

river. The next boat will undoubtedly bring us further and more decisive particulars which we shall publish in another bulletin. All seems to depend on the result of this expedition, as the entire regular force of the government is engaged in it. The patriots have a foundry at St. Charles, and are casting their own cannon.

Report says that the patriot force at St. Charles is under the command of two French officers of distinction, trained under Bonaparte. Ostinis, however, we have no authentic information.

The banks of Quebec have removed all their specie to the citadel.

QUEBEC, November 24.

A gentleman who arrived in town, and left the River Chambly on Tuesday, states that the whole country from Rouville to St. Denis was in a dreadful state of confusion; that the insurgents had impeded the navigation of the River St. Charles, and seized all the boats and cargoes coming down, and the money belonging to the Churches, and private property, and were entrenched at Mr Debartzsch's house, at St. Charles, — the principal leaders being there.

Troops and volunteers came down to Sorel from Montreal on Wednesday, and it was expected they would be at St. Charles to-day, making a combined movement with those from Chambly. The Troops from Montreal are under the command of Lieutenant Colonel Hughes, and are accompanied by Magistrates. — *Gazette*.

The Montreal *Gazette* of Saturday evening, the 25th November, after giving an account of the affair at St. Denis, with Col Gore's Division, (substantially the same as what we have already copied,) makes the following remarks:

"With respect to the march and operations of Lieutenant Colonel Wetherall from Chambly, we understand, immediately upon receiving his orders, which were conveyed to him by Lieutenant Weir, of the 32d Regiment, he marched towards St. Charles; but finding that many of the bridges had been cut down and carried away by the rebels, his march was so much impeded, that, as the last accounts state, (forwarded by Dr. Jones and Mr Molson, Jun. of the Cavalry) he had only got downwards as far as Rouville, a distance of about seven miles below Chambly. Colonel Wetherall, however, was determined to persevere in his march, and we have no doubt, will reach in time for the proposed renewed attack on the rebels.

"After the delivery of his despatches to Colonel Wetherall, Lieut. Weir proceeded in a caleche to join his own corps, under the command of Colonel Gore; but his driver brought him to the village of St. Denis, where he was made a prisoner by the rebels, in whose custody he still unfortunately remains.

QUEBEC, November 27.

We have much satisfaction in hearing testimony to the good feeling and loyal spirit, which prevail throughout this city in the present disturbed state of the District. Every man able to bear arms has enrolled himself in some corps or other, and having been furnished with arms and accoutrements, will be ready at a moment's warning to aid in the preservation of the peace, and in defending the inhabitants from outrage.

It is reported in town, that the rescued prisoners, Demaray and Davignon, have been retaken at St. Armand, and that they are held in close custody, until orders be received from this city as to the mode in which they are to be conveyed into town. We have not been able to ascertain the truth of the report. Yesterday a man of the name of Lumotte,

from Laprairie, was arrested in town, and imprisoned on a charge of high treason.

Last night Dr. Nelson, of this city, was also imprisoned on a charge of seditious practices. *Gazette*.

T W B B E E .

WEDNESDAY MORNING, DEC. 13, 1837.

The November Packet having arrived at Halifax, we have London dates to the 7th of that month. We observe nothing particularly interesting in the papers by this conveyance, save the capture of Constantine in Algiers, by the French army, which places the whole of that territory in their possession. Civil war still continued to desolate Spain.

LOWER CANADA.—Our latest dates from Montreal are to the 25th, and Quebec to the 27th ult. We have copied all that we deemed in any way interesting, some parts of which, we are sorry to say, are painfully so. In the present agitated state of public opinion, and the usual channels of communication being in some instances interrupted, our readers will have to make large allowances, from this time forward, for such exaggerated and party-coloured statements as may appear in our extracts. The opinions of a portion of the contemporary press, are given in preceding columns.

A report was in circulation in Montreal, that the *Banque Du Peuple* had stopped payment; but was again contradicted. Its President had been arrested.

The Toronto (U. C.) *British Whig* of the 25th October, says,—“The disposable Military force now in Lower Canada, consists of 68d, 65th, 15th, 1st, and 42d Regiments, of six companies each, two companies of the 24th Reg't, and four companies of the Royal Artillery, in all about 3060 men.”

The Quebec *Gazette*, after giving a list of the patriot leaders, who had gone to the States, and missing, says,—“The latest accounts, however, leave doubts if the greatest number of them are not still in the Province. A letter from Montreal of Wednesday afternoon, (Nov. 22,) states that the old Fort at St. Charles, River Chambly, was occupied by the insurgents and also Mr Debartzsch's House, and that “great fortifications,” are being made at Grand Brule in the County of the Two Mountains, probably under the direction of Amury Girod, who has been concerned in several revolutions both in Europe and America.

