

## The Advertiser

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## THE DAILY ADVERTISER.

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JOHN CAMERON, President and Manager.

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west.  
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& Co., Montreal, Que."The Advertiser" is an organ of news  
and independent  
opinion. The Advertiser alone is responsible  
for opinions expressed in these col-  
umns."The Advertiser" advocates Con-  
stitutional Free Trade,  
and as early as possible after, free trade  
with the whole world. The British trade  
model cannot be improved upon."The Advertiser" looks forward with  
confidence to Canada's  
future as that of an Independent Canadian  
Nationality, believing that such a status  
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able relations with the United States."The Advertiser" advocates prohibition  
of the manufacture  
and sale of intoxicating liquor."The Advertiser" is an advocate of  
equal rights "for  
women, whether as regards the franchise,  
or equal wages for equal work."The Advertiser" is a believer in Chris-  
tian Union, and con-  
sider the time has come when the various  
Christian denominations should come closer  
together. Those bodies which are now  
nearest should unite first. Unde the pres-  
ent system there is an unjustifiable waste of  
men, means and effort. The ADVERTISER  
will endeavor to promote the movement for  
Christian union not alone by direct appeal  
and argument, but by seeking to present  
the best rather than the worst side of each  
denomination."The Advertiser" advocates Obligatory  
Voting as both neces-  
sary and practicable. Nothing would so  
much purify electoral contests. Nothing  
would so much enforce the idea that the  
franchise is a duty, not a chattel.God's in His heaven,  
All's right with the world.  
—(Browning).

London, Tuesday, Sept. 29.

## THE MEMBER FOR LONDON.

Rarely has a member of Parliament  
taken a better position in his first session  
than has Mr. C. S. Hyman, M.P. for this city.  
It is not expected of the younger representa-  
tives in the House that they should take a  
very active part in the debates until they  
have been in Parliament for some years, and  
Mr. Hyman has not been heard from on pub-  
lic questions as frequently as have some less  
able members. He has, however, spoken at  
some length on trade and other questions  
vital to the people, and has  
shown by his votes, as well as by his  
speeches, that he will always be found on  
the side of the masses. It has been made  
evident to him, as well as to us all,  
that the classes can look after themselves.  
As a member of the Public Accounts Com-  
mittee, where so much of the race of the  
country is made, Mr. Hyman has given  
loyal support to Messrs. Lister, Mulock  
and Somerville, who led in  
the attack on the Citadel of London. His  
view, like theirs, has been that  
the best way to secure a remedy for the  
wrongdoing that has cost the people of Can-  
ada so dearly, has been to fully expose the  
wrongdoers. In this effort, Mr. Hyman  
has his first experience of Parliamentary  
friction. While on a brief visit to this city,  
he complained of the apparent parsimony of  
chairmen of committees and Ministers of  
the Crown, who permitted exposure to be  
made of the minor scandals but again and  
again voted down proposals to investi-  
gate transactions affecting the Ministers.  
Mr. Hyman was gravely censured by the  
partisan majority for telling the truth, but  
in two days thereafter, his view was in-  
dorsed unanimously by the Dominion Par-  
liament, which passed Sir Richard Car-  
tright's resolution, affirming that no evi-  
dence relating to public expenditures should  
be ruled out, even though it affected  
Ministers of the Crown. It is not often  
that a member of Parliament finds his  
course so completely vindicated by both  
friend and foe.The member for London has made a good  
beginning to his Parliamentary career. It  
bodes well for the future.

