battles, but in which he came off victorious, setting fire to the settlement, by way of punishment to his antagonists.

[TURBET, a township of Pennsylvania, on Susquehannah river. See Nouthumberland County.]

TURBIO, a small river of the province and captainships of Rio Janeyro in Brazil: it runs w, and enters the Parana between the rivers Paranapana and Tiete, or Añembi.

TURBO, a river of the province and settlement of Choco in the new kingdom of Granada. It rises in its mountains, and empties itself into the N. Sea, in the cove or gulf of Tucumari.

Tunno, a lake of the same name, on the const of the province and government of Darien, formed by the last-mentioned river.

TURCAS Islands. [See Tunks Islands.] TURCO, a settlement of the province and corregimiento of Carangas, and of the bishopric

of Charcas in Peru.

TUREN, a settlement of the province and government of Venezuela in the new kingdom of Granada; situate between the rivers Acarigna and Guache, to the s, s, e, of the town of Aranre.

TUREQUARO, SANTA MARIA DE, a settlement of the head settlement of the district and alcaldia mayor of Piedad in Nueva España: it contains 25 Spanish families, with some of the mixed breed, and 47 Indian families; also, in two establishments, or congregations, connected with these are 40 others: it is 11 leagues n. w. of its head settlement.

[TURIAMO, a large bay of the n. coast of S. America, in the province and government of Caracas. It is a league long from n. to s. Few vessels are found here, on account of its affording no shelter from the n. winds, and the sterility of its neighbouring lands. The same was said of the neighbouring bays of Patanemo, Burburata, and Cienega, there being no 'inhabitants on the shores of any of them, except a body of troops in each to prevent snuggling.]

TURIBASA, a small river of the province and *captainship* of Pará in Brazil; it rises by the coast, runs n. n. c. and fulls into the sea between

the Turirana and the Gururiba.

TURIBUNE, a large and very rapid river of the province and government of Mainas in the kingdom of Quito; it has its source in the territory of the Camelos Indians, runs s. s. c. and enters by the n. and e. into the Curaray. Some wild Indians of the Yetes dwell in the neighbourhood of its source.

TURICACHI, a settlement of Indians of the

province and government of Sonora, reduced by the missions held there by the Jesuits.

TURICARO, a settlement of the head settlement of the district of Siguinam and alcaldia mayor of Valladolid, in the province and bishopric of Mechoacán: it contains 27 families of Indians, and is three leagues from its head settlement.

TURINO, or TURQUINO, a river of the island of Cuba, which rises about the s. coast, and runs to that point, falling into the sea between the Tarquino and Sevilla, forming at its mouth a

good port.

TURIRANA, a river of the province and captainship of Para in Brazil; it springs from a branch of the river Tocantines, and runs almost due n. serving as a line of division for the province of Para and that of Marañan, and falls into the sea, forming a large port opposite the island of San Juan.

[TURKEY, a small town of New Jersey, Essex County, 14 miles n. w. of Elizabeth Town.]

[Turkey Foot, in Yonghiogany river, is the point of junction of the great S. Branch, Little Crossings from the s. e. and N. Branch from the n. It is 40 miles from the mouth of the river. 20 miles s. s. w. of Berlin, in Pennsylvania, and 29 n. e. of Morgantown. Lat. 39° 48' n.]

[Turkey Point, a promontory on the n. side of Lake Eric, lies opposite to Presque Isle, on

the s. side, about 35 miles across.

[Turkey Point, at the head of Chesapeak Bay, is a point of land formed by the waters of the bay on the n. w. and those of Elk river on the s. c. It is about 15 miles s. w. of Elkton, and 40 n. c. of Annapolis. Here the British army landed, in August, 1777, before they advanced to Philadelphia.]

TURKISH Islands, a group of little islands, called also Ananas, since they are the islands of Don Diego Luengo, thus called by him who discovered them. They are more than 30 leagues n. of Point Isabelique, on the n. coast of the

island of St. Domingo.

TURKS Islands, several small islands in the W. Indies, about 75 miles n. of the island of St. Domingo. The Bermudians frequently come hither and make a great quantity of salt, and the ships which sail from St. Domingo commonly pass within sight of them.

[These islands, belonging to the British, are the most s. e. of all the Bahama Islands; the principal of which is Grand Key, where there is established a port of entry. There is an anchorage, but no harbour. In 1803, the inhabi-