

For Summer Complaints Use Fellows' Speedy Relief.

A reliable household remedy.
Price 25 Cents.

STEAMERS.

INTERNATIONAL S. S. CO'Y.
FIVE TRIPS A WEEK.
20 Hours to Boston!



The Steamship "St. John" will sail from St. John, N. B., every TUESDAY and SATURDAY, at 5:30 p. m. Standard, Fast Express to Boston.
Steamers "Cumberland" and "State of Maine" will sail from St. John for Boston, every MONDAY, WEDNESDAY and FRIDAY morning, at 7:30 o'clock, standard, due in Boston about 4 p. m. next day.
NOTE—Do not overlook this route to the Pan-American Exposition at Buffalo. Choice of route from Boston.
Freight received daily up to 5 p. m.
WILLIAM G. LEE, Agent,
St. John, N. B.

Star Line S. S. Co. (Eastern Standard Time)

One of the Mail Steamers, VICTORIA and DAVID WESTON, will leave St. John, N. B., for Fredericton and intermediate landings every morning (Sunday excepted) at 8 o'clock, and will leave Fredericton every morning (Sunday excepted) at 7:30 o'clock.
On and after June 22nd, Steamer Victoria will leave for St. John, N. B., at 4:30 p. m. for Hampstead and intermediate landings; returning, will leave Hampstead on MONDAY morning, arriving in St. John at 7:30.
Freight received daily up to 5 p. m.
JAMES MANCHESTER, Manager,
P. S. ORCHARD, President.

FOR Washademoak Lake. THE MODERN EDEN.

Unsurpassed on Earth for Beauty and Climate, the People's Paradise.

STEAMER STAR

Has been rebuilt under the supervision of the most practical government inspectors, and until further notice will, if possible, leave for Washademoak Lake, every TUESDAY, THURSDAY and SATURDAY, at 10 a. m., for the above region, calling at all her landings on River and Lake, returning on alternate days at 1 p. m.

Freight received up to 9:45 p. m. on the day of sailing.
J. E. PORTER, Manager,
For further information apply to
P. NABE & SON, Agents,
Bridge Street, N. B.

Str. CLIFTON

Leaves Hampton MONDAYS and SATURDAYS at 5:30 a. m. and St. John at 3 p. m.

EXCURSIONS—Tuesdays, Wednesdays and Thursdays. Leaves St. John at 9 a. m. and return at 7 p. m.

Friday reserved for picnics.

Arrangements can be made with captain of "Hampstead" or "Clifton" for picnics.

Millidgeville Ferry.

Steamer MAGGIE MILLER will leave Millidgeville daily except Saturday and Sunday at 7:30 and 5:30 a. m., 2, 4 and 6 p. m. Returning from Baywater at 5:45, 8:15 and 10:15 a. m. and 2:45 and 5:15 p. m.
Saturday leaves Millidgeville at 6:15 and 8:20 a. m., 5 and 7 p. m.
Returning at 5, 7 and 10:15 a. m., 2:45 and 5:15 p. m.
Sunday at 9 and 10:30 a. m., 2:30 and 5:15 p. m. Returning at 9:45 and 11:15 a. m. and 6 and 7 p. m.
JOHN MCGOLDRICK, Agent,
Telephone 228 A.

PHOTOS! ETCHINGS! ENGRAVINGS!

To beautify your rooms at small cost. Also Fancy Goods, Silverware and Stationery; Souvenir Postal Cards and Views of St. John to send to friends.

A. E. CLARKE,

67 KING STREET. — St. John, N. B.

LIVERY STABLES.

WE HAVE A MAN

who is thoroughly acquainted with the interesting points in and about St. John. He drives a wagonette carrying two persons, which is at the service of visitors and others desirous of taking in the sights of the city to the best advantage.

J. B. HAMM'S, 124 Union Street.
Telephone No. 11.

DAVID CONNELL,

BOARDING, HACK AND LIVERY STABLES, 6 and 7 Waterloo St., St. John, N. B.

