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TWICE-A-WEEK.

Victoria Times.

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SULTAN IS ALARMED

Arabia, the Most Vulnerable Part of the Turkish Empire, is Now in Revolt.

The Ex-Grand Vizier Had to Fly for His Life for Suggesting Reforms.

Turkey is Now at the End of Its Tether, and Can Trifle no Longer.

London, Nov. 12.—A dispatch to the Standard from Constantinople says that the Sultan is alarmed because of the present critical state of affairs. From Arabia, the most vulnerable point of the Turkish empire, news has arrived of a conflict between Turkish troops and the Arab Bedouin, in which thirty persons were killed. Despite the reports of trouble in the Arabian provinces, the last detachment of troops sent to Arabia was detained five days at Port Said for lack of money to pay canal dues.

A dispatch to the Times from Constantinople says that Kiamil Pasha, just appointed to the post of Wali at Aleppo, after having raised strenuous objections to the representatives of foreign governments because of his appointment to the undesirable position of Wali of Aleppo is still very ill. He was suffering severely when he embarked on the steamer ordered to take him to Smyrna by the Turkish government, but members of his family received significant hints that it would be advisable for him to depart at once. Not one of his friends were allowed to approach the house or the boat for the purpose of bidding him farewell.

Another dispatch to the Times from Constantinople says that reports have been received there of the new disturbance at Mush. The British embassy at Constantinople is in possession of the reports, but so far no details have been received.

Constantinople, Nov. 12.—Sir Phillip Currie, the British ambassador to Turkey, is expected back to his post at the end of the week. He was called to London in order to consult with the foreign office and other government officials regarding the situation here, and the affairs of the British charge d'affaires, has been in charge of the embassy during his absence.

An official note was issued by the Porte today expressing the Sultan's thanks for the "energetic measures taken by the imperial authorities in view of the disturbances and revolts which have broken out in certain provinces of Asia Minor, which were due to the seditious intrigues of Armenian agitators."

The note adds: "Order has now been restored in all the districts which were recently the scene of riots and conflicts and precautions have been taken to secure the maintenance of the situation here."

Each day a situation here grows graver, and to-day is no exception to the rule. The reply of the Porte to the communications of the ambassadors yesterday had been awaited with some curiosity, as the representatives of the Powers used much time in their interviews upon being immediately informed as to what steps the Turkish government intended to take to restore order in the disturbed provinces of Asia Minor.

The Porte to-day, replying to the identical notes of the ambassadors of Germany, Austria and Italy, simply said that the information regarding the scheme for reform in Armenia will be forwarded to the representatives of the Powers without delay, in other words, these three ambassadors obtained no satisfactory answer at all. It is not yet known if the notes of the ambassadors of Great Britain, Austria and France have been replied to, but it is presumed that they also were assured that their requests for information regarding the proposed reforms would be complied with "without delay."

Advices received here to-day announce fresh disturbances at Marash, Bitlis and Sivas, with attendant massacres.

It is also announced that a battalion of Turkish troops, which was in garrison at Zeitoun, and which recently distinguished itself by surrounding and slaughtering a number of Armenian insurgents, was later besieged in the barracks by the Armenians, to whom the soldiers eventually capitulated with arms and ammunition, bag and baggage. It is added that the Armenians now occupy the quarters at Zeitoun previously occupied by the Turkish soldiers. The Armenians, it is further stated, have garrisoned all the important positions in and about Zeitoun, and are gathering ammunition and provisions, throwing up fortifications, and in every way preparing to hold the place.

Considerable anxiety is felt in American circles here on account of the absence of news from the districts where the American missionaries are stationed, and United States Ambassador Terrell has telegraphed Commissioner Dana here at Harpe asking if the American mission is safe.

According to advices received to-day from Hadjin, several villages in that vicinity have been attacked by rioters, who massacred the inhabitants and plundered their property. It is feared the disturbance will extend to Hadjin. It is stated this afternoon in European official circles here that as the result of an additional exchange of views between the Powers, through their representatives here and at the different cap-

THE PANIC AVERTED

Rothschild and Other Big Bankers Come to the Rescue of the Paris Bourse.

The Atlantic Liner Had a Rather Rough Time of It This Voyage.

Yellow Fever Finds Its Way to England in a British Ship—Business Prospects.