## THE GOVERNOR-GENERAL.

Where is our Lord Stanley of Preston?  
He has been spending the greater part of  
the summer away from Ottawa, although  
from the nature of the investigations in  
Parliament a Government crisis might  
have been looked for any day. While his  
Ministers were being held up daily to the  
examination of the English speaking world,  
Lord Stanley was said to be employed in  
the indifferent occupation of a fisherman  
somewhere down by the sea, but drawing  
his monthly salary of \$4,166 66 with  
exemplary regularity. As the official repre-  
sentative of her Majesty in Canada no one  
will pretend to say that he has behaved as  
she would have behaved in like circum-  
stances. Imagine Queen Victoria besting  
herself to the wilds of Connemara while  
her sworn advisers were being exposed day  
after day in Parliament as rascals or im-  
beciles! That is to say, if it were not  
absurd to imagine the one thing or the  
other.But perhaps it is not worth while exam-  
ining Lord Stanley's recent conduct too  
closely. He is not a man of whom great  
or noble things are expected. Yet unless  
his usefulness as her Majesty's representa-  
tive in Canada is altogether gone we can-  
not despair of his exhibiting some of the  
characteristics of a governor-general in the  
present state of parliamentary affairs. The  
charge of Mr. Lister against Mr. Hyman  
concerns not merely the reputation of one  
of his Ministers. It concerns the honor of  
all his Ministers and of the whole Parlia-  
ment. Mr. Lister is known as a care-  
ful and wary man, no better proof of  
which is required than the conclusiveness of  
every accusation handled by him against  
Ministers and Government officers during  
the present session. If in one or two  
instances there was a missing link in the  
evidence which connected a Minister or an  
officer with a grave offense, it was because  
a partisan chairman, backed up by a par-  
tisan majority, refused to have the evidence  
taken. In making the very serious responsibility  
assumed by Mr. Lister. He knew that the  
truth of it had already been denied upon  
oath by Mr. Hyman. He knew, too, that  
the members of the company with whom  
Mr. Hyman was said to be associated in the  
railway contract and in the payment of  
election money to the Government would  
be interested in disproving the charges; and  
of course, he could not look to any member  
of the Government for evidence in support  
of the charge. Yet in the teeth of these  
adverse circumstances Mr. Lister made his  
charge in the most formal and unequivocal  
terms, and declared his confidence to  
establish them before a committee of the  
House. If the accusation was less serious  
in its nature and if the member making it  
was less discreet than Mr. Lister, the re-  
fusal to grant a committee would not be so  
grave a matter. But the gravity of the  
case is accentuated by our knowledge of the  
standing of the accuser as a parliament-  
arian and lawyer, and of the consideration  
in this matter he has on his own side of  
the House. No man of sense or intelligence  
will doubt that Mr. Lister is in a position  
to fortify his charges against  
Mr. Hyman and the Government. He  
might fail; it is possible even that his  
source of information may have been at  
fault; but none are so interested in the dis-  
proof of the charges as Mr. Hyman, his  
colleagues in the Government, and all the  
followers and supporters of the Govern-  
ment in Parliament and in the country.  
To Mr. Lister himself failure would mean  
humiliation and expulsion from Parlia-  
ment; and neither the Government nor any  
one in the Tory party has cause to wish  
him well for his exposure of boodlers,  
rascals and thieves before the Committee  
of Public Accounts this session. From what-  
ever point of view the subject is considered  
it is manifest that the refusal of Parlia-  
ment to grant an inquiry is only consistent  
with the theory that the charges formu-  
lated by Mr. Lister are true and that they  
admit of being established.Is there, then, no remedy for the country  
—no opportunity to be afforded to try and  
punish the offenders?  
When Mr. Huntington made his memora-  
ble charge against the Government of Sir  
John Macdonald in 1873 his request for an  
inquiry was voted down at first, but  
there were enough honorable men in the  
Ministerial ranks to force a reversal of the  
decision upon their leaders, and a few days  
later the committee was granted. We can  
hardly expect history to repeat itself in the  
present Parliament, for besides the long reign  
of corruption which we were made  
familiar after Sir John Macdonald's return  
to power in 1873, the elections of last  
March were only won by a scandalous use  
of the Old Man's methods. Our chief  
reliance for the present must be upon the  
exercise of his constitutional functions by  
the Governor-General. He alone can de-  
mand that decent respect be paid to the  
forms of justice by his sworn advisers, and  
he cannot ignore the refusal of his Minis-  
ters to grant a Parliamentary inquiry into  
the charges made by Mr. Lister without  
showing that his usefulness as Governor-  
General is gone.

## A GREAT IMPERIAL CONTEST.

Sir James Fergusson has been appointed  
Postmaster-General of Great Britain, in  
succession to the late Mr. Raikes, and in  
consequence his seat in the northeast  
division of Manchester is vacant. In 1885  
a majority of 1,418, but the following  
year Mr. C. P. Scott, the gifted  
editor of the Manchester Guardian, was  
elected Liberal candidate, and the majority  
was reduced to 327. Now, Mr. Scott is  
again the Liberal candidate, and it is be-  
lieved that notwithstanding he is now run-  
ning against a Cabinet Minister, he has  
developed additional strength, and has a  
good chance of carrying the constituency.  
If he is successful it will be taken as abso-  
lute proof that the present Government is  
discredited by the country, and that LordRandolph Churchill's assertion that the  
people are ready to sustain Gladstone  
when the opportunity is presented is war-  
ranted.

