

Useless Information.
We always devour all the statistics we can find, says an exchange. They are wonderful. Listen:
If all the phonograph records made in one year were thrown from the top of Brock's Monument they would break.

It would take four men some time to lick all the postage stamps made in Ottawa in one year, but we don't know just how long.

If all the telephone conversations from corner drug stores in one year could be recorded on a phonograph, nobody could listen to them.

A mule can climb to the top of Mt. Popocatepetl in five days. He can descend in five seconds.

If all the doughnuts made by the Salvation Army could be linked together in one chain, they would reach from Paris to Somewhere in France.

Tries to Prevent Swearing.

Thorold is leading in the Forward Movement. The town has been placarded with the following:

"Attention! Cursing, swearing, blasphemy and obscene language are against the laws of God. It is also a violation of the laws of your country. It is the language of vulgarity. Do not forget yourself, but do all you can to prevent the use of profane talk."
(Signed) "Edward P. Foley, Mayor."

Salmon Fishing.

Fishing for salmon is prohibited at the present time in nearly all the rivers of Alaska and altogether in the southeastern part of the territory. Meanwhile the fishery goes on, but it is marine fishery. The salmon are caught on their feeding grounds out at sea with purse seines, gill nets, floating traps and fish lines. Trolling for salmon is great sport and is particularly fine off the straits of San Juan de Fuca.

Our Wheat.

Canada's most important cereal crop is wheat. It covers 36 per cent. of the land in crops, and forms 25 per cent. of the value of all crops. Saskatchewan alone has more than half of the wheat acreage of the Dominion. Yield, 1919, 182,260,400 bushels; value, \$360,573,000.

Exhibition Trains.

An exchange of exhibition trains for showing in one country the products of another is a recent trade-extension project that is attracting attention in Canada. The Canadian National Railways have arranged for the transportation of exhibits of French goods through Canada, and Canadian manufacturers will be able to secure a similar exhibition of their goods on a train that will be taken through the principal cities of France.

Lent, Good Friday and Easter Day, 1921

To the Members of Grace Church:

Herewith please accept the Programme of our Services for Lent and Easter. Our motto this year is taken from the Ash Wednesday Collect. There are three series of sermons. During the week nights we will consider the Lord's Prayer. In the Sunday morning services we deal with the Sermon on the Mount from St. Matthew's Gospel, while on Sunday evenings certain phases of religion are considered. Your Rector earnestly asks for the co-operation of all our members and sympathizers.

It is a splendid opportunity for us all to withdraw for a period and meditate upon eternal things. The Bible and the Church have set before us the necessity for definite times of spiritual refreshment. A time and place for daily food is necessary for our bodily existence. A time and place also for spiritual food is just as necessary and more urgent for the Soul's life both here and the world to come.

Death has reaped a heavy harvest this year in Waterdown and vicinity. Those of us who survive cannot say we have not had enough warning. Your pulpit also sounds forth the exhortation from the watch towers of Zion, "Prepare to meet thy God." Death has overshadowed our own congregation and has taken from us a most useful member whom we love. He held aloft the torch lighted by the Light of Life. Let us not fail to grasp it from his failing hand and wave it with new determination and renewed activity in the Lord's victorious conflict. Come let us rally around the Throne of Grace with new and contrite hearts.

Yours faithfully,

H. J. LEAKE.

N. B.—Weekly letters will appear (D. V.) in this paper by the Rector of Grace Church. Complimentary copies of the Review are being sent to members of our church, who are at present non-subscribers, ending with the last issue in March. It is hoped that these subscriptions will be continued and thereby help one of our town institutions.

H. J. L.

Revisiting No Man's Land.

Many a Canadian who fought in the war is wondering what the front looks like now, a year and more after the last shot was fired.

A newspaper writer, who was recently over the ground, states that one actually sees much less change than would be expected. It is so easy to destroy, so difficult to restore.

From the Ypres-Bailleul road, from Hell Fire Corner, from the La Bassée-Lens road, from the Arras-Douai road, and from many other such points, one might almost imagine that the armies had withdrawn but yesterday from their lines.

Everything easily lifted has been picked up and carried away by the seekers of souvenirs, but the change that most impresses the soldier is the silence, the now vacant highways once crowded with war traffic. The noise of war is gone, and the color of khaki is seldom seen. You look out over regions that seem to be forever reduced to silence and sterility.

The restoration of France and Belgium is going to be a long job. Those know best how complete the destruction was who were present and saw it done.

Girl Trade Unionists.

Eight thousand girl workers are members of the trade union movement in Toronto. The membership is drawn chiefly from among the female stenographers, clerks and accountants in the railway offices.

Old Clothes.

Charity Collector—Have you any particular use for your old clothes?
Sulry Citizen—Sure, I'm wearing them.

Spider Webs Cause Short Circuits.
Argentina has spiders which spin webs on telephone and telegraph wires heavy enough, when wet with dew to cause short circuits.

Hall Insurance.