Horses Boarded on Reasonable Terms; Horses and Carriages on Hire; Also First-class short notice.

A large back-board wagon, seats fifteen to twenty people, to let, with or without horses. Telephone 55.

DAVID WATSON,

BOARDING, HACK AND LIVERY STABLES, Coaches in attendance at all boats and trains.

Horses on Hire at reasonable terms.
61 to 65 Duke Street. Tel. 78

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ST. JOHN STAR.

ST. JOHN, N. B., JULY 26, 1901.

EARLY CLOSING.

The movement in favor of early closing has much to commend it, and very little serious opposition appears to be offered. When the wholesale houses on the wharves decided several years ago to have a Saturday half holiday it was regarded as quite a radical change, but both wholesale and retail houses got accustomed to it, and there is no disposition to return to the old way. The closing of retail stores at an early hour in the evening may cause a little inconvenience until everybody becomes accustomed to the change, but in time they will wonder that it was ever deemed necessary to keep shops open and make clerks work until late every evening. While from the purely selfish standpoint one may say that he sees no reason why he should not have the chance to supply his wants at the store at any hour in the evening, and another may say that he has the right to keep his shop open and make a dollar if he can, it is quite clear that no great inconvenience to the one or loss of trade to the other would result from a generally adopted rule to close the shops at an early hour. The tendency of modern life is toward excessive activity and competition in trade and industry, and there is all too little relaxation. Whatever may be done to lighten the burden without loss is worthy of the thoughtful attention of the people. When the grocers' clerks first began to talk of early closing they had no idea that by this time over a hundred city grocers would have agreed to the proposition. What has occurred in this case, where intelligent and combined effort was directed to the accomplishment of a given purpose, is an illustration that should not be without its use in connection with reform movements in general.

SPENCER AND SALISBURY.

Two voices have lately been heard in England, of men viewing life and its problems from widely different standpoints. Herbert Spencer recently turned aside from his sympathetic philosophy and those great questions of mind and matter concerning which he has written with such profound insight, and uttered a plea for the mitigation of the war spirit. These are his words:—
"Whatever fosters militarism makes for barbarism; whatever fosters peace makes for civilization. There are two fundamentally opposed principles on which social life may be organized: compulsory co-operation and voluntary co-operation, the one implying coercive institutions, the other free institutions. Just in proportion as militant activity is great does the coercive regime more pervade the whole society. Hence to oppose militancy is to oppose return toward despotism. My fear is that the retrograde movement will become too strong to be checked by argument or exhortation."

The other voice heard this week was that of Lord Salisbury, as great in the realm of practical statesmanship as Spencer's in that of science. His lordship did not discuss the philosophy of war and peace, but devoted himself to the purely practical side of the question as it has forced itself upon the mind of the nation. Addressing the house of lords this week on the finance bill for a pacific policy; but now that state of opinion has passed away. The tide has turned, and who am I, and who are we, that we should attempt to stem the tide? If the tide has turned, we shall have to go with it. We are in the presence of forces far larger than we can wield. The noble lord referring to Baron Welby has alluded to the celebrated passage in which Sydney Smith warned the American public against the dangers and discomforts attaching to the pursuit of glory. No doubt it was thought at the time to be a very wise lecture. But it has been successful! Has he induced the American people to adopt his views? On the contrary, we know that one of the most powerful engines of the state consists in appeals to that national and imperial sentiment to which we have been so much exposed, and which we are so much bound to abide by.

Lord Salisbury's remarks have been described as pessimistic, but that is hardly correct. He simply states the fact. There was a pacific period, there is now a militant one. These two alternate, as they always have done. And while Mr. Spencer expresses a fear, he would probably be the last man to deny that a revival of the more strenuous spirit at times does not in the end make for more vigorous life and progress.

