

THE WEEKLY SUN.

ST. JOHN, N. B., MAY 12, 1897.

GREATER NEW YORK.

Governor Black has signed the Greater New York charter bill, which will take effect on the first of next January. The new city has a population of over three millions, and its limits embrace more than half the wealth of the entire state of New York. It has an area of 306 square miles, and its greatest length is 35 miles from Mount St. Vincent to Tottenville. It is divided into the boroughs of Manhattan, the Bronx, Queens, Brooklyn and Richmond, the voters of each borough electing a borough president, to preside over the borough board, while the whole city will elect at large a mayor, a president of the council and a comptroller. The mayor's term is four years, and his annual salary is \$15,000. The president of the council, also elected for four years, is paid \$5,000 a year. The municipal assembly consists of the council and board of aldermen. The 28 members of the council each receive a salary of \$1,500 a year, and the 60 members of the board of aldermen \$1,000 a year. There are also borough boards, consisting of the members of the municipal assembly for each borough, to look after local matters. The board of public improvements is one of the most important bodies in the city government. It contains a president, who is appointed by the mayor; the corporation counsel, who is appointed by the people; and the commissioners of water supply, of highways, of street cleaning, of sewers, of public buildings, lighting, and supplies; of bridges, and the borough presidents, the latter only voting upon matters relating to their boroughs. The commissioners receive each \$7,500 a year. There is also a board of estimate and apportionment, that makes the city budget. It consists of the mayor, comptroller, corporation counsel, president of the council and president of the department of taxes and assessment. Any scheme of improvement which goes through the local boards and the municipal assembly must also meet the approval of the board of estimate and apportionment. The head of the police department consists of four commissioners, appointed by the mayor. The charter makes the comptroller a very powerful officer. His salary is \$10,000. He appoints the receiver of taxes, the receiver of interest on bonds and mortgage and of rents, a bureau for the collection of taxes and water rents in arrears and an auditing bureau. He sits in the board of improvement and in the board of estimate and apportionment.

Greater New York will be second only to London in area and population among the cities of the world. It will elect 15 of the 34 representatives from New York state in congress, and 60 of the 150 members of the state assembly, and nearly half of the members of the state senate. The total value of assessed real estate in Greater New York is \$2,221,879,805, and its total indebtedness is \$170,000,000. It has more than ten saloons to every church, and there are 1,100 churches. The mayor will control more patronage than the governor of the state, and it goes without saying that Tammany will do its best to get political control of the enlarged city.

THE BEHRING SEA DISPUTE.

The New York Mail and Express is very angry over Lord Salisbury's rejection of the proposition of the American government to renew the arrangement for a close season in Behring Sea this year, such as has been maintained for the past three or four years. It says:

This honorable proposal has been rejected and set at naught by Lord Salisbury's refusal to renew a case which, he contends, was closed by the action of the Paris conference. This unbecoming attitude of the British government places the United States in a position of considerable embarrassment. The overture for a conference to provide better protection for the seal was based to a considerable extent upon the acknowledgment of English investigators that the present system is grossly inadequate. It was prompted, not by a desire to vilify or undo the findings of the Paris tribunal, but to execute them honestly and in perfect good faith. Great Britain has notoriously evaded the obligations placed upon her by the judgment of that body. The Paris arbitrators devised a system of international regulations which, if vigorously enforced by the contracting parties, would have given ample protection to the seals. This government has performed its part of the work faithfully and effectively, but Great Britain has persistently neglected hers.

The Mail and Express wanders far from the record when it asserts that the United States government has carried out the obligations imposed upon it by the Paris arbitrators. The Paris tribunal of arbitration decided that the American government should pay the Canadian sealers for the capture of their vessels, but did not fix the amount of damages, leaving that for the two nations to adjust. Ambassador Pauncefoot and Secretary of State Gresham investigated the matter and agreed that the United States should pay the lump sum of \$425,000. When the voting of this award came up in the United States senate, Senator Morgan declared that the amount was entirely too great,

and he persuaded the senate to reject it and the whole matter was referred to a board of arbitrators. It may be years before the board reports. Meantime the Canadian sealers are kept out of their money by the United States. Under these circumstances it is any wonder that Lord Salisbury has declined the request of the American government to assist in excluding Canadian sealers from Behring Sea for another season?

