THE JAPANESE ADVA

Gen. Sassulitch's Force Could Not Carbon Sassulitch's Force Could Not Canada Not Meanwhile patience should be exercised. This optimism is not shared outside of military quarters. Stay Kuroki

RUSSIANS RETREATING.

A Tokio despatch says: Last Friday, after sharp cavilry skirmishes at Erhtaitsu, Santaisu and other places Gen. Kuroki's army took Feng-Wang-Cheng. The Russians before retiring exploded the magazine, but left large quantities of hospital stores, which are being used by the Japanese hospitals.

stiff fight was anticipated. Gen. Kuroki pressed forward and attacked be-fore the Russians had recovered from fore the Russians had recovered from the demoralization and confusion into which they had been thrown by their previous defeat on the Yalu River.

Gen. Kurokī, commandant of the first army corps. reports:—"On May 6 our cavalry detachment dispersed the appropriate the specific of the specific control of the specific c the enemy at Feng-Wang-Cheng, which was immediately occupied by our infantry detachment. The enemy burned ammunition before evacuating the strengthed in the strength of the s the stronghold. Refugees of the enemy, who have been hiding in the adjoining forests and villages continue to come and surrender.

WHY RUSSIANS FLED.

Two official despatches to St. Petersberg, calculated to increase the depression existing among all circles in Russia were given out on Sunday night. From the point of view of the progress of the campaign the most important is the transparent most important is that regarding the capture by the Japanese without opposition of Feng-Wang-Cheng on May

Gen. Kouropatkin forwarded a message from Lieut.-Gen. Sassulitch, who has been left in command of the column retiring from Feng-Wang-Cheng, which described the movements of the enemy in connection with the occupation of the town.

The information caused no surprise to the officials, who were already advised of the decision that no attempt would be made to hold Feng-Wang-Cheng, the superiority of the Japanese in all fighting arms occurring cheng, the superiority of the Japanesse in all fighting arms ensuring a disaster similar to that at Chiu-Tien-Cheng. Therefore, Gen. Sassulitch was given strict orders that there should be no fight of the rearguard. The Russians left while Gen. Kuroki was making his dispositions for a big

battle.

The Japanese approached from two directions along the main road and up the valley, placing batteries so as to command the town. This procedure shows that the entire Japanese plan of operation had been thoughtfully prepared, and that every division

DECLINED THEIR LIBERTY.

A despatch to the London Chrunicle from Tokio says that 1,363 Russians were buried by the Japanese with military honors, between Chiu-Tien-Cheng and Ta-Shang-Cheng.
The officers and men captured were treated better by the Japanese doctors than by their own surgeons. The prisoners are remunerating them for leave, but they preferred to stay and attend to their own wounded. The Japanese are remunerating them for Lapanese are remunerating them for their services. The Russian officers who were paroled had their swords to the disposition of the troops is, of course, not divulged.

During the mast, cheering for the second the second the second the says and as they went down. From the masthead of the second the stangth of the second verse of the second to indicate the dispanese forces that have landed to their statement of the strangth of the Japanese are remunerating them for the Japanese forces that have landed to their swords the Japanese forces that have landed to the official despatches, says a London the second despatch to the London Chron-

DEATH IN TRIUMPH.

During the popular demonstration at Tokio on Saturday night in honor of the victories achieved by the Japanese forces, 21 people were killed and 40 injured. The killed and injured were mostly boys, who were caught against a closed gate at an angle in the old palace walls by the throng and crushed or drowned in an old moat.

rectly opposite and about twenty miles distant from Pitsewo. The railroad that connects Port Arthur with Mukden passes close to Port Adams, and is now in the possession of the Japanese at this point.

REJOINED SQUADRON.

The Tokio correspondent of the London Chronicle says that the land-

DOCTORS WANTED.

An urgent telegram has been An urgent telegram has been received at St. Petersburg from Mukden, asking for the immediate despatch of one hundred doctors. Typhus fever, dysentery, and small-pox have assumed an epidemic character among the Russian troops acter among the Russian troops.

10,000 AT PORT ARTHUR.

It is believed at St. Petersburg that the military force at Port Arth-ur does not exceed 10,000 men. Sailors will man the shore guns.

ALEXIEFF RECALLED.

The Paris Journal says it is assured that Admiral Alexieff has been recalled at the joint instance of Gen. Kouropatkin and Admiral Skrydloff. Grand Duke Nicholas will replace

PORT ARTHUR ISOLATED.

A despatch received at St. Petersburg on Friday says that Port Arthur is cut off from all communicationses I itals.