The council of the Toronto Board of Trade yesterday passed a resolution deploring the continued discrimination of Germany against Canada, and asking Sir Wilfrid Laurier to carry out his promise that the government would do what they could in the matter. The council urges that every effort be made to secure a reversal of the conditions of trade with Germany, so far as they refer to Canada. Sir Wilfrid Laurier promised the board in December last that the government would take some action in the matter.

A FEW DON'TS.

(Kansas City Journal.)
If one has not become tired of the "don't" form of journalism, the following are not bad:—
Don't make anyone feel self-conscious in your presence. It indicates that you are excessively self-conscious yourself.

Don't expect too much from other people, but encourage them to expect a great deal from you—and be sure that you fulfill their expectations.

Don't make too much of your bodily ailments. It makes you tiresome to yourself.

Don't be cynical. It indicates that you are very young or that you have never become mature.

Don't vent on one man the irritation caused by the mistakes of another. Don't vent on others the irritation caused by your own mistakes. Don't vent your irritation on anybody.

Don't apply these don'ts to other people. Apply them to yourself or else don't apply them at all.

A MIS-GOVERNED CITY.

Chicago is Having a Hard Time to Get Along This Summer.

(New York Mail and Express.)
The city of Chicago presents the most mischievous spectacle of any one of the list of misgoverned American municipalities. Its income is restricted by a constitutional limit upon its power to issue bonds. To this restriction has been added the fact that the legislature, limiting total taxes to five per cent. upon assessed valuation and requiring that the sinking fund and interest must be met out of this revenue. This last provision reduces further available income about \$1,000,000. An effort to increase the assessed valuation of taxable property from \$300,000,000 to \$400,000,000 meets with violent opposition. Meantime, a cut of 30 per cent. in all salaries has been ordered by the mayor. The police force has been so reduced that the peaceful inhabitants will be more than ever at the mercy of the desperate criminals who infest Chicago. Public works are at a standstill. It is the partisan use of enormous patronage that is in large part responsible for this pitiable condition. But it is also evident that Chicago needs a new charter that will give to the city a more efficient government, and a constitutional amendment that shall allow a bonded indebtedness adequate to legitimate needs.

CANADIANS ARE FOOLED.

Old New Brunswick, N. J., Bills Are Now Being Circulated.

WASHINGTON, July 25.—Chief William of the Secret Service, received a number of bank notes printed from the original plates used by the State Bank of New Brunswick, N. J., over fifty years ago.

The bank went out of existence some time in the fifties, and it was supposed that the steel plates from which the notes were printed were destroyed. It seems, however, that these plates have fallen into the hands of parties who have printed from them large quantities of notes, which have been put into circulation from New York to San Francisco.

A very large percentage of the notes so far discovered are two, although some ones and fives are being sent in. Inasmuch as the notes are not counterfeit of any United States note or obligation, the makers and passers cannot be prosecuted under the United States laws, but it is said they can be punished for fraud under the state laws.

It appears that the notes readily pass along the Canadian frontier, as the takers think they are the notes of the Canadian province of New Brunswick, the words "New Jersey" being printed in small letters. The notes are printed on bond paper, and are quite as good in every way as the originals. It is said that possibly \$2,000,000 of these notes are in circulation.

Musicists and athletes depend on BENTLEY'S Liniment to keep their joints limber and muscles in trim.

WANTED TO SUIT THE PARSON.

Walter Offered the Abstinence a Choice Assortment of Drinks.

Rev. Dr. S. R. Murray was one of the earliest clergymen to settle at Montgomery, Alaska. While there he was called on to marry a couple at the home of the leading merchant in the city, who lived in great magnificence. The wedding guests were lavishly entertained. The supper was remarkable for the sorts of delicious things to eat and drink and for the handsome display of silver and glass. In the early part of the meal a waiter approached Dr. Murray and was about to fill his glass.

"Not any for me, sir," said Dr. Murray, quietly.

"It's champagne, sir," persisted the waiter.

"Not any," repeated Dr. Murray.

The waiter turned away, but came back instantly with another bottle.