WAR IN SOUTH AFRICA.

It now looks as if the Boers were unconsciously working to hasten the inevitable domination of Great Britain in South Africa. An appeal to arms could have but one end, yet the present position of the Boers is apparently that of resolute independence and preparation for any eventually but surrender. A circular from the Transvaal has been distributed in Cape Colony and the Orange Free State, calling upon the Afrikaners for help, saying: "We do not want your money or moral support; we want you to come and help us."

This time Great Britain will not be caught napping and there will be no Mjumba Hill disaster to chronicle. A strong British fleet hovers around Delagoa Bay, and the land forces have been strengthened to a degree that will enable them to assume the offensive, should occasion demand, with the certainty of victory. England has been steadily preparing for war at the Cape ever since the appearance of the remarkable bill of damages from the Transvaal on account of the Jameson raid. The attitude of Sir Alfred Milner, the newly appointed British high commissioner to South Africa, will go far toward determining the future relations of Great Britain and the republics, but the view Sir Alfred will take of the situation may be in some degree foretold from the language used by Mr. Chamberlain in bidding him farewell, and by the significant speech of Mr. Goschen in responding to a toast at a dinner given to the high commissioner on April 12th. The chancellor of the exchequer then said:

"He (Sir Alfred) will have great duties to perform, but it occasionally he may feel that he would wish to breathe a wave of British atmosphere, let him go down to Simonstown, the headquarters of the British squadron. He will find there Admiral Rawson, who has just concluded with the greatest credit to himself that Benin expedition in which no mistakes were made, and in which a great success was achieved. Admiral Rawson is a gentleman of fifteen years, and he is an admiral of comparatively advanced years, but he has indomitable pluck, and in a sun the fierce rays of which have never exceeded he marched from the base of his operations at Benin which he took with a resolution that never wavered and a power of organization which has never been surpassed. He will also find Mr. Gallant, British consul, and the red coats of the British troops. They will be the representatives to him, as they are of this country, of British power in the neighborhood of South Africa. They will be a guarantee to him and our colonies—the loyal men who support British rule in that country—that this country is determined to maintain its supremacy in these quarters and to back its supremacy with the power of the British empire. (Cheers.)"

A GREAT OPPORTUNITY.

It is announced that Col. Donville and Col. Tucker will accompany Mr. Laurier to London, apparently as representatives of New Brunswick. Neither of them is a native of New Brunswick, and if the province has any choice in the matter it is quite safe to say that neither of them would be chosen. Col. Tucker is on record as saying that he wanted nothing, and would even refuse the governor-generalship, so eager was he to serve the interests of this constituency and remove the boards from his windows. Col. Donville would have accepted a gory but glorious grave on the far off Soudan, but is not generally known to have sought anything less worthy of his fighting blood. There is very little doubt that as members of the premier's retinue this gallant pair will attract a degree of attention in the world's metropolis, and shine with a lustre all their own. Col. Tucker will be able to gather some new ideas in architecture as applied to deserted farm houses, and Col. Donville may be able to send some adherents of the Mahdi back to the Nile region with a wholesome terror of the British army. It is a great opportunity.

ABOUT COMBINES.

The Telegraph says that combines are all powerful in Canada. As evidence of the fact it states that the cotton combine tried to close the St. John cotton mills and failed. This is a singular proof of power, and one that few persons outside of the Telegraph editorial room would care to advance. Success, not failure, is the best evidence of power. The government, the Telegraph says, proposes to check the operations of the combines by passing a law which will render them harmless. Taking the case of the cotton mills again, or the recent case of the wire nail association, if the members decide to cut prices even below the cost of production, does the Telegraph mean to say that the government will compel them to put the price up again? There is no such suggestion in the measure brought down by the government the other day. Its object purports to be to ensure low prices to the consumer. The only power the government will have will be to reduce or abolish the duty, and

NOTICE TO SUBSCRIBERS.

