

THE GREATER REVENUE

The new policy increased the provincial revenue from the principal sources very materially. The following table gives the leading figures for 1904 and for 1913:—

	1904	1913
Dominion Subsidy.....	\$1,339,287	\$2,396,378
Forests, Mines, etc.....	2,767,735	2,793,809
Succession Duty.....	458,699	1,062,694
Corporations Tax Revenue.....	420,627	937,599
Provincial Secretary.....	101,943	376,366
Public Institutions.....	110,002	310,300
Liquor Revenue, Licenses, etc.....	362,256	901,486
Total.....	\$5,560,549	\$8,778,632

Thus the income from the seven sources mentioned has been increased by \$3,218,000—and this without laying any direct tax upon the people, and as a result of the further amendments made this year there will be an increase of at least \$700,000 more.

In addition to the development of the revenue in the manner named, the Government has pressed for the recognition of Ontario's long-resisted claim for the regular Dominion subsidy on account of the building of the Temiskaming and Northern Ontario Railway. The late Government at Ottawa refused to regard Ontario's claim favorably. The present Dominion Government has taken the fairer view, and, as a consequence, the province has received the grant of \$6,400 a mile for the building of the road, or \$2,134,080 in all.

LARGER GRANTS FOR THE PEOPLE

The better revenue has solved the problem with which Sir George Ross was faced. Under the Whitney Government, with its vigorous financial policy, it cannot be said, as was said by Sir George, that nothing more can be done for the people because "the normal revenue is about a million dollars short of the expenditure."

As a consequence the promise of Sir James Whitney to increase the work done by the province in the way of education, and on behalf of agriculture, has been fulfilled. The grants to these services have been steadily increased, and the advantages experienced by the people have been multiplied, as the following figures show:—

A MILLION MORE FOR EDUCATION

For Education, including the grants to the Schools, the outlays have been thus increased:—

1904.....	\$ 949,806
1910.....	1,700,797
1913.....	1,969,291

The increased grants for education, exclusive of the University aid, amounted in 1913 to \$1,019,485 more than they were in 1904 under the former Government. The larger sum is used in the improvement of the schools and in the securing for the people of a better and more useful education for their children.

MORE FOR AGRICULTURE

For Agriculture, including the expenditures upon Colonization Roads, the outlays have grown thus:—

1904 Agriculture.....	\$446,481
Colonization Roads.....	175,620
Total.....	\$622,101
1913 Agriculture.....	\$693,391
Colonization Roads.....	406,034
Total.....	1,099,425