## CANADIAN BUTTER FOR BRITAIN

A writer in the Canadian Gazette, of  
London, England, again calls attention to  
the fact of the immense consumption in  
Britain during winter of imported milk  
creamery butter, and urges upon Canadians  
to push forward and secure their share of  
this valuable trade. He suggests that the  
Dominion Government aid the development  
of the trade by something in the nature of  
a bounty—for instance, guaranteeing a  
liberal price for say three consecutive years  
for creamery butter made in creameries or  
in cheese factories after the cheese  
season is over. Whether this artificial  
stimulus is needed or at all desirable  
is a question. The sound policy is to let in-  
telligent, enterprising men develop the trade  
through the most natural and profitable  
channels without either bonus or restriction.  
Advices from the port of Montreal indicate  
that the trade has this season showed a  
considerable increase and our news columns  
the other day recorded a shipment of some  
30,000 pounds of butter by the Canadian  
creamery man, Mr. John Hannah, of  
Seaford. The Gazette writer referred to  
asserts "without fear of contradiction":  
1. That the winter is the best time to  
make creamery butter in Canada for export.  
2. The best time to ship it, and  
3. By far the best and most profitable  
time to sell it.Referring to the success of the dairy  
farmers of New Zealand and Victoria he  
says: "Although they are such a distance  
from this market, and, moreover, their  
goods crossing the Equator en route here,  
they now ship a very fair creamery butter,  
which sells freely in winter at from 25 cents  
to 30 cents per pound. Why not Canada?  
The dairy farmers of New Zealand and Victoria  
have been given an incentive to 'go in and possess  
the land.' They are getting there."  
With all her other natural advantages  
for producing superior butter at a reason-  
able cost, Canada is comparatively close to  
the British market, an immense point in  
our favor.

## TOPICS OF THE DAY.

It is understood that if the London elec-  
tion petition is proceeded with the trial  
will take place about the middle of  
November.For defending Sir Hector Langevin, two  
lawyers have each been voted \$4,000.  
Eight thousand dollars is a large sum to  
spend for such a purpose.A new regiment of militia is to be estab-  
lished in Toronto. Members of country  
corps consider that the extra money  
might be much better expended in con-  
tributing to the efficiency of the bat-  
talions already in existence.The St. Mary's Argus, referring to the  
petition against the election of the popu-  
lar Liberal whip in South Perth, says  
that "no candidate is Mr. Trow that the  
election was conducted free of corruption,  
he has refused three offers, made  
by Tory members, to 'saw off.'"If I slandered members of Parliament  
by stating that there were dozens who had  
obtained limits, and who had voted  
against the collapse of their own pockets, why did  
you not summon me before the bar of  
Parliament to make good my statement?  
You know that I can prove every word  
uttered, and that I only repeated what  
has often been stated in your presence in  
Parliament.—[John Charles Rykert to  
Sir John Thompson.]Here certainly was an opportunity to  
get evidence on which to "convict high  
and low," if Premier Abbott and Sir John  
Thompson meant to hold by their pro-  
testations that "no guilty man should  
escape." Rykert's evidence is rejected.  
The little man from Lincoln knows too  
much.

## A GOOD ILLUSTRATION.

[Moncton, N. B. Transcript.]  
Was there ever anything more complete  
than the collapse of the N. P.? The mill  
hands at Ottawa now on strike for an in-  
crease of wages have been met with a  
refusal based on the claim that the pro-  
tective tariff, bears so hard upon the im-  
porting industry that the employers cannot  
accord to the demands.