"Have this, sir! It's port."

"No, I don't care for any," from Dr. Murray.

Again the man went away, only to return with a third bottle. This time he was called on to pour the wine he said: "Clar-et, sir?"

"No," again from Dr. Murray.

A fourth wine was brought and called for. Then the waiter came up to Dr. Murray and over his shoulder and whispered softly in his ear: "Doctor, we have whiskey and brandy in the cellar. Which can I get for you, sir?"

PROBATE COURT AT AMHERST.

AMHERST, July 25.—In the probate court yesterday the accounts in the estate of the late Nelson Forrest of Amherst was passed. The statement of the executors showed the total receipts \$49,948.31. The amount of disbursements and personal was \$22,590. After expenses of settling, a balance of about \$27,358 is left to be equally divided among the nephews, nieces, grand nephews and grand nieces of deceased and deceased's wife. These numbers about 200. Hon. T. R. Black and Thos. Dunlop are executors. Hon. W. T. Pipes proctor, C. W. Robinson, M. P. P. of Westmorland, was present in behalf of some of the New Brunswick heirs.

A FEW DON'TS.

(Kansas City Journal.)
If one has not become tired of the "don't" form of journalism, the following are not bad:—
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THE ORANGEMEN.

The Order Flourishing All Over the Dominion.

Hon. N. Clarke Wallace on Coronation Oath and Delphi Marriage Case.

(Toronto Mail and Empire.)

The Grand Orange Lodge of British North America, organized 13 years ago, opened its annual convention at Victoria Hall Monday afternoon. Between 100 and 200 delegates, representing some 60,000 Orangemen, were present. Every province and the North-West Territories were represented. Although the convention is not the largest on record, the delegates are unanimous in stating that the order has never been in a more prosperous condition.

GRAND MASTER'S ADDRESS.

In commencing his annual address the Hon. N. Clarke Wallace, made an eloquent reference to the demise of the late Queen. Continuing he said the fervent loyalty which Orangemen ever gave to the throne and person of their late Sovereign would be given unstintingly to her successor, King Edward VII. The grand master suggested that the members of the order should convey their fealty and devotion in some formal manner on the occasion of the visit of His Royal Highness, the Duke of Cornwall and York.

He then took up the question of the King's coronation oath, and in strong and clear-cut terms indicated that he was strongly opposed to any change being made. "Why," he asked, "should the people of Great Britain sanction the assault on one of the bulwarks of Protestantism?" Any change however trivial would, he thought, be a distinct and important triumph for Roman Catholicism. It was the entailment of the succession to the throne of Great Britain in Protestant hands that constituted the great crime in the eyes of the Roman Catholic church. In this connection he referred to the sensational Delphi marriage case. He declared that the Roman Catholic church had set up a pretension that the question of the validity of the marriage was one to be determined by the church alone. A more palpable attempt to give the church supremacy over the state, to subordinate civil to ecclesiastical law, could not be made.

The Orange Association in Canada had, he announced, never been in a more prosperous condition. The membership was greater than at any previous period, and there were many evidences of steadily increasing vitality. He sincerely deplored the loss, by death, of many active and zealous members during the past year, speaking particularly of the late John W. Bell, M. P. for Addington. At the time of his death deceased was president of the Imperial Triennial Council of Orangemen of the World. Mr. Wallace referred enthusiastically to the growth of the order in the West, and declared that the Orange Mutual had become a great and successful insurance company.

GRAND SECRETARY'S FIGURES.

The Grand Secretary, W. M. Lockhart, in his report stated that 31 primary warrants had been issued in Canada during the year—6 in Ontario, 1 in Quebec, 2 in Nova Scotia, 4 in Newfoundland, 7 in Manitoba, 6 in the North-West Territories, and 4 in British Columbia. One county lodge warrant was issued for Calgary, and three district lodge warrants as well. During the year seven Orange Young British and six female lodges, and ten Royal Scarlet troops were instituted. The report gave these figures concerning the grand lodge during the year:—Initiated, 4,490; joined by certificate, 1,510; reinstated, 925; withdrawn by certificate, 1,749; expelled, 81; died, 461. Value real property, \$442,940; other lodge property, \$160,284; insurance, \$248,171. The total membership is 60,000.