CANADA.—On the affairs of Canada, the N. York *Gazette* says,—“Appearances begin to look rather squally in the Canadas, and we should feel no great surprise to learn on any day that actual overt acts of rebellion had taken place. Indeed, it strikes us that sedition, and even treason, are already rife in Lower Canada. It is not exactly any of our business how soon Monsieur Papineau commences operations, and gets his head broken for them, but it is impossible not to look with some interest upon the movements of a people living as the Canadians do, in such near neighbourhood. That interest, however, so far as we are concerned, is by no means on the side of the demagogues. We have not the most distant idea that the British Provinces are to be made any happier by living under the dominion of this Mr Papineau, an independent state; and as to the same project of taking the Canadas into our copartnership, we will protest against it while we have any breath left for aspirations for our own prosperity, or any ink to bestow in objections to national suicide.

LITERARY SOCIETY.—Mr Jno. Stiles lectures this evening—On the origin and history of Newspapers, and their effects on society.

Next Wednesday evening, Mr Joseph McNaught lectures—On the growth and dissolution of Organised Beings.

For the benefit of Members living out of town, we shall in future, intimate the subject of lecture a week previous to the time of its being delivered.

Provincial Secretary's Office,  
Halifax, 27th Nov 1837

His Excellency the Lieutenant Governor has been pleased to appoint Robert Hartshorn, Esq, to serve as High Sheriff for the County of Guysborough, for the ensuing year.

The Rev. A. N. Coster has been appointed one of the Commissioners of Schools, in the County of Kings; S. G. Archibald, Esq. a Justice of the Peace for the County of Cape Breton, and Henry Martelle, Esq. do for Richmond.

DIED,

On the 4th instant, Cyrus, infant son of Mr Henry Sterns, aged nine weeks.

On the 5th instant, Edward James, and Robert, infant sons of Mr James Carson, aged seven days.

On the 7th instant, an infant Daughter of Mr Thomas Rutter.

On Friday last, William, son of Mr Alexander Ross, aged 2 years.

On Saturday, Mary, daughter of Mr John Adamson, aged 4 years.

On Sunday, Mr James Smith, merchant, aged 42 years.

At Tataragouche, on the 9th instant, Mary, wife of Mr Hugh McDonald, in the 42d year of her age—leaving a large family to deplore her death. She was a loving wife, an affectionate mother, and a good neighbour.

At Boston, recently, of apoplexy, Thomas Green Fessenden, Esq., the Editor of the New England Farmer. He was a man of most amiable character, of excellent principles, and of extensive information.

SHIP NEWS

CUSTOM-HOUSE—PICTOU.

ENTERED.

Saturday, Dec'r 9, Sch'r Matilda, Robinson, P. E. Island—oats and barley; Triumph, White, do.—ballast.

CLEARED.

Dec'r 6th,—Sch'r Elizabeth, Hayden, River John—goods.

7th,—Sch'r Margaret, Jerroir, Magdalen Islands—flour, salt, molasses.

8th,—Sch'r Isabella, McQuarrie, P E Island—coal.

9th, Sch'r Seal, Longpee, Magdalen Islands—goods; Gracieuse, O'Brien, Halifax—butter, pork, &c.

11th,—Sch'r Matilda, —, P E Island—coal.

12th,—Queen Victoria, Stevens, Liverpool.

The barque Campobello, from Richibucto, bound to London, was lost on the 25th ult. She got over the bar on Friday afternoon, and came to outside, having three anchors out, which she dragged over the south reef, where the Captain and all the crew left her.—*Miramichi Gleaner*.

The barque Athabaska, bound to Liverpool, also dragged from her anchors on the 25th. She is reported to be lying on the wreck of the Young William, and it is expected she will be condemned. The other vessels in the port were all safe.—*Id*.

HEALTH SECURED,

BY MORISON'S PILLS.

The Vegetable Universal Medicine of the British College of Health;

WHICH has obtained the approbation and recommendation of some thousands, in curing Consumption, Cholera Morbus, Inflammations, Bilious & all Liver Diseases, Gout, Rheumatism, Lumbago, Tick Doloretuz, King's Evil, Asthma, Small Pox, Measles, Whooping Cough, Cholera, and all Cutaneous Eruptions—and keep unalterable for years in all Climates. Forming at pleasure the mildest Aperient, or by increasing the dose, the briskest and most efficacious Purgative, capable of giving relief in all cases of disease to which the human system is liable.

The Subscriber has been appointed Agent for the Eastern Division of the Province, for the sale of the above valuable Medicines, of whom only they can be had genuine, with Morison's Directions for their use.

OF WHOM ALSO MAY BE HAD,

A few BOOKS, describing the properties, uses, & almost innumerable cases of Cure, effected by this extraordinary Medicine.

May 23, 1836

JAMES DAWSON,