## E. USING MIDDLEMEN

## Freight Forwarders

Freight forwarders act as intermediaries between shippers and carriers, arranging both domestic and international transportation. Forwarders' services range from the simple booking of transportation space to organizing and coordinating the movement of goods from door-to-door on behalf of their clients. Freight forwarders knowledgeable in all transportation modes can advise on the selection of mode best suited to your needs (speed, rates, etc.). For this reason, companies wishing to export to a new market for the first time could use a forwarder until they become familiar enough with the new market to handle matters themselves.

Forwarders derive much of their income from carriers (in particular, airlines) and charge shippers nominal fees for ancillary services. You can therefore tap into a freight forwarder's knowledge of transportation to markets which are unfamiliar to you for a dollar cost similar to what you would pay if you arranged the door-to-door export movement yourself, but at a much reduced personal time cost on your part.

The freight forwarder can act as an agent by arranging for the reservation of space, the execution of handling and packaging requirements, and the loading/unloading of the goods for further transportation to/from central points as well as passage and transit operations. The freight forwarder can present and prepare the necessary shipping documents and arrange for appropriate insurance coverage (if requested), all without necessarily handling the goods himself. addition, some freight forwarders will act as indirect carriers by pooling consolidating small shipments into carload, truckload, or containerload transporting them (using all types of carriers and sometimes including their own trucks) and delivering them to the ultimate consignee at a single rate for the through This rate is generally lower than the rate a small shipper door-to-door movement. could obtain if he dealt with the carrier directly. Air and surface forwarders also buy cargo space in large lots at wholesale prices from carriers and sell it at retail prices in small lots to shippers. The service and rates associated with consolidated shipments can be excellent if the forwarder controls large volumes in traffic lanes where his services are strong.

Rates are charged in accordance with tariffs that apply to the commodities being shipped depending on which mode the shipper and forwarder decide is most appropriate. For example, if speedy service is required, the relatively expensive air mode will be used; if cost is much more important than speed, a pool-car or piggyback consolidation may be selected. Therefore, while a shipper can avail himself of advantages through forwarders' bargaining power with a particular mode, the magnitude of rate relationships will still apply. Furthermore, forwarders' speed of service and delivery reliability are directly dependent on the type of mode/carrier they select on your behalf.

It is also noted that independent U.S. truckers (owner-operators) often contact freight forwarders to seek backhauls. Some of these independents have contractual lease arrangements with forwarders in British Columbia and Alberta. These types of arrangements can enhance the attractiveness of rates that forwarders can offer to shippers of all sizes. However, not all forwarders can offer a full variety of