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ST. JAMES'S CATHEDRAL (EPISCOPAL).

on to the east, at a curve of the bay, stand the County Jail and the old Windmill (from which our view of the city is taken); beyond which, at a short distance from the city, are being erected the new City Jail, &c.

ST. JAMES'S CATHEDRAL (EPISCOPAL).

There are about thirty Protestant churches of different denominations in Toronto, and four Romanist.

The largest of the Protestant churches is St. James's Cathedral (Episcopal), of which a view is here given. This noble structure stands upon the corner of Church and King Streets, and is the fourth parish church which has stood upon the same site. The first was of wood, and was erected in 1803. This building was enlarged and improved in 1818; but in 1832 it was taken down, and replaced by a second one, of stone, capable of holding nearly 2000 persons. This edifice was destroyed by fire in 1839; but a third church was immediately afterwards erected in its place. Ten years subsequently, the same fate befell this church; and in 1849 the corner-stone of the present enlarged and beautiful edifice was laid. The designs were furnished by Mr. F. W. Cumberland. The style adopted is that of the early English Gothic. In the interior are side aisles, nave, galleries, organ-loft, chancel, and the usual vestry-rooms. The transepts are not yet finished. The extreme length of the cathedral is 200 feet by 115 feet wide. The interior is 111 feet long by 75 feet wide. The height from the nave to the centre of the handsome open ceiling or roof is 70 feet, and from the aisles to the cornice, 35 feet. The tower and spire, when finished, will be 275 feet. The chancel is a semi-octagon in form, of a depth of 42 feet, each side being pierced by windows of the transition period, with rich and varied