

SUMMARY OF PRINCIPAL RECOMMENDATIONS

CANADA SHOULD:

- Be in the vanguard of United Nations reform, given its long multilateral tradition and excellent UN record, and utilizing its unique and privileged access to both Western and Third World countries in strategic alliances, be instrumental in bringing about consensus for change.
- Help to establish a core-group of UN members to carry forward the reform process, setting 1995 as the goal for some concrete results.

SECURITY COUNCIL

- Take an active part in efforts to achieve a phased enlargement of the Security Council to make it more representative and better able to respond to the challenges of the 90's.
- Support measures to strengthen the Security Council through improved intelligence and early warning systems, periodic retreats for discussion of longer-term issues, regular high-level meetings and streamlined procedures.

EVOLUTION OF PEACEKEEPING

- Back the main lines of the Secretary-General's "Agenda for Peace" as the best option for an effective international security system.
- Work to modernize the International Court of Justice and the UN's sanctions mechanisms.
- Assist with Canadian expertise in establishing a rapid-reaction UN Multinational Force, to be backed up by an expanded peacekeeping unit and a fully staffed 24-hour operations centre at UN headquarters in New York.
- Help to ensure that the next peacebuilding exercise is set up on more economical lines than those prevailing in the Cambodian exercise.

EMERGENCY COORDINATION

- Lend needed support to the work of the Department of Humanitarian Affairs, now experiencing growing pains, and urge the Secretary-General to give it and the Coordinator fuller cooperation and backing.