London, Nov. 12.—The Paris correspondent of the Times says it is understood that only the intervention of the Rothschilds on Saturday prevented the panic at Paris from becoming positively disastrous. A dispatch to the Daily News from Berlin says that but for the assistance rendered by the Rothschilds on Saturday the Bourse prices would have been still weaker. The panic could not have been worse on the eve of a general European war. At Vienna, according to the Daily News correspondent, the newspaper offices were thronged Saturday night with people who were clinging to the hope that Lord Salisbury's speech Saturday at London might possibly put an end to the panic. At a meeting today at Vienna of the directors and managers of the principal banks it was resolved, in case the panic should continue, to initiate collective action for the purpose of preventing the further fall of securities. A dispatch to the Times from Vienna says that since Friday Credit Mobilier shares have fallen 20 florins, Austria state railway shares 40 florins, Turkish tobacco shares 44 florins. Since the memorable collapse of 1873 no such startling panic has occurred in Vienna.

For the first time since his incarceration, Oscar Wilde was brought into the open air to-day for the purpose of being publicly examined in the bankruptcy court regarding his assets.

Wilde looked pale and weary, and was but a shadow of his former nonchalant self. His liabilities were £3301, with no available assets. It transpired in the course of the examination that there was a marriage settlement in favor of Wilde's wife of £800 a year.

A violent southwesterly gale prevailed at Queenstown throughout Saturday and Sunday, accompanied by heavy seas. While anchoring in her harbor the Canadian steamship Milet, from Montreal, was blown to the eastern bank where she grounded. Two tugs were still at work trying to float her. H. M. S. Speedy and Halcyon, and many other vessels, are now sheltering in the harbor.

Business on the stock exchange this morning was of a fluctuating nature, but during the afternoon a decidedly better feeling in both foreign stocks and mining shares was visible.

Newcastle-on-Tyne, Nov. 12.—The Norwegian ship Milet, from Montreal, has been towed here with eleven of her crew prostrated with yellow fever. Two members of her crew died on the voyage of that disease. Everything possible is being done for the sick men, and the ship will be thoroughly disinfected before anything or anybody is allowed to land from her.

TO SUBJUGATE ASHANTI

War Will Likely Be Declared at the Next Cabinet Council.

London, Nov. 12.—It is expected that war against Ashanti will be declared at the next cabinet council.

The authorities at Woolwich arsenal have received orders to forward all the necessary stores to Accra.

THE CUBAN INSURGENTS WIN

Many Victories, but the Censored Press in Cuba Cannot Give Truthful Reports.

The Situation in Cuba at the Present Time is Considered Very Serious.

London, Nov. 12.—A dispatch to the Times from Madrid says that advices received from Havana indicate that the situation in Cuba at the present time is very critical and that general alarm is felt over the existing state of affairs.

New York, Nov. 12.—The American brig Harriet G. arrived at quarantine to-day from Nuevitas, Cuba. The Harriet G. is owned by Mosle Bros. of this city, and trades regularly between New York and Nuevitas. She sailed from this port on August 25 and reached Nuevitas on September 19, where she discharged her cargo. On October 3 a Spanish officer with several soldiers boarded the brig and made a thorough search for a large quantity of arms, which the Spanish officials had been informed were on board the vessel. The brig was ransacked from stem to stern, but no arms were found. The Spanish officer went so far as to demand that Captain Miller remove from below all his anchor chains. This the captain refused to do, and the officer was reluctantly forced to leave the vessel. The United States consul was on board at the time, but could do nothing. Capt. Miller will report the facts of the search of his vessel to the proper authorities at Washington City. There was on board the Harriet G. a young Cuban passenger named Gustav Torre, who said that he was persecuted by the Spanish authorities—that he was compelled to leave the island and come to the United States.

Mr. C. V. Yelie, a Cuban who has been in Spain on a mission in the interest of the insurgent cause, arrived in New York city to-day. He expects to lead an expedition to Cuba in the near future. His father, he said, is in Paris, where he is doing good work in the cause of Cuban independence. Mr. Yelie gave it as his opinion that it is now too late for the Spanish government to offer concessions to the struggling Cubans, as the insurgents are in good condition, and expect the consummation of their hopes in a Cuban republic.

Tampa, Fla., Nov. 12.—Passengers arriving from Cuba to-night say Col. Rego, in an engagement eight days ago, near Cumayaguan, captured 16 prisoners. Rego notified the Spanish authorities to send for them. The authorities dispatched a committee consisting of Col. Valle, Capt. Rios, two lieutenants, a doctor and a priest, who received the prisoners from Rego and gave him a formal receipt for them. Radical Spaniards are greatly displeased with Valle for treating with the insurgents and practically recognizing them as belligerents. They would rather see the prisoners die. The forces of Col. Molina had an engagement with Locretia's insurgent forces in Las Villas Thursday. A passenger stated that the Spaniards who were in the engagement told him Molina and 100 Spaniards were killed, but the censored papers next morning announced that but one officer and seven soldiers had been killed.