Feng-Wang-Cheng was the second the first thir is cut off from all community time of the Russian defence, and a tion by land, the Japanese having disembarked in its rear, occupied the disembarked in its rear.

railroad, and cut the telegraph.

Vice-Admiral Skrydloff, who is er route to Port Arthur to take command of the naval forces in the Far East, will be unable to reach his destination.

The Ministry of War has received

the following telegram from Major-General Pflug, chief of the military

"According to the information "According to the information 1 have received, seven of the enemy's transports, and afterwards about 40, appeared opposite Pitsewo on the evening of May 4. On the morning of May 5 the Japanese began to land at Pitsewo and on the coast near Cape Terminal (about 15 miles south-west of Pitsewo under cover of an artilof Pitsewo, under cover of an artillery fire. At this moment about 60 transports were observed bearing down upon the whole front and our posts retired from the shore. All papers in the post-office at Pitsewo were removed, and the Russian inhabitants abandoned the town. cording to Chinese reports, by evening of May 5 about 10,000 of the enemy's troops had landed and taken up quarters in the Chinese villages near the points of debarkation. The enemy sent two columns of about one regiment each, one in the wester-ly direction and the other to the southward. On May 6 a passanger train from Port Arthur was fired upon, a mile and a quarter outside Pol-andien (about 40 miles north of Port Arthur), by a hundred Japanese in-

fully prepared, and that every division The second Japanese army corps is commander knew exactly what he commander knew exactly what he sula without opposition, principally from below New-Chwang. Grand Duke Boris left Port Arthur after Monday's blockade before the rallway

ated on the arm of Society Bay, on the west coast of the peninsula, directly opposite and about twenty

The Tokio correspondent of the condon Chronicle says that the landing of the Japanese on the Liao-Tung Peninsula has been so successful the warships escorting transports have rejoined the squad-

Simultaneously with the attack on Port Arthur the Japanese laid cable between one of the islands the mainland as a protection to their landing place.

VICTUALLED FOR A YEAR. The military authorities at St. Petersburg confess to be a little affected by the cutting off of Port Arthur. They do not believe that the ur does not exceed 10,000 men. Sailors will man the shore gun. Sailors will sail thempt to storm the place, they will attempt to storm the place, they will attempt to storm the place, they will seem the place, they say the place, they will seem the place, they say the place, they say the place, they will seem the place, they say the the non-resistance to the second do. \$4.80 to \$4.90 to \$5. Second dens. \$4.80 to \$4.90 to \$5. Second dens. \$4.90 to \$5. Second dens. \$4.90 to \$5. Second dens. \$4.80 to \$4.90 to \$5. Second dens. \$4.80 to

is said that Gen. Stoessel still commands more than 20,000 troops, while 15,000 seamen from the fleet are available for assisting in

It is not expected that anything will be heard from the beleaguered fortress henceforth until Gen. Kouro-

ALL CLASSES STUNNED.

A despatch to the London Standard from Odessa says that all classes are stunned by the series of disasters to the Russian army. The universal depression is intensified by the fear that the blunders of the campaign will prove irretrievable

EXPECT FRESH TRIUMPH.

There is general satisfaction in Ja-pan at the comparative smallness of the Japanese losses at Chiu-Tien-Cheng. The official account of the losses has not been amended. The statement that the Japanese army moved northward after the battle is regarded as presaging a further vic-tory, and the report that Gen. Kouropatkin is marching to Feng-Wang-Cheng with 20,000 Russian troops is welcomed as affording the prospect of a fresh triumph.

RUSSIAN STRATEGY WEAK.

A despatch to the London Times from Tokio says that the Japanese consider that the Russians' strategy at the Yalu River showed the sam defect as the Chinese strategy in 1894, namely, lack of offensive and

initiative.
Capt. Arima, who commanded the first two blocking fleets at Port Arthur, in a lecture at Tokio, said that no Japanese torpedo boat or torpedo boat destroyer has been obliged to boat destroyer has been obliged to return to harbor for repairs since the beginning of the war. All has been repaired at sea. The Russians were bad gunners, although they would have damaged the Japanese ships if their explosives had been effective. The Japanese navy had been constantly practising since November with full charges until they had developed a skill which inspired great. veloped a skill which inspired great confidence. Their movements, moreover, were much facilitated by excellent electric communications. The Russians apparently lacked skill to manoeuvre at night without lights.

ALARM AT NEW-CHWANG.

A telegram from New-Chwang to London states that grave uneasiness prevails in the British community there. British property, valued at \$2,500,000, is unprotected, and six thousand robbers are in the neighborin hood. The Government is much blamed for the withdrawal of the British cruiser Espiegle from the

WENT DOWN CHEERING.