## BRITISH OPINION.

The undisputed facts are bad enough.  
The defense constantly set up when large  
sums are traced from a contractor or office-  
seeker to a legislator is that the money was  
not for the recipient's private benefit but  
for legitimate political purposes. That  
this is reckoned a defense at all shows  
the extent to which the political consciences  
of the British people have been blunted.  
If the candidate's election expenses were not paid for  
him he would have to pay them himself;  
and to receive these expenses from men  
who expect to be repaid in Government  
contracts or offices immediately destroys  
the independence of the legislator. From  
this point of view the independence of the  
Federal Parliament was undermined long  
ago by Sir John Macdonald. He won the  
general elections of 1873, 1878, 1887 and 1891  
with large sums voted by manufacturers  
out of the extra profits which he guaran-  
teed them by a high import tariff. Whole-  
sale countenances have been bribed by  
the offer of a bridge here and a dock there,  
and a new postoffice or custom house yonder,  
to vote for the man who could get the Gov-  
ernment to spend most public money in the  
locality, quite irresponsible of the general  
interests of the country.The natural tendency of the average  
British, after passing through every stage  
of amazement and disgust, is to collapse  
into utter confusion beneath the endless  
variety of turpitudes discharged upon him  
by the telegraph cable. He turns away  
with shocked and feeble brain, and goes  
off with a vague idea that Canada is a  
disgrace to civilization.[Pall Mall Gazette.]  
Mr. Haggart has been accused of dis-  
graceful conduct with one of the female  
clerks employed in his department, and has  
been remarked in answer that he has been used  
to charges of this sort all his life.

Children Cry for Pitcher's Castoria

## R.R.R.

RADWAY'S  
READY RELIEF.THE CHEAPEST AND BEST  
MEDICINE FOR FAMILY  
USE IN THE WORLD.  
NEVER FAILS TO RELIEVE  
PAIN.It surpasses all other remedies in the won-  
derful power which it possesses of curing

## RHEUMATISM

## and NEURALGIA.

CURES AND PREVENTS  
Colds, Coughs, Sore Throats, In-  
flammation, Headache, Toothache,  
Asthma, Difficult Breathing,  
Influenza.CURES THE WORST PAINS in from one  
to twenty minutes. NOT ONE HOUR after  
reading this advertisement need any one  
SUFFER WITH PAIN.The application of the READY RELIEF to  
the part or parts where the difficulty or pain  
exists will afford ease and comfort.

## INTERIALLY.

From 20 to 30 drops of half a tumbler of  
water will, in a few moments, cure cramps,  
spasms, sour stomach, nausea, vomiting,  
heartburn, nervousness, sleeplessness, sick  
headache, diarrhea, dysentery, colic, flatu-  
lency, and all internal pains. Sold by Druggists.  
Price 25c per bottle. Sold by Druggists.RADWAY'S  
PILLS.An Excellent and Mild Cathartic.  
Mildly Laxative or Strongly Purgative,  
according to dose.For the cure of all disorders of the Stomach,  
Liver, Bowels, Kidneys, Bladder, Nervous Dis-  
orders, Loss of Appetite, Headache, Constipation,  
Indigestion, Flatulence, Sleeplessness, Sick  
headache, diarrhea, dysentery, colic, flatu-  
lency, and all internal pains. Sold by Druggists.  
Price 25c per bottle. Sold by Druggists.

## DYSPEPSIA.

Sick Headache, Full Stomach, Bloating will  
be avoided and the food that is eaten contribute  
its nourishing properties for the support of the  
natural vigor of the body.22 Observe the following symptoms resulting  
from diseases of the digestive organs:  
Constipation, Inward Piles, Fullness of  
Blood in the Head, Acidity of the Stomach,  
Nausea, Heartburn, Digestion for Food, Full-  
ness, Sinking or Fluttering in the Pit of the  
Stomach, Swelling of the Head, Headache, or  
Difficult Breathing, Fluttering at the Heart,  
Choking or Suffocating Sensations while eat-  
ing, Yawning, Drowsiness or Wakefulness before the sight,  
Fever or Chill Pain in the Head, Deficiency of  
Perspiration, Yellowness of the Skin and Eyes  
and Sudden Flushes of Heat, Burning of the  
Tongue.A few doses of RADWAY'S PILLS will free  
the system of all the above named disorders.

Sold by all Druggists. Price 25c per bottle.

Send stamp for postage to RADWAY & CO.,  
101 N. 3rd St., St. Paul, Minn., U.S.A.RADWAY'S PILLS FOR THE BLOOD, \$1 a  
bottle, sold by all druggists. RADWAY & CO.,  
& CO., Limited, 419 St. James Street, Montreal,  
Canada.