T. S. Wilkinson is canvassing and collecting for THE SUN in Carleton County, and T. E. A. Pearson in Queens County, N. B. J. E. Austin is doing like work in Digby and Yarmouth Counties, N. S. The manager asks subscribers who are in arrears to please pay the collectors when called on.

It does not pretend to deal with competition between different manufacturers. The proposed measure is alleged to be in the interests of the consumer, but if adopted it will, as the Sun has pointed out, place every industry at the mercy of a government which will be quite unscrupulous enough to take the fullest advantage of its power for political purposes. When it calls upon a manufacturer or an association of manufacturers to put up or shut up, there will be no alternative. The country will be at the mercy of a grit combine, with J. Israel Tarte at its head.

FAVORING U. S. CATTLE.

The government is pursuing its vigorous policy of retaliating against the United States in the expected way. It has just amended the regulations relating to cattle shipments from Montreal so that United States cattle can be shipped cheaper than Canadian. The United States regulations are made to apply to cattle from that country, while the Canadian shipper must abide by the Canadian regulations. This means that U. S. cattle can be shipped from Canadian ports in a space of 2 feet 6 inches, while Canadian cattle, although perhaps on the same deck, must have a space of 2 feet 8 inches. As a result, on Friday afternoon space was offered for American cattle at 47s. 6d., while Canadian cattle were quoted at 50s. Canadian shippers are indignant, but Mr. Laurier's American friends will be much pleased.

Large quantities of Manitoba flour have been shipped during the last few months to Australia. A Victoria, B. C., paper of recent date notes that large shipments are going forward via Hong Kong, this roundabout route being the only Canadian one available that could handle the large quantity offered. The Winnipeg Free Press now announces that a shipment of several carloads is to be made to South Africa. It goes from the Keewatin mills, and will be sent via New York.

The Montreal Trade Bulletin is rather severe on Mr. Tarte, in discussing his recent letter to the Montreal Witness relative to the Montreal harbor works. The Bulletin reminds Mr. Tarte that the views of the harbor commissioners should be considered, and that he should regard this very important work from a business and not from a political standpoint. This is sound advice, but it imposes too great a task on the present minister of public works.

The New York Sun denounces the Queen's jubilee as "secretly intended to resuscitate the monarchical sentiment not only in the British possessions, but in the United States as well," and speaks of her majesty as "an utterly commonplace, dwarfed, lethargic type of femininity." Editor Dana's coarseness is on a par with that of the New York police magistrate who on Grant day in sentencing one of the sailors of H. M. S. Talbot to jail for three days for drunkenness, remarked, "This is how we get even with the Queen."

The resolution introduced into the United States senate after the defeat of the arbitration treaty is deficient in one respect. The words which we insert in brackets are intended to be read with it by every patriotic citizen of the republic:

Resolved, That the United States of America deprecates war and desires the maintenance of peace and friendship with all the world (except England), and that this desire is not limited to their relations with any one nation (except England), but extends to all relations with all the nations of the earth (except England), whether the same be great or small, strong or weak (except England).

SUSSEX NEWS.

Sussex, May 10.—Rev. Mr. Neale left his home in Andover this morning, after spending nearly two weeks in Sussex. He conducted services morning and evening in Trinity church, to very good sized congregations and won the good will of those whom he met. He expects to return to Sussex to take charge of Trinity church early in July.

Mr. Gillis of Springfield, who is studying for the ministry, read the lessons at these services.

Dr. Burnett left here on Friday last for Montreal for the purpose of spending a few weeks at the famous McGill college at that place for the purpose of further studying the recent methods of surgery.

Another sparring contest between two of our young men took place here on Friday evening in a field in the rear of the freight house in the presence of an orderly crowd. This time good sized boxing gloves were used and five lively rounds were gone through and no harm done. The referee declared the event a draw, which gave the best satisfaction.

Ethel M. Popenop proposed last night, and I accepted. Edie (sweetly)—Yes, he told me yesterday afternoon that if I refused his proposal to the very first girl of his acquaintance that he dropped across.