Hall insurance is practically only a term in Eastern Canada, but in the West it signifies something of vivid importance. Measures known as Municipal Hall Insurance Acts are in force in each of the Prairie Provinces. These acts provide a system of mutual insurance under which rural municipalities can operate to tax each other for the granting of compensation to individuals for losses incurred by hail, which are often very serious. How the system works out, and the extent to which it operates in Saskatchewan and Alberta, are set forth in the November number of the Agricultural Gazette of Canada. Each claimant is entitled to receive not more than five cents per acre for every one per cent. of damage from hail he has sustained. To some this may not appear a very liberal provision, but when it is understood that the number of claims filed in 1919 in Saskatchewan was 7,838 and that the total indemnity paid amounted to \$1,911,775, a different view will obtain. For one storm alone that occurred in July of the year referred to claims amounting to \$1,100,000 were satisfied. In Alberta the total losses for the same year were \$506,000, against a valuation of \$12,000,000 insured. Besides the system under Government supervision, there are 36 companies in Saskatchewan that accept hail insurance, and that paid out \$1,750,000 in 1919 for losses caused by hail.

The Wild Gooseberry.

The gooseberry when compared with other cultivated fruits is not as important in America as it is in North Europe, and especially in the British Isles where it has long been very popular, and a wonderful improvement has taken place in its size during the last two or three hundred years. When it was first cultivated in Europe—probably in the sixteenth century—the wild fruit, if it was like what it is now, would be only about one-half an inch in diameter and less than one-quarter of an ounce in weight. The largest gooseberries which have been produced in recent years average several times this size, some specimens two ounces or more in weight having been recorded. The English and European gooseberries are derived from a species native of North Europe, called Ribes Grossularia.

As the gooseberry is a native of Canada and is found growing wild almost or quite to the Arctic circle, its culture will eventually no doubt be extended very far north.—W. T. Macoun, Dominion Horticulturist.

Carrier Pigeons In 1099.

According to the poet Tasso, carrier pigeons were employed for the transmission of messages during the siege of Jerusalem in the year 1099.

A Few Good Bargains in Phonographs

- | | |
|---|--|
| Edison Phonograph, oak case and 50 records
\$50 | Columbia Grafonola and Cabinet machine
\$75 |
| Edison Phonograph and 50 records
\$30 | Knapp Phonograph in fumed oak case. A lovely toned instrument
\$77 |
- Cecilean Concertphone with electric stop, walnut case. This is a lovely instrument.

200 Edison Ambrola Records at 50c each

Should you be considering the purchase of a Piano or Victrola, or any other musical instrument, give me a call.

F. WATERS

Agent for Victor Victrolas and Cecilean Pianos
Phone 30-4 Waterdown

R. J. VANCE
DENTIST
Mill Street Waterdown

John Kitching Mervyn Kitching
Kitching & Son
FUNERAL DIRECTORS
Up to Date Equipment
Motor or Horse Hearse
We Pay All Telephone charges
Waterdown Ontario
Westover Branch at Markle's Store

Spend Your Dollars At Home

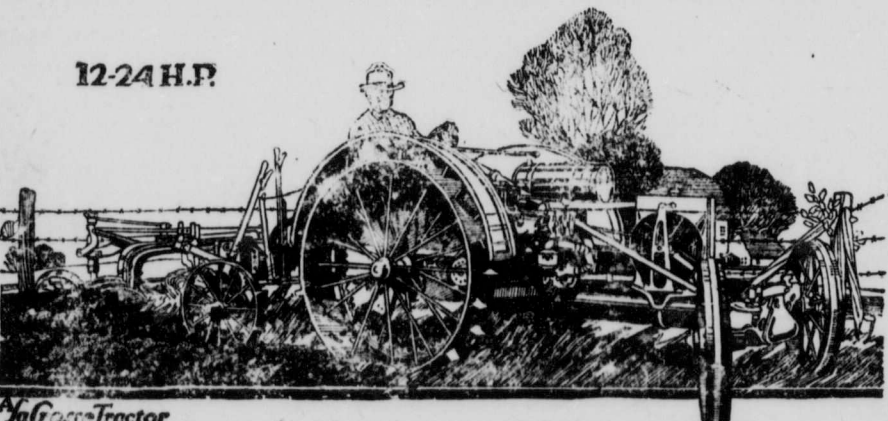
ALTON'S
HARDWARE AND GARAGE

A good assortment of Brooms ranging in price from 75c to \$1.25

Radiator Anti-Freeze
On Hand
Will stand 20 below zero test
\$2.25 a gallon

Automobile Accessories and Repairs
A few good Auto Rugs at right prices
Oils and Greases
We sell Imperial Gasoline. Pure Gas will not freeze
CALL AND SEE US

Alton Bros.
Phone 175 Waterdown



12-24 H.P.

Above we show cut of an outfit sold by us to a farmer at a big plowing match on the Asylum Farm, Hamilton. We have only one more to offer at the same price, which means a saving of about 10% over present prices. Our line of Mitts for men and boys are extra good value. See our Cream Separators at \$75 each, today's price \$100. Our Sulky Plows at \$75 are unsurpassed for value and satisfaction.

CHAS. RICHARDS, THE FARM SUPPLY HOUSE
30 Market Street Hamilton, Ont.