## NAVIGATION AND RAILWAYS.

## RETURN TICKETS

—AT LOW RATES TO—  
Western, Northwest and South-  
western States, Sept. 23.Tickets for Excursions to  
Chicago, Milwaukee, Grand  
Rapids, Cleveland, Detroit and  
other points Oct. 2 and 3, on sale,  
also sleeping car berths re-  
served at

## E. De la Hooke's

No. 3 MASONIC TEMPLE.

## CUNARD LINE

"LANE ROUTE."  
From New York to Liverpool via Queens-  
town, Fast Express Mail Service.ETHELTON, Saturday, Oct. 3, 5.30 a.m.  
AURANIA, Saturday, Oct. 10, 10 a.m.  
ETHELTON, Saturday, Oct. 17, 5.30 a.m.  
AURANIA, Saturday, Oct. 24, 10 a.m.  
ETHELTON, Saturday, Oct. 31, 5.30 a.m.  
AURANIA, Saturday, Nov. 7, 10 a.m.Hague or Panama, Jan. 20 and onwards,  
according to accommodation. Second cabin  
return rates, \$30; return tickets on favor-  
able terms. Second cabin tickets to  
Liverpool and Queenstown, and all other ports  
of Europe, at special rates. Lowest rates  
advised given for Belfast, Glasgow, Havre,  
Antwerp and other ports on the continent, and  
for Mediterranean ports.VERNON H. BROWN & Co., agents, 4 Bowling  
Green, London, E.C.E. DE LA HOOKE,  
No. 3 Masonic Temple,  
& G. SMYTH,  
44 Richmond St., sole agents for London.

## WHITE STAR LINE

Royal and United States Mail Steamers  
for Queenstown and Liverpool.GERMANIC, Saturday, Sept. 16  
TEUTONIC, Saturday, Sept. 23  
BRITANNIA, Saturday, Sept. 30  
MAJESTIC, Saturday, Oct. 7  
GERMANIC, Saturday, Oct. 14  
TEUTONIC, Saturday, Oct. 21\*Superior second cabin accommodation on  
these steamers.From White Star Dock, foot West 25th St.  
Colon rates, \$30 and upwards on Teutonic  
and Majestic, \$25 and upwards on Germa-  
nic, Majestic and Teutonic, \$25 and \$40  
round trip, \$75 and \$85, according to location  
of berth. Excursion tickets on favorable terms.  
Sleeper, 25c. Company's Office, 41 Broadway,  
New York.For further information apply to W. Y.  
Thompson & Co., 34 Jervis street, or ED-  
WARD DE LA HOOKE, No. 3 Masonic Temple,  
agents of the line for London, Ont.

## ANCHOR LINE

Steamers leave New York every Saturday  
FOR GLASGOW VIA LONDON DERRYRates for Saloon Passage  
\$30 and upwards, according to accommo-  
dation and location of room. Second  
Cabin, \$25. Steerage, \$10.

## MEDITERRANEAN SERVICE.

New York to Gibraltar and Naples.  
S.S. VICTORIA, Monday, Sept. 23, 10 a.m.  
S.S. ANGLIA, Monday, Oct. 12, 4 p.m.\*Carriage passage, \$10 and upwards.  
Passengers booked at through rates to or from  
any city in Great Britain or on the Continent.Drafts on London sold at lowest rates.  
Of information, terms and sailing lists fur-  
nished on application to agents.HENDERSON BROTHERS, 17 Bowling Green,  
New York, or A. G. SMYTH, Insurance agent,  
415 Richmond street, E. M. PEEL, ticket agent,  
No. 1 Masonic Temple, Richmond street, or  
EDWARD DE LA HOOKE, No. 3 Masonic Temple,  
Richmond street.

## ALLAN LINE

New York to Glasgow via Derry.

## BEAVER LINE,

## DOMINION LINE,

## GUION LINE,

## INMAN LINE.

Tickets to and from all parts of Europe.

REDUCTION IN RATES  
for winter season now in force.Canadian Pacific and Grand Trunk railway  
tickets issued at special reduced rates with  
ocean ticket.E. S. CLARKE,  
Agent, 416 Richmond street, London, Ont.

## ALLAN LINE

Royal Mail Steamships. Liverpool Service.

From Montreal, Quebec, St. John's,  
Halifax, London, Liverpool, Glasgow, London,  
Quebec, Montreal, St. John's, Halifax, London,  
Liverpool, Glasgow, London, Quebec, Montreal,  
St. John's, Halifax, London, Liverpool, Glasgow,  
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