FREDERICTON.

Death of One of the Oldest Justices of the Peace—The Freshet Falling Slowly.

Fredericton, May 10.—Isaac Kilburn, one of the oldest justices of the peace in the province, died here this morning at the residence of his daughter, Mrs. John Palmer, where he has resided of late. The deceased was formerly a resident of Kingsclear, and belonged to one of the first families in York county. He was 86 years old and leaves a widow, one son, Charles Kilburn, and four daughters, Mrs. Palmer of this city, Mrs. Morrison of California, and Annie and Matilda, unmarried.

Another death occurred at Nashwaakias of a well known and highly respected gentleman, William E. Johnston, who has suffered for some time from a trying disease, passed quietly away this morning. Deceased was 70 years old, and for years carried on a general business at Nashwaakias. His widow, four sons and one daughter survive him.

A report was current here this afternoon that an attempt had been made on Saturday night to cut the Mitchell boom, which now holds about ten millions of lumber. Whether this was malicious or accidental, the officers of the company are not as yet sure. An efficient watch is now kept on the premises.

The freshet is still falling slowly here. Nothing new has been reported from the lumber drives today.

Five members of the family of Adolphus Sewell of Lincoln, Sunbury Co., were removed to the hospital today, all suffering from typhoid fever, and two others were too ill to be conveyed to the hospital.

Fredericton, May 9.—The members of the Fredericton bar presented Daniel Jordan, Q. C., with a complimentary address on Saturday upon the occasion of his removal from this city to St. John. The address was read by Geo. F. Gregory, and was accompanied by a souvenir. Mr. Jordan in reply spoke of the happy association and friendship he had made during his residence here, and said the gentlemanly treatment he had received from the bar of Fredericton was always associated with the most pleasant recollections.

Encouraging reports still continue to arrive from the lumber drives. Very little information is yet to hand from the upper St. John, but on the Tobique and Miramichi the lumber is getting into safe water.

MONCTON.

Counterfeiting on a Small Scale Discovered in a City Boarding House.

Sudden Death of George F. Logan—A. E. Killam Gets a Job.

Moncton, May 10.—The funeral of the late Mrs. H. A. Whitney yesterday afternoon was very largely attended. The floral offerings were numerous and very beautiful, and Rev. Mr. Brown, Rector of the Episcopal church, presided in the services at the house and church by Rev. W. W. Brewer, Methodist. The pall-bearers were: D. Pottinger, C. D. Thompson, Thos. Williams, E. T. Trites, C. P. Harris and J. W. Blinney.

Counterfeiting in a small way was unearthed in a city boarding house here the other day by a plumber who was making some repairs about the kitchen sink. Some fifteen or twenty counterfeit dollar pieces of the date of 1880 were discovered in a pile. They were spurious, evidently containing some aluminum, and altogether a very clumsy imitation, though some of them had been passed off during the winter. A man who boarded at the house is suspected of doing the work.

Rev. E. B. Hooper, secretary of the Church of England Sunday School Teachers' conference, has issued the programme for the meeting to be held in Woodstock May 18th and 19th. The conference consisted of declarations, recitations, singing, etc., in all of which the children acquitted themselves so admirably as to call forth rounds of applause. A sale of cake and candy was held which realized \$21 in aid of the school library.

Saturday morning Robert Pye, a prisoner confined in the county jail, awaiting trial at the supreme court, which it is to be opened here tomorrow, effected his escape from that institution, but did not enjoy liberty long, as he was captured about ten minutes thereafter. He had during the weary hours of his incarceration, extending over four months, made a key out of a piece of hardwood, in which he skillfully cut wards to fit the large lock attached to the grated door of the jail corridor, and also carved a wooden dummy lock, a facsimile in outward appearance, to hang on the staple to deceive the jailer. He also manufactured from a short piece of hoop iron a key with which he opened the lock in the solid iron door. When he got out of the corridor into the hall, instead of escaping through the hall door, he went out by the window in the sheriff's room, and was seen by a girl, a ward of the jailer. Before leaving, Pye had thoroughly blackened his face and neck with soot. He met the jailer as he turned the court house corner, who did not recognize him. The jailer continued on to the jail, where he learned that the prisoner had escaped. He immediately turned his horse about and drove after the man, who had taken across the church graveyard and up the hill in the direction of the wheellock house. In response to the cries of the jailer to stop him, some of the workmen did so, and the poor fellow was soon back again behind the bars, from which he had so ingeniously escaped.

