

The Bishop was consecrated in Winnipeg on Sunday, Aug. 7th, 1887. The number of Clergy then under him, was 21. During the following week the Provincial Synod of Rupert's Land gave effect to the Bishop's desire expressed to the Metropolitan at the time of his nomination, by setting off Alberta from the rest of the Diocese of Saskatchewan and constituting it a separate See under the name of Calgary, the Archbishop of Canterbury, Primate of the Province, being asked to appoint the Bishop of Saskatchewan Bishop also of Calgary, until an endowment was raised for the new See or other adequate provision was made for the support of the Bishop, when it would be Dr. Pinkham's duty to resign one of his Sees, as at the time should seem to him convenient.

The instrument appointing the Bishop of Saskatchewan Bishop of Calgary was issued by His Grace the Archbishop, on March 27, 1888.

The division of the Diocese left thirteen Clergy laboring in Saskatchewan; the number now is sixteen, and one will be placed at Saskatoon as soon as the number of families of the Church of England residing there has sufficiently increased to justify such an appointment. There are a number of catechists and lay readers throughout the Diocese, assisting the Clergy.

Emmanuel College, Prince Albert founded by the late Bishop and in which the first High School work of the Territories was done, has been making excellent progress under the careful management of Ven. Archdeacon J. A. Mackay, D. D., who was appointed warden three years ago, the late Bishop being warden at the time of his death. Several of the Clergy of both Dioceses received the whole or a portion of their training in this institution.

The Synod of the Diocese met in August last. The Bishop has held five ordinations in the Diocese, consecrated one Church and three church yards, and he has confirmed as follows: in 1887, 127; in 1889, 347; and so far during this year 60.

The construction of the Qu'Appelle, Long Lake and Sas-