Boston, Nov. 12.—The following resolution was passed to-day at a patriotic mass meeting in the People's Temple: "Resolved, that we, as citizens of Boston and New England, unite in asking President Grover Cleveland to do for Cuba all things in his power by granting belligerent rights. It is our belief that Cuba should be free. Resolved, that our sympathies go forth to the patriots of the island."

Thoma, Nov. 12.—The Washington Sons of the Revolution Society, through its board of managers, has by resolution pledged itself to extend its aid to the struggling Cuban revolutionists.

Hall's Hair Renewer cures dandruff and scalp affections; also all cases of baldness where the glands which feed the roots of the hair are not closed up.

LOOKING TO CONFEDERATION

Newfoundland's Premier Coming to Canada, Presumably for This Purpose.

St. John's, Nfld., Nov. 12.—Preparations are being made for the arrest of all persons implicated in the frauds connected with the scuttling of the ships along the coast of Newfoundland. The police have in their possession a list of all persons who are supposed to have been at the bottom of the matter. The steamer Fronto starts to-morrow for the purpose of making arrests at different points along the coast.

Sir William Whiteaway, premier of this colony, visits Canada early next month. His motive is not known here, but it is supposed that his visit has some connection with the matter of confederation.

The government papers state that Newfoundland is on the eve of important movements affecting the destiny of the colony. Moral, political and financial affairs are demoralized and every branch of the public service requires reorganization. It is difficult to effect reforms from within, owing to the damage done by reckless and corrupt administrations in the past.

NOT WORTH MENTIONING

Lord Salisbury Evidently Attaches But Little Importance to the Venezuelan Question.

So That the American Jingoists Find They Have Been Howling About Nothing.

Washington, Nov. 12.—Lord Salisbury's failure to mention the Venezuelan question in his Guildhall speech is regarded as a most significant omission. The speech is supposed to sum up the premier's position on all foreign questions that are regarded as of pressing importance, and this avoidance of all mention of Venezuela is construed to mean that the premier attaches less importance to it than has been supposed.

GROUNDING OF THE QUADRA. Investigation Being Held This Afternoon by Captain Devereux.

Captain Devereux, superintendent of the Esquimaux dry dock, is conducting an investigation into the cause of the grounding of the Dominion steamer Quadra on Fulford Reef on the 25th of October last. The investigation is being held at the office of Captain Gaudin, agent of marine, and is a most searching one, the minutest details being inquired into. The witnesses are Captain W. W. Brin, his officers and crew and Keeper Brin, of the Discovery Island lighthouse.

Captain Walbran was in the witness box all morning. His statement is to the effect that on account of the smoky weather that prevailed at the time he and his officers mistook Cadboro Point for the one farther south, and having some departmental work to carry out in Baynes Channel the course of the vessel was altered for that passage, with the result that they ran on Fulford Reef. The deviations of the compass were well known and often ascertained by Captain Walbran, and there were no errors made in the intended course to Discovery Island.

The first witness this afternoon was Keeper Grimm, of Discovery Island lighthouse, who stated that the weather on the 24th and 25th of October was foggy and smoky, and in consequence of this the fog horn was blowing continually. He was followed by First Mate Owen, who corroborated the captain's statement as far as he knew up to the time of the accident. At 4 o'clock Second Mate Barrow is in the witness stand, and as there are yet a number of witnesses to be heard the investigation will probably not be concluded till to-morrow.

EMBARGO ON HIDES REMOVED

For Importation into the United States From Various Countries.

Washington, D. C., Nov. 12.—The President to-day issued a proclamation dated on the 8th instant, reciting that all countries from which hides are imported into the United States, are now free from contagious diseases among meat cattle, and in consequence of the prohibition of importation of cattle and hides from Norway, Sweden, Holland, Great Britain, Ireland and the Channel Islands and the countries of North, Central and South America, including Mexico, all importations of cattle are, however, to be made under regulations prescribed by the secretary of agriculture, and of hides under the regulations of the secretary of the treasury.

BROKE THE FISHERY LAWS

Seizure of American Fishing Boats—Pleading for Her Son.

Ottawa, Nov. 12.—The commander of the Petrel, which seized the United States fishing tug Telephone on Saturday in Lake Erie near Amherstburg, has reported to the department. He says the case is one of gross infraction of Canadian law and rights. The vessel was at least seven miles within the territorial waters of Canada. There was a fog at the time and this may be urged in extenuation.