ENGLISH ORANGEMEN.

The annual meeting of the Grand Lodge of the Loyal Orange Institution of England was held in London recently. Lord Arthur Hill, Grand Master of the order, who presided, referred to the death of Her Majesty the Queen, and asked the grand secretary to record on the minutes the deep sorrow of the brethren at the national calamity, and to convey their warmest sympathy to the King. A resolution proposed by the Grand Chaplain, Bro. Rev. Baddenoch, was then carried unanimously, strongly protesting, for reasons set forth at length, against any alteration being made virtually or otherwise in the "declaration against transubstantiation" by the Sovereign on accession to the throne. It was also agreed: "That the Society for the Propagation of the Gospel, inasmuch as it employs and pays clergy who belong to Romanizing societies, such as the English Church Union, is not deserving the support of the Protestants of the country."

TORONTO, July 25.—The Sovereign

Grand Orange lodge, at its final session this morning, decided to meet at Niagara Falls, Ont., next year. Other business transacted, and special relation to internal affairs of the order.

RECENT DEATHS.

Rev. Dr. A. B. Macray, pastor of Crescent street Presbyterian church, Montreal, died last night at Cap Laigle, Quebec.

Mrs. Margaret Byers, who removed from St. John in 1887, died on Monday at Milton, N. B.

DEATHS.

FEAR—At her late residence, Florence, on the 24th inst., Mrs. beloved daughter of the late Mr. and Mrs. J. W. Fearn, survived, Mrs. S. Maxwell and Mrs. G. Fearn. Funeral on Saturday at 2 p. m. from Florence.

IT HAPPENED

in the course of twelve or fifteen hours. Last night a want advertisement was inserted in the STAR, and early this morning the want was supplied. Just one case that came to our notice. How many similar cases were there?

The STAR want ads. are read by the people who can and will gratify your wants. Cost little—accomplish much.

Two Words For a Cent Each Insertion.

Situation and Help Wanted ads. inserted free.

MISCELLANEOUS.

MADAMS WORDEN, Fortune Teller, has removed from Brunswick street to 78 Main street, over Crawford's bookstore, where she can be found.

FOR EXCHANGE.

2 Doors, 7 ft. 11 in. x 3 ft. 10 in., and 4 Doors, 6 ft. 8 in. x 3 ft. 8 in., with windows for extra. Apply Doors, Star Office, St. John.

MONEY TO LOAN

On Freehold and Leasehold Property—repayable by monthly instalments. Apply to CHAPMAN & TILLEY, Barristers, Picture Building, Princess street.

FOR SALE.

Advertisements under this head, two words for one cent each time, or five cents a word for ten times. Payable in advance.

FOR SALE.

FOR SALE—A gent's bicycle in first class condition for \$15 cash. Has been used six months. For particulars apply to 117 King street, east, next door to Dr. Bennett's house.

FOR SALE.

FOR SALE—One second-hand carriage and set of driving harness; both in first class order. For particulars apply to 117 King street, east, next door to Dr. Bennett's house.

FOR SALE.

Bicycle for sale; almost new; in good condition; fitted with Morrow coaster brake. Will sell for \$15. Apply at Sun Office.

LOST.

Advertisements under this head: Two words for one cent each time, or five cents a word for ten times. Payable in advance.

LOST.

LOST—A Pair of Gold-Trimmed Spectacles in case. The finder will please return them to the ST. JOHN BUSINESS COLLEGE.

LOST.

LOST—Lost or strayed from subscriber's residence, Adelaide Road, a two-year-old red heifer. Last seen Friday night. Will any one knowing the whereabouts of same please notify, GEORGE SPENCER.

