Empire.

The toast to the members of the Union of N. B. Municipalities was proposed by C. G. Morrissey, Mayor of Newcastle. It was right up with the people of the city and county who had provided such fine entertainment for the delegates.

In reply W. J. Osborne, alderman of Fredericton, referred to the great amount of information given out at the conventions of this body. In the visit to the Provincial Hospital the delegates found that the institution run in a very satisfactory manner. The delegates will go away from St. John feeling they have been handsomely treated and entertained.

J. King Kelly, K. C. county secretary of St. John, proposed a toast to the municipal institutions. He called on the crowd to sing "It's a Long Way to Tipperary." He then spoke of the need of a prison farm in this part of the country.

P. St. John Bliss, secretary of York county replied. He spoke of the institutions of the municipalities.

A. P. MacIntyre, comptroller of St. John was called upon to propose the toast to "The Men Behind the Gun."

He sang in the Scotch dialect and then asked those present to join with him in drinking the toast.

Dr. G. G. Melvin in reply spoke of the work of the Board of Health.

R. E. Armstrong, secretary of the Board of Trade, proposed the toast to the Legislature of New Brunswick.

Hon. John E. Wilson in reply said that the Legislature of New Brunswick compared favorably with others in Canada. This was largely on account of many of the members having at one time served in county councils. He believed that matters relative to municipalities should be dealt with by the councils. That was why when matters of appointment of chief of police came up at Fredericton he favored the city council making the appointment.

In regard to a prison farm he felt at one time it was too big a burden for the county to carry, but if the council would ask the government to

SENT "SMOKES" TO SOLDIERS LAST NIGHT

Fifteen cases of Tobacco, pipes and cigarettes sent forward to soldiers at front.

Fifteen cases containing tobacco, both smoking and chewing, cigarettes, cigars, pipes, etc., were sent from the warehouse of Jones & Schofield, North Market Wharf, yesterday, and went forward to Quebec on the C. P. R. train in the evening. There were, in all, the following goods:—1,000 pounds of tobacco, 70,000 cigarettes, 250 pipes and 3,000 cigars. Some of these articles were purchased with money subscribed, the remainder having been contributed from various sources. The Dominion Express Company kindly undertook to forward the consignment to Quebec free of charge, and it will go by government steamer in the course of a few days to Salisbury Plains and from there to the front.

The use of the steamer was obtained as the result of a request made to General Sam Hughes by Miss Travers, and by this arrangement many difficulties, such as those connected with the collection of duty will be avoided. The committee feel highly pleased with the response to their appeal on behalf of the soldiers abroad. This committee consists of Mrs. J. H. Frink, Mrs. George F. Smith, Mrs. Lawrence, Miss Travers, secretary-treasurer, and Miss Frances Travers. Many cards and other remembrances accompanied the gifts. The consignment included 50 1/2 lbs. of tobacco collected by Mrs. J. E. Cowan, of Carleton, who also collected \$80 in money which was expended by the committee in the purchase of supplies. Joseph Allison made the handsome contribution of 4,000 cigarettes and 40 lbs. of tobacco.

Among late contributions were the following:—100 lbs. tobacco, collected by Tom Murray, Sackville; 100 cigars, H. Y. Gardner; 6 lbs. tobacco, C. H. Walker; 25c a friend; 25 lbs. tobacco and one dozen pipes, Order of Moose; 1 dozen pipes, George F. Smith; 1,400 cigarettes and two packages tobacco, C. M. B. A.

Yesterday 500 cigarettes were received from the Masonic Hall, Carleton, 3 lbs. tobacco from W. A. Porter, and \$1 cash from A. T. Peters. It is the intention of the committee to send tobacco, cigarettes and other supplies coming in, to the army for the use of the soldiers there. The committee wish to thank all those who have made such a splendid response to their appeal on behalf of the men at the front.

About ninety guests were present and the function was a decided success. After the toast to the King had been drunk with the usual honors, His Worship Mayor Frink proposed a toast to the municipalities. He referred to the judgment of the common people which when fearlessly and deliberately given stood the test of time.

The delegates of the Municipal Union had come to discuss subjects of vital importance to the people of the province and perhaps of the Dominion also. All the subjects discussed should be closely followed and some taken home.

We were living today in a democratic Dominion, although a monarchy. The King knew that the men who were his advisers were the selection of the common people. No country can exist without the consideration of the common people. We were the common people who controlled the destinies of the Empire.