The government have received no advices of the seizure by the Russians of any Canadian sealing vessels in Okhotsk sea. If any sealed schooners are in custody, as reported, they are American. All the Canadian vessels are either at home or wintering in Japan. Moreover, the Okhotsk sea is not famous as a sealing ground, there being only one rookery there, upon which the American company procured 1900 seals in 1893 and none in 1892.

George G. Foster, of Montreal, is here to-day, accompanied by Mrs. Shortis, mother of Shortis, now under sentence of death at Beaulieu, and has presented a petition to Sir C. H. Tupper asking for a commutation of the death sentence to imprisonment for life.

The principal ground for the petition is that the weight was not given to the medical testimony, and in support of the petition there are affidavits signed by Dr. Bucke, London, Ont.; Dr. Clarke, Toronto; Dr. Chas. Clarke, Kingston; Dr. Anglin, Montreal, who hold that notwithstanding the verdict, they believe the prisoner to be incapable when he committed the crime on the 1st of March, and that he was insane then and is insane to-day. Sir Charles Tupper promised to consider the case, which will have to go finally before the cabinet. Mrs. Shortis did not call on the minister.

Philadelphia, Pa., Nov. 13.—The wire and factory of Philip Townsend & Co. of this city, was to-day destroyed by fire. Loss, \$250,000. About 2000 persons are thrown out of employment.

Washington, Nov. 13.—At the request of the interior department, General Watson, commanding the department of Colorado, has been instructed to hold his cavalry in readiness to leave if necessary for the scene of the killing of the two Indians on the Southern Ute agency, Colorado.

ROYAL Baking Powder, has been awarded highest honors at every world's fair where exhibited.

"CHAPLEAU HELP US"

Shipwrecked and Leaderless Tory Party Pleading for a Capable Navigator.

But Chapleau Wants a Guarantee of Good Faith Before Taking the Helm.

No Decision Reached in the St. John Mail Subsidy—Deep Water Ways Commission.

Ottawa, Nov. 13.—Lieutenant-Governor Chapleau has given Premier Bowell a definite answer to the appeals made to him to come to Ottawa. It is that he will not on any account come here before the approaching session of parliament, and as to whether he will come or not afterwards depends upon how the government will treat the school question during the session.

Efforts are now being made to induce Mr. Pelletier to accept Mr. Angers' place. He also hesitates, because such an action would be viewed in Quebec as condemning Mr. Angers for resigning.

The Dominion government has appointed three Canadian commissioners to meet the United States commissioners, recently appointed by President Cleveland, and confer with them on the question of the deep water way communication. The commissioners are T. C. Keefer, C.E., Thomas Munro, C.E., and O. A. Howland, M.P.E. All are in every way fitted for the service they are to perform.

At the customs department to-day \$500 consignment money was received from a resident of Washington, D.C.

The matter of the proposed steamship line between St. John and Liverpool is under consideration in the council. The government fully intended reaching a decision on the subject, but owing to the late arrival in the city of Messrs. Hughes, of Halifax, and Burnett, of Boston, representing the Furness line, who desire to submit a tender for the proposed service, the subject was not finally disposed of. The Furness line people have made an offer to the Beaver line, but the latter has not yet accepted it, it is said the Beaver line will not entertain the proposal.

Lieut. Governor Dewdney left for home to-day. Before going he advertised his house, in which Hon. Mr. Daly is staying, for sale.

ARMENIANS ARE AGGRESSIVE

The Worm Has Turned, and Now the Persecuted Have Become the Persecutors.

Nearly 15,000 Armenians Murdered in Recent Riots—American Gun Boats on Hand.

Constantinople, Nov. 12.—According to official Turkish advices received by the government to-day, the Armenians of Zeitoun have, since capturing the battalion of Turkish troops and practically obtaining Tschoukourkissar, killed 35 Mussulmans, pillaged a house at Dughel and carried off the arms and cattle of the inhabitants of that neighborhood. The Armenians are also said to have assassinated the secretary of the collection of customs of that part of the country.

The Vall of Aden, a town situated some distance from Zeitoun, and nearer the coast, telegraphs that 200 Armenians, disguised as Circassians, have attacked and plundered the Mussulman villages of Zeitunabel and Narl, killing a number of the inhabitants.

It is believed in some quarters that the estimate of 10,000 Armenians killed during the recent massacres, and ascribed to the Associated Press last week, may turn out to be considerably under the real total, and that the number may come nearer 15,000 than 10,000. Reports from Armenian sources place the number of killed at Diarbekir at over 2000; but this needs confirmation. It is admitted that there has been terrible bloodshed and that a large part of the town was burned.