COMPLETE SUCCESS FOR THE GROCERS.

Last night the grocers held another enthusiastic meeting at the Currier Business University. R. E. White presided. The committee reported that the movement was a complete success in every way, and far in excess of their fondest anticipations. They reported amid great applause that in the two weeks since their first meeting the number of grocers to join the movement had jumped from 5 to 115.

W. E. Nobles of the McAlary Co., Ltd., spoke of his sympathy in the movement, and his happiness over the result. "This agitation," he said, "has struck the north end like a whirlwind. Dry goods and hardware men, etc., falling into line." He stated that only three grocery stores were open in the city when he started for the meeting.

F. J. McPherson welcomed the large gathering of dry goods clerks that were present, and intimated that there would be less complaints from the clerks about empty pews at church on Sunday mornings if the tired clerks had shorter hours. Jas. Williams stated that in the city proper only three small stores of City road were open after 7 p. m., and at his suggestion it was resolved to keep up the agitation through the press.

ST. JOHN STUDENTS AT U. N. B.

A Frederickian dispatch says: "The following are the names and percentages of the one knowing the whereabouts of same please notify, GEORGE SPENCER."

To cure Headache in ten minutes

Use KUMFORD Headache Powders.

STRIKE CONDITIONS.

Strikers As Yet Have Received No Pay From Their Union, But Expect Remittance Shortly.

The trackmen all along the C. P. R. entered into the strike with the understanding that if the trouble extended over a period of two weeks each man would receive from the National Brotherhood compensation at the rate of \$20 per month, beginning at the first day.

The strike has now lasted over a month, and although no money from the union has as yet been received, the men expect the first remittance shortly, as the necessary formalities have been complied with. The committee of the local section has prepared its statement and the list of men eligible for the fund and forwarded it to headquarters a few days ago. Allowing for time of transmission and verification, they expect returns in a week or so.

One of the prominent striking trackmen in Fairville, told a Sun reporter yesterday that all the men in the St. John West section had secured at least temporary work and were receiving pay at the average rate of \$1.40 per day. Some were laboring in quarries and mills and others were working at odd jobs about the town.

He also stated that he had received information that the same conditions prevailed at McAdam. The conditions of the strike and the demands of the strikers remain unchanged. One of the local foremen who was receiving \$2 per day on the C. P. R., is now working on the Shore Line as a section man. The Sun had been previously informed that he was now receiving \$1 per day, but the reporter's informant of yesterday stated that his pay amounted to \$1.25.

Trains continue to run on schedule time along this division of the C. P. R.

HELP WANTED, MALE.

Advertisements under this head inserted free of charge.

Boys wanted to deliver the STAR. Apply at once to the Star Office, Canterbury street.

WANTED AT ONCE—One Furniture Upholster; steady work to a good man. FRED M. DUNHAM, 408 Main Street, N. B.

BOY WANTED.—A strong boy at the Hygienic Bakery, 130 Mill street.

BOYS WANTED.—Two bell boys wanted. Apply at Victoria Hotel.

A good, strong boy wanted for printing office. Apply to GEO. A. KNOBLE, Church street.

BOY WANTED.—Apply to the SCOTT & LAWTON FACTORY, Cor. Brunswick and Erin streets.

A teamster wanted. Apply at Barker's White Store, 100 Princess street.

A lad about fifteen to work in a grocery store. Apply to W. A. MAGNUS, Cor. Charlotte and Princess streets.

A Third Engineer wanted for S. S. Kenilworth. Apply to TROOP & SON.

Bell Boy wanted. Apply at the DUPERRIN.

WANTED.—A First-Class Moulder; one capable of taking charge of moulding shop; steady employment. Apply to J. M. HUIB-DICK, Mirmich Poultry, Chatham, N. B. Box 314.

HELP WANTED, FEMALE.

Advertisements under this head inserted free of charge.

WANTED.—A girl for general housework. References required. Apply to MRS. E. A. EVERETT, 80 Sydney street