The Japanese displayed desperate courage in their fireship attek on the night of Tucsday. The ships as they approached were divided into three groups, all heading straight for the entrance of the harbor. While still far from the shore they ran on the Russian mines, and they were under a murderous fire from the Rus-Duke Boris left Port Arthur after Monday's blockade before the rallway was seized.

MORE THAN 60,000.

There is little that can be added to the official despatches, says a London telegram. There is no authoritated.

The New York Sun has the following from Vienna:—Alarming rumors regarding the internal conditions of Russia are current here. A conspiracy is said to have been discovered in Russian Poland, with the result that eighteen of the ringleaders were shot. Sanguinary collisions between the people and the police have taken place in Finland, and an infernal machine is said to have been found in the Winter Palace, in one of the Czar's living rooms.

HOG PRODUCTS.

Dressed hogs are firmer, with offerings small. Cured meats are in good demand at unchanged prices. We quote:—Bacon, long clear, 8 to 8½ c per lb., in case lots. Mess pork, \$17; do., short cut, \$18.50. Smoked meats—Hams, light to medium 12½c; do., heavy, 9½c; rolls, 11½c; shoulders, 9½c; breakfast bacon, 13½ to 14c.

Lard—The demand is fair, with prices unchanged. We quote:—Tierces, 7½c; tubs, 8c; pails, 8½c; compound, 7½ to 8½c.

BEER AND CANCER.

UNITED STATES MARKETS.

German Authority Makes an Interesting Annound ment.

A Berlin despatch says:—Dr. Wolff, a well-known authority on the subject calls attention to the high morphore calls attention to the high morphore from cancer in the beer-drink
Buffalo, May 10.—Flour—Steady. Wheat—No. 1 yellow, 59½c; No. 2 corn, 57½c. Oats—Strong; No. 2 white, 46c; No. 2 mixed, 41½c. Barley—No offerings. Rye—No. 1 Wisconsin, 78c.

Duluth. May 10.—Wheat—No. 2 policy.

Duluth. May 10.—Wheat—No. 2 wounded: stances Bavaria and Salzburg, both great beer-drinking centres. Both of these districts show high mortality among cancer patients.

THE WORLD'S MARKETS

REPORTS FROM THE LEADING TRADE CENTRES.

Prices of Cattle, Grain, Cheese, and Other Dairy Produce at Home and Abroad.

Toronto, May 10.-Wheat-Busine in Ontario grades is quiet, but the tone is firm. No. 2 white and red Winter quoted at 90 to 91c at outside points. Spring wheat is nominal at 84c east, and goose at 75 to 76c east. Manitoba wheat is unchanged, No. 1 Notthern, 90c Georgian Bay ports. No. 2 Northern at 84c. No 1 hard is nominal at 91c. Grinding in transit prices are 6c.

Grinding in transit prices are 60 above those quoted.

Oats—The market is unchanged, No. 2 white quoted at 304c west, and at 31c east. No. 1 white, 32c

Barley—The market is quiet, with demand limited. No. 2 quoted at 42c middle freights. No. 3 extra at 40½ to 41c, and No. 3 at 39c middle freights.

middle freights.

Feas—The market is unchanged, with No. 2 quoted at 63 to 65c, according to quality and location.

Corn—The market is quiet, with prices easier. No. 3 American yellow quoted at 56½c, on track, Toronto; No. 3 mixed at 55½c. Canadian corn is steady at 41 to 42c west for guaranteed delivery in good west for guaranteed delivery in good condition

Rye-The market is steady, with No. 2 quoted at 59 to 60c east. Buckwheat—The market is un-changed, with demand moderate; No. 2 quoted at 49 to 50c middle freights.

freights.
Flour—Ninety per cent. patents are unchanged, Bakers' at \$3.60 middle freights in buyers' sacks for export. Straight rollers of special brands for domestic trade quoted at \$4.15 to \$4.30 in bbls. Manitoba \$4.15 to \$4.30 in bbls. Manitoba flours are unchanged. No. 1 patents, \$5; No. 2 patents, \$4.70; and strong bakers', \$4.60 on track Toronto.

Millfeed-Bran is steady, at \$17 to \$17.50, and shorts at \$18.50 here. At outside points bran is quoted at \$16, and shorts at \$17.

Manitoba bran, in sacks, \$20, and shorts at \$21 here.

COUNTRY PRODUCE.

Apples—There is a quiet trade, with prices unchanged at \$2 to \$2.50 per bbl. for the best stock. Dried apples—The demand is limited, and prices are steady at 3 to 3½c per lb. Evaporated apples, 6½c

Beans-Trade is quiet, with prices steady. Prime beans are quoted at \$1.50 to \$1.60, and hand-picked at \$1.65 to \$1.70.