Constantinople, Nov. 13.—It is now believed that the Powers will not take definite action against the Porte until all the naval squadrons are assembled in Turkish waters, which will be about the time the British ambassador to Turkey, Sir Phillip Currie, has returned here after consulting with his government as to the future action of Great Britain. In the meanwhile the state of suspense is decidedly weighing. The ambassadors themselves will be greatly relieved when the hour for action upon the part of Europe has arrived. Nobody doubts that this time is coming, and now it seems only a question of a few days.

Washington, D.C., Nov. 13.—The Turkish legation at Washington received from the Sublime Porte the following telegram under yesterday's date: "The Armenian rioters of Zeitoun attacked the village of Tschoukourkissar, killing 35 Mussulmans and carried away with them arms, cattle and belongings to the Mussulman villages of Dughel, and murdered the secretary of the tax collector. The wife and four children of this functionary are missing."

According to fresh advices from Diar-

bekir, the Armenians are alone responsible for the recent disorders, which were originated solely by the rebels firing on the mosque and by their attacking the Mussulman. The fire which broke out in Diarbekir was started by Armenian incendiaries, for 30 per cent. of the shops were destroyed, as also every article of merchandise burned belonging to the Mussulmans.

The Vali of Adan advises that about 200 Armenians disguised as Circassians attacked the Mussulman villages of Zeitunabel and Narl, committing all sorts of depredations.

Washington, Nov. 13.—An additional step looking to the preservation of American life and interests in Turkey will be taken by the navy department to-day. At a late hour this afternoon Secretary Herbert ordered the San Francisco, which is now at Marseilles, to Alexandria.

Admiral Selfridge was telegraphed at Havre to-day to proceed at once to Marseilles and fly his flag over the San Francisco, relieving Admiral Kirkland, who will return to the United States. The Marblehead is already at Mersine, which is only a few hours' sail from Alexandria. The two vessels will doubtless be sufficient to represent the American government in Turkish waters, but if more are needed they can be quickly dispatched there.

FROM THE ISLAND REPUBLIC

Hawaii Sends Her Minister to Washington—The Cholera Taught Honolulu a Lesson.

Sanitation will be Properly Attended To—Russia Competes With American Fish.

San Francisco, Nov. 13.—The Occidental and Oriental ship Coptic arrived here last night from the Orient and Hawaii.

Among the passengers from the latter place was A. T. Hatch, late minister of foreign affairs for the island republic, and recently appointed Hawaiian minister to the United States to succeed Minister Thurston.

The Coptic called at the ports which quarantine officials call infected, and it will be late this morning before she will depart. All the cabins with a few exceptions have been pardoned. Ex-Queen Lili has been ill, but it is reported that her sickness was not serious.

Cholera has disappeared, but the lesson it has taught will not be forgotten. The drainage of Honolulu has been perfected, creels walked up to the top and swamps have been cleared up.

Business was badly depressed by the cholera, but with the removal of the quarantine embargo it is now improving. The situation of the government is said to be absolutely unchanged.

Another passenger of importance was Major-General D. T. Subovitch, of the Russian army, lately stationed at Vladivostok. He talks of the commercial and industrial development of Russia, attaching the greatest importance to the trans-Siberian railway. He says Russia plans the establishment of great fishery canneries on the Asiatic coast. This operation means competition with United States fishing interests.

BOYS WORSE THAN DEMONS.

San Antonio, Tex., Nov. 13.—A report from Granada, West Indies, dated Nov. 10th, says: "A school building here in which 150 children were present, caught fire and before anything could be done, the whole building was ablaze. In spite of the heroic efforts of the people, the building was destroyed. Thirty-one children's bodies, as well as that of the teacher, have so far been taken out."

The fire is believed to be of incendiary origin, and two boys, who had been severely punished by the teacher, and suspended from school, are believed to be the authors of the crime. They have been arrested, but, so far, have not confessed.



W. H. Ward.

A LIFE SAVED BY TAKING

AYER'S CHERRY PECTORAL

Several years ago, I caught a severe cold, attended with a troublesome cough that allowed me no rest, either day or night. The doctors pronounced my case hopeless. A friend, learning of my trouble, sent me a bottle of Ayer's Cherry Pectoral. By the time I had used the whole bottle, I was completely cured, and I believe it saved my life. — W. H. WARD, 8 Quincy Ave., Lowell, Mass.

Ayer's Cherry Pectoral

Highest Awards at World's Fairs.
Ayer's Pills the Best Family Remedy.