Widow (who has received news of her husband's demise in the far west) and how did poor William meet his death? Western friends—He didn't meet it at all, ma'am. The boys had to chase him ten miles before they could catch him and put the rope round his neck.

MANCHESTER'S TONIC Condition Powder.
A Preparation put up by qualified Veterinary Surgeons and compounded from the purest drugs and Medicines to be obtained, without the use of any of the popular and useless horse medicine of the day, it not only cures Coughs, Croup, Sore Throat, Hoarseness, Stomach and Bowel Disorders, but also Cures Distemper, Swelled Legs, Hidesound, Bots and Worms, and all the other ailments which afflict the horse. It is a powerful tonic and gives strength to every part of the horse's body, making him more capable of doing his work. It is sold by all Druggists and Merchants. Price 2s. 6d. per box. Sent by Post for 3s. 6d. in advance. A. & J. MANCHESTER & Co., 10, John St., N. B.

at the by-election in 1895 against Mr. Powell. He had a large personal following, and his translation from active politics must seriously weaken the party in this county.

THE COURTS.

The case of Chapman v. Hawker was before the county court all day. The defendant is a blacksmith in the north end and plaintiff was hired with him. Plaintiff alleges that his hiring was for some months and that he was dismissed at the end of two months. The case will be continued this morning. D. Mullin for plaintiff; C. J. Coster for defendant.

In the admiralty court, Capt. Thos. C. Bell v. ship William Gordon, a suit by the captain for his wages and disbursements, Judge McLeod delivered judgment yesterday morning. He ordered the vessel to be sold on Thursday next at 12 o'clock, noon, for the captain's wages and some of his disbursements, subject to the sailors' wages, port charges, and wharfage. The captain's costs also to be paid out of the proceeds of the sale.

Mrs. Weldon, executrix of Charles W. Weldon, who holds a mortgage on the ship, was allowed her costs and the amount due her under the mortgage after payment of the above mentioned claims. C. J. Coster for Captain Bell, C. A. Palmer and H. H. McLean for the Weldon estate.

The estate of the late Scott Fairley was before the equity court yesterday. A suit has been brought by Justus Fairley, a brother of deceased, to have an interdictory receiver appointed for the estate in the place of the executors of the will, who are Robert C. Boyer and James S. Fairley. The legacies under the will are: Justus Fairley, \$4,000; James Fairley, \$250 annually; Margaret Cameron, \$1,000; James S. Fairley, nephew, \$500; John C. Fairley, nephew, \$500; Martha I. Fairley, niece, \$1,000; the children of Sarah A. Fairley, \$1,000; Mrs. M. E. Schofield, \$500; Mrs. Jane Long, \$500; Miss Ida Long, \$500; Miss Christina Mersereau, \$300; Geo. Fairley, \$400; Allan Fairley, \$400; James Moir, \$300; Justus W. Fairley, dwelling house and barns and adjoining land at Blackville; Robert C. Boyer to have the use of the house during his lifetime; \$1,000 to go to the Methodist church; and also Mr. Fairley's right in the public hall at Blackville.

It was arranged by consent of the parties that the interim injunction should be continued; that W. C. Winslow should be appointed a receiver, and that a special case should be stated for the opinion of the court as to the payment of the annuities and as to the bequest of \$3,000 to one of the executors.

Wm. Fugaley, Q. C., and Wesley Vanwart, Q. C., appeared for the plaintiff and for some of the devisees under the will, I. J. Twissie and A. I. Trueman for the executors, and E. P. Williston for several of the legatees and next of kin.

ST. ANDREWS.