His Honor Judge Ritchie, in reply, said he was nominated and elected by the common people and he must have been a sort of white man, for down at Lorneville he was right up with the Master of the Orange Order even though a Catholic. It was the common people who did it. You must remember also that the common people were to fight in Germany and pull that usurper from his pedestal.

His Honor told of some of the doings of the common people in early times in St. John. He was glad to meet the people from the different parts of the province. While in the Local House he found a great deal of assistance came to the government from members who formerly served in county councils. He hoped the common people would come to the aid of the King and help to fight the battles of the Empire.

The toast to the members of the Union of N. B. Municipalities was proposed by C. G. Morrissey, Mayor of Newcastle. It was right up with the people of the city and county who had provided such fine entertainment for the delegates.

In reply W. J. Osborne, alderman of Fredericton, referred to the great amount of information given out at the conventions of this body. In the visit to the Provincial Hospital the delegates found that the institution run in a very satisfactory manner. The delegates will go away from St. John feeling they have been handsomely treated and entertained.

J. King Kelly, K. C. county secretary of St. John, proposed a toast to the municipal institutions. He called on the crowd to sing "It's a Long Way to Tipperary." He then spoke of the need of a prison farm in this part of the country.

P. St. John Bliss, secretary of York county replied. He spoke of the institutions of the municipalities.

A. P. MacIntyre, comptroller of St. John was called upon to propose the toast to "The Men Behind the Gun."

He sang in the Scotch dialect and then asked those present to join with him in drinking the toast.

Dr. G. G. Melvin in reply spoke of the work of the Board of Health.

R. E. Armstrong, secretary of the Board of Trade, proposed the toast to the Legislature of New Brunswick.

Hon. John E. Wilson in reply said that the Legislature of New Brunswick compared favorably with others in Canada. This was largely on account of many of the members having at one time served in county councils. He believed that matters relative to municipalities should be dealt with by the councils. That was why when matters of appointment of chief of police came up at Fredericton he favored the city council making the appointment.

In regard to a prison farm he felt at one time it was too big a burden for the county to carry, but if the council would ask the government to



This Adv. Is Worth One Hundred Dollars (\$100) to Someone.

Cut this out and the next time you require any dentistry of any kind whatever, such as teeth extracted, filled, cleaned, artificial teeth made or mended, call and see us, as you may be the lucky one.

BOSTON DENTAL PARLORS,
527 Main St.—245 Union St.
DR. J. D. MAHER, Proprietor.
Tel. Main 683.
Open 9 a. m. until 9 p. m.

CONSUMERS' COAL CO'S HARD COAL

No other coal so fully meets all the requirements of the ideal household fuel. Its free burning and strong heating qualities combined with its almost total absence of clinker and its small amount of ash make it by far the most economical and satisfactory to use.

CONSUMERS
COAL CO. LIMITED
331 CHARLOTTE STREET
TELEPHONE: MAIN 2670

STANDARD, NOVEMBER 26, 1914.

CHOICE Carleton Co. Hay, Manitoba White Oats All kinds of Mill Feeds

At lowest possible prices.

A. C. SMITH & CO.,
9 Union Street, West St. John.
Telephone West 7-11 and West 81

F. C. Robinson of Moncton replied. The toast to the City of St. John was proposed by Commissioner Wigmore and Commissioner Potts replied. Messrs. F. McKean, F. L. Dugard, A. L. Helman, Mr. Marion, J. Westerman, A. Carter and T. Bullock helped in the entertainment. D. Arnold Fox was accompanist and Jones' Orchestra supplied the other music. The gathering broke up about 2.30 o'clock.

1847 ROGERS BROS.

"Silver Plate that Wears"

The Old Colony design, as pictured by the fork on the left, is an excellent example of the dignified beauty and good taste characteristic of all silverware bearing the name 1847 ROGERS BROS. If your taste suggests simple and chaste lines, the Old Colony and Cromwell designs will please you.

1847 ROGERS BROS. designates the original make of Rogers Bros. ware—the make that has set all standards in silver plate since 1847. Do not be misled by other goods with a similar name—always look for the year in connection with the name; then you are sure of beauty, quality and wear.

Backed by the world's largest makers of sterling silver and plated ware with an unequalled guarantee made possible by an actual test of over 65 years.

Sold by leading Dealers
Made in Canada by Rogers Bros. Ltd., quality to the 5th World Producers

THE CITY OF ST. JOHN

Wanted for "Our Regiment"

"FIFTY MEN A DAY"