

forces under provincial jurisdiction to provide them with security assessments. The Service may also, with the approval of the Solicitor General after consultation with the Secretary of State for External Affairs, enter into arrangements with foreign states (or institutions thereof) or international organizations (or institutions thereof) to provide them with security assessments. Under section 38 of the *CSIS Act*, the security assessment arrangements entered into by the Service are reviewed by the Security Intelligence Review Committee (SIRC), and the information or intelligence provided pursuant to them is monitored by SIRC.

Section 14 of the *CSIS Act* allows the Service to advise ministers of the Crown on matters relating to the security of Canada or to provide them with information relating to criminal or security matters, subject to the proviso that such advice or information must relate to the performance of ministerial duties or functions under either the *Citizenship Act* or the *Immigration Act*.

The third of CSIS's secondary mandates is set out in section 16 of the *CSIS Act* dealing with the collection of information or intelligence concerning foreign states or persons. On the request of the Minister of National Defence or the Secretary of State for External Affairs, and with the consent of the Solicitor General, the Service may, in relation to the defence of Canada or the conduct of its international affairs, collect *within Canada* information or intelligence relating to the capabilities, intentions or activities of foreign states or persons other than Canadian citizens, permanent residents or corporations incorporated in Canada. Unlike the Service's primary mandate described in section 12, its section 16 mandate does not require that the information or intelligence collected under this provision relate to threats to the security of Canada. SIRC monitors any requests made to the Service under this part of its mandate. Section 16, therefore, sets out the Service's mandate in relation to foreign intelligence.

2.4 Co-Operative Arrangements

Under section 17 of the *CSIS Act*, the Service may, with the approval of the Solicitor General, enter into arrangements with departments of the government of Canada, the provinces, or with local police. After consultation with the Secretary of State for External Affairs, the Solicitor General also may approve the entry by the Service into co-operative arrangements with foreign states or international organizations. The arrangements entered into by CSIS under this section must be for the performance by the Service of its duties and functions. Copies of these written arrangements are provided to SIRC, which reviews them and monitors the provision of information and intelligence pursuant to them.

2.5 Judicial Control

Under Part II of the *CSIS Act* (sections 21-28) the Service may seek judicial warrants when intrusive techniques are required to investigate a threat to the security of Canada or to perform its functions under section 16. Such intrusive investigative techniques, dealing