CORRESPONDENCE.

BOMBYCIDE - ZYGÆNIDÆ,

In the April number of the Canadian Enromologist, Mr. Schaus states (p. 94) that Bombyx has no frenulum. A glance at Prof. Comstock's figure (Evol. and Taxonomy, p. 88) shows it distinct, but very small, so that difference of opinion about it may readily be entertained. This illustrates again that this character is not an adequate one for family definition. Mr. Hampson himself has already abandoned it. (Ann. and Mag. Nat. Hist. (6) xiv., pp. 254–261.)

In the same number Mr. Grote refers frequently to the Zygaenida (p. 95). Can we not adopt some other name for this objectional term? As long ago pointed out by Westwood, Zygaena is pre-occupied in Ichthyology. Moreover, the name is entirely vague, for we have had associated under it most diverse insects belonging respectively to the more specialized Microlepidoptera (my Anthrocerina) and the higher Arctian type of the Noctuina. According to Kirby the type of Zygaena is phagea, Linn., an Arctian, while Hampson follows the old custom, and makes the type filipendulae, a micro. I have used the terms Eachromiidae (Syntomidae) for the former, Anthroceridae for the latter.

Now, we have in North America no Zygaenidæ (sensu Hampson), as pointed out by Prof. Smit'i; our Pyromorphidæ are the nearest approach to them. Mr. Grote apparently uses the term for the Euchromiidæ, and only continues the confusion; for this fails to bring out the fact, which I think must finally become fully apparent, that the old family Zygaenidæ must be separated into elements belonging to fundamentally dissimilar groups of the Frenatæ. Can we not entirely abandon the term Zygaenidæ? HARRISON G. DYAR.

THE ROYAL SOCIETY OF CANADA.

The fourteenth annual meeting of the Royal Society of Canada will be held at Ottawa on the 15th, 16th and 17th of May, 1895. The Rev. T. W. Fyles, South Quebec, P. Q., has been appointed to represent the Entomological Society of Ontario at the meeting.

Mailed May 1st, 1895.