\$1.65 to \$1.70.

Hops—The market is unchanged at 28 to 32c, according to quality.

Honey—The market is quiet at 6 to 7c per lb. Comb quiet at \$1.50 to \$1.75.

Hay—The market is quiet, with offerings moderate. Timothy quoted at \$9.50 to \$10.50 a ton on track,

Toronto.

Straw-The market is dull, prices unchanged at \$5.50, on track,

Toronto.

Maple Syrup—The market is quiet at \$1 per Imperial gallon.

Potatoes—The market is very firm,
with offerings restricted. Choice cars
are quoted at \$1.10 to \$1.15 per bag

on track here.

Poultry—The market is steady, with limited offerings. Chickens, 11 to 13c per lb; turkeys are quoted at 15 to 17c per lb. for fresh killed.

Duluth, May 10.—Wheat—No. 2 hard, 92%; No. 1 Northern, 90%; No. 2, 90%; May and July, 90%; September, 80%c.
Minneapolis, May 10.—Wheat—May

CATTLE MARKET.

Toronto, May 10.—There was a very heavy run of cattle, with a good brisk trade all round, and prices, especially during the earlier hours of the market, from 10c to 15c higher than on Tucsday. Export trade was

	lively.	tel	ort	trade	was
	Exporters, heavy	84	50	to 85	00
8	Dulls, export, heavy		00	10 40	ou
Ś	cwt	3	50	4	00
ij	do light	3	50		00
i	Feeders, 800 lbs. and	1			-0
	upward	3	00	3	25
í	Short keep, 1,100				
	lbs	4	00	4	65
•	Stockers, 400 to 800			1	
	lbs	2	50	3	12
	do 900 lbs	2	75		50
1	Butchers' cattle,				
	choice	4	25	4	40
	do medium	3	80	4	25 -
	do picked	4	25	4	60
	do bulls	3	00	3	50
ı	do rough	2	75	3	00
F	Light stock bulls,				
ı	cwt	2	25	3	50
ı	Milch cows	30	00	65	00
ı	Hogs, best	5	10		
1	do heavy	4	85		
I	Sheep, heavy ewes .	4	00	. 4	85
İ	do light		40	4	75
1	Bucks	3	50	3	75
I	Grain-fed lambs		50	6	25
۱	Barnyard lambs		50	5	50
I	Spring lambs, each .	-	50	5	50
I	Calves	3	50	5	25

GOLD IN THE FRASER.

Collins' Dredge Now Making \$2,000 a Day.

A despatch from Vancouver says:-Sam Collins and his Iowa friends Sam Collins and his Iowa friends who have put a \$60,000 dredge on the Fraser at Lillooet are getting \$2,000 a day, and expect soon to make it \$4,000, from the bed of the gold stream. Robert Hamilton of Peterboro, Ont., formerly of this city, who put in the machinery for the Iowans, states that the ground runs one dollar per cubic yard, and that they are now raising 2,000 yards daily, with the expectation of taking care of 4,000 yards every and the setimated that within five years. It is estimated that within five years one hundred dredges will be at work on different streams in the Province and that the dredging output alone will be ten million dollars. The gold ground is unlimited. The Iowans have tested the gravel to a depth of forty-six feet without reaching bedrock. It is equally rich all the way down.

DISCOVERED NEW PEST.

San Jose Scale Inspector Finds Similar Parasite

A St. Catharines despatch says :-A St. Catharines despatch says:

Thomas Beattie, San Jose scale in spector, has made an important discovery in the performance of his duties. It is in the form of a new species of scale, which he found on a lilac bush, the branches of which were literally covered with contract. were literally covered with some thing which to a certain extent resembled the appearance of the San Jose scale. By the use of a power-

sembled the appearance of the San Jose scale. By the use of a powerful glass he found a strange specimen of life, which is the new scale.

The San Jose scale when placed under a glass has the form of a turtle. The new specimen as found it more elongated, but its effect is similar to that of the San Jose scale on the fruit trees. Inspector Beattie has forwarded samples of the new pest to the Ontario Agricultural

thousand francs destined for the expenses of the Ministry, of which he was the head. The judicial authorities have asked the permission of the Chamber of Deputies to prose cute, and permission assuredly will

cute, and permission assuredly will be granted.

The case has created a great sensation in Rome. Nassi's house is being watched by the police. His secretary, Lombardo, escaped abroad Nassi's whereabouts is unknown.

THIBETANS DEFEATED.

Retire in Rout After Suffering Heavy Losses.

A despatch to the London Daily Mail from Simla says that 800 Tibe-tans attacked the British mission at The British lost two Sepoys