St. Andrews, May 10.—Thursday afternoon last the children of the schools in the intermediate department building, celebrated Arbor day by an entertainment given in Memorial hall in the presence of a large number of pleased and interested spectators. The exercises consisted of declamations, recitations, singing, etc., in all of which the children acquitted themselves so admirably as to call forth rounds of applause. A sale of cake and candy was held which realized \$21 in aid of the school library.

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VETERINARY DEPARTMENT.

Conducted By J. W. Manchester, V. S., St. John, N. B.

THE WEEKLY SUN takes pleasure in notifying its readers that it has perfected arrangements with J. W. Manchester, V. S., whereby all questions with reference to diseases of the lower animals will be answered by him, and treatment prescribed in those cases where it is asked for through the columns of THE SUN.

All enquiries must be addressed: VETERINARY DEPARTMENT, Weekly Sun, St. John, N. B.

Farmer.—I have a three year old heifer that calved in February last. About four weeks ago there came a lump on the back part of the udder. After a time the lump burst near the stifle joint. She is now swelled along the belly, but eats and feels well. What had I better do?

Ans.—Use poultices of linseed meal and see that the udder is kept perfectly clean. Give plenty of good food and exercise. Do not use the milk until she is better.

C. H. C.—(1) What is the best thing to give a cow for retention of the afterbirth? (2) What is the best food to give a cow before calving in order to prevent the trouble? (3) What is good to feed young pigs when the mother will not own them?

Ans.—(1) Give half ounce doses of castor oil every second day until better. (2) A well fed cow seldom has this trouble. (3) Cow's milk, with a little molasses in it.

Farmer.—Your question is not suitable for this column.

THE NEWS AT INDIANTOWN.

The steamer David Weston on her last trip from Fredericton made the fastest run of recent years from Hampton wharf to Indiantown wharf. The distance is 20 miles, and the Weston made the distance, including four stops, in exactly two hours and ten minutes. When an allowance of fifteen or twenty minutes is made for the stops, and under the most favorable circumstances they could not be made in any quicker time, the run must be considered a very speedy one. The Weston is running faster this season than for many years, and it is the intention of the management to do everything they can to increase her speed.

The river is steadily falling at Indiantown, and the wharves of the wharves that were under water are once more dry. The water has already fallen sufficiently to allow the street railway people to turn their cars, and as a result two of the open cars were run yesterday.

The tug Hercules and Captain went up to the Reach for some logs on Saturday. The new tug Mildred, which took some scoops up to the Bellisle, returned to Brown's wharf Saturday and is now on her way to Fredericton with the schooner S. A. Fowles. (From Tuesday's Daily Sun.)

The water in the river continues falling and in a few days all the Indiantown wharves will probably be high and dry. At Fredericton the water is about clear of the Star line warehouse.

Jordin's mill at Pleasant Point shut down yesterday while some repairs were being made.

A small schooner lumber laden arrived from Gibson yesterday. The new tug Mildred, which had a scow in tow, ran aground in the upper channel at the entrance to the Bellisle. The steamer Springfield came along about an hour after she struck and pulled her off. The Mildred did not receive any injuries.

A couple of salmon, the first of the season to be caught in the river, came down on the Olivette yesterday. The steamer Hampton did not go up river last night. On her down trip her propeller worked loose and the steamer was taken through the falls and put on Hilyard's blocks. She will go on her route again this afternoon.

The steamers Star, Springfield, Olivette, May Queen and Olifon came down yesterday. The Olivette had a number of carriages and wagons from Edgecombe's factory in Fredericton for points in Nova Scotia and P. E. Island.

NAMING THE PARK.

The total number of ballots that have been deposited up to May 8th is as follows:

Victoria	1,307
Queen's	3,125
Rockwood	1
Regina	1
Lilly Lake	2
Mt. Pleasant	24

The voting will be continued until further notice.

TOO EXPERT.
Chief of Police—Did you hear about that Cleveland man who fired four shots at a burglar and hit him every time?

Lieutenant—Yes.

Chief—Put his name down on the black list. He might want to get on the force some day.—Cleveland Leader.

Advertise in THE WEEKLY SUN.

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