

second day and kept in a cool place, as it is prone to fermentation and would therefore be unfit to use.

—TO ALLAY ITCHING IN SKIN DISEASES (Dr. A. T. Thompson, *Medical and Surgical Reporter*):

R. Plumbi acetatis, gr. xvj
Acid. hydrocyanic. dilut., f ʒjss
Spirit. rectificat., f ʒ iv
Aquæ destillat., f ʒ vijss M.

SIG.—Use as a wash.

—IN TUBERCULAR OTITIS OF THE KNEE IN CHILDREN (White Swelling), it has long since been established that the growth of bone is seriously interfered with by excision, and surgeons, as a rule, avoid operating on the knee-joint. The cases that I have presented lend additional weight to the argument against the operation. The appearance of sinuses, the infiltration and distortion of the limb, seem to demoralize the surgeon at times, and he feels that only an incision will save life.—(GIBNEY in *Med. Record*.)

—We quote the following items from the *Medical Record* January 13, 1894:

Dr. Bernheim (*Deutsch Med. Wochenschrift*) recommends in the DYSPNOEA OF ACUTE PHTHISIS the following formula:

R. Caffein. citrat., 2 gms. (grs. xxx.)
Æther. sulphuric., 20 gms. (3 v.)

Inject two grains (30 gtt.) morning and evening.

IN SCIATICA AND OTHER NEURALGIAS:

R. Tinct. aconiti,
Tinct. colch. seminis,
Tinct. belladonnæ,
Tinct. actææ racemosæ, aa partes æquales

SIG.—Six drops every six hours.—(METCALF.)

THEOBROMIN (gr. 45 to 75 daily for three days) gave good results in grave cases of CARDIAC DROPSY.—(GERMAIN SÉE.)

STROPHANTHUS is much more rapid in its action than digitalis, but is not suitable for prolonged use. In one case, in which during three or four days its good effect was conspicuous, the heart, under its prolonged use, became extremely frequent and the sense of cardiac distress extreme; and yet, when its employment was entirely given up for a week, it proved as rapidly and as distinctly useful as before.—(LITTLE.)

IN TOOTHACHE (*Journal de Pharmacie*):

R. Dry alcoholic extract opium,
Camphor, aa 0.50
Balsam Peru,
Mastic, aa 1.0
Chloroform, 10.0

Introduced into the cavity, it calms the pain at once.

ACETATE OF ALUMINIUM is, next to carbolic and salicylic acid, the disinfectant which prevents, for the longest time, the development of micrococci and produces no irritation.—(FRAIPONT.)

CAFFEIN, I think, deserves to rank next as a cardiac tonic. I have, in a few cases, got undoubted help from it. They were all old cases in which digitalis and strophanthus had ceased to benefit; they were all aged persons; they were all short of breath and dropsical, and presented the signs of dilatation with degeneration of the ventricular walls.—(LITTLE.)

Locally for JOINT RHEUMATISM:

R. Acid. salicylic, ʒjss
Alcohol. absolut., f ʒ j
Olei ricini, f ʒ ij.

Apply by compress covered with impermeable tissue.—(RUEL.)

Camphor solution for HYPODERMIC INJECTION:

R. Camphor, 2.0
Liquid paraffine, 8.0

A one-gramme syringe will contain twenty centigrammes of camphor.—(BOSNER.)

CHLORIDE OF GOLD AND SODIUM in pills or granules, given in doses from two milligrammes to three centigrammes, improved the general condition of paralytics in the first and second periods.—(BOUBILA.)

The majority of so-called recoveries from APPENDICITIS treated medically are not recoveries in the full-sense of the word, but simply a respite which enables one to settle worldly affairs and take out a life-insurance policy in anticipation of a fatal termination.—(SANBORN.)

PIPERAZINE is perfectly harmless. In birds, deposits of urates can almost with certainty be produced by neutral chromate of potash. In the majority of cases piperazine prevents the deposition of urates produced by the chromate, while lithium carbonate, borax, and sodium phosphate are powerless to prevent it. These experiments confirm the results of treatment of the uric-acid diathesis by piperazine.—(BIRSENTHAL.)

EPILATORY LIQUID:—

R. Pure iodine, gr. xij
Essence of turpentine, ʒ xx
Castor oil, f ʒ ss
Alcohol, f ʒ ijss
Collodion, f ʒ j. M.

SIG.—Apply once daily for three or four days; when the collodion comes away, a clean surface will be left.

IN ASTHMA a capsule containing two grains of phenacetine, one of quinine, three of muriate of ammonia, one-eighth of capsicum, and one twenty fourth of strychnine, given four times daily, will often relieve an attack of this distressing malady.—(MAYS.)

FOR EMPHYSEMA:—

R. Essence of turpentine, 4-5 gms.
Peppermint water, 120 gms.
Sugar,
Pulv. gum acacia, aa 4 gms. M.

SIG.—Dessertspoonful every two or three hours.—*College